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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 22, 2017

Securities Act File No. 333-218040

# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form N-2 **REGISTRATION STATEMENT** UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 ☑ Post-Effective Amendment No. □

**New Mountain Finance Corporation** 

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor New York, NY 10019 (212) 720-0300

(Address and telephone number, including area code, of principal executive offices)

Robert A. Hamwee **Chief Executive Officer** New Mountain Finance Corporation 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor New York, NY 10019 (Name and address of agent for service)

#### COPIES TO:

Steven B. Boehm, Esq. Lisa A. Morgan, Esq. Vlad M. Bulkin, Esq. Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP 700 Sixth Street, NW, Suite 700 Washington, D.C. 20001 Tel: (202) 383-0100 Fax: (202) 637-3593

Approximate date of proposed public offering: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box.

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

□ when declared effective pursuant to Section 8(c).

# **CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price <sup>(1)</sup>	Amount of Registration Fee <sup>(2)</sup>
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share <sup>(3)(4)</sup>			
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share <sup>(3)</sup>			
Subscription Rights <sup>(3)</sup>			
Warrants <sup>(5)</sup>			

- (1) Estimated pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act of 1933 solely for the purpose of determining the registration fee. The proposed maximum offering price per security will be determined, from time to time, by New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC" and the "Registrant") in connection with the sale of the securities registered under this Registration Statement.
- (2) In connection with the initial filing of this registration statement, the Registrant paid a \$28,975 filing fee in connection with the registration of \$250,000,000 aggregate principal amount of securities under this registration statement. Prior to the filing of pre-effective amendment no. 1 to this registration statement, \$125,463,125 aggregate principal amount of securities remained registered and unsold pursuant to registration statements on Form N-2 that were initially filed by the Registrant on April 27, 2015 (File No. 333-208622). Pursuant to Rule 457(p), \$16,655 of the total additional filing fee of \$22,975 required in connection with pre-effective amendment no. 1 to this registration statement is being offset aggregates \$16,655 filing fees associated with the unsold securities registered under the registration statements on Form N-2 that were initially filed by the Registrant on April 27, 2015 (File No. 333-208622). Pursuant to Rule 457(p), \$16,655 filing fees associated with the unsold securities registered under the registration statement no. 1 to this registration statement is being offset aggregates \$16,655 filing fees associated with the unsold securities registered under the registration statements on Form N-2 that were initially filed by the Registrant on April 27, 2015 (File No. 333-208622). The Registrant on additional \$12,320 filing fee in connection with the filing of pre-effective amendment no. 1 to this registration statement.
- (3) Subject to note 6 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of shares of common stock or preferred stock, or subscription rights to purchase shares of the Registrant's common stock as may be sold, from time to time.
- (4) Includes such indeterminate number of shares of the Registrant's common stock as may, from time to time, be issued upon conversion or exchange of other securities registered hereunder, to the extent any such securities are, by their terms, convertible or exchangeable for common stock.
- (5) Subject to note 6 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of the Registrant's warrants as may be sold, from time to time, representing rights to purchase common stock, preferred stock or debt securities of the Registrant.
- (6) Subject to note 6 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate number of debt securities of the Registrant as may be sold, from time to time. If any debt securities of the Registrant are issued at an original issue discount, then the offering price shall be in such greater principal amount as shall result in an aggregate price to investors not to exceed \$500,000,000.
- (7) In no event will the aggregate offering price of all securities issued from time to time pursuant to this Registration Statement exceed \$500,000,000.

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED JUNE 22, 2017

#### PROSPECTUS

# \$500,000,000

# **New Mountain Finance Corporation**

Common Stock Preferred Stock Subscription Rights Warrants Debt Securities

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a close-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$500,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, which we refer to, collectively, as the "securities". The preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants offered hereby may be convertible or exchangeable into shares of common stock. The securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be described in one or more supplements to this prospectus.

In the event we offer common stock, the offering price per share of our common stock less any underwriting discounts or commissions will generally not be less than the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time we make the offering. However, we may issue shares of our common stock pursuant to this prospectus at a price per share that is less than its net asset value per share (i) in connection with a rights offering to our existing stockholders, (ii) with the prior approval of the majority of our common stockholders or (iii) under such other circumstances as the United States Securities and Exchange Commission may permit.

The securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. Each prospectus supplement relating to an offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of the securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, discount or commissions arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution". We may not sell any of the securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of this prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of such securities.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC". On June 20, 2017, the last reported sales price on the New York Stock Exchange for our common stock was \$14.45 per share.

An investment in our common stock is very risky and highly speculative. Shares of closed-end investment companies, including business development companies, frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. In addition, the companies in which we invest are subject to special risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 26 to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in our common stock.

Neither the United States Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

#### This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of our securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

Please read this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplements before investing and keep each for future reference. This prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplements contain important information about us that a prospective investor ought to know before investing in our securities. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting us by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any dealer, salesman or other person to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this prospectus or any prospectus supplement to this prospectus. You must not rely upon any information or representation not contained in this prospectus or any such supplements as if we had authorized it. This prospectus and any such supplements do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of any offer to buy any security other than the registered securities to which they relate, nor do they constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information contained in this prospectus and any such supplements is accurate as of the dates on their covers. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since then.

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# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, which constitutes a delayed offering in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), we may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings, up to \$500,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. The securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of our offerings of securities that we may conduct pursuant to this prospectus. Each time we use this prospectus to offer securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. A prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus.

Please carefully read this prospectus and any such supplements together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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# PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary contains basic information about offerings pursuant to this prospectus. It may not contain all the information that is important to you. For a more complete understanding of offerings pursuant to this prospectus, we encourage you to read this entire prospectus and the documents to which we have referred in this prospectus, together with any accompanying prospectus supplements, including the risks set forth under the caption "Risk Factors" in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement and the information set forth under the caption "Available Information" in this prospectus.

In this prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- "NMNLC" refers to New Mountain Net Lease Corporation, a Maryland corporation;
- "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;
- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended;
- "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;

- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and
- "Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016 to
  institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring", where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

# Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$15.0 billion(1), which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "— Description of Restructuring". NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

(1) Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of March 31, 2017, as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. As of March 31, 2017, our top five industry concentrations were business services, software, consumer services, investment fund and education.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal, and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of March 31, 2017, our net asset value was \$946.7 million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$1,786.9 million in 77 portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately 11.1%. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

#### **Recent Developments**

#### **Common Stock Offering**

On April 7, 2017, we completed a public offering of 5,000,000 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$14.60 per share. On April 13, 2017, in connection with the public offering, the underwriters completed a purchase of an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock. The Company received total net proceeds of approximately \$81.5 million in connection with the offering.

# Distribution

On May 4, 2017, our board of directors declared a second quarter 2017 distribution of \$0.34 per share payable on June 30, 2017 to holders of record as of June 16, 2017.

# The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of March 31, 2017, the Investment Adviser was supported by over 120 staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately 75 investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

#### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

# Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- 1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

### Experienced Management Team and Established Platform

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOS. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

# Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

### **Risk Management through Various Cycles**

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

# Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources".

# Market Opportunity

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle
  market will continue to exist. While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we
  believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle
  market businesses have either exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders
  have instead focused on lending and providing other services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players
  and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.

- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle
  market lenders. Recent primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections
  and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

# **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in this prospectus.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in this prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

# Risks

An investment in our securities involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our securities. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our securities, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- We may suffer credit losses;
- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be, in private companies and recorded at fair value;
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- · We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;

- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;
- Our business, results of operations and financial condition depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;
- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;
- We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;
- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly; and
- Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

# **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus.

## Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

# Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in this prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and

"Senior Securities" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

# Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

# THE OFFERING

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$500,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, on terms to be determined at the time of each offering. We will offer our securities at prices and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements to this prospectus. The offering price per share of our securities, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, generally will not be less than the net asset value per share of our securities at the time of an offering. However, we may issue securities pursuant to this prospectus at a price per share that is less than our net asset value per share (i) in connection with a rights offering to our existing stockholders, (ii) with the prior approval of the majority of our common stockholders or (iii) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. Any such issuance of shares of our common stock below net asset value may be dilutive to the net asset value of our common stock. See "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Offerings Pursuant to this Prospectus".

Our securities may be offered directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to an offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our securities, and will disclose any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution". We may not sell any of our securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of this prospectus and a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding offerings of securities pursuant to this prospectus:

Use of Proceeds Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses and distributions to our stockholders and for general corporate purposes, and other working capital needs. Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of the investment. These securities may have lower yields than the types of investments we would typically make in accordance with our investment objective and, accordingly, may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period. Each supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering. See "Use of Proceeds". "NMFC" New York Stock Exchange Symbol

Investment Advisory Fees	We pay the Investment Adviser a fee for its services under an investment advisory and management agreement (the "Investment Management Agreement") consisting of two components — a base management fee and an incentive fee. Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, the base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of our gross assets, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, which equals our total assets, and accordance with GAAP. Jess the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit Facility merger and to be consistent with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility merger and to be consistent with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with hose assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the le

Administrator		The Administrator serves as our administrator and arranges our office space and provides us with office equipment and administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees the performance of, our financial records, prepares reports to our stockholders and reports filed by us with the SEC, monitors the payment of our expenses, and oversees the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. We reimburse the Administrator for our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"). For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we incurred approximately \$0.4 million of indirect administrative expenses, of which \$0.4 million of indirect administrative expenses that the Administrator has previously waived. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we did not reimburse the Administrator for any indirect administrative expenses. See "Administration Agreement".
Distributions		We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. The quarterly distributions, if any, will be determined by our board of directors. The distributions we pay to our stockholders in a year may exceed our taxable income for that year and, accordingly, a portion of such distributions may constitute a return of capital, which is a return of a portion of a shareholder's original investment in our common stock, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Generally, a return of capital will reduce an investor's basis in our stock for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which will result in a higher tax liability when the stock is sold. The specific tax characteristics of our distributions will be reported to stockholders after the end of the calendar year. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions".
Taxation of NM	MFC	We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that are timely distributed to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our RIC status, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually to our stockholders at least 90.0% of our net ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions" and "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations".

Dividend Reinvestment Plan	We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. As a result, if we declare a distribution, then your cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless you specifically "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash distributions. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal income tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. We will use only newly issued shares to implement the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of our shares. We reserve the right to either issue new shares or purchase shares of our common stock in the open market in connection with our implementation of the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts does not exceed 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan".
Trading at a Discount	Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. The possibility that our common stock may trade at a discount to our net asset value per share is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade above, at or below net asset value.
License Agreement	We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us a non- exclusive license to use the names "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". See "License Agreement".
Leverage	We expect to continue to use leverage to make investments. As a result, we may continue to be exposed to the risks of leverage, which include that leverage may be considered a speculative investment technique. The use of leverage magnifies the potential for gain and loss on amounts we invest and therefore, indirectly, increases the risks associated with investing in shares of our common stock. See "Risk Factors".
Anti-Takeover Provisions	Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms. This structure is intended to provide us with a greater likelihood of continuity of management, which may be necessary for us to realize the full value of our investments. A staggered board of directors also may serve to deter hostile takeovers or proxy contests, as may certain other measures that we may adopt. These measures may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders. See "Description of Capital Stock — Delaware Law and Certain Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures".

Available Information	We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2 together with all amendments and related exhibits under the Securities Act. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the securities being offered by this prospectus.	
	We are required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). This information is available at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, District of Columbia 20549 and on the SEC's website at <i>http://www.sec.gov</i> . The public may obtain information on the operation of the SEC's public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. This information is also available free of charge by contacting us at New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at <i>www.newmountainfinance.com</i> . Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus.	

# FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we", "NMFC", or the "Company" will pay fees or expenses, we will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in us. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	N/A(1)
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	N/A(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees (per sales transaction fee)	\$ 15.00(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	—%
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Base management fees	3.30%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	2.11%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	3.17%(6)
Other expenses	0.82%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.81%(8)
Total annual expenses	10.21%(9)

<sup>(1)</sup> In the event that the shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.

(2) The prospectus supplement corresponding to each offering will disclose the applicable estimated amount of offering expenses of the offering and the offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.

- (3) If a participant elects by written notice to the plan administrator to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commission from the proceeds. The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses." The plan administrator's fees will be paid by us. There will be no brokerage charges or other charges to stockholders who participate in the plan. For additional information, see "Dividend Reinvestment Plan."
- (4) The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of 1.75% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merger and to be consistent with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser value cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee facility. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee reflected in the table above is based on the three months ended March 31, 2017, adjusted to reflect the public offering of 5,750,000 shares of our common stock in April 2017, as a result of which we received approximately \$81.5 million of net proceede exclusive of

offering expenses, and is calculated without deducting any management fees waived. The annual base management fee after deducting the management fee waiver as a percentage of net assets would be 2.75% based on the three months ended March 31, 2017. See "Investment Management Agreement."

- (5) Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the gross incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the three months ended March 31, 2017, adjusted to reflect the public offering of 5,750,000 shares of our common stock in April 2017, as a result of which we received approximately \$81.5 million of net proceeds exclusive of offering expenses, and calculated without deducting any incentive fees waived. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Investment Adviser waived a portion of the incentive fee which is not included in this calculation. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup incentive fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. As of March 31, 2017, we did not have a capital gains incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2017. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of this prospectus.
- (6) We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of March 31, 2017, we had \$376.9 million, \$122.5 million, \$155.3 million, \$90.0 million and \$121.7 million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the March 31, 2017 amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, Convertible Notes, Unsecured Notes and SBA-guaranteed debentures, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of 3.2% for the Holdings Credit Facility, 5.0% for the Convertible Notes, 5.313% for the Unsecured Notes and 3.2% for the SBA-guaranteed debentures, which were the rates payable as of March 31, 2017. See "Senior Securities" in this prospectus.
- <sup>(7)</sup> "Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expenses burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator as a percentage of net assets would be 0.64%. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we did not reimbursement the Administrator for any expenses. See "Administration Agreement."
- (8) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the expenses of our investment in NMFC Senior Loan Program I, LLC ("SLP I") and NMFC Senior Loan Program II, LLC ("SLP II"). No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. As SLP II is structured as a private joint venture, no management fees are paid by SLP II. Future expenses for SLP I and SLP II may be substantially higher or lower because certain expenses may fluctuate over time.
- <sup>(9)</sup> The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.

#### Example

The following example, required by the SEC, demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. In the event that shares to which this prospectus relates are sold to or through underwriters, a corresponding prospectus supplement will restate this example to reflect

the applicable sales load and offering expenses. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

	Y	1 Year		1 3 ear Years		5 Years		<u> </u>	10 (ears
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0%									
annual return	\$	81	\$	234	\$	377	\$	693	

### The example should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5.0% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the above example. The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investments, computed net of all cumulative unrealized depreciation on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

		1		3		5		10
	Y	ear	<u> </u>	ears	Y	ears	<u> </u>	/ears
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0%								
annual return	\$	90	\$	259	\$	413	\$	742

The example assumes no sales load. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of our common stock may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective consolidated financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, December 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 has been derived from the Predecessor Operating Company's and our financial statements and the related notes thereto that were audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered financial statements and related consolidated. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities" in this prospectus for more information.

The below selected financial and other data is for NMFC.

(in thousands except shares and per share data)

		Three	-									
ew Mountain Finance Corporation		Months Ended March 31, 2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
tatement of Operations Data:												
nvestment income	\$	43,307	\$	168,084	\$	153,855	\$	91,923	\$		\$	-
vestment income allocated from NMF Holdings		—						43,678		90,876		37,511
let expenses		19,876		79,976		71,360		34,727		_		
let expenses allocated from NMF Holdings		_						20,808		40,355		17,719
let investment income		23,431		88,108		82,495		80,066		50,521		19,792
let realized gains (losses) on investments		826		(16,717)		(12,789)		357		—		
let realized and unrealized gains (losses) allocated from NMF Holdings		_		_		_		9,508		11,443		12,087
let change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments		6,205		40,131		(35,272)		(43,863)		_		_
let change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell		(800)		(400)		(200)						
		(800)		(486)		(296)		_		_		
let change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investment in NMF Holdings				_		_		_		(44)		(95
enefit (provision) for taxes		755		642		(1,183)		(493)				04 704
let increase in net assets resulting from operations		30,417		111,678		32,955		45,575		61,920		31,784
Per share data:	¢	40.50	¢	10.40	¢	40.00	¢	40.00	¢	44.00	¢	44.00
let asset value	\$	13.56	\$	13.46	\$	13.08	\$	13.83	\$	14.38	<b>þ</b>	14.06
let increase in net assets resulting from operations (basic)		0.44		1.72		0.55		0.88		1.76		2.14
let increase in net assets resulting from operations		0.44		1.72		0.55		0.00		1.70		Z. 14
(diluted)(1)		0.40		1.60		0.55		0.86		1.76		2.14
Distributions declared <sup>(2)</sup>		0.40		1.36		1.36		1.48		1.48		1.71
alance sheet data:		0.34		1.50		1.50		1.40		1.40		1.71
iotal assets(3)	¢	1,880,939	¢	1,656,018	¢	1,588,146	¢	1,500,868	\$	650,107	\$	345.331
Ioldings Credit Facility	φ	376,913	φ	333,513	φ	419,313	φ	468,108	φ	N/A	φ	040,001 N/A
Convertible Notes		155,496		155.523		115.000		115.000		N/A		N/A
IMFC Credit Facility		122,500		10,000		90,000		50,000		N/A		N/A
BA-guaranteed debentures		121.745		121,745		117,745		37,500		N/A		N/A
Insecured Notes		90.000		90.000						N/A		N/A
otal net assets		946,742		938,562		836,908		802,170		650,107		341,926
Other data:				,				,		,		,
otal return based on market value <sup>(4)</sup>		8.09%	'n	19.68%		(4.00)%	6	9.66%	6	11.62%		24.84
otal return based on net asset value <sup>(5)</sup>		3.25%		13.98%		4.32%		6.56%	6	13.27%		16.61
lumber of portfolio companies at period end		77	<b>,</b>	78		75		71	•	N/A		N/A
otal new investments for the period <sup>(6)</sup>	\$	349.357	\$	558,068	\$	612,737	\$	720.871		N/A		N/A
nvestment sales and repayments for the period(6)	\$	133,801			\$		\$	384,568		N/A		N/A
Veighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost on debt portfolio at period end (unaudited) <sup>(7)</sup>	Ψ	11.1%		11.1%		10.7%		10.7%	6	N/A		N/A
Veighted average shares outstanding for the period (basic)	6	9,718,968		64,918,191		9,715,290		51,846,164		35,092,722	14	,860,838
Veighted average shares outstanding for the period		9,543,095		72,863,387		6,968,089		6,157,835		35.092.722		,860,838
(diluted)												,

(1) In applying the if-converted method, conversion is not assumed for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share if the effect would be anti-dilutive. For the year ended December 31, 2015, there was anti-dilution. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2014, there was no anti-dilution. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, due to reflecting earnings for the full year of operations of the Predecessor Operating Company assuming 100.0% NMFC ownership of Predecessor Operating Company and assuming all of AIV Holdings units in the Predecessor Operating Company were exchanged for public shares of NMFC during the years then ended, the earnings per share would be \$1.79 and \$2.18, respectively.

(2) Distributions declared in the year ended December 31, 2014 include a \$0.12 per share special dividend related to realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' warrant investments in Learning Care Group (US), Inc. Distributions declared in the year ended December 31, 2013 include a \$0.12 per share special dividend related to a distribution received attributable to NMF Holdings' investment in YP Equity Investors LLC. Distributions declared in the year ended December 31, 2013 include a \$0.23 per share special dividend related to estimated realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' investments in Lawson Software, Inc. and Infor Lux

Bond Company and a \$0.14 per share special dividend intended to minimize to the greatest extent possible NMFC's U.S. federal income or excise tax liability.

- (3) On January 1, 2016, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03, Interest Imputation of Interest Subtopic 835-30 Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"). Upon adoption, we revised our presentation of deferred financing costs from an asset to a liability, which is a direct deduction to our debt on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we retrospectively revised our presentation of \$14.0 million and \$14.1 million, respectively, of deferred financing costs that were previously presented as an asset, which resulted in a decrease to total assets and total liabilities as of December 31, 2014. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, NMFC was a holding company with no direct operations of its own and its sole asset was its ownership in the Predecessor Operating Company and, as such, ASU 2015-03 did not apply to NMFC.
- (4) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the opening of the first day of the period and a sale on the closing of the last business day of the respective period ends. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at prices obtained under our dividend reinvestment plan.
- (5) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (6) For the year ended December 31, 2014, amounts include our investment activity and the investment activity of the Predecessor Operating Company.
- (7) The weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the respective period ends and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity.

As of May 8, 2014, NMFC assumed all operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings. The following table sets forth selected financial and other data for NMF Holdings when it was the Predecessor Operating Company.

(in thousands except units and per unit data)

	١	ears Ended	De	December 31,			
New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.		2013		2012			
Statement of Operations Data:							
Total investment income	\$	114,912	\$	85,786			
Net expenses		51,235		40,569			
Net investment income		63,677		45,217			
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)		15,247		28,779			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations		78,924		73,996			
Per unit data:							
Net asset value	\$	14.38	\$	14.06			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations (basic and diluted)		1.79		2.18			
Distributions declared <sup>(1)</sup>		1.48		1.71			
Balance sheet data:							
Total assets	\$	1,147,841	\$	1,025,564			
Holdings Credit Facility		221,849		206,938			
SLF Credit Facility		214,668		214,262			
Total net assets		688,516		569,939			
Other data:							
Total return at net asset value <sup>(2)</sup>		13.27%	, D	16.61%			
Number of portfolio companies at period end		59		63			
Total new investments for the period	\$	529,307	\$	673,218			
Investment sales and repayments for the period	\$	426,561	\$	423,874			
Weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost on debt portfolio at period end (unaudited) $^{(3)}$		11.0%	, D	10.3%			
Weighted average Yield to Maturity on debt portfolio at period end (unaudited) $^{(4)}$		10.6%	, o	10.1%			
Weighted average common membership units outstanding for the period		44,021,920		34,011,738			
Portfolio turnover		40.52%	, D	52.02%			

(1) Distributions declared in the year ended December 31, 2013 include a \$0.12 per unit special dividend related to a distribution received attributable to NMF Holdings' investment in YP Equity Investors LLC. Distributions declared in the year ended December 31, 2012 include a \$0.23 per unit special dividend related to estimated realized capital gains attributable to NMF Holdings' investments in Lawson Software, Inc. and Infor Lux Bond Company and a \$0.14 per unit special dividend intended to minimize to the greatest extent possible NMFC's U.S. federal income or excise tax liability. Actual cash payments on the distributions declared to AIV Holdings only, for the quarters ended March 31, 2012, December 31, 2012, December 31, 2012 and March 31, 2013, were made on April 4, 2012, July 9, 2012, January 7, 2013 and April 5, 2013 respectively.

(2) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the year and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the respective period ends. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.

(3) The weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at the adjusted cost on the respective period ends and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the GAAP cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date).

(4) The weighted average Yield to Maturity calculation assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at fair value on the respective period ends and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. The weighted average Yield to Maturity was not calculated subsequent to December 31, 2013.

# SELECTED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA

The selected quarterly financial data should be read in conjunction with our respective consolidated financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus. The following table sets forth certain quarterly financial data for the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and each of the quarters for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. This data is derived from our unaudited financial statements. Results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or for any future quarter. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities" included in this prospectus for more information.

The below selected quarterly financial data is for NMFC.

(in thousands except for per share data)

	Total Investment Income			Net Investment Income				Total Net Realized Gains (Losses) and Net Changes in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments <sup>(1)</sup>				Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations			
Quarter Ended	Total	Per Sha	re	Total	P	er Share		Total		Per Share		Total	F	er Share	
March 31, 2017	\$ 43,307	\$ 0	.62	\$ 23,431	\$	0.34	\$	6,986	\$	0.10	\$	30,417	\$	0.44	
December 31, 2016 September 30, 2016 June 30, 2016	\$ 43,784 41,834 41,490	0	.64 .66 .65	\$ 22,980 21,729 21,832	\$	0.34 0.34 0.34	\$	10,875 3,350 22,861	\$	0.16 0.05 0.36	\$	33,855 25,079 44,693	\$	0.50 0.39 0.70	
March 31, 2016	40,976	0	.64	21,567		0.34		(13,516)		(0.21)		8,051		0.13	
December 31, 2015 September 30, 2015 June 30, 2015 March 31, 2015	\$ 41,967 37,447 37,905 36,536	0	.66 .64 .65 .63	\$ 22,521 20,659 20,253 19,062	\$	0.35 0.35 0.35 0.33		(42,548) (10,855) 11 3,852	\$	(0.66) (0.18)  0.07		(20,027) 9,804 20,264 22,914	\$	(0.31) 0.17 0.35 0.40	

(1) Includes securities purchased under collateral agreements to resell, benefit (provision) for taxes and the accretive effect of common stock issuances per share, if applicable.

# DESCRIPTION OF RESTRUCTURING

NMFC is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act.

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its IPO of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in the Concurrent Private Placement. Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities. In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, NMF Holdings acquired all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations. NMF Holdings, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of Guardian AIV by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments.

Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed by the Investment Adviser and was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMF Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMF Holdings was treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMF Holdings' existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and NMF Holdings became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations".

Until April 25, 2014, AIV Holdings was a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on March 11, 2011. Guardian AIV, a Delaware limited partnership, was AIV Holdings' sole stockholder. AIV Holdings was a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, AIV Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. AIV Holdings was treated, and complied with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code. AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014.

Prior to May 8, 2014, NMFC and AIV Holdings were holding companies with no direct operations of their own, and their sole asset was their ownership in NMF Holdings. In connection with the IPO, NMFC and AIV Holdings each entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated, of NMF Holdings, pursuant to which NMFC and AIV Holdings were admitted as members of NMF Holdings. NMFC acquired from NMF Holdings, with the gross proceeds of the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement, common membership units ("units") of NMF Holdings (the number of units were equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement Placement). Additionally, NMFC received units of NMF Holdings equal to the number of shares of common stock of NMFC issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. Guardian AIV was the parent of NMF Holdings prior to the IPO and, as a result of the transactions completed in connection with the IPO, obtained units in NMF Holdings. Guardian AIV contributed its units in NMF

Holdings to its newly formed subsidiary, AIV Holdings, in exchange for common stock of AIV Holdings. AIV Holdings had the right to exchange all or any portion of its units in NMF Holdings for shares of NMFC's common stock on a one-for-one basis at any time.

The original structure was designed to generally prevent NMFC from being allocated taxable income with respect to unrecognized gains that existed at the time of the IPO in the Predecessor Entities' assets, and rather such amounts would be allocated generally to AIV Holdings. The result was that any distributions made to NMFC's stockholders that were attributable to such gains generally were not treated as taxable dividends but rather as return of capital. See "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" included in this prospectus.

Since the IPO through February 3, 2014, NMFC completed five underwritten secondary offerings of its common stock on behalf of AIV Holdings as the selling stockholder. In connection with these five secondary offerings, AIV Holdings tendered an aggregate of 20,221,938 units of NMF Holdings held by AIV Holdings to NMFC in exchange for the net proceeds (after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions) of these five secondary offerings and NMFC issued an aggregate of 20,221,938 shares of its common stock directly to the underwriters for these five secondary offerings. AIV Holdings distributed all of the net proceeds from these five secondary offerings to its sole stockholder, Guardian AIV. With the completion of the final secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMFC now owns 100.0% of the units of NMF Holdings, which is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC.

# Restructuring

As a BDC, AIV Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of AIV Holdings' business model, AIV Holdings' board of directors determined that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interest of AIV Holdings and Guardian AIV. Specifically, given that AIV Holdings was formed for the sole purpose of holding units of NMF Holdings and AIV Holdings had disposed of all of the units of NMF Holdings that it was holding as of February 3, 2014, the board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 the withdrawal of AIV Holdings to terminate its registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act and to dissolve AIV Holdings under the laws of the State of Delaware.

Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC of AIV Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on April 15, 2014. The board of directors of AIV Holdings believed that AIV Holdings met the requirements for filing the notification to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC, upon the receipt of the necessary stockholder consent. After the notification of withdrawal of AIV Holdings' BDC election was filed with the SEC, AIV Holdings was no longer subject to the regulatory provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to BDCs generally, including regulations related to insurance, custody, composition of its board of directors, affiliated transactions and any compensation arrangements.

In addition, on April 15, 2014, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

Until May 8, 2014, as a BDC, NMF Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of NMF Holdings' current business model, NMF Holdings' board of directors determined at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of NMF Holdings.

At the joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings held on May 6, 2014, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved a new investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser. Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval to authorize the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC of NMF Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on May 8, 2014.

Effective May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings amended and restated its Limited Liability Company Agreement, (as amended and restated, the "Operating Agreement") such that the board of directors of NMF Holdings was dissolved and NMF Holdings remained a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for NMF Holdings' credit facility, and NMFC assumed all other operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings under the management of the Investment Adviser (collectively, the "Restructuring"). After the Restructuring, all wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries of NMFC are consolidated with NMFC for both 1940 Act and financial statement reporting purposes, subject to any financial statement adjustments required in accordance with GAAP. NMFC continues to remain a BDC under the 1940 Act.

Also, on May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings filed Form 15 with the SEC to terminate NMF Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. As a special purpose entity, NMF Holdings is bankruptcy-remote and non-recourse to NMFC. In addition, the assets held at NMF Holdings will continue to be used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility.

# **RISK FACTORS**

Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus and any accompanying prospectus supplement, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following price of our common stock could decline or the value of our preferred stock, subscription rights, warrants or debt securities may decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

#### **Risks Related to our Business and Structure**

# Global capital markets could enter a period of severe disruption and instability. These market conditions have historically and could again have a materially adverse effect on debt and equity capital markets in the U.S., which could have, a materially negative impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The U.S. and global capital markets have experienced periods of disruption characterized by the freezing of available credit, a lack of liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant losses in the principal value of investments, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit market, the failure of certain major financial institutions and general volatility in the financial markets. During these periods of disruption, general economic conditions deteriorated with material and adverse consequences for the broader financial and credit markets, and the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole, and financial services firms in particular, was reduced significantly. These conditions may reoccur for a prolonged period of time or materially worsen in the future. In addition, signs of deteriorating sovereign debt conditions in Europe and concerns of economic slowdown in China create uncertainty that could lead to further disruptions and instability. We may in the future have difficulty accessing debt and equity capital, and a severe disruption in the global financial markets, deterioration in credit and financing conditions or uncertainty regarding U.S. Government spending and deficit levels, European sovereign debt, Chinese economic slowdown or other global economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

# Further downgrades of the U.S. credit rating, impending automatic spending cuts or another government shutdown could negatively impact our liquidity, financial condition and earnings.

Recent U.S. debt ceiling and budget deficit concerns have increased the possibility of additional credit-rating downgrades and economic slowdowns, or a recession in the U.S. If legislation increasing the debt ceiling is not enacted, as needed, and the debt ceiling is reached, the U.S. federal government may stop or delay making payments on its obligations, which could negatively impact the U.S. economy and our portfolio companies. Multiple factors relating to the international operations of some of our portfolio companies and to particular countries in which they operate could negatively impact their business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, disagreement over the federal budget has caused the U.S. federal government to shut down for periods of time. Continued adverse political and economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

# Global economic, political and market conditions may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition, including our revenue growth and profitability.

The current worldwide financial market situation, as well as various social and political tensions in the U.S. and around the world, may contribute to increased market volatility, may have long-term effects on the U.S. and worldwide financial markets, and may cause economic uncertainties or deterioration in the U.S. and worldwide. Since 2010, several European Union ("EU") countries, including Greece, Ireland, Italy, Spain, and Portugal, have faced budget issues, some of which may have negative long-term effects for the economies of those countries and other EU countries. There is continued concern about national-level support for the Euro and the accompanying coordination of fiscal and wage policy among European Economic and Monetary Union member countries. In June 2016, the United Kingdom ("U.K.") held a referendum in which voters approved an exit from the EU ("Brexit"), and, subsequently, on March 29, 2017, the U.K. government began the formal process of leaving the EU. Brexit created political and economic uncertainty and instability in the global markets (including currency and credit markets), and especially in the U.K. and this uncertainty and instability may last indefinitely. Because of the election results in the U.K. in June 2017, there is increased uncertainty on the timing of Brexit. In addition, the fiscal policy of foreign nations, such as Russia and China, may have a severe impact on the worldwide and U.S. financial markets. We cannot predict the effects of these or similar events in the future on the U.S. economy and securities markets or on our investments. We monitor developments and seek to manage our investments in a manner consistent with achieving our investment objective, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so.

As a result of the 2016 U.S. election, the Republican Party currently controls both the executive and legislative branches of government, which increases the likelihood that legislation may be adopted that could significantly affect the regulation of U.S. financial markets. Areas subject to potential change, amendment or repeal include the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and the authority of the Federal Reserve and the Financial Stability Oversight Council. The U.S. may also potentially withdraw from or renegotiate various trade agreements and take other actions that would change current trade policies of the U.S. We cannot predict which, if any, of these actions will be taken or, if taken, their effect on the financial stability of the U.S. Such actions could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We cannot predict the effects of these or similar events in the future on the U.S. economy and securities markets or on our investments. We monitor developments and seek to manage our investments in a manner consistent with achieving our investment objective, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so.

#### We may suffer credit losses.

Investments in small and middle market businesses are highly speculative and involve a high degree of risk of credit loss. These risks are likely to increase during volatile economic periods, such as the U.S. and many other economies have recently been experiencing.

# We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital.

We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of New Mountain Capital's investments. Our investment returns may be substantially lower than the returns achieved by the Predecessor Entities. Although the Predecessor Entities commenced operations during otherwise unfavorable economic conditions, this was a favorable environment in which the Predecessor Operating Company could conduct its business in light of its investment objectives and strategy. In addition, our investment strategies may differ from those of

New Mountain Capital or its affiliates. We, as a BDC and as a RIC, are subject to certain regulatory restrictions that do not apply to New Mountain Capital or its affiliates.

We are generally not permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which New Mountain Capital or any of its affiliates currently have an investment or to make any co-investments with New Mountain Capital or its affiliates, except to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. This may adversely affect the pace at which we make investments. Moreover, we may operate with a different leverage profile than the Predecessor Entities. Furthermore, none of the prior results from the Predecessor Entities were from public reporting companies, and all or a portion of these results were achieved in particularly favorable market conditions for the Predecessor Operating Company's investment strategy which may never be repeated. Finally, we can offer no assurance that our investment team will be able to continue to implement our investment objective with the same degree of success as it has had in the past.

# There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value. In addition, the fair values of our investments are determined by our board of directors in accordance with our valuation policy.

Some of our investments are and may be in the form of securities or loans that are not publicly traded. The fair value of these investments may not be readily determinable. Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, including to reflect significant events affecting the value of our securities. We value our investments for which we do not have readily available market quotations quarterly, or more frequently as circumstances require, at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors with our valuation policy, which is at all times consistent with GAAP.

Our board of directors utilizes the services of one or more independent third-party valuation firms to aid it in determining the fair value with respect to our material unquoted assets in accordance with our valuation policy. The inputs into the determination of fair value of these investments may require significant management judgment or estimation. Even if observable market data is available, such information may be the result of consensus pricing information or broker quotes, which include a disclaimer that the broker would not be held to such a price in an actual transaction. The non-binding nature of consensus pricing and/or quotes accompanied by disclaimers materially reduces the reliability of such information.

The types of factors that the board of directors takes into account in determining the fair value of our investments generally include, as appropriate: available market data, including relevant and applicable market trading and transaction comparables, applicable market yields and multiples, security covenants, call protection provisions, information rights, the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments, its earnings and discounted cash flows and the markets in which it does business, comparisons of financial ratios of peer companies that are public, comparable merger and acquisition transactions and the principal market and enterprise values. Since these valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these securities existed.

Due to this uncertainty, our fair value determinations may cause our net asset value, on any given date, to be materially understated or overstated. In addition, investors purchasing our common stock based on an overstated net asset value would pay a higher price than the realizable value that our investments might warrant.

We may adjust quarterly the valuation of our portfolio to reflect our board of directors' determination of the fair value of each investment in our portfolio. Any changes in fair value are recorded in our statement of operations as net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

# Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed.

We depend on the investment judgment, skill and relationships of the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser, particularly Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee and John R. Kline, as well as other key personnel to identify, evaluate, negotiate, structure, execute, monitor and service our investments. The Investment Adviser, as an affiliate of New Mountain Capital, is supported by New Mountain Capital's team, which as of March 31, 2017 consisted of over 120 staff members of New Mountain Capital and its affiliates to fulfill its obligations to us under the Investment Management Agreement. The Investment Adviser may also depend upon New Mountain Capital to obtain access to investment opportunities originated by the professionals of New Mountain Capital and its affiliates. Our future success depends to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of the key investment of the Investment Adviser. The departure of any of these individuals could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

The Investment Committee, which provides oversight over our investment activities, is provided by the Investment Adviser. The Investment Committee currently consists of five members. The loss of any member of the Investment Committee or of other senior professionals of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates without suitable replacement could limit our ability to achieve our investment objective and operate as we anticipate. This could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operation and cash flows. To achieve our investment objective, the Investment Adviser may hire, train, supervise and manage new investment professionals to participate in its investment selection and monitoring process. If the Investment Adviser is unable to find investment professionals or do so in a timely manner, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

# The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business.

Other than us, the Investment Adviser has not previously managed a BDC or a RIC. The 1940 Act and the Code impose numerous constraints on the operations of BDCs and RICs that do not apply to the other investment vehicles previously managed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser. For example, under the 1940 Act, BDCs are required to invest at least 70.0% of their total assets primarily in securities of qualifying U.S. private or thinly traded companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. Moreover, qualification for taxation as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code requires satisfaction of source-of-income, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. The failure to comply with these provisions in a timely manner could prevent us from qualifying as a BDC or as a RIC and could force us to pay unexpected taxes and penalties, which would have a material adverse effect on our performance. The Investment Adviser's lack of experience in managing a portfolio of assets under the constraints applicable to BDCs and RICs may hinder its ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and, as a result, achieve our investment objective. If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC or as a RIC, our operating flexibility could be significantly reduced.

### We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively.

We compete for investments with other BDCs and investment funds (including private equity and hedge funds), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of funding. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of capital and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors have greater experience operating under, or are not subject to, the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC or the source-of-income, asset diversification and distribution requirements that we must satisfy to maintain our RIC status. These characteristics could allow our competitors to consider a wider variety of investments, establish more relationships and offer better pricing and more flexible structuring than we are able to do.

We may lose investment opportunities if our pricing, terms and structure do not match those of our competitors. With respect to the investments that we make, we do not seek to compete based primarily on the interest rates we may offer, and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that may be lower than the rates we offer. In the secondary market for acquiring existing loans, we expect to compete generally on the basis of pricing terms. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income, lower yields and increased risk of credit loss. If we are forced to match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may not be able to achieve acceptable returns on our investments or may bear substantial risk of capital loss. Part of our competitive advantage stems from the fact that we believe the market for middle market lending is underserved by traditional bank lenders and other financial sources. A significant increase in the number and/or the size of our competitors in this target market could force us to accept less attractive investment terms. We may also compete for investment opportunities with accounts managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates. Although the Investment Adviser allocates opportunities in accordance with its policies and procedures, allocations to such other accounts reduces the amount and frequency of opportunities is not known at the time of allocation. If we are not able to compete effectively, our business, financial condition and results of operations. Because of this competition, there can be no assurance that we will be able to identify and take advantage of attractive investment opportunities that we identify or that we will be able to fully invest our available capital.

# Our business, results of operations and financial condition depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective and to grow depends on the Investment Adviser's ability to identify, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of the Investment Adviser's structuring of the investment process, its ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us and its ability to access financing on acceptable terms. The Investment Adviser has substantial responsibilities under the Investment Management Agreement and may also be called upon to provide managerial assistance to our eligible portfolio companies. These demands on the time of the Investment Adviser and its investment professionals may distract them or slow our rate of investment. In order to grow, we and the Investment Adviser may need to retain, train, supervise and manage new investment professionals. However, these investment professionals may not be

able to contribute effectively to the work of the Investment Adviser. If we are unable to manage our future growth effectively, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

### The incentive fee may induce the Investment Adviser to make speculative investments.

The incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to pursue investments that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns. The incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser is calculated based on a percentage of our return on investment capital. This may encourage the Investment Adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. In addition, because the base management fee is payable based upon our gross assets, which includes any borrowings for investment purposes, but excludes borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and cash and cash equivalents for investment purposes, the Investment Adviser may be further encouraged to use leverage to make additional investments. Under certain circumstances, the use of leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would impair the value of our common stock.

The incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser also may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to invest in instruments that have a deferred interest feature, even if such deferred payments would not provide the cash necessary to pay current distributions to our stockholders. Under these investments, we would accrue the interest over the life of the investment but would not receive the cash income from the investment until the end of the investment's term, if at all. Our net investment income used to calculate the income portion of the incentive fee, however, includes accrued interest. Thus, a portion of the incentive fee would be based on income that we have not yet received in cash and may never receive in cash if the portfolio company is unable to satisfy such interest payable by portfolio companies from one calendar guarter to another, potentially resulting in fluctuations in timing and dividend amounts.

## We may be obligated to pay the Investment Adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

The Investment Adviser is entitled to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter in an amount equal to a percentage of the excess of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for that quarter (before deducting incentive compensation) above a performance threshold for that quarter. Accordingly, since the performance threshold is based on a percentage of our net asset value, decreases in our net asset value make it easier to achieve the performance threshold. Our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for incentive compensation purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses or depreciation that it may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses or depreciation result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay the Investment Adviser incentive compensation for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

# The incentive fee we pay to the Investment Adviser with respect to capital gains may be effectively greater than 20.0%.

As a result of the operation of the cumulative method of calculating the capital gains portion of the incentive fee we pay to the Investment Adviser, the cumulative aggregate capital gains fee received by the Investment Adviser could be effectively greater than 20.0%, depending on the

timing and extent of subsequent net realized capital losses or net unrealized depreciation. We cannot predict whether, or to what extent, this payment calculation would affect your investment in our common stock.

### We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us.

We borrow money as part of our business plan. Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on invested equity capital and may, consequently, increase the risk of investing in us. We expect to continue to use leverage to finance our investments, through senior securities issued by banks and other lenders. Lenders of these senior securities have fixed dollar claims on our assets that are superior to claims of our common stockholders. If the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had it not leveraged. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause our net income to decline more sharply than it would have had it not borrowed. Such a decline could adversely affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. In addition, because our investments may be illiquid, we may be unable to dispose of them or to do so at a favorable price in the event we need to do so if we are unable to refinance any indebtedness upon maturity and, as a result, we may suffer losses. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique.

Our ability to service any debt that we incur depends largely on our financial performance and is subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. Moreover, as the Investment Adviser's management fee is payable to the Investment Adviser based on gross assets, including those assets acquired through the use of leverage, the Investment Adviser may have a financial incentive to incur leverage which may not be consistent with our interests and the interests of our common stockholders. In addition, holders of our common stock will, indirectly, bear the burden of any increase in our expenses as a result of leverage, including any increase in the management fee payable to the Investment Adviser.

At March 31, 2017, we had \$376.9 million, \$122.5 million, \$155.3 million, \$90.0 million and \$121.7 million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. The Holdings Credit Facility, NMFC Credit Facility and the SBA-guaranteed debentures had weighted average interest rates of 3.1%, 3.3% and 3.2%, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2017. The interest rate on the Convertible Notes is 5.0% per annum and the interest rate on the Unsecured Notes is 5.313% per annum. In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness at March 31, 2017, we must achieve annual returns on our March 31, 2017 total assets of at least 1.8%.

*Illustration.* The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of expenses and adjusted for unsettled securities purchased. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical. Actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below. The calculation assumes (i) \$1,880.9 million in total assets, (ii) a weighted average cost of borrowings of 3.7%, which assumes the weighted average interest rates as of March 31, 2017 for the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility and the SBA-guaranteed debentures and the interest rate as of March 31, 2017 for the Convertible Notes and Unsecured Notes, (iii) \$866.4 million in debt outstanding and (iv) \$946.7 million in net assets.

# Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (net of expenses)

	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0%	5.0%	10.0%
Corresponding return to stockholder	(23.3)%	(13.3)%	(3.4)%	6.5%	16.5%

#### If we are unable to comply with the covenants or restrictions in our borrowings, our business could be materially adversely affected.

The Holdings Credit Facility includes covenants that, subject to exceptions, restrict our ability to pay distributions, create liens on assets, make investments, make acquisitions and engage in mergers or consolidations. The Holdings Credit Facility also includes a change of control provision that accelerates the indebtedness under the facility in the event of certain change of control events. Complying with these restrictions may prevent us from taking actions that we believe would help us grow our business or are otherwise consistent with our investment objective. These restrictions could also limit our ability to plan for or react to market conditions or meet extraordinary capital needs or otherwise restrict corporate activities. In addition, the restrictions contained in the Holdings Credit Facility could limit our ability to make distributions to our stockholders in certain circumstances, which could result in us failing to qualify as a RIC and thus becoming subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

The NMFC Credit Facility includes customary covenants, including certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants, as well as customary events of default.

Our Convertible Notes are subject to certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the Convertible Notes and the trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions. In addition, if certain corporate events occur, holders of the Convertible Notes may require us to repurchase for cash all or part of their Convertible Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest through, but excluding, the repurchase date.

Our Unsecured Notes are subject to certain covenants, including covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Internal Revenue Code, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum asset coverage ratio, and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under our other indebtedness or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. In addition, we are obligated to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par if the Investment Adviser, or an affiliate thereof, ceases to be our investment adviser or if certain change in control events occur with respect to the Investment Adviser.

The breach of any of the covenants or restrictions, unless cured within the applicable grace period, would result in a default under the applicable credit facility that would permit the lenders thereunder to declare all amounts outstanding to be due and payable. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness. As a result, any default could have serious consequences to our financial condition. An event of default or an acceleration under the credit facilities could also cause a cross-default or cross-acceleration of another debt instrument or contractual obligation, which would adversely impact our liquidity. We may not be granted waivers or amendments to the credit facilities if for any reason we are unable to comply with it, and we may not be able to refinance the credit facilities on terms acceptable to us, or at all.

#### We may enter into reverse repurchase agreements, which are another form of leverage.

We may enter into reverse repurchase agreements as part of our management of our investment portfolio. Under a reverse repurchase agreement, we will effectively pledge our assets as collateral to secure a short-term loan. Generally, the other party to the agreement makes the loan in an amount equal to a percentage of the fair value of the pledged collateral. At the maturity of the reverse repurchase agreement, the payor will be required to repay the loan and correspondingly receive back its collateral. While used as collateral, the assets continue to pay principal and interest which are for our benefit.

Our use of reverse repurchase agreements, if any, involves many of the same risks involved in our use of leverage, as the proceeds from reverse repurchase agreements generally will be invested in additional securities. There is a risk that the market value of the securities acquired with the proceeds of a reverse repurchase agreement may decline below the price of the securities that we have sold but remain obligated to repurchase under the reverse repurchase agreement. In addition, there is a risk that the market value of the securities effectively pledged by us may decline. If a buyer of securities under a reverse repurchase agreement were to file for bankruptcy or experience insolvency, we may be adversely affected. Also, in entering into reverse repurchase agreements, we would bear the risk of loss to the extent that the proceeds of such agreements at settlement are more than the fair value of the underlying securities pledged. In addition, due to the interest costs associated with reverse repurchase agreements transactions, our net asset value would decline, and, in some cases, we may be worse off than if such instruments had not been used.

### Our ability to enter into transactions involving derivatives and financial commitment transactions may be limited.

The SEC has proposed a new rule under the 1940 Act that would govern the use of derivatives (defined to include any swap, security-based swap, futures contract, forward contract, option or any similar instrument) as well as financial commitment transactions (defined to include reverse repurchase agreements, short sale borrowings and any firm or standby commitment agreement or similar agreement) by BDCs. Under the proposed rule, a BDC would be required to comply with one of two alternative portfolio limitations and manage the risks associated with derivatives transactions and financial commitment transactions by segregating certain assets. Furthermore, a BDC that engages in more than a limited amount of derivatives transactions or that uses complex derivatives would be required to establish a formalized derivatives risk management program. If the SEC adopts this rule in the form proposed, our ability to enter into transactions involving such instruments may be hindered, which could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

# If we are unable to obtain additional debt financing, or if our borrowing capacity is materially reduced, our business could be materially adversely affected.

We may want to obtain additional debt financing, or need to do so upon maturity of our credit facilities, in order to obtain funds which may be made available for investments. The revolving period under the Holdings Credit Facility ends on December 18, 2017, and the Holdings Credit Facility matures on December 18, 2019. The NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes and the Unsecured Notes mature on June 4, 2019, June 15, 2019 and May 15, 2021, respectively. The SBA-guaranteed debentures have ten year maturities and will begin to mature on March 1, 2025. If we are unable to increase, renew or replace any such facilities and enter into new debt financing facilities or other debt financing on commercially reasonable terms, our liquidity may be reduced significantly. In addition, if we are unable to repay amounts outstanding under any such facilities and are declared in default or are unable to renew or refinance these facilities, we may not be able

to make new investments or operate our business in the normal course. These situations may arise due to circumstances that we may be unable to control, such as lack of access to the credit markets, a severe decline in the value of the U.S. dollar, an economic downturn or an operational problem that affects us or third parties, and could materially damage our business operations, results of operations and financial condition.

### We may need to raise additional capital to grow.

We may need additional capital to fund new investments and grow. We may access the capital markets periodically to issue equity securities. In addition, we may also issue debt securities or borrow from financial institutions in order to obtain such additional capital. Unfavorable economic conditions could increase our funding costs and limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. A reduction in the availability of new capital could limit our ability to grow. In addition, we are required to distribute at least 90.0% of our net ordinary income and net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, if any, to our stockholders to maintain our RIC status. As a result, these earnings will not be available to fund new investments. If we are unable to access the capital markets or if we are unable to borrow from financial institutions, we may be unable to grow our business and execute our business strategy fully, and our earnings, if any, could decrease, which could have an adverse effect on the value of our securities.

### A renewed disruption in the capital markets and the credit markets could adversely affect our business.

As a BDC, we must maintain our ability to raise additional capital for investment purposes. If we are unable to access the capital markets or credit markets, we may be forced to curtail our business operations and may be unable to pursue new investment opportunities. The capital markets and the credit markets have experienced extreme volatility in recent periods, and, as a result, there have been and will likely continue to be uncertainty in the financial markets in general. Disruptions in the capital markets in recent years increased the spread between the yields realized on risk-free and higher risk securities, resulting in illiquidity in parts of the capital markets. In addition, a prolonged period of market illiquidity may cause us to reduce the volume of loans that we originate and/or fund and adversely affect the value of our portfolio investments. Unfavorable economic conditions could also increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and negatively impact our operating results. Ongoing disruptive conditions in the financial industry and the impact of new legislation in response to those conditions could restrict our business operations and, consequently, could adversely impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

If the fair value of our assets declines substantially, we may fail to maintain the asset coverage ratios imposed upon us by the 1940 Act and contained in the Holdings Credit Facility, NMFC Credit Facility and the Unsecured Notes. Any such failure would result in a default under such indebtedness and otherwise affect our ability to issue senior securities, borrow under the Holdings Credit Facility and NMFC Credit Facility and pay distributions, which could materially impair our business operations. Our liquidity could be impaired further by our inability to access the capital or credit markets. For example, we cannot be certain that we will be able to renew our credit facilities as they mature or to consummate new borrowing facilities to provide capital for normal operations, including new originations, or reapply for SBIC licenses. In recent years, reflecting concern about the stability of the financial markets, many lenders and institutional investors have reduced or ceased providing funding to borrowers. This market turnoil and tightening of credit have led to increased market volatility and widespread reduction of business activity generally in recent years.

In addition, adverse economic conditions due to these disruptive conditions could materially impact our ability to comply with the financial and other covenants in any existing or future credit facilities. If we are unable to comply with these covenants, this could materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income.

To the extent we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income depends, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest those funds. As a result, a significant change in market interest rates may have a material adverse effect on our net investment income in the event we use debt to finance our investments. In periods of rising interest rates, our cost of funds would increase, which could reduce our net investment income. We may use interest rate risk management techniques in an effort to limit our exposure to interest rate fluctuations. These techniques may include various interest rate hedging activities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act.

#### SBIC LP is licensed by the SBA and is subject to SBA regulations.

On August 1, 2014, our wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiary, SBIC LP, received its license to operate as an SBIC under the 1958 Act and is regulated by the SBA. The SBA places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies, regulates the types of financings, prohibits investing in small businesses with certain characteristics or in certain industries and requires capitalization thresholds that limit distributions to us. Compliance with SBIC requirements may cause SBIC LP to invest at less competitive rates in order to find investments that qualify under the SBA regulations.

The SBA regulations require, among other things, an annual periodic examination of a licensed SBIC by an SBA examiner to determine the SBIC's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations, and the performance of a financial audit by an independent auditor. If SBIC LP fails to comply with applicable regulations, the SBA could, depending on the severity of the violation, limit or prohibit SBIC LP's use of the debentures, declare outstanding debentures immediately due and payable, and/or limit SBIC LP from making new investments. In addition, the SBA could revoke or suspend SBIC LP's license for willful or repeated violation of, or willful or repeated failure to observe, any provision of the 1958 Act or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder. These actions by the SBA would, in turn, negatively affect us because SBIC LP is our wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiary.

SBA-guaranteed debentures are non-recourse to us, have a ten year maturity, and may be prepaid at any time without penalty. Pooling of issued SBAguaranteed debentures occurs in March and September of each year. The interest rate of SBA-guaranteed debentures is fixed at the time of pooling at a market-driven spread over ten year U.S. Treasury Notes. The interest rate on debentures issued prior to the next pooling date is LIBOR plus 30 basis points. Leverage through SBA-guaranteed debentures is subject to required capitalization thresholds. Current SBA regulations limit the amount that any single SBIC may borrow to two tiers of leverage capped at \$150.0 million, where each tier is equivalent to the SBIC's regulatory capital, which generally equates to the amount of equity capital in the SBIC. In December 2015, the 2016 omnibus spending bill approved by the U.S. Congress and signed into law by the President increased the amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures that affiliated SBIC funds can have outstanding from \$225.0 million to \$350.0 million, subject to SBA approval.

### **Risks Related to Our Operations**

# Because we intend to distribute substantially all of our income to our stockholders to obtain and maintain our status as a RIC, we will continue to need additional capital to finance our growth. If additional funds are unavailable or not available on favorable terms, our ability to grow may be impaired.

In order for us to qualify for the tax benefits available to RICs and to avoid payment of excise taxes, we intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income. As a result of these requirements, we may need to raise capital from other sources to grow our business.

As a BDC, we are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets, less liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities and excluding SBA-guaranteed debentures as permitted by exemptive relief obtained from the SEC, to total senior securities, which includes all of our borrowings with the exception of SBA-guaranteed debentures, of at least 200.0%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. Since we continue to need capital to grow our investment portfolio, these limitations may prevent us from incurring debt and require us to raise additional equity at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so. While we expect that we will be able to borrow and to issue additional debt securities and expect that we will be able to issue additional equity securities, which would in turn increase the equity capital available to us, we cannot assure you that debt and equity financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are not permitted to issue equity securities priced below net asset value without stockholder approval. If additional funds are not available to us, we may be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities, and our net asset value could decline.

### SBIC LP may be unable to make distributions to us that will enable us to meet or maintain our RIC status.

In order for us to continue to qualify for tax benefits available to RICs and to minimize corporate-level U.S. federal income tax, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90.0% of our "investment company taxable income", which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses, including investment company taxable income from SBIC LP. We will be partially dependent on SBIC LP for cash distributions to enable us to meet the RIC distribution requirements. SBIC LP may be limited by SBA regulations governing SBICs from making certain distributions to us that may be necessary to maintain our status as a RIC. We may have to request a waiver of the SBA's restrictions for SBIC LP to make certain distributions to maintain our RIC status. We cannot assure you that the SBA will grant such waiver and if SBIC LP is unable to obtain a waiver, compliance with the SBA regulations may result in corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

### Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

As a BDC, we are prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5.0% or more of our outstanding voting securities is an affiliate of ours for purposes of the 1940 Act. We are generally prohibited from buying or selling any securities (other than our securities) from or to an affiliate. The 1940 Act also prohibits certain "joint" transactions with an affiliate, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of independent directors and, in some cases, the SEC. If a person acquires more than 25.0% of our voting securities, we are prohibited from buying or selling any securities or certain of that person's affiliates, or entering into prohibited joint transactions with such persons, absent the prior approval of the SEC. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with

our officers or directors or their affiliates. As a result of these restrictions, we may be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to any portfolio company of a private equity fund managed by any affiliate of the Investment Adviser without the prior approval of the SEC, which may limit the scope of investment opportunities that would otherwise be available to us.

# The Investment Adviser has significant potential conflicts of interest with us and, consequently, your interests as stockholders which could adversely impact our investment returns.

Our executive officers and directors, as well as the current or future investment professionals of the Investment Adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in your interests as stockholders. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser and/or New Mountain Capital employees that provide services pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement may manage other funds which may from time to time have overlapping investment objectives with our own and, accordingly, may invest in, whether principally or secondarily, asset classes similar to those targeted by us, including Guardian II. If this occurs, the Investment Adviser may face conflicts of interest in allocating investment opportunities to us and such other funds. Although the investment professionals will endeavor to allocate investment Adviser or persons affiliated with the Investment Adviser or that certain of these investment funds may be favored over us. When these investment professionals identify an investment, they may be forced to choose which investment fund should make the investment.

While we may co-invest with investment entities managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, the 1940 Act imposes significant limits on co-investment. On June 5, 2017, the SEC issued an exemptive order (the "Exemptive Order") which permits us to co-invest in portfolio companies with certain funds or entities managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act, subject to the conditions of the Exemptive Order. Pursuant to the Exemptive Order, we are permitted to co-invest with our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including, but not limited to, that (1) the terms of the potential co-investment transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching in respect of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned, and (2) the potential co-investment transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our then-current investment objective and strategies.

If the Investment Adviser forms other affiliates in the future, we may co-invest on a concurrent basis with such other affiliates, subject to compliance with applicable regulations and regulatory guidance or an exemptive order from the SEC and our allocation procedures. In addition, we pay management and incentive fees to the Investment Adviser and reimburse the Investment Adviser for certain expenses it incurs. As a result, investors in our common stock invest in us on a "gross" basis and receive distributions on a "net" basis after our expenses. Also, the incentive fee payable to the Investment Adviser may create an incentive for the Investment Adviser to pursue investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangements. Any potential conflict of interest arising as a result of the arrangements with the Investment Adviser could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# The Investment Committee, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may, from time to time, possess material non-public information, limiting our investment discretion.

The Investment Adviser's investment professionals, Investment Committee or their respective affiliates may serve as directors of, or in a similar capacity with, companies in which we invest. In the event that material non-public information is obtained with respect to such companies, or we become subject to trading restrictions under the internal trading policies of those companies or as a result of applicable law or regulations, we could be prohibited for a period of time from purchasing or selling the securities of such companies, and this prohibition may have an adverse effect on us and our stockholders.

### The valuation process for certain of our portfolio holdings creates a conflict of interest.

Some of our portfolio investments are made in the form of securities that are not publicly traded. As a result, our board of directors determines the fair value of these securities in good faith. In connection with this determination, investment professionals from the Investment Adviser may provide our board of directors with portfolio company valuations based upon the most recent portfolio company financial statements available and projected financial results of each portfolio company. In addition, Steven B. Klinsky, a member of our board of directors, has an indirect pecuniary interest in the Investment Adviser. The participation of the Investment Adviser's investment professionals in our valuation process, and the indirect pecuniary interest in the Investment Adviser by a member of our board of directors, could result in a conflict of interest as the Investment Adviser's management fee is based, in part, on our gross assets and incentive fees are based, in part, on our gross assets.

### Conflicts of interest may exist related to other arrangements with the Investment Adviser or its affiliates.

We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with New Mountain Capital under which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us a nonexclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain". In addition, we reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, such as, but not limited to, the allocable portion of the cost of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. This could create conflicts of interest that our board of directors must monitor.

# The Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser and the Administration Agreement with the Administrator were not negotiated on an arm's length basis.

The Investment Management Agreement and the Administration Agreement were negotiated between related parties. In addition, we may choose not to enforce, or to enforce less vigorously, our respective rights and remedies under these agreements because of our desire to maintain our ongoing relationship with the Investment Adviser, the Administrator and their respective affiliates. Any such decision, however, could cause us to breach our fiduciary obligations to our stockholders.

# The Investment Adviser's liability is limited under the Investment Management Agreement, and we have agreed to indemnify the Investment Adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead the Investment Adviser to act in a riskier manner than it would when acting for its own account.

Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser does not assume any responsibility other than to render the services called for under that agreement, and it is not responsible for any action of our board of directors in following or declining to follow the Investment Adviser's advice or recommendations. Under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement,

the Investment Adviser, its officers, members, personnel, any person controlling or controlled by the Investment Adviser are not liable for acts or omissions performed in accordance with and pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, except those resulting from acts constituting gross negligence, willful misconduct, bad faith or reckless disregard of the Investment Adviser's duties under the Investment Management Agreement. In addition, we have agreed to indemnify the Investment Adviser and each of its officers, directors, members, managers and employees from and against any claims or liabilities, including reasonable legal fees and other expenses reasonably incurred, arising out of or in connection with our business and operations or any action taken or omitted pursuant to authority granted by the Investment Management Agreement, except where attributable to gross negligence, willful misconduct, bad faith or reckless disregard of such person's duties under the Investment Management Agreement. These protections may lead the Investment Adviser to act in a riskier manner than it would when acting for its own account.

# The Investment Adviser can resign upon 60 days' notice, and a suitable replacement may not be found within that time, resulting in disruptions in our operations that could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser has the right to resign at any time upon 60 days' written notice, whether a replacement has been found or not. If the Investment Adviser resigns, we may not be able to find a new investment adviser or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms within 60 days, or at all. If a replacement is not able to be found on a timely basis, our business, results of operations and financial condition and our ability to pay distributions are likely to be materially adversely affected and the market price of our common stock may decline. In addition, if we are unable to identify and reach an agreement with a single institution or group of executives having the expertise possessed by the Investment Adviser and its affiliates, the coordination of its internal management and investment activities is likely to suffer. Even if we are able to retain comparable management, whether internal or external, their integration into our business and lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# The Administrator can resign upon 60 days' notice from its role as Administrator under the Administration Agreement, and a suitable replacement may not be found, resulting in disruptions that could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Administrator has the right to resign under the Administration Agreement upon 60 days' written notice, whether a replacement has been found or not. If the Administrator resigns, it may be difficult to find a new administrator or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms, or at all. If a replacement is not found quickly, our business, results of operations and financial condition, as well as our ability to pay distributions, are likely to be adversely affected, and the market price of our common stock may decline. In addition, the coordination of our internal management and administrative activities is likely to suffer if we are unable to identify and reach an agreement with a service provider or individuals with the expertise possessed by the Administrator. Even if a comparable service provider or individuals to perform such services are retained, whether internal or external, their integration into our business and lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

### If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC, our business and operating flexibility could be significantly reduced.

We qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act imposes numerous constraints on the operations of BDCs. For example, BDCs are required to invest at least 70.0% of their total assets in specified types of securities, primarily in private companies or thinly-traded U.S. public companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. Failure to comply with the requirements imposed on BDCs by the 1940 Act could cause the SEC to bring an enforcement action against us and/or expose us to claims of private litigants. In addition, upon approval of a majority of our stockholders, we may elect to withdraw their respective election as a BDC. If we decide to withdraw our election, or if we otherwise fail to qualify, or maintain our qualification, as a BDC, we may be subject to the substantially greater regulation under the 1940 Act as a closed-end investment company. Compliance with these regulations would significantly decrease our operating flexibility and could significantly increase our cost of doing business.

# If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could be precluded from investing in certain assets or could be required to dispose of certain assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As a BDC, we are prohibited from acquiring any assets other than "qualifying assets" unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70.0% of our total assets are qualifying assets. We may acquire in the future other investments that are not "qualifying assets" to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we would be prohibited from investing in additional assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, these rules could prevent us from making follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies (which could result in the dilution of our position) or could require us to dispose of investments at inopportune times in order to come into compliance with the 1940 Act. If we need to dispose of these investments quickly, it may be difficult to dispose of such investments on favorable terms. For example, we may have difficulty in finding a buyer and, even if a buyer is found, it may have to sell the investments at a substantial loss.

### Our ability to invest in public companies may be limited in certain circumstances.

To maintain our status as a BDC, we are not permitted to acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70.0% of our total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). Subject to certain exceptions for follow-on investments and distressed companies, an investment in an issuer that has outstanding securities listed on a national securities exchange may be treated as qualifying assets only if such issuer has a common equity market capitalization that is less than \$250.0 million at the time of such investment.

# Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies.

Our business requires a substantial amount of capital. We may acquire additional capital from the issuance of senior securities, including borrowing under a credit facility or other indebtedness. In addition, we may also issue additional equity capital, which would in turn increase the equity capital available to us. However, we may not be able to raise additional capital in the future on favorable terms or at all.

We may issue debt securities, preferred stock, and we may borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as "senior securities", up to the maximum amount permitted by the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act permits us to issue senior securities in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200.0% after each issuance of senior securities. As a result of our SEC exemptive relief, we are permitted to exclude our SBA-guaranteed debentures from the definition of senior securities in the 200.0% asset coverage ratio we are required to maintain under the 1940 Act. If our asset coverage ratio is not at least 200.0%, we would be unable to issue senior securities, and if we had senior securities outstanding (other than any indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan, such as any indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility and NMFC Credit Facility, we would be unable to make distributions to our stockholders. However, at March 31, 2017, our only senior securities outstanding were indebtedness under the Holdings Credit Facility, NMFC Credit Facility, Convertible Notes and Unsecured Notes. If that happens, we may be required to have been precluded from paying distributions. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we may be required to liquidate a portion of our investments and repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous.

The Holdings Credit Facility matures on December 18, 2019 and permits borrowings of \$495.0 million as of March 31, 2017. The Holdings Credit Facility had \$376.9 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The NMFC Credit Facility matures on June 4, 2019 and permits borrowings of \$122.5 million as of March 31, 2017. The NMFC Credit Facility had \$122.5 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The NMFC Credit Facility had \$122.5 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The Convertible Notes mature on June 15, 2019. The Convertible Notes had \$155.3 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The Unsecured Notes mature on May 15, 2021. The Unsecured Notes had \$90.0 million in debt outstanding as of March 31, 2017. The SBA-guaranteed debentures have ten year maturities and will begin to mature on March 1, 2025. As of March 31, 2017, \$121.7 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures were outstanding.

In addition, we may in the future seek to securitize other portfolio securities to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize loans, we would likely create a wholly-owned subsidiary and contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary. We would then sell interests in the subsidiary on a non-recourse basis to purchasers and we would retain all or a portion of the equity in the subsidiary. If we are unable to successfully securitize its loan portfolio, which must be done in compliance with the relevant restrictions in the Holdings Credit Facility, our ability to grow our business or fully execute our business strategy could be impaired and our earnings, if any, could decrease. The securitization market is subject to changing market conditions, and we may not be able to access this market when it would be otherwise deemed appropriate. Moreover, the successful securitization of our portfolio might expose us to losses as the residual investments in which we do not sell interests will tend to be those that are riskier and more apt to generate losses. The 1940 Act also may impose restrictions on the structure of any securitization.

We may also obtain capital through the issuance of additional equity capital. As a BDC, we generally are not able to issue or sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. If our common stock trades at a discount to our net asset value per share, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise equity capital. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below our net asset value per share of the common stock if our board of directors and independent directors determine that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any underwriting commission or discount). If we raise additional funds by issuing more shares of our common stock, or if we issue senior

securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, the percentage ownership of our stockholders may decline and you may experience dilution.

# Our business model in the future may depend to an extent upon our referral relationships with private equity sponsors, and the inability of the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to maintain or develop these relationships, or the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business strategy.

If the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser fail to maintain existing relationships or develop new relationships with other sponsors or sources of investment opportunities, we may not be able to grow our investment portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser have relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, there is no assurance that any relationships they currently or may in the future have will generate investment opportunities for us.

### We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business.

We could experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, some of which are beyond our control, including the ability or inability of us to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, the interest rate payable on the debt securities acquired and the default rate on such securities, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in the markets in which we operate and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

# Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests as stockholders.

Our board of directors has the authority, except as otherwise provided in the 1940 Act, to modify or waive certain of our operating policies and strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval. As a result, our board of directors may be able to change our investment policies and objectives without any input from our stockholders. However, absent stockholder approval, we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or withdraw our election as, a BDC. Under Delaware law, we also cannot be dissolved without prior stockholder approval. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies and strategies would have on our business, operating results and the market price of our common stock. Nevertheless, any such changes could adversely affect our business and impair our ability to make distributions to our stockholders.

# We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

Although we intend to continue to qualify annually as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, no assurance can be given that we will be able to maintain our RIC status. To maintain RIC status and be relieved of U.S. federal income taxes on income and gains distributed to our stockholders, we must meet the annual distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements described below.

• The annual distribution requirement for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute (or are deemed to distribute) to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90.0% of our net ordinary



income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses, if any. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to an asset coverage ratio requirement under the 1940 Act, and we are subject to certain financial covenants contained in the Holdings Credit Facility and other debt financing agreements (as applicable). This asset coverage ratio requirement and these financial covenants could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions to our stockholders, which distributions are necessary for us to satisfy the distribution requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, and thus are unable to make sufficient distributions to our stockholders, we could fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to certain corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

- The source-of-income requirement will be satisfied if at least 90.0% of our allocable share of our gross income for each year is derived from dividends, interest payments with respect to loans of certain securities, gains from the sale of stock or other securities, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities.
- The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. To satisfy this requirement, at least 50.0% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other such securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5.0% of the value of our assets or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities of other RICs, of one issuer, of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by it and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships". Failure to meet these requirements may result in us having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of our RIC status. Because most of our investments are intended to be in private companies, and therefore may be relatively illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses.

If we fail to qualify for or maintain our RIC status for any reason, and we do not qualify for certain relief provisions under the Code, we would be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes). In this event, the resulting taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance.

#### You may have current tax liabilities on distributions you reinvest in our common stock.

Under the dividend reinvestment plan, if you own shares of our common stock registered in your own name, you will have all cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless you opt out of the dividend reinvestment plan by delivering notice by phone, internet or in writing to the plan administrator at least three days prior to the payment date of the next dividend or distribution. If you have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan, you will be deemed to have received, and for U.S. federal income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in our common stock to the extent the amount reinvested was not a tax-free return of capital. As a result, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your U.S. federal income tax liability on the value of the common stock received.

# We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will continue to achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. If we are unable to satisfy the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC, or if we violate certain covenants under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility or the Unsecured Notes, our ability to pay distributions to our stockholders could be limited. All distributions are paid at the discretion of our board of directors and depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations, compliance with covenants under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility and the Unsecured Notes, and such other factors as our board of directors may deem relevant from time to time. The distributions that we pay to our stockholders in a year may exceed our taxable income for that year and, accordingly, a portion of such distributions may constitute a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

### We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we include in our taxable income our allocable share of certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as original issue discount or accruals on a contingent payment debt instrument, which may occur if we receive warrants in connection with the origination of a loan or possibly in other circumstances or contracted payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest, which generally represents contractual interest added to the loan balance and due at the end of the loan term. Our allocable share of such original issue discount and PIK interest are included in our taxable income before we receive any corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in our taxable income our allocable share of certain other amounts that we will not receive in cash.

Because in certain cases we may recognize taxable income before or without receiving cash representing such income, we may have difficulty making distributions to our stockholders that will be sufficient to enable us to meet the annual distribution requirement necessary for us to qualify as a RIC. Accordingly, we may need to sell some of our assets at times and/or at prices that we would not consider advantageous. We may need to raise additional equity or debt capital, or we may need to forego new investment opportunities or otherwise take actions that are disadvantageous to our business (or be unable to take actions that are advantageous to our business) to enable us to make distributions to our stockholders that will be sufficient to enable us to meet the annual distribution requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources to enable us to meet the annual distribution requirement, we may fail to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax benefits allowable to RICs and, thus, become subject to a corporate-level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

### Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.

Changes in the laws or regulations or the interpretations of the laws and regulations that govern BDCs, RICs or non-depository commercial lenders could significantly affect our operations and our cost of doing business. Our portfolio companies are subject to U.S. federal, state and local laws and regulations. New legislation may be enacted or new interpretations, rulings or regulations could be adopted, any of which could materially adversely affect our business, including with respect to the types of investments we are permitted to make, and your interests as stockholders potentially with retroactive effect. In addition, any changes to the laws and regulations governing

our operations relating to permitted investments may cause us to alter our investment strategy in order to avail ourselves of new or different opportunities. These changes could result in material changes to our strategies and plans set forth in this prospectus which may result in our investment focus shifting from the areas of expertise of the Investment Adviser to other types of investments in which the Investment Adviser may have less expertise or little or no experience. Any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition and, consequently, the value of your investment in us.

Over the last several years, there has been an increase in regulatory attention to the extension of credit outside of the traditional banking sector, raising the possibility that some portion of the non-bank financial sector will be subject to new regulation. While it cannot be known at this time whether these regulations will be implemented or what form they will take, increased regulation of non-bank credit extension could negatively impact our operations, cash flows or financial condition, impose additional costs on us, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or otherwise adversely affect our business.

# Our business and operations could be negatively affected if we become subject to any securities litigation or shareholder activism, which could cause us to incur significant expense, hinder execution of investment strategy and impact our stock price.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been brought against that company. Shareholder activism, which could take many forms or arise in a variety of situations, has been increasing in the BDC space recently. While we are currently not subject to any securities litigation or shareholder activism, due to the potential volatility of our stock price and for a variety of other reasons, we may in the future become the target of securities litigation or shareholder activism. Securities litigation and shareholder activism, including potential proxy contests, could result in substantial costs and divert the attention of our management and board of directors and resources from our business. Additionally, such securities litigation and shareholder activism could give rise to perceived uncertainties as to our future, adversely affect our relationships with service providers and make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified personnel. Also, we may be required to incur significant legal fees and other expenses related to any securities litigation or activist shareholder matters. Further, our stock price could be subject to significant fluctuation or otherwise be adversely affected by the events, risks and uncertainties of any securities litigation or shareholder activism.

### The effect of global climate change may impact the operations of our portfolio companies.

There may be evidence of global climate change. Climate change creates physical and financial risk and some of our portfolio companies may be adversely affected by climate change. For example, the needs of customers of energy companies vary with weather conditions, primarily temperature and humidity. To the extent weather conditions are affected by climate change, energy use could increase or decrease depending on the duration and magnitude of any changes. Increases in the cost of energy could adversely affect the cost of operations of our portfolio companies if the use of energy products or services is material to their business. A decrease in energy use due to weather changes may affect some of our portfolio companies' financial condition, through decreased revenues. Extreme weather conditions in general require more system backup, adding to costs, and can contribute to increased system stresses, including service interruptions.

In December 2015 the United Nations, of which the U.S. is a member, adopted a climate accord (the "Paris Agreement") with the long-term goal of limiting global warming and the short-term goal of significantly reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The U.S. subsequently ratified the Paris Agreement, and it entered into force on November 4, 2016. Although in June 2017 the

U.S. president announced that the U.S. will withdraw from the Paris Agreement, our portfolio companies, particularly those operating in the energy sector, may be subject to new or strengthened regulations or legislation which could increase their operating costs and/or decrease their revenues.

### Pending legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.

As a BDC, under the 1940 Act we generally are not permitted to incur indebtedness unless immediately after such borrowing we have an asset coverage for total borrowings of at least 200.0% (i.e., the amount of debt may not exceed 50.0% of the value of our total assets or we may borrow an amount equal to 100.0% of net assets). Legislation introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives would modify this section of the 1940 Act and increase the amount of debt that BDCs may incur by modifying the asset coverage percentage from 200.0% to 150.0%. As a result, we may be able to incur additional indebtedness in the future and therefore your risk of an investment in us may increase.

In addition, in December 2015, the 2016 omnibus spending bill approved by the U.S. Congress and signed into law by the President increased the amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures that affiliated SBIC funds can have outstanding from \$225.0 million to \$350.0 million, subject to SBA approval. This new legislation may allow us to issue additional SBIC debentures above the \$225.0 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures previously permitted pending application for and receipt of additional SBIC licenses. If we incur this additional indebtedness in the future, your risk of an investment in our securities may increase.

#### We incur significant costs as a result of being a publicly traded company.

As a publicly traded company, we incur legal, accounting and other expenses, which are paid by us, including costs associated with the periodic reporting requirements applicable to a company whose securities are registered under the Exchange Act, as well as additional corporate governance requirements, including requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act," and other rules implemented by the SEC.

# Efforts to comply with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act involve significant expenditures, and non-compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act may adversely affect us and the market price of our common stock.

We are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and the related rules and regulations promulgated by the SEC. Under current SEC rules since our fiscal year ending December 31, 2012, our management has been required to report on our internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and rules and regulations of the SEC thereunder. We are required to review on an annual basis our internal control over financial reporting, and on a quarterly and annual basis to evaluate and disclose changes in our internal control over financial reporting. As a result, we expect to continue to incur additional expenses, which may negatively impact our financial performance and our ability to make distributions to our stockholders. This process also may result in a diversion of management's time and attention. We cannot be certain as to the timing of completion of any evaluation, testing and remediation actions or the impact of the same on our operations, and we are not able to ensure that the process is effective or that our internal control over financial reporting is or will continue to be effective in a timely manner. In the event that we are unable to maintain or achieve compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and related rules, we and, consequently, the market price of our common stock may be adversely affected.

# Our business is highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay distributions.

Our business is highly dependent on the communications and information systems of the Investment Adviser and its affiliates. Any failure or interruption of such systems could cause delays or other problems in our activities. This, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and, consequently, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay distributions to our stockholders. In addition, because many of our portfolio companies operate and rely on network infrastructure and enterprise applications and internal technology systems for development, marketing, operational, support and other business activities, a disruption or failure of any or all of these systems in the event of a major telecommunications failure, cyber-attack, fire, earthquake, severe weather conditions or other catastrophic event could cause system interruptions, delays in product development and loss of critical data and could otherwise disrupt their business operations.

# The failure in cyber security systems, as well as the occurrence of events unanticipated in our disaster recovery systems and management continuity planning could impair our ability to conduct business effectively.

The occurrence of a disaster such as a cyber attack, a natural catastrophe, an industrial accident, a terrorist attack or war, events unanticipated in our disaster recovery systems, or a support failure from external providers, could have an adverse effect on our ability to conduct business and on our results of operations and financial condition, particularly if those events affect our computer-based data processing, transmission, storage, and retrieval systems or destroy data. If a significant number of our managers were unavailable in the event of a disaster, our ability to effectively conduct our business could be severely compromised.

We depend heavily upon computer systems to perform necessary business functions. Despite our implementation of a variety of security measures, our computer systems could be subject to cyber attacks and unauthorized access, such as physical and electronic break-ins or unauthorized tampering. Like other companies, we may experience threats to our data and systems, including malware and computer virus attacks, unauthorized access, system failures and disruptions. If one or more of these events occurs, it could potentially jeopardize the confidential, proprietary and other information processed and stored in, and transmitted through, our computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations, which could result in damage to our reputation, financial losses, litigation, increased costs, regulatory penalties and/or customer dissatisfaction or loss.

### **Risks Relating to Our Investments**

#### Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments.

Investments in small and middle market businesses are highly speculative and involve a high degree of risk of credit loss. These risks are likely to increase during volatile economic periods, such as the U.S. and many other economies have recently experienced. Among other things, these companies:

may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be
accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or
affiliates of our portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection

with our investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of any equity components of our investments;

- may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or more significant customer concentrations than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;
- are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;
- generally have less predictable operating results, may from time to time be parties to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence;
- may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and
- generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition.

In addition, in the course of providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our eligible portfolio companies, certain of our officers and directors may serve as directors on the boards of such companies. To the extent that litigation arises out of our investments in these companies, our officers and directors may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in an expenditure of funds (through our indemnification of such officers and directors) and the diversion of management time and resources.

# Our investment strategy, which is focused primarily on privately held companies, presents certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies.

We invest primarily in privately held companies. There is generally little public information about these companies, and, as a result, we must rely on the ability of the Investment Adviser to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from, and risks related to, investing in these companies. If we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose money on our investments. Also, privately held companies frequently have less diverse product lines and smaller market presence than larger competitors. They are, thus, generally more vulnerable to economic downturns and may experience substantial variations in operating results. These factors could adversely affect our investment returns.

# Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates.

Our investments are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans," "high yield" or "junk" securities, and may be considered "high risk" compared to debt instruments that are rated investment grade. High yield securities are regarded as having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal in accordance with the terms of the obligations and involve major risk exposure to adverse conditions. In addition, high yield securities generally offer a higher current yield than that available from higher grade issues, but typically involve greater risk. These securities are especially sensitive to adverse changes in general economic conditions, to changes in the financial condition of their issuers and to price fluctuation in response to changes in interest rates. During periods of economic downturn or rising interest rates, issuers of below investment grade instruments may experience financial stress that could adversely affect their ability to make payments of principal and interest and increase the possibility of default.

# Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries, which may subject us to a risk of significant loss if there is a downturn in a particular industry in which a number of our investments are concentrated.

Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. For example, as of March 31, 2017, our investments in the business services and the software industries represented approximately 34.3% and 25.7%, respectively, of the fair value of our portfolio. A downturn in any particular industry in which we are invested could significantly impact the portfolio companies operating in that industry, and accordingly, the aggregate returns that we realize from our investment in such portfolio companies.

Specifically, companies in the business services industry are subject to general economic downturns and business cycles, and will often suffer reduced revenues and rate pressures during periods of economic uncertainty. In addition, companies in the software industry often have narrow product lines and small market shares. Because of rapid technological change, the average selling prices of products and some services provided by software companies have historically decreased over their productive lives. As a result, the average selling prices of products and services offered by software companies in which we invest may decrease over time. If an industry in which we have significant investments suffers from adverse business or economic conditions, as these industries have to varying degrees, a material portion of our investment portfolio could be affected adversely, which, in turn, could adversely affect our financial position and results of operations.

### If we make unsecured investments, those investments might not generate sufficient cash flow to service their debt obligations to us.

We may make unsecured investments. Unsecured investments may be subordinated to other obligations of the obligor. Unsecured investments often reflect a greater possibility that adverse changes in the financial condition of the obligor or general economic conditions (including, for example, a substantial period of rising interest rates or declining earnings) or both may impair the ability of the obligor to make payment of principal and interest. If we make an unsecured investment in a portfolio company, that portfolio company may be highly leveraged, and its relatively high debt-to-equity ratio may increase the risk that its operations might not generate sufficient cash to service its debt obligations.

### If we invest in the securities and obligations of distressed and bankrupt issuers, we might not receive interest or other payments.

From time to time, we may invest in other types of investments which are not our primary focus, including investments in the securities and obligations of distressed and bankrupt issuers, including debt obligations that are in covenant or payment default. Such investments generally are considered speculative. The repayment of defaulted obligations is subject to significant uncertainties. Defaulted obligations might be repaid only after lengthy workout or bankruptcy proceedings, during which the issuer of those obligations might not make any interest or other payments.

#### Defaults by our portfolio companies may harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity securities that we hold.

We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio



company. In addition, lenders in certain cases can be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by them when they become too involved in the borrower's business or exercise control over a borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken if we render significant managerial assistance to the borrower. Furthermore, if one of our portfolio companies were to file for bankruptcy protection, even though we may have structured our investment as senior secured debt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to claims of other creditors.

### The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We invest, and will continue to invest, in companies whose securities are not publicly traded and whose securities will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required or otherwise choose to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. Our investments are usually subject to contractual or legal restrictions on resale or are otherwise illiquid because there is usually no established trading market for such investments. Because most of our investments are illiquid, we may be unable to dispose of them in which case we could fail to qualify as a RIC and/or a BDC, or we may be unable to do so at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

# Price declines and illiquidity in the corporate debt markets may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio investments, reducing our net asset value through increased net unrealized depreciation.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors. As part of the valuation process, we may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments:

- a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to publicly traded securities;
- the enterprise value of a portfolio company;
- the nature and realizable value of any collateral;
- the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow;
- the markets in which the portfolio company does business; and
- changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, we will use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation. We will record decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments as unrealized depreciation. Declines in prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets may result in significant net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio may reduce our net asset value by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer additional unrealized losses in future periods, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.



#### If we are unable to make follow-on investments in our portfolio companies, the value of our investment portfolio could be adversely affected.

Following an initial investment in a portfolio company, we may make additional investments in that portfolio company as "follow-on" investments, in order to (i) increase or maintain in whole or in part our equity ownership percentage, (ii) exercise warrants, options or convertible securities that were acquired in the original or subsequent financing or (iii) attempt to preserve or enhance the value of our investment. We may elect not to make follow-on investments or may otherwise lack sufficient funds to make these investments. We have the discretion to make follow-on investments, subject to the availability of capital resources. If we fail to make follow-on investments, the continued viability of a portfolio company and our investment may, in some circumstances, be jeopardized and we could miss an opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation. Even if we have sufficient capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our concentration of risk, either because we prefer other opportunities or because we are subject to BDC requirements that would prevent such follow-on investments or such follow-on investments would adversely impact our ability to maintain our RIC status.

#### Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

We invest in portfolio companies at all levels of the capital structure. Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt in which we invest. By their terms, these debt instruments may entitle the holders to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to the debt instruments in which we invest. In addition, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution. After repaying the senior creditors, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt instruments in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy.

### The disposition of our investments may result in contingent liabilities.

Most of our investments will involve private securities. In connection with the disposition of an investment in private securities, we may be required to make representations about the business and financial affairs of the portfolio company typical of those made in connection with the sale of a business. We may also be required to indemnify the purchasers of such investment to the extent that any such representations turn out to be inaccurate or with respect to certain potential liabilities. These arrangements may result in contingent liabilities that ultimately yield funding obligations that must be satisfied through our return of certain distributions previously made to us.

# There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Even though we may have structured certain of our investments as senior loans, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might recharacterize our debt investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by us with respect to a borrower's business or instances where we exercise control over the borrower. It is



possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken in rendering significant managerial assistance.

# Second priority liens on collateral securing loans that we make to our portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.

Certain loans to portfolio companies will be secured on a second priority basis by the same collateral securing senior secured debt of such companies. The first priority liens on the collateral will secure the portfolio company's obligations under any outstanding senior debt and may secure certain other future debt that may be permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under the agreements governing the loans. The holders of obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral will generally control the liquidation of and be entitled to receive proceeds from any realization of the collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of the collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the loan obligations secured by the second priority liens after payment in full of all obligations secured by the first priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing the loans we make to our portfolio companies with senior debt outstanding may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more intercreditor agreements entered into with the holders of first priority senior debt. Under an intercreditor agreement, at any time that obligations that have the benefit of the first priority liens are outstanding, any of the following actions that may be taken in respect of the collateral will be at the direction of the holders of the obligations secured by the first priority liens: the ability to cause the commencement of enforcement proceedings against the collateral, the ability to control the conduct of such proceedings, the approval of amendments to collateral documents; releases of liens on the collateral and waivers of past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct these actions, even if our rights are adversely affected.

#### We generally do not control our portfolio companies.

Although we have taken and may in the future take controlling equity positions in our portfolio companies from time to time, we generally do not control most of our portfolio companies, even though we may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements may contain certain restrictive covenants that limit the business and operations of our portfolio companies. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree and the management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests as debt investors. Due to the lack of liquidity of the investments that we typically hold in our portfolio companies, we may not be able to dispose of our investments in the event that we disagree with the actions of a portfolio company as readily as we would otherwise like to or at favorable prices which could decrease the value of our investments.

### Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay its debt investments during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets are likely to increase, and the value of our portfolio is likely to decrease during these periods. Adverse economic conditions also may decrease the value of collateral securing some of our debt investments and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

# A number of our portfolio companies provide services to the U.S. government. Changes in the U.S. government's priorities and spending, or significant delays or reductions in appropriations of the U.S. government's funds, could have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of such portfolio companies.

A number of our portfolio companies derive a substantial portion of their revenue from the U.S. government. Levels of the U.S. government's spending in future periods are very difficult to predict and subject to significant risks. In addition, significant budgetary constraints may result in further reductions to projected spending levels. In particular, U.S. government expenditures are subject to the potential for automatic reductions, generally referred to as "sequestration." Sequestration occurred during 2013, and may occur again in the future, resulting in significant additional reductions to spending by the U.S. government on both existing and new contracts as well as disruption of ongoing programs. Even if sequestration does not occur again in the future, we expect that budgetary constraints and ongoing concerns regarding the U.S. national debt will continue to place downward pressure on U.S. government spending levels. Due to these and other factors, overall U.S. government spending could decline, which could result in significant reductions to the revenues, cash flow and profits of our portfolio companies that provide services to the U.S. government.

### Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, subject to maintenance of our RIC status, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending our future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our common stock.

### We may not realize gains from our equity investments.

When we invest in portfolio companies, we may acquire warrants or other equity securities of portfolio companies as well. We may also invest in equity securities directly. To the extent we hold equity investments, we will attempt to dispose of them and realize gains upon our disposition of them. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. As a result, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any

gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. We also may be unable to realize any value if a portfolio company does not have a liquidity event, such as a sale of the business, recapitalization or public offering, which would allow us to sell the underlying equity interests.

# Our performance may differ from our historical performance as our current investment strategy includes significantly more primary originations in addition to secondary market purchases.

Historically, our investment strategy consisted primarily of secondary market purchases in debt securities. We adjusted that investment strategy to also include significantly more primary originations. While loans that we originate and loans we purchase in the secondary market face many of the same risks associated with the financing of leveraged companies, we may be exposed to different risks depending on specific business considerations for secondary market purchases or origination of loans. Primary originations require substantially more time and resources for sourcing, diligencing and monitoring investments, which may consume a significant portion of our resources. Further, the valuation process for primary originations may be more cumbersome and uncertain due to the lack of comparable market quotes for the investment and would likely require more frequent review by a third-party valuation firm. This may result in greater costs for us and fluctuations in the quarterly valuations of investments that are primary originations. As a result, this strategy may result in different returns from these investments than the types of returns historically experienced from secondary market purchases of debt securities.

### We may be subject to additional risks if we invest in foreign securities and/or engage in hedging transactions.

The 1940 Act generally requires that 70.0% of our investments be in issuers each of whom is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, any state of the U.S., the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands or any other possession of the U.S. Our investment strategy does not presently contemplate significant investments in securities of non-U.S. companies. However, we may desire to make such investments in the future, to the extent that such transactions and investments are permitted under the 1940 Act. We expect that these investments would focus on the same types of investments that we make in U.S. middle market companies and accordingly would be complementary to our overall strategy and enhance the diversity of our holdings. Investing in foreign companies could expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the U.S., higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility. Investments denominated in foreign currencies would be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we can offer no assurance that we will, in fact, hedge currency risk, or that if we do, such strategies will be effective.

Engaging in hedging transactions would also, indirectly, entail additional risks to our stockholders. Although it is not currently anticipated that we would engage in hedging transactions as a principal investment strategy, if we determined to engage in hedging transactions, we generally would seek to hedge against fluctuations of the relative values of our portfolio positions

from changes in market interest rates or currency exchange rates. Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions would not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of the positions declined. However, such hedging could establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions.

These hedging transactions could also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions increased. Moreover, it might not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that was so generally anticipated that we would not be able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price. If we choose to engage in hedging transactions, there can be no assurances that we will achieve the intended benefits of such transactions and, depending on the degree of exposure such transactions could create, such transactions may expose us to risk of loss.

While we may enter into these types of transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates could result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged could vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we might not seek to establish a perfect correlation between the hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any imperfect correlation could prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it might not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities would likely fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations.

### Uncertainty relating to the LIBOR calculation process may adversely affect the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities.

Concerns have been publicized that some of the member banks surveyed by the British Bankers' Association ("BBA") in connection with the calculation of LIBOR across a range of maturities and currencies may have been under-reporting or otherwise manipulating the inter-bank lending rate applicable to them in order to profit on their derivatives positions or to avoid an appearance of capital insufficiency or adverse reputational or other consequences that may have resulted from reporting inter-bank lending rates higher than those they actually submitted. A number of BBA member banks have entered into settlements with their regulators and law enforcement agencies with respect to alleged manipulation of LIBOR, and investigations by regulators and governmental authorities in various jurisdictions are ongoing.

Actions by the BBA, regulators or law enforcement agencies may result in changes to the manner in which LIBOR is determined. Uncertainty as to the nature of such potential changes may adversely affect the market for LIBOR-based securities, including our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities. In addition, any further changes or reforms to the determination or supervision of LIBOR may result in a sudden or prolonged increase or decrease in reported LIBOR, which could have an adverse impact on the market for LIBOR-based securities or the value of our portfolio of LIBOR-indexed, floating-rate debt securities.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Securities**

#### The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.

The market price and liquidity of the market for shares of our common stock may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

- price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market or in the market for BDCs from time to time;
- investor demand for shares of our common stock;
- significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of registered closed-end management investment companies, BDCs or other financial services companies, which is not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;
- the inability to raise equity capital;
- our inability to borrow money or deploy or invest our capital;
- fluctuations in interest rates;
- any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;
- operating performance of companies comparable to us;
- changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines with respect to RICs or BDCs;
- our loss of status as or ability to operate as a BDC;
- our failure to qualify as a RIC, loss of RIC status or ability to operate as a RIC;
- actual or anticipated changes in our earnings or fluctuations in our operating results;
- changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;
- general economic conditions, trends and other external factors;
- departures of key personnel; or
- loss of a major source of funding.

In addition, we are required to continue to meet certain listing standards in order for our common stock to remain listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). If we were to be delisted by the NYSE, the liquidity of our common stock would be materially impaired.

### Investing in our common stock may involve an above average degree of risk.

The investments we may make may result in a higher amount of risk, volatility or loss of principal than alternative investment options. These investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative and aggressive, and therefore, an investment in our common stock may not be suitable for investors with lower risk tolerance.

### Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock could materially adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our common stock. If substantial amounts of our common stock were



sold, this could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of securities should we desire to do so.

# Certain provisions of our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, as well as aspects of the Delaware General Corporation Law could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws as well as the Delaware General Corporation Law contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging a third party from making an acquisition proposal for us. Among other things, our certificate of incorporation and bylaws:

- provide for a classified board of directors, which may delay the ability of our stockholders to change the membership of a majority of our board of directors;
- authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that could be issued by our board of directors to thwart a takeover attempt;
- do not provide for cumulative voting;
- provide that vacancies on the board of directors, including newly created directorships, may be filled only by a majority vote of directors then in office;
- provide that our directors may be removed only for cause;
- require supermajority voting to effect certain amendments to our certificate of incorporation and bylaws; and
- require stockholders to provide advance notice of new business proposals and director nominations under specific procedures.

These anti-takeover provisions may inhibit a change in control in circumstances that could give the holders of our common stock the opportunity to realize a premium over the market price for our common stock. The Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility and the Unsecured Notes also include covenants that, among other things, restrict our ability to dispose of assets, incur additional indebtedness, make restricted payments, create liens on assets, make investments, make acquisitions and engage in mergers or consolidations. The Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility and the Unsecured Notes also include change of control provisions that accelerate the indebtedness (or require prepayment of such indebtedness) under these agreements in the event of certain change of control events.

#### Shares of our common stock have traded at a discount from net asset value and may do so in the future.

Shares of closed-end investment companies have frequently traded at a market price that is less than the net asset value that is attributable to those shares. In part as a result of adverse economic conditions and increasing pressure within the financial sector of which we are a part, our common stock has at times traded below our net asset value per share since our IPO on May 19, 2011. Our shares could once again trade at a discount to net asset value. The possibility that our shares of common stock may trade at a discount from net asset value over the long term is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value will decrease. We cannot predict whether shares of our common stock will trade above, at or below our net asset value. If our common stock trades below our net asset value, we will generally not be able to issue additional shares of our common stock without first obtaining the approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors. If additional funds are not available to us, we could be forced to curtail or cease our new lending and investment activities, and our net asset value could decrease and our level of distributions could be impacted.

#### You may not receive distributions or our distributions may decline or may not grow over time.

We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results or maintain a tax status that will allow or require any specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. In particular, our future distributions are dependent upon the investment income we receive on our portfolio investments. To the extent such investment income declines, our ability to pay future distributions may be harmed.

#### We will have broad discretion over the use of proceeds of any offering made pursuant to this prospectus, to the extent it is successful.

We will have significant flexibility in applying the proceeds of any offering made pursuant to this prospectus. We will also pay operating expenses, and may pay other expenses such as due diligence expenses of potential new investments, from net proceeds. Our ability to achieve our investment objective may be limited to the extent that the net proceeds of the offering, pending full investment, are used to pay operating expenses. In addition, we can provide you no assurance that the current offering will be successful, or that by increasing the size of our available equity capital, our aggregate expenses, and correspondingly, our expense ratio, will be lowered.

#### Your interest in NMFC may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in any rights offering.

In the event we issue subscription rights to purchase shares of our common stock, stockholders who do not fully exercise their rights should expect that they will, at the completion of the offer, own a smaller proportional interest in NMFC than would otherwise be the case if they fully exercised their rights. We cannot state precisely the amount of any such dilution in share ownership because we do not know at this time what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of the offer.

In addition, if the subscription price is less than our net asset value per share, then our stockholders would experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of their shares as a result of the offer. The amount of any decrease in net asset value is not predictable because it is not known at this time what the subscription price and net asset value per share will be on the expiration date of the rights offering or what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of the offer. Such dilution could be substantial.

### If we issue preferred stock, the net asset value and market value of our common stock will likely become more volatile.

We cannot assure you that the issuance of preferred stock would result in a higher yield or return to the holders of our common stock. The issuance of preferred stock would likely cause the net asset value and market value of the common stock to become more volatile. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock were to approach the net rate of return on our investment portfolio, the benefit of leverage to the holders of the common stock would be reduced. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock were to exceed the net rate of return on our portfolio, the leverage would result in a lower rate of return to the holders of common stock than if we had not issued preferred stock. Any decline in the net asset value of our investments would be borne entirely by the holders of common stock than if we were not leveraged through the issuance of preferred stock. This greater net asset value decrease would also tend to cause a greater decline in the market price for the common stock. We might be in danger of failing to maintain the required asset coverage of the preferred stock or of losing our ratings, if any, on the preferred stock or, in an extreme case, our current investment income might

not be sufficient to meet the dividend requirements on the preferred stock. In order to counteract such an event, we might need to liquidate investments in order to fund a redemption of some or all of the preferred stock. In addition, we would pay (and the holders of common stock would bear) all costs and expenses relating to the issuance and ongoing maintenance of the preferred stock, including higher advisory fees if our total return exceeds the dividend rate on the preferred stock. Holders of preferred stock may have different interests than holders of common stock and may at times have disproportionate influence over our affairs.

# Holders of any preferred stock we might issue would have the right to elect members of our board of directors and class voting rights on certain matters.

Holders of any preferred stock we might issue, voting separately as a single class, would have the right to elect two members of our board of directors at all times and in the event dividends become two full years in arrears would have the right to elect a majority of the directors until such arrearage is completely eliminated. In addition, preferred stockholders have class voting rights on certain matters, including changes in fundamental investment restrictions and conversion to open-end status, and accordingly can veto any such changes. Restrictions imposed on the declarations and payment of dividends or other distributions to the holders of our common stock and preferred stock, both by the 1940 Act and by requirements imposed by rating agencies, if any, or the terms of our credit facilities, if any, might impair our ability to maintain our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While we would intend to redeem our preferred stock to the extent necessary to enable us to distribute our income as required to maintain our qualification as a RIC, there can be no assurance that such actions could be effected in time to meet the tax requirements.

### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "potential", "project", "seek", "should", "target", "will", "would" or variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- our future operating results;
- our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- our expected financings and investments;
- the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus. You

should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus. However, we will update this prospectus to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act.

### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our securities pursuant to this prospectus for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders and for general corporate purposes, and other working capital needs. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with our investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments. The supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering.

We estimate that it will take less than six months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds of any offering made pursuant to this prospectus, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities, market conditions and the amount raised. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These securities may have lower yields than the types of investments we would typically make in accordance with our investment objective and, accordingly, may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period.

### PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "NMFC". The following table sets forth, for each fiscal quarter during the last two fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date, the net asset value ("NAV") per share of our common stock, the high and low closing sale price for our common stock, the closing sale price as a percentage of NAV and the quarterly distributions per share.

		NAV	Closing Sales Price <sup>(3)</sup>			Premium (Discount) of High Closing Sales to	Premium (Discount) of Low Closing Sales to	Declared Distributions		
Fiscal Year Ended	Pe	er Share <sup>(2)</sup>		High		Low	NAV <sup>(4)</sup>	NAV <sup>(4)</sup>	Per Share <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	
December 31, 2017			_							
Second Quarter <sup>(1)</sup>		*	\$	14.95	\$	14.35	*	*	\$	0.34
First Quarter	\$	13.56	\$	14.90	\$	14.00	9.88%	3.24%	\$	0.34
December 31, 2016										
Fourth Quarter	\$	13.46	\$	14.30	\$	13.20	6.24%	(1.93)%	\$	0.34
Third Quarter	\$	13.28	\$	14.28	\$	13.11	7.53%	(1.28)%	\$	0.34
Second Quarter	\$	13.23	\$	12.90	\$	12.10	(2.49)%	(8.54)%	\$	0.34
First Quarter	\$	12.87	\$	12.96	\$	11.09	0.70%	(13.83)%	\$	0.34
December 31, 2015										
Fourth Quarter	\$	13.08	\$	14.17	\$	12.15	8.33%	(7.11)%	\$	0.34
Third Quarter	\$	13.73	\$	14.94	\$	13.34	8.81%	(2.84)%	\$	0.34
Second Quarter	\$	13.90	\$	15.14	\$	14.49	8.92%	4.24%	\$	0.34
First Quarter	\$	13.89	\$	15.06	\$	14.30	8.42%	2.95%	\$	0.34

<sup>(1)</sup> Period from April 1, 2017 through June 20, 2017.

(2) NAV is determined as of the last date in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the NAV per share on the date of the high and low closing sales prices. The NAVs shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.

- (3) Closing sales price is determined as the high or low closing sales price noted within the respective quarter, not adjusted for distributions.
- <sup>(4)</sup> Calculated as of the respective high or low closing sales price divided by the quarter end NAV.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Represents the distributions declared or paid for the specified quarter.
- (6) Tax characteristics of all distributions paid are reported to stockholders on Form 1099 after the end of the calendar year. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, total distributions were \$88.8 million and \$81.0 million, respectively, of which the distributions were comprised of approximately 89.46% and 99.96%, respectively, of ordinary income, 0.00% and 0.00%, respectively, of long-term capital gains and approximately 10.54% and 0.04%, respectively, of a return of capital.
- \* Not determinable at the time of filing.

On June 20, 2017, the last reported sales price of our common stock was \$14.45 per share. As of June 20, 2017, we had approximately 16 stockholders of record and approximately one beneficial owner whose shares are held in the names of brokers, dealers, funds, trusts and clearing agencies.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV will decrease. Since our initial public offering on May 19, 2011, our shares of common stock have traded at times at both a discount and a premium to the net assets attributable

to those shares. As of June 20, 2017, our shares of common stock traded at a premium of approximately 6.6% of the NAV attributable to those shares as of March 31, 2017. It is not possible to predict whether the shares offered hereby will trade at, above, or below NAV.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders in amounts sufficient to maintain our status as a RIC. We intend to distribute approximately our entire Adjusted Net Investment Income (defined as net investment income adjusted to reflect income as if the cost basis of investments held at the IPO date had stepped-up to fair market value as of the IPO date) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of our taxable income on an annual basis, except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment. The distributions we pay to our stockholders in a year may exceed our taxable income for that year and, accordingly, a portion of such distributions may constitute a return of capital, which is a return of a portion of a stockholder's original investment in our common stock, for U.S. federal tax purposes. Generally, a return of capital will reduce an investor's basis in our stock for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which will result in a higher tax liability when the stock is sold. The specific tax characteristics of our distributions will be reported to stockholders after the end of the calendar year.

We maintain an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan on behalf of our stockholders, pursuant to which each of our stockholders' cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless the stockholder elects to receive cash.

We apply the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will use only newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and ask prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

The following table reflects the cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per share that have been declared by our board of directors for the two most recent fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date:

Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date	Amoun	t
May 4, 2017	June 16, 2017	June 30, 2017	\$	0.34
February 23, 2017	March 17, 2017	March 31, 2017		0.34
			\$	0.68
November 4, 2016	December 15, 2016	December 29, 2016	\$	0.34
August 2, 2016	September 16, 2016	September 30, 2016		0.34
May 3, 2016	June 16, 2016	June 30, 2016		0.34
February 22, 2016	March 17, 2016	March 31, 2016		0.34
			\$	1.36
November 3, 2015	December 16, 2015	December 30, 2015	\$	0.34
August 4, 2015	September 16, 2015	September 30, 2015		0.34
May 5, 2015	June 16, 2015	June 30, 2015		0.34
February 23, 2015	March 17, 2015	March 31, 2015		0.34
			\$	1.36

Tax characteristics of all distributions paid are reported to stockholders on Form 1099 after the end of the calendar year. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, total distributions were \$88.8 million and \$81.0 million, respectively, of which the distributions were comprised of approximately 89.46% and 99.96%, respectively, of ordinary income, 0.00% and 0.00%, respectively, of long-term capital gains and approximately 10.54% and 0.04%, respectively, of a return of capital. Future quarterly distributions, if any, will be determined by our board of directors.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus. For the periods prior to and as of May 8, 2014, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring", where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

### Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our IPO on May 19, 2011. We are a closed-end, nondiversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. Since our IPO, and through March 31, 2017, we raised approximately \$533.1 million in net proceeds from additional offerings of our common stock.

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$15.0 billion(1), which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP, our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Servicing, serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the SBA to operate as a SBIC under Section 301(c) of the 1958 Act. Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a REIT within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of March 31, 2017, as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. As of March 31, 2017, our top five industry concentrations were business services, software, consumer services, investment fund and education.

As of March 31, 2017, our net asset value was \$946.7 million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$1,786.9 million in 77 portfolio companies, with a weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost of approximately 11.1%.

#### **Recent Developments**

On April 7, 2017, we completed a public offering of 5,000,000 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$14.60 per share. On April 13, 2017, in connection with the public offering, the underwriters completed a purchase of an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock. The Company received total net proceeds of approximately \$81.5 million in connection with the offering.

On May 4, 2017, our board of directors declared a second quarter 2017 distribution of \$0.34 per share payable on June 30, 2017 to holders of record as of June 16, 2017.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

We consolidate our wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries: NMF Holdings, NMF Servicing, NMNLC, SBIC LP, SBIC GP, NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP. We are an investment company following accounting and reporting guidance as described in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, *Financial Services — Investment Companies*, ("ASC 946").

#### Valuation and Leveling of Portfolio Investments

At all times consistent with GAAP and the 1940 Act, we conduct a valuation of assets, which impacts our net asset value.

We value our assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, our board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available and any other situation where



our portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Our quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and, if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below); and
  - b. For investments other than bonds, we look at the number of quotes readily available and perform the following procedures:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained;
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).
- (3) Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multistep valuation process:
  - a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
  - b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with our senior management;
  - c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which we do not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by our board of directors; and
  - d. When deemed appropriate by our management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any costs/netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of a commitment not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

GAAP fair value measurement guidance classifies the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels as follows:

Level I — Quoted prices (unadjusted) are available in active markets for identical investments and we have the ability to access such quotes as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level I include active exchange-traded equity securities and exchange-traded derivatives. As required by Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"), we, to the extent that we hold such investments, do not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where we hold a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II — Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level I. Level II inputs include the following:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds, which trade infrequently);
- Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include most over-the-counter derivatives, including foreign exchange forward contracts); and
- Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level III — Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels. In all instances when the inputs fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. As such, a Level III fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable and unobservable. Gains and losses for such assets categorized within the Level III table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs and unobservable inputs.

The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by management and consideration of factors specific to each investment. A review of the fair value hierarchy classifications is conducted on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in the transfer of certain investments within the fair value hierarchy from period to

period. Reclassifications impacting the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the respective leveling categories as of the beginning of the period in which the reclassifications occur.

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that our portfolio investments fall into as of March 31, 2017:

(in thousands)	Total		Total Leve		Level I Le		Level II	
First lien	\$ 7	752,726	\$	_	\$ 2	25,758	\$	526,968
Second lien	6	659,117		—	3	11,598		347,519
Subordinated		76,063		—		50,460		25,603
Equity and other	2	298,989		38		2		298,949
Total investments	\$ 1,7	786,895	\$	38	\$5	87,818	\$	1,199,039

We generally use the following framework when determining the fair value of investments where there are little, if any, market activity or observable pricing inputs. We typically determine the fair value of our performing debt investments utilizing an income approach. Additional consideration is given using a market based approach, as well as reviewing the overall underlying portfolio company's performance and associated financial risks. The following outlines additional details on the approaches considered:

**Company Performance, Financial Review, and Analysis:** Prior to investment, as part of our due diligence process, we evaluate the overall performance and financial stability of the portfolio company. Post investment, we analyze each portfolio company's current operating performance and relevant financial trends versus prior year and budgeted results, including, but not limited to, factors affecting its revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") growth, margin trends, liquidity position, covenant compliance and changes to its capital structure. We also attempt to identify and subsequently track any developments at the portfolio company, within its customer or vendor base or within the industry or the macroeconomic environment, generally, that may alter any material element of our original investment thesis. This analysis is specific to each portfolio company. We leverage the knowledge gained from our original due diligence process, augmented by this subsequent monitoring, to continually refine our outlook for each of our portfolio companies and ultimately form the valuation of our investment in each portfolio company. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, we will consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate the private valuation.

For debt investments, we may employ the Market Based Approach (as described below) to assess the total enterprise value of the portfolio company, in order to evaluate the enterprise value coverage of our debt investment. For equity investments or in cases where the Market Based Approach implies a lack of enterprise value coverage for the debt investment, we may additionally employ a discounted cash flow analysis based on the free cash flows of the portfolio company to assess the total enterprise value.

After enterprise value coverage is demonstrated for our debt investments through the method(s) above, the Income Based Approach (as described below) may be employed to estimate the fair value of the investment.

*Market Based Approach:* We may estimate the total enterprise value of each portfolio company by utilizing market value cash flow (EBITDA) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies and comparable transactions. We consider numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose trading multiples are used to value our portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, and relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. We may apply an average of various relevant comparable company EBITDA multiples to the portfolio

company's latest twelve month ("LTM") EBITDA or projected EBITDA to calculate the enterprise value of the portfolio company. Significant increases or decreases in the EBITDA multiple will result in an increase or decrease in enterprise value, which may result in an increase or decrease in the fair value estimate of the investment. In applying the market based approach as of March 31, 2017, we used the relevant EBITDA multiple ranges set forth in the table below to determine the enterprise value of our portfolio companies. We believe these were reasonable ranges in light of current comparable company trading levels and the specific portfolio companies involved.

*Income Based Approach:* We also may use a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the investment. Projected cash flows represent the relevant security's contractual interest, fee and principal payments plus the assumption of full principal recovery at the investment's expected maturity date. These cash flows are discounted at a rate established utilizing a yield calibration approach, which incorporates changes in the credit quality (as measured by relevant statistics) of the portfolio company, as compared to changes in the yield associated with comparable credit quality market indices, between the date of origination and the valuation date. Significant increases or decreases in the discount rate would result in a decrease or increase in the fair value measurement. In applying the income based approach as of March 31, 2017, we used the discount ranges set forth in the table below to value investments in our portfolio companies.

The unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of our Level III investments as of March 31, 2017 were as follows:

					Range	
(in thousands) Type	 alue as of 31, 2017	Approach	Unobservable Input	Low	High	Weighted Average
First lien	\$ 421,182	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple Revenue multiple Discount rate	2.0x 0.5x 6.8%	16.0x 8.0x 15.0%	10.0x 3.1x 10.0%
	97,185 8,601	Market quote Other	Broker quote N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Second lien	230,258	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple Revenue multiple Discount rate	7.0x 5.3x 8.3%	17.0x 6.2x 12.8%	12.0x 5.8x 11.0%
	84,395 32,866	Market quote Other	Broker quote N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Subordinated	25,603	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple Revenue multiple Discount rate	4.0x 0.5x 8.3%	8.5x 1.0x 15.1%	7.3x 0.8x 13.2%
Equity and other	165,180	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple Revenue multiple Discount rate	2.5x 0.5x 8.0%	13.0x 1.0x 18.5%	5.9x 0.8x 14.7%
	1,484	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years Volatility Discount rate	8.6 43.3% 2.6%	9.0 58.3% 2.6%	8.9 54.8% 2.6%
	\$ 132,285 1,199,039	Other	N/A(1)	N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) Fair value was determined based on transaction pricing or recent acquisition or sale as the best measure of fair value with no material changes in operations of the related portfolio company since the transaction date.

## NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC

NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC ("SLP I") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on May 27, 2014 and commenced operations on June 10, 2014. SLP I is a portfolio company held by us. SLP I is structured as a private investment fund, in which all of the investors are qualified purchasers, as such term is defined under the 1940 Act. Transfer of interests in SLP I is subject to restrictions, and as a result, such interests are not readily marketable. SLP I operates under a limited liability company agreement (the "SLP I Agreement") and will continue in existence until June 10, 2019, subject to earlier termination pursuant to certain terms of the SLP I Agreement.

The term may be extended for up to one year pursuant to certain terms of the SLP I Agreement. SLP I has a three year re-investment period. SLP I invests in senior secured loans issued by companies within our core industry verticals. These investments are typically broadly syndicated first lien loans.

SLP I is capitalized with \$93.0 million of capital commitments and \$275.0 million of debt from a revolving credit facility and is managed by us. Our capital commitment is \$23.0 million, representing less than 25.0% ownership, with third party investors representing the remaining capital commitment. As of March 31, 2017, SLP I had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$351.3 million, debt outstanding of \$249.1 million and capital that had been called and funded of \$93.0 million. As of December 31, 2016, SLP I had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$351.3 million. Our investment in SLP I is disclosed on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

We, as an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, act as the collateral manager to SLP I and are entitled to receive a management fee for our investment management services provided to SLP I. As a result, SLP I is classified as our affiliate. No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, we earned approximately \$0.3 million, respectively, in management fees related to SLP I, which is included in other income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$0.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, of management fees related to SLP I was included in receivable from affiliates. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$0.6 million, respectively, of dividend approximately \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we earned approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$1.1 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I was included in interest and dividend receivable.

## NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC

NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC ("SLP II") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on March 9, 2016 and commenced operations on April 12, 2016. SLP II is structured as a private joint venture investment fund between us and SkyKnight Income, LLC ("SkyKnight") and operates under a limited liability company agreement (the "SLP II Agreement"). The purpose of the joint venture is to invest primarily in senior secured loans issued by portfolio companies within our core industry verticals. These investments are typically broadly syndicated first lien loans. All investment decisions must be unanimously approved by the board of managers of SLP II, which has equal representation from us and SkyKnight. SLP II has a three year investment period and will continue in existence until April 12, 2021. The term may be extended for up to one year pursuant to certain terms of the SLP II Agreement.

SLP II is capitalized with equity contributions which are called from its members, on a pro-rata basis based on their equity commitments, as transactions are completed. Any decision by SLP II to call down on capital commitments requires approval by the board of managers of SLP II. We and SkyKnight have committed to provide \$79.4 million and \$20.6 million of equity to SLP II, respectively. As of March 31, 2017, we and SkyKnight have contributed \$79.4 million and \$20.6 million, respectively. Our investment in SLP II is disclosed on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

On April 12, 2016, SLP II closed its \$275.0 million revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association which matures on April 12, 2021 and bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75% per annum. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, SLP II had total investments

with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$363.7 million and \$361.7 million, respectively, and debt outstanding under its credit facility of \$251.0 million and \$250.0 million, respectively.

The following table is a listing of the individual loans in SLP II's portfolio as of March 31, 2017:

Portfolio Company and Type of Investment	Industry	Interest Rate <sup>(1)</sup>	Maturity Date	Principal Amount or Par Value (in	<u>Cost</u> (in	Fair Value <sup>(2)</sup> (in
				thousands)	thousands)	thousands)
First lien: ADG, LLC	Healthcare Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	9/28/2023	\$ 17,164	\$ 17,002	\$ 17,078
ADMI Corp.	Healthcare Services	4.80% (L + 3.75%)	4/29/2022	4,426	4,426	4,482
AssuredPartners, Inc.	Business Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/21/2022	14,970	14,956	15,108
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc.	Healthcare Products	6.15% (L + 5.00%)	8/21/2023	14,925	14,786	14.925
Coinstar, LLC	Consumer Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	9/27/2023	4,975	4,952	5,029
Cvent, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/29/2023	10,000	9,904	10,150
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	10/21/2021	14,862	14,780	14.899
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-Borrower, LLC)	Software	6.40% (L + 5.25%)	2/18/2022	14,962	14,814	14,999
Emerald 2 Limited	Business Services	5.15% (L + 4.00%)	5/14/2021	1,277	1,210	1,226
Engility Corporation (fka TASC, Inc.)	Federal Services	4.75% (L + 3.75%)	8/14/2023	3,373	3,357	3,396
Evo Payments International, LLC	Business Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/22/2023	17,500	17,415	17,705
Explorer Holdings, Inc.	Healthcare Services	6.03% (L + 5.00%)	5/2/2023	4,963	4.918	5,018
Globallogic Holdings Inc.	Business Services	5.65% (L + 4.50%)	6/20/2022	9,750	9,674	9,89
Greenway Health, LLC	Software	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	2/16/2024	15.000	14,926	15,122
lyperion Insurance Group Limited	Business Services	(L + 4.50%) 5.50% (L + 4.50%)	4/29/2022	14,364	14,152	14,488
.D. Power and Associates	Business Services	(L + 4.25%) (L + 4.25%)	9/7/2023	9,950	9,903	10,02
Kronos Incorporated	Software	(L + 4.20%) 5.03% (L + 4.00%)	11/1/2023	9,975	9,928	10,04
lasergy Holdings, Inc.	Business Services	(L + 4.50%) 5.50% (L + 4.50%)	12/15/2023	7,481	7,445	7,55
AcGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC	Education	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/4/2022	9,925	9,882	9,83
/inistry Brands, LLC	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	7,827	7,789	7,80
/inistry Brands, LLC	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	2,154	2,143	2,148
<i>l</i> ister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Consumer Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	8,291	8,232	8,35
/lister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Consumer Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	1,662	1,681	1,67
Navex Global, Inc.	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	11/19/2021	14,894	14,690	14,950
Thrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.)	Healthcare Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/20/2022	9,925	9,794	10,012
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/15/2022	13,478	13,478	13,64
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.	Software	7.00% (L + 6.00%)	10/31/2022	9,975	9,834	10,128
Salient CRGT Inc.	Federal Services	6.75% (L + 5.75%)	2/28/2022	15,000	14,852	14,83
Severin Acquisition, LLC	Software	5.90% (L + 4.75%)	7/30/2021	15,000	14,927	14,92
SolarWinds Holdings, Inc.	Software	4.50% (L + 3.50%)	2/3/2023	14,963	14,971	14,997
TM Technologies, Inc.	Business Products	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	5/31/2021	6,048	6,037	6,15
Iniversity Support Services LLC (St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC)	Education	6.40% (L + 5.25%)	7/6/2022	1,979	1,979	2,00
/encore, Inc. (fka SI Organization, Inc., The)	Federal Services	(L + 3.25%) 5.90% (L + 4.75%)	11/23/2019	10,772	10,753	10,944
/ision Solutions, Inc.	Software	(L + 4.75%) 7.64% (L + 6.50%)	6/16/2022	8,725	8,647	8,76
/ivid Seats LLC	Business Services	(L + 8.30%) 6.75% (L + 5.75%)	10/12/2022	4,000	3,925	4,02
Zywave, Inc.	Software	(L + 5.75%) 6.15% (L + 5.00%)	11/17/2022	4,000	17,373	4,023
	Collware	(L · 0.00 /0)	11/11/2022	\$ 361,991	\$ 359,535	\$ 363,710

(1) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the LIBOR (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base). For each investment, the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of March 31, 2017.

(2) Represents the fair value in accordance with ASC 820. Our board of directors does not determine the fair value of the investments held by SLP II.

The following table is a listing of the individual loans in SLP II's portfolio as of December 31, 2016:

Portfolio Company and Type of Investment	Industry	Interest Rate <sup>(1)</sup>	Maturity Date	Principal Amount or Par Value	Cost	Fair Value <sup>(2)</sup> (in thousands)	
				(in thousands)	(in thousands)		
First lien:				incucanuo,	incucanac,	incucurus,	
ADG. LLC	Healthcare						
	Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	9/28/2023	\$ 17,207	\$ 17,040	\$ 17,121	
AssuredPartners, Inc.	Business			•,=•.	+,••	•,.=.	
···· ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/21/2022	11.862	11,847	12.058	
Beaver-Visitec International	Healthcare	(				,	
Holdinas. Inc.	Products	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	8/21/2023	14.962	14.819	14.963	
Coinstar, LLC	Consumer			,	,	,	
	Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	9/27/2023	4,987	4.963	5.054	
Cvent, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/29/2023	10,000	9,901	10,125	
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	10/21/2021	14,900	14,814	14,881	
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-				,	,=	.,	
Borrower, LLC)	Software	6.25% (L + 5.25%)	2/18/2022	10.507	10,350	10,402	
Emerald 2 Limited	Business	0.2070 (2 0.2070)	2/10/2022	10,001	10,000	10,102	
	Services	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/14/2021	1.277	1.206	1,174	
Engility Corporation (fka TASC, Inc.)	00111000	5.81%	0/1/2021	.,	1,200	.,	
	Federal Services	(Base + 4.72%)	8/14/2023	13,860	13,793	14,080	
Evo Payments International, LLC	Business	(Dase : 4.7270)	0/14/2020	10,000	10,700	14,000	
Evor ayments international, EEO	Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/22/2023	17.500	17.413	17.602	
Explorer Holdings, Inc.	Healthcare	0.0078 (E + 5.0078)	12/22/2023	17,500	17,415	17,002	
Explorer Holdings, Inc.	Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	5/2/2023	4,975	4,929	5,028	
Claballagia Haldinga Ina	Business	0.00 % (L + 5.00 %)	5/2/2025	4,975	4,929	5,020	
Globallogic Holdings Inc.			6/20/2022	10,000	9,900	10.013	
CORD Haldinga Inc	Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)					
GOBP Holdings Inc.	Retail	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	10/21/2021	14,955	14,816	14,985	
Hyperion Insurance Group Limited	Business		4/20/2022	14 404	14 170	44.470	
	Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	4/29/2022	14,401	14,179	14,476	
J.D. Power and Associates	Business	5 0 5 % (1 + 4 0 5 %)	0/7/0000	0.075	0.007	40.075	
Kanada la composito d	Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	9/7/2023	9,975	9,927	10,075	
Kronos Incorporated	Software	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	11/1/2023	10,000	9,951	10,105	
Masergy Holdings, Inc.	Business	5 500( (1 + 4 500())	40/45/0000	7 500	7 400	7 500	
	Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	12/15/2023	7,500	7,463	7,563	
McGraw-Hill Global Education							
Holdings, LLC	Education	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/4/2022	9,950	9,905	9,971	
Ministry Brands, LLC	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	7,846	7,807	7,807	
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Consumer						
	Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	8,312	8,250	8,354	
Navex Global, Inc.	Software	5.99% (L + 4.75%)	11/19/2021	14,933	14,718	14,858	
nThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition	Healthcare						
Corp.)	Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/20/2022	9,950	9,813	10,083	
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/15/2022	14,962	14,962	15,055	
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.	Software	7.00% (L + 6.00%)	10/31/2022	10,000	9,853	10,153	
Rocket Software, Inc.	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/14/2023	14,962	14,817	15,129	
SolarWinds Holdings, Inc.	Software	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	2/3/2023	14,688	14,697	14,852	
TTM Technologies, Inc.	Business						
-	Products	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	5/31/2021	13,548	13,444	13,599	
Vencore, Inc. (fka SI Organization, Inc.,		. ,					
The)	Federal Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	11/23/2019	10,801	10,780	10,942	
Vision Solutions, Inc.		7.50%					
	Software	(Base + 6.50%)	6/16/2022	9,938	9,845	9,919	
Vivid Seats LLC	Business	,		.,	.,	.,	
	Services	6.75% (L + 5.75%)	10/12/2022	4.000	3,922	3,985	
WD Wolverine Holdings, LLC	Healthcare	( 0 /0)		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,322	2,000	
	Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/17/2023	10.200	9.900	9.894	
Zywave, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/17/2022	17,500	17,414	17,413	
	Contraro	0.0070 (2 0.0070)					
				<u>\$ 360,458</u>	<u>\$ 357,438</u>	<u>\$ 361,719</u>	

(1) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the LIBOR (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base). For each investment, the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of December 31, 2016.

(2) Represents the fair value in accordance with ASC 820. Our board of directors does not determine the fair value of the investments held by SLP II.

Below is certain summarized financial information for SLP II as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016:

Selected Balance Sheet Information:		arch 31, 2017 in thousands)	D	ecember 31, 2016 (in thousands)
Investments at fair value (cost of \$359,535 and \$357,438, respectively)	\$	363.710	¢	361.719
	φ		φ	, .
Receivable from unsettled securities sold		1,876		1,007
Cash and other assets		6,440		10,138
Total assets	\$	372,026	\$	372,864
Credit facility	\$	250,960	\$	249,960
Deferred financing costs		(2,418)		(2,565)
Payable for unsettled securities purchased		11,165		24,862
Distribution payable		4,325		3,000
Other liabilities		3,684		3,350
Total liabilities		267,716		278,607
Members' capital	\$	104,310	\$	94,257
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$	372,026	\$	372,864

		Three Mor	nths Ended
Selected Statement of Operations Information:		h 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>
	(in	thousands)	(in thousands)
Interest income	\$	5,173	\$ _
Other income		214	—
Total investment income		5,387	
Interest and other financing expenses		1,849	
Other expenses		162	_
Total expenses		2,011	
Net investment income		3,376	_
Net realized gains on investments		1,108	—
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments		(106)	
Net increase in members' capital	\$	4,378	\$

(1) SLP II commenced operations on April 12, 2016.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we earned approximately \$3.4 million of dividend income related to SLP II, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$3.4 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP II was included in interest and dividend receivable.

We have determined that SLP II is an investment company under ASC 946; however, in accordance with such guidance we will generally not consolidate our investment in a company other than a wholly-owned investment company subsidiary. Furthermore, Accounting Standards Codification Topic 810, *Consolidation*, concludes that in a joint venture where both members have equal decision making authority, it is not appropriate for one member to consolidate the joint venture since neither has control. Accordingly, we do not consolidate SLP II.

#### New Mountain Net Lease Corporation

NMNLC was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases. NMNLC's investments are disclosed on our Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017.

Below is certain summarized property information for NMNLC as of March 31, 2017:

Portfolio Company	Tenant	Lease Expiration Date	Location	Total Square Feet	Fair Value as of March 31, 2017
				(in thousands)	(in thousands)
NM APP Canada Corp.	A.P. Plasman, Inc.	9/30/2031	Ontario, Canada	436	\$ 7,345
NM APP US LLC	Plasman Corp, LLC / A-Brite LP	9/30/2033	Fort Payne, AL	261	5,080
			Cleveland, OH		
NM DRVT LLC	FMH Conveyors, LLC	10/31/2031	Jonesboro, AR	195	5,152
NM JRA LLC	J.R. Automation Technologies, LLC	1/31/2031	Holland, MI	88	2,043
NM KRLN LLC	Kirlin Group, LLC	6/30/2029	Rockville, MD	95	7,510
					\$ 27.130

#### Collateralized agreements or repurchase financings

We follow the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 860, *Transfers and Servicing* — *Secured Borrowing and Collateral*, ("ASC 860") when accounting for transactions involving the purchases of securities under collateralized agreements to resell (resale agreements). These transactions are treated as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at their contracted resale or repurchase amounts, as specified in the respective agreements. Interest on collateralized agreements is accrued and recognized over the life of the transaction and included in interest income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we held one collateralized agreement to resell with a cost basis of \$30.0 million and \$30.0 million, respectively, and a carrying value of \$28.4 million and \$29.2 million, respectively, and collateralized by a second lien bond in Northstar GOM Holdings Group LLC with a fair value of \$28.4 million and \$29.2 million, respectively. The collateralized agreement to resell is guaranteed by a private hedge fund with the most recently reported assets under management of approximately \$690.0 million. Pursuant to the terms of the collateralized agreement, the private hedge fund's total assets under management fall below the agreed upon thresholds. The collateralized agreement was called upon by us or if the private hedge fund's total assets under management fall below the agreed upon thresholds. The collateralized agreement. As of March 31, 2017, litigation is on-going in the state of New York and the Cayman Islands to resolve this matter. The collateralized agreement. As of March 31, 2017, litigation is on-going in the state of New York and the Cayman Islands to resolve this matter. The collateralized agreement earned interest at a contractual weighted average rate of 16.0% and 16.0% per annum as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

## **Revenue Recognition**

Sales and paydowns of investments: Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the specific identification method.

Interest and dividend income: Interest income, including amortization of premium and discount using the effective interest method, is recorded on the accrual basis and periodically assessed for collectability. Interest income also includes interest earned from cash on hand. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties are recorded as part of interest income. We have loans and certain preferred equity investments in the portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividend provision. PIK interest and dividends are accrued and recorded as income at the contractual rates, if deemed collectible. The PIK interest and dividends



are added to the principal or share balances on the capitalization dates and generally due at maturity or when redeemed by the issuer.

Dividend income on common equity is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies. Dividend income on preferred securities is recorded as dividend income on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are deemed collectible.

Non-accrual income: Investments are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due for 30 days or more and when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Accrued cash and un-capitalized PIK interest or dividends are reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends are not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends are not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest or dividend payments received on non-accrual investments may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment of the ultimate outcome. Non-accrual investments are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

*Other income:* Other income represents delayed compensation, consent or amendment fees, revolver fees, structuring fees, upfront fees, management fees from a non-controlled/affiliated investment and other miscellaneous fees received and are typically non-recurring in nature. Delayed compensation is income earned from counterparties on trades that do not settle within a set number of business days after trade date. Other income may also include fees from bridge loans. We may from time to time enter into bridge financing commitments, an obligation to provide interim financing to a counterparty until permanent credit can be obtained. These commitments are short-term in nature and may expire unfunded. A fee is received for providing such commitments. Structuring fees and upfront fees are recognized as income when earned, usually when paid at the closing of the investment, and are non-refundable.

#### **Monitoring of Portfolio Investments**

We monitor the performance and financial trends of our portfolio companies on at least a quarterly basis. We attempt to identify any developments within the portfolio company, the industry or the macroeconomic environment that may alter any material element of our original investment strategy.

We use an investment rating system to characterize and monitor the credit profile and expected level of returns on each investment in the portfolio. We use a four-level numeric rating scale as follows:

- Investment Rating 1 Investment is performing materially above expectations;
- Investment Rating 2 Investment is performing materially in-line with expectations. All new loans are rated 2 at initial purchase;
- Investment Rating 3 Investment is performing materially below expectations and while significant loss is not expected, the risk of loss has
  increased since the original investment; and
- Investment Rating 4 Investment is performing substantially below expectations and risks have increased substantially since the original investment. Payments may be delinquent. There is meaningful possibility that we will not recoup our original cost basis in the investment and may realize a substantial loss upon exit.

The following table shows the distribution of our investments on the 1 to 4 investment rating scale at fair value as of March 31, 2017:

(in millions)	 As of March 31, 2017						
Investment Rating	 Par Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent	Fair Value	Percent			
Investment Rating 1	\$ 172.5	10.7% \$	173.2	9.7%			
Investment Rating 2	1,305.4	81.3%	1,566.3	87.7%			
Investment Rating 3	37.5	2.3%	26.9	1.5%			
Investment Rating 4	92.1	5.7%	20.5	1.1%			
	\$ 1,607.5	100.0% \$	1,786.9	100.0%			

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes shares and warrants.

As of March 31, 2017, all investments in our portfolio had an Investment Rating of 1 or 2 with the exception of four portfolio companies. As of March 31, 2017, one portfolio companies had an Investment Rating of 3 and three portfolio companies had an Investment Rating of 4.

During the first quarter of 2017, we placed our entire first lien notes position in Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc. ("Sierra") on nonaccrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of March 31, 2017, our investment in Sierra placed on non-accrual status represented an aggregate cost basis of \$27.2 million, an aggregate fair value of \$16.5 million and total unearned interest income of \$0.5 million for the three months then ended.

During the third quarter of 2016, we placed our entire second lien position in Transtar Holding Company ("Transtar") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of March 31, 2017, our investment in Transtar had an aggregate cost basis of \$31.2 million, an aggregate fair value of \$3.6 million and total unearned interest income of approximately \$1.8 million for the three months then ended.

During the second quarter of 2016, we placed a portion of our first lien position in Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc. ("Permian") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of September 30, 2016, our investment in Permian had an aggregate cost basis of \$24.4 million, an aggregate fair value of \$7.1 million and total unearned interest income of \$1.3 million for the nine months then ended. In October 2016, Permian completed a restructuring which resulted in a material modification of the original terms and an extinguishment of our original investment in Permian. Prior to the extinguishment in October 2016, our original investment in Permian had an aggregate fair value of \$1.4 million for the vear ended December 31, 2016. The extinguishment resulted in a realized loss of \$17.9 million. Post restructuring, our investments in Permian have been restored to full accrual status. As of March 31, 2017, our investments in Permian have an aggregate cost basis of \$9.3 million and an aggregate fair value of \$11.3 million.

During the third quarter of 2016, we received notice that there would be no recovery of the outstanding principle and interest owed on our two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company ("ATI"). As of June 30, 2016, our first lien positions in ATI had an aggregate cost of \$1.5 million and an aggregate fair value of \$0 and no unearned interest income for the period then ended. We wrote off our first lien positions in ATI and recognized an aggregate realized loss of \$1.5 million during the three months ended September 30, 2016. As of March 31, 2017, our preferred shares and warrants in Ancora Acquisition LLC, which were received as a result of our first lien positions in ATI, had an aggregate cost basis of \$0.1 million and an aggregate fair value of \$0.4 million.

#### Portfolio and Investment Activity

The fair value of our investments was approximately \$1,786.9 million in 77 portfolio companies at March 31, 2017 and approximately \$1,558.8 million in 78 portfolio companies at December 31, 2016.

The following table shows our portfolio and investment activity for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016:

	Three Months Ended			
(in millions)	Marc	h 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	
New investments in 24 and 7 portfolio companies, respectively	\$	349.4	\$ 27.6	
Debt repayments in existing portfolio companies		99.1	24.4	
Sales of securities in 8 and 1 portfolio companies, respectively		34.7	15.8	
Change in unrealized appreciation on 42 and 37 portfolio companies, respectively		13.3	19.6	
Change in unrealized depreciation on 32 and 38 portfolio companies, respectively		(7.1)	(34.0)	

At March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, our weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost was approximately 11.1% and 10.4%, respectively.

### **Recent Accounting Standards Updates**

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, Financial Instruments — Overall Subtopic 825-10 — Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). ASU 2016-01 amends certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial assets and liabilities. ASU 2016-01 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The new guidance must be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) should be applied prospectively to equity investments that exist as of the date of adoption of ASU 2016-01. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that this guidance will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

## **Results of Operations**

Under GAAP, our IPO did not step-up the cost basis of the Predecessor Operating Company's existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of the Predecessor Operating Company's investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, and different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold, repaid or mature in the future. We track the transferred (or fair market) value of each of the Predecessor Operating Company's investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjusts income as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO (or stepped up to fair market value). The respective "Adjusted Net Investment Income" (defined as net investment income adjusted to reflect income as if the cost basis of investments held at the IPO date had stepped-up to fair market value as of the IPO date) is used in calculating both the incentive fee and dividend payments.

The following table for the three months ended March 31, 2017 is adjusted to reflect the step-up to fair market value and the allocation of the incentive fees related to hypothetical capital gains out of the adjusted post-incentive fee net investment income.

(in thousands)		Three Months Ended larch 31, 2017	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Incentive Fee _Adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>		Adjusted Three Months Ended March 31, 2017
Investment income						
Interest income	\$	33,998	\$(	(2)\$ —	\$	33,998
Dividend income		6,733	—	—		6,733
Other income		2,576				2,576
Total investment income <sup>(3)</sup>		43,307				43,307
Total expenses pre-incentive fee <sup>(4)</sup>		16,268				16,268
Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income		27,039				27,039
Incentive fee		3,608				3,675
Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income		23,431				23,431
Net realized gains on investments <sup>(5)</sup>		826	_	_		826
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments <sup>(5)</sup>		6,205	(	(2) —		6,205
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased under collateralized agreements to		(800)				(800)
resell Benefit for taxes		(800)	_	_		(800)
		755	_	_		755
Capital gains incentive fees	¢	20 447	_	_	¢	20 417
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	Ф	30,417			Ф	30,417

(1) For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we incurred total incentive fees of \$3.6 million, net of the incentive fee waiver of \$1.8 million, of which none was related to the capital gains incentive fee accrual on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

<sup>(2)</sup> For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the adjustment was less than \$1 thousand.

(3) Includes income from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$0.5 million and management fee waivers of \$1.4 million.

(5) Includes net realized gains and losses on investments and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, we had less than a \$1 thousand adjustment to interest income for amortization and a less than \$1 thousand adjustment to net change in unrealized appreciation to adjust for the stepped-up cost basis of the transferred investments discussed above. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, total adjusted investment income of

\$43.3 million consisted of approximately \$32.3 million in cash interest from investments, approximately \$0.9 million in PIK interest from investments, approximately \$0.1 million in prepayment fees, net amortization of purchase premiums and discounts of approximately \$0.7 million, approximately \$5.2 million in cash dividends from investments, \$1.5 million in PIK and non-cash dividends from investments and approximately \$2.6 million in other income. Our Adjusted Net Investment Income was \$23.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017.

In accordance with GAAP, for the three months ended March 31, 2017, we did not have an accrual for hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value. As of March 31, 2017, no actual capital gains incentive fee was owed under the Investment Management Agreement, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Gains did not exceed cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Depreciation.

#### Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016

### Revenue

		Three Mo	Percentage					
(in thousands)	Ma	March 31, 2017 March 31, 2016			March 31, 2017 March 31, 20			Change
Interest income	\$	33,998	\$	37,790	(10)%			
Dividend income		6,733		1,639	NM*			
Other income		2,576		1,547	67%			
Total investment income	\$	43,307	\$	40,976	6%			

Not meaningful.

Our total investment income increased by approximately \$2.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. The 6% increase in total investment income primarily resulted from an increase in dividend income of approximately \$5.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. The increase was primarily due to distributions from our investments in SLP I, SLP II and NMNLC and PIK and non-cash dividend income from three equity positions. Other income during the three months ended March 31, 2017, which represents fees that are generally non-recurring in nature, was primarily attributable to structuring, upfront, amendment, consent and commitment fees received from twelve different portfolio companies and management fees from a non-controlled affiliated portfolio company. Interest income decreased by approximately \$3.8 million from the three months ended March 31, 2016 to the three months ended March 31, 2017, which was attributable to lower prepayment fees received associated with the early repayment of portfolio companies held as of December 31, 2016 and the timing of portfolio originations that were concentrated in the latter half of the quarter.

## **Operating Expenses**

		Three Months Ended					
(in thousands)	Marc	h 31, 2017	Marc	h 31, 2016	Change		
Management fee	\$	7,614	\$	6,836			
Less: management fee waiver		(1,356)		(1,319)			
Total management fee		6,258		5,517	13%		
Incentive fee		5,408		5,385			
Less: incentive fee waiver		(1,800)		—			
Total incentive fee		3,608		5,385	(33)%		
Capital gains incentive fee <sup>(1)</sup>		_		_	NM*		
Interest and other financing expenses		8,376		6,602	27%		
Professional fees		850		877	(3)%		
Administrative expenses		708		839	(16)%		
Other general and administrative expenses		466		432	8%		
Total expenses		20,266		19,652	3%		
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed		(470)		(284)	65%		
Net expenses before income taxes		19,796		19,368	2%		
Income tax expense		80		41	95%		
Net expenses after income taxes	\$	19,876	\$	19,409	2%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Capital gains incentive fee accrual assumes a hypothetical liquidation basis.

\* Not meaningful.

Our total net operating expenses increased by approximately \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. Our management fee increased by approximately \$0.7 million, net of a management fee waiver, for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016. The increase in management fees from the three months ended March 31, 2016 to the three months ended March 31, 2017 was attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the October 2016 primary offering of our common stock, our May 2016 and September 2016 unsecured notes issuances and our September 2016 convertible notes issuance and our use of leverage from our revolving credit facilities and SBA-guaranteed debentures to originate new investments. Our incentive fees decreased by approximately \$1.8 million, net of an incentive fee waiver, for the three months ended March 31, 2017 of approximately \$1.8 million.

Interest and other financing expenses increased by approximately \$1.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016, primarily due to our issuance of our unsecured notes and additional issuance of our convertible notes and higher drawn balances on our SBA-guaranteed debentures and NMFC Credit Facility (as defined below). Our total professional fees, total administrative expenses and total other general and administrative expenses remained relatively flat for the three months ended March 31, 2017 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2016.

## Net Realized Gains (Losses) and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)

	Three Months Ended			Percentage	
(in thousands)	N	larch 31, 2017	l	March 31, 2016	Change
Net realized gains on investments	\$	826	\$	176	NM*
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments		6,205		(14,386)	NM*
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation securities purchased under					
collateralized agreements to resell		(800)		(30)	NM*
Benefit for taxes		755		724	4%
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$	6,986	\$	(13,516)	NM*

#### Not meaningful.

Our net realized and unrealized gains resulted in a net gain of approximately \$7.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2017 compared to net realized gains and unrealized losses resulting in a net loss of approximately \$13.5 million for the same period in 2016. We look at net realized and unrealized gains or losses together as movement in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can be the result of realizations. The net gain for the three months ended March 31, 2017 was primarily driven by the overall increase in the market prices of our investments during the period. The benefit for income taxes was attributable to equity investments that are held as of March 31, 2017 in three of our corporate subsidiaries. The net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was primarily driven by the overall decrease in the market prices of our investments during the period.

# Results of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014

## Revenue

	Years Ended December 31,			
(in thousands)	2016	2015	2014	
Interest income	\$ 147,425	\$ 140,074	\$ 85,123	
Interest income allocated from the Predecessor Operating Company		—	40,515	
Total interest income	147,425	140,074	125,638	
Dividend income	11,200	5,771	2,309	
Dividend income allocated from the Predecessor Operating Company		_	2,368	
Total dividend income	11,200	5,771	4,677	
Other income	9,459	8,010	4,491	
Other income allocated from the Predecessor Operating Company	_	—	795	
Total other income	9,459	8,010	5,286	
Total investment income	\$ 168,084	\$ 153,855	\$ 135,601	

Our total investment income increased by approximately \$14.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2015. The 9% increase in total investment income primarily resulted from an increase in interest income of approximately

\$7.4 million from the year ended December 31, 2015 to the year ended December 31, 2016, which was attributable to larger invested balances and prepayment fees received associated with the early repayments of nine different portfolio companies held as of December 31, 2015. Our larger invested balances were driven by the proceeds from the October 2016 primary offering of our common stock, our May 2016 and September 2016 unsecured notes issuances and our September 2016 convertible notes issuance, as well as our use of leverage from our revolving credit facilities and SBA-guaranteed debentures to originate new investments. The increase in dividend income of approximately \$5.4 million during the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2015 was primarily attributable to distributions from our investments in SLP I, SLP II and NMNLC and PIK dividend income from an equity position. The increase in other income, which represents fees that are generally non-recurring in nature, of approximately \$1.4 million during the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2016 was primarily attributable to structuring, upfront, amendment, consent and commitment fees received from 28 different portfolio companies and management fees from a non-controlled/affiliated portfolio company and a controlled portfolio company.

Our total investment income increased by approximately \$18.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014. The 13% increase in total investment income primarily resulted from an increase in interest income of approximately \$14.4 million from the year ended December 31, 2014 to the year ended December 31, 2015, which was attributable to larger invested balances and prepayment fees received associated with the early repayments or partial repayments of nine different portfolio companies held as of December 31, 2014. Our larger invested balances were driven by the proceeds from the September 2015 primary offering of our common stock, our use of leverage from our revolving credit facilities, SBA-guaranteed debentures and the deployment of the June 2014 proceeds from the issuance of \$115.0 million of convertible notes to originate new investments. The increase in dividend income of approximately \$1.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014 was primarily attributable to distributions from our investment in SLP I and PIK dividends income from an equity position. The increase in other income, which represents fees that are generally non-recurring in nature, of approximately \$2.7 million during the year ended December 31, 2014 was primarily attributable to structuring, upfront, amendment and consent fees received from 22 different portfolio companies, commitment fees received from three bridge facilities and management fees from a non-controlled/affiliated portfolio company.

## **Operating Expenses**

	Years E	nded Dece	mber 31,
(in thousands)	2016	2015	2014
Management fee	\$ 27,551	\$ 25,858	\$ 13,593
Management fee allocated from Predecessor Operating Company	—		5,983
Less: management fee waiver	(4,824)	(5,219)	(686)
Total management fee	22,727	20,639	18,890
Incentive fee	22,011	20,591	12,070
Incentive fee allocated from Predecessor Operating Company			6,248
Total incentive fee	22,011	20,591	18,318
Capital gains incentive fee <sup>(1)</sup>	—	_	(8,573)
Capital gains incentive fee allocated from Predecessor Operating Company <sup>(1)</sup>			2,024
Total capital gains incentive fee <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	(6,549)
Interest and other financing expenses	28,452	23,374	13,269
Interest and other financing expenses allocated from Predecessor Operating Company	_	_	4,764
Total interest and other financing expenses	28,452	23,374	18,033
Professional fees	3,087	3,214	2,390
Professional fees allocated from Predecessor Operating Company			1,238
Total professional fees	3,087	3,214	3,628
Administrative fees	2,683	2,450	1,470
Administrative expenses allocated from Predecessor Operating Company			761
Total administrative expenses	2,683	2,450	2,231
Other general and administrative expenses	1,589	1,665	1,138
Other general and administrative expenses allocated from Predecessor Operating			
Company	_	_	555
Total other general and administrative expenses	1,589	1,665	1,693
Total expenses	80,549	71,933	56,244
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed	(725)	(733)	(1,145)
Net expenses before income taxes	79,824	71,200	55,099
Income tax expense	152	160	436
Net expenses after income taxes	\$ 79,976	\$ 71,360	\$ 55,535

<sup>(1)</sup> Capital gains incentive fee accrual assumes a hypothetical liquidation basis.

Our total net operating expenses increased by approximately \$8.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2015. Our management fee increased by approximately \$2.1 million, net of a management fee waiver, and incentive fees increased by approximately \$1.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2015. The increase in management fee and incentive fee from the year ended December 31, 2015 to the year ended December 31, 2016 was attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the October 2016 primary offering of our common stock, our May 2016 and September 2016 unsecured notes issuances and our September 2016 convertible notes issuance and our use of leverage from our revolving credit facilities and SBA-guaranteed

debentures to originate new investments. No capital gains incentive fee was accrued for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Interest and other financing expenses increased by approximately \$5.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2016, primarily due to our issuance of our unsecured notes and additional issuance of our convertible notes and higher drawn balances on our SBA-guaranteed debentures and NMFC Credit Facility (as defined below). Our total professional fees, total administrative expenses, net of expenses waived and reimbursed, and total other general and administrative expenses remained relatively flat for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2015.

Our total net operating expenses increased by approximately \$15.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014. Our management fee increased by approximately \$1.7 million, net of a management fee waiver, and incentive fees increased by approximately \$2.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014. The increase in management fee and incentive fee from the year ended December 31, 2014 to the year ended December 31, 2015 was attributable to larger invested balances, driven by the proceeds from the September 2015 primary offering of our common stock, our use of leverage from our revolving credit facilities, SBA-guaranteed debentures and the deployment of the June 2014 Proceeds from the issuance of \$115.0 million of convertible notes to originate new investments. No capital gains incentive fee was accrued for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Interest and other financing expenses increased by approximately \$5.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2015, primarily due to our issuance of \$115.0 million of convertible notes, the closing of the NMFC Credit Facility (as defined below) during the second quarter of 2014 and the drawing on SBAguaranteed debentures beginning in the fourth quarter of 2014. Our total professional fees, total administrative expenses and total other general and administrative expenses marginally decreased by approximately \$0.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014. Our expenses waived and reimbursed decreased by approximately \$0.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2014 due to the expiration of the expense cap on March 31, 2014.

## Net Realized Gains (Losses) and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)

	Years E	nded Decem	ber 31,
(in thousands)	2016	2015	2014
Net realized (losses) gains on investments	\$ (16,717)	\$ (12,789)	\$ 357
Net realized gains on investments allocated from Predecessor Operating Company		_	8,568
Total realized (losses) gains on investments	(16,717)	(12,789)	8,925
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	40,131	(35,272)	(43,863)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments allocated from			
Predecessor Operating Company			940
Total change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	40,131	(35,272)	(42,923)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased under			
collateralized agreements to resell	(486)	(296)	—
Benefit (provision) for taxes	642	<u>(1,183</u> )	(493)
Total net realized gains (losses) and net change in unrealized appreciation			
(depreciation) of investments	\$ 23,570	\$ (49,54 <u>0</u> )	\$ (34,491)

Our net realized losses and unrealized gains resulted in a net gain of approximately \$23.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 compared to the net realized and unrealized losses resulting in a net loss of approximately \$49.5 million for the same period in 2015. We look at net realized and unrealized gains or losses together as movement in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can be the result of realizations. The net gain for the year ended December 31, 2016 was primarily driven by the overall increase in the market prices of our investments during the period and sales or repayments of investments with fair values in excess of December 31, 2015 valuations, resulting in net realized gains being greater than the reversal of the cumulative net unrealized gains for those investments. The net gain was offset by a \$17.9 million realized loss on an investment resulting from the modification of terms on a portfolio company that was accounted for as an extinguishment. The benefit for income taxes was primarily attributable to three equity investments that are held in our three tax blocker corporations as of December 31, 2016.

The net loss of approximately \$49.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2015 compared to the net realized gains and unrealized losses resulting in a net loss of approximately \$34.5 million for the same period in 2014. We look at net realized and unrealized gains or losses together as movement in unrealized appreciation or depreciation can be the result of realizations. The net loss for the year ended December 31, 2015 was primarily driven by the overall decrease in the market prices of our investments during the period and \$29.7 million of realized losses on investments resulting from the modification of terms on three portfolio companies that were accounted for as extinguishments. These losses were partially offset by sales or repayments of investments with fair values in excess of December 31, 2014 valuations, resulting in net realized gains being greater than the reversal of the cumulative net unrealized gains for those investments which included the sale of two portfolio companies resulting in realized gains of approximately \$41.2 million. The provision for income taxes was primarily attributable to three equity investments that are held in our three tax blocker corporations as of December 31, 2015.

The net loss for the year ended December 31, 2014 was primarily driven by the overall decrease in the market prices of our investments during the period and the partial write-down related to two portfolio companies. These losses were partially offset by a \$5.6 million gain from the sale of NMF Holdings' warrant investments in one portfolio company and sales or repayments of

investments with fair values in excess of December 31, 2013 valuations, resulting in net realized gains being greater than the reversal of the cumulative net unrealized gains for those investments. The provision for income taxes was attributable to one warrant investment that is held in a tax blocker corporation as of December 31, 2014.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The primary use of existing funds and any funds raised in the future is expected to be for repayment of indebtedness, investments in portfolio companies, cash distributions to our stockholders or for other general corporate purposes.

Since our IPO, and through March 31, 2017, we raised approximately \$533.1 million in net proceeds from additional offerings of our common stock.

Our liquidity is generated and generally available through advances from the revolving credit facilities, from cash flows from operations, and, we expect, through periodic follow-on equity offerings. In addition, we may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of existing facilities or issue additional debt securities, including unsecured debt and/or debt securities convertible into common stock. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, calculated pursuant to the 1940 Act, is at least 200.0% after such borrowing.

At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$37.7 million and \$45.9 million, respectively. Our cash (used in) provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 was approximately \$(141.8) million and \$41.1 million, respectively. We expect that all current liquidity needs will be met with cash flows from operations and other activities.

#### Borrowings

Holdings Credit Facility — On December 18, 2014 we entered into the Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Holdings Credit Facility"), among us, as the Collateral Manager, NMF Holdings as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian, which is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on December 18, 2019.

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility is \$495.0 million. Under the Holdings Credit Facility, NMF Holdings is permitted to borrow up to 25.0%, 45.0% or 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged assets, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. The Holdings Credit Facility is non-recourse to us and is collateralized by all of the investments of NMF Holdings on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Holdings Credit Facility are capitalized on our Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default. In addition, the Holdings Credit Facility requires us to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. The covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF Holdings investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum for all other investments. Previously, the Holdings Credit Facility



bore interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum for all other investments. The Holdings Credit Facility also charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred on the Holdings Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended					
(in millions)		March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016		
Interest expense	\$	2.7	\$	2.6		
Non-usage fee	\$	0.2	\$	0.1		
Amortization of financing costs	\$	0.4	\$	0.4		
Weighted average interest rate		3.1%	6	2.6%		
Effective interest rate		3.9%	6	3.2%		
Average debt outstanding	\$	346.0	\$	394.7		

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the Holdings Credit Facility was \$376.9 million and \$333.5 million, respectively, and NMF Holdings was in compliance with the applicable covenants in the Holdings Credit Facility on such dates.

*NMFC Credit Facility* — The Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, as amended, dated June 4, 2014 (together with the related guarantee and security agreement, the "NMFC Credit Facility"), among us as the Borrower, Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders, is structured as a senior secured revolving credit facility and matures on June 4, 2019. The NMFC Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain of our domestic subsidiaries and proceeds from the NMFC Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

As of March 31, 2017, the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the NMFC Credit Facility was \$122.5 million. We are permitted to borrow at various advance rates depending on the type of portfolio investment as outlined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement. All fees associated with the origination of the NMFC Credit Facility are capitalized on our Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the NMFC Credit Facility. The NMFC Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants.

The NMFC Credit Facility generally bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum or the prime rate plus 1.50% per annum, and charges a commitment fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by 0.375% per annum (as defined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred on the NMFC Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months En			
(in millions)		March 31, 2017	March	31, 2016
Interest expense	\$	0.3	\$	0.7
Non-usage fee	\$	0.1	\$	(1)
Amortization of financing costs	\$	0.1	\$	0.1
Weighted average interest rate		3.3%	6	2.9%
Effective interest rate		5.5%	6	3.4%
Average debt outstanding	\$	34.7	\$	92.8

<sup>(1)</sup> For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the total non-usage fee was less than \$50 thousand.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the NMFC Credit Facility was \$122.5 million and \$10.0 million, respectively, and NMFC was in compliance with the applicable covenants in the NMFC Credit Facility on such dates.

**Convertible Notes** — On June 3, 2014, we closed a private offering of \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes (the "Convertible Notes"), pursuant to an indenture, dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"). The Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). As of the first anniversary, June 3, 2015, of the Convertible Notes, the restrictions under Rule 144A under the Securities Act were removed, allowing the Convertible Notes to be eligible and freely tradable without restrictions for resale pursuant to Rule 144(b)(1) under the Securities Act. On September 30, 2016, we closed a public offering of an additional \$40.3 million aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes. These additional Convertible Notes constitute a further issuance of, rank equally in right of payment with, and form a single series with the \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes that we issued on June 3, 2014.

The Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.0%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, which commenced on December 15, 2014. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019 unless earlier converted or repurchased at the holder's option.

The following table summarizes certain key terms related to the convertible features of our Convertible Notes as of March 31, 2017.

	Mar	ch 31, 2017
Initial conversion premium		12.5%
Initial conversion rate <sup>(1)</sup>		62.7746
Initial conversion price	\$	15.93
Conversion premium at March 31, 2017		11.7%
Conversion rate at March 31, 2017 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		63.2794
Conversion price at March 31, 2017 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$	15.80
Last conversion price calculation date		June 3, 2016

(1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1.0 thousand principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

- (2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.
- (3) The conversion price in effect at March 31, 2017 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be calculated again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1.0% before the anniversary.

The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon certain events, such as stock splits and combinations, mergers, spin-offs, increases in distributions in excess of \$0.34 per share per quarter and certain changes in control. Certain of these adjustments, including adjustments for increases in distributions, are subject to a conversion price floor of \$14.05 per share. In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 71.1893 per \$1.0 thousand principal amount of the Convertible Notes. We have determined that the embedded conversion option in the Convertible Notes is not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under GAAP.

The Convertible Notes are unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Notes; equal in right of payment to our existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness (including existing unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries and financing vehicles. The issuance is considered part of the if-converted method for calculation of diluted earnings per share.

We may not redeem the Convertible Notes prior to maturity. No sinking fund is provided for the Convertible Notes. In addition, if certain corporate events occur, holders of the Convertible Notes may require us to repurchase for cash all or part of their Convertible Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest through, but excluding, the repurchase date.

The Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the Convertible Notes and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the Indenture.

The following table summarizes the interest expense, amortization of financing costs and amortization of premium incurred on the Convertible Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended						
(in millions)		March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016			
Interest expense	\$	1.9	\$	1.4			
Amortization of financing costs	\$	0.3	\$	0.2			
Amortization of premium	\$	(1)	\$	—			
Effective interest rate		5.8%		5.7%			
Average debt outstanding	\$	155.3	\$	115.0			

<sup>(1)</sup> For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the total amortization of premium was less than \$50 thousand.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the Convertible Notes was \$155.3 million and \$155.3 million, respectively, and NMFC was in compliance with the terms of the Indenture on such dates.

Unsecured Notes — On May 6, 2016, we issued \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of five-year unsecured notes that mature on May 15, 2021 (the "Unsecured Notes"), pursuant to a note purchase agreement, dated May 4, 2016, to an institutional investor in a private placement. On September 30, 2016, we entered into an amended and restated note purchase agreement (the "NPA") and issued an additional \$40.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Unsecured Notes to institutional investors in a private placement. The NPA provides for future issuances of Unsecured Notes in separate series or tranches. The Unsecured Notes are equal in priority with our other unsecured indebtedness, including our Convertible Notes.

The Unsecured Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.313%, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year, which commenced on November 15, 2016. This interest rate is subject to increase in the event that: (i) subject to certain exceptions, the Unsecured Notes or we cease to have an investment grade rating or (ii) the aggregate amount of our unsecured debt falls below \$150.0 million. In each such event, we have the option to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par, in which case holders of the Unsecured Notes who accept the offer would not receive the increased interest rate. In addition, we are obligated to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par if the Investment Adviser, or an affiliate thereof, ceases to be our investment adviser or if certain change in control events occur with respect to the Investment Adviser.

The NPA contains customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, an option to offer to prepay all or a portion of the Unsecured Notes at par (plus a make-whole amount, if applicable), affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Internal Revenue Code, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum asset coverage ratio, and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under our other indebtedness or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the Unsecured Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended						
(in millions)	Marc	ch 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>				
Interest expense	\$	1.2 \$	_				
Amortization of financing costs	\$	0.1 \$	_				
Effective interest rate		5.8%	—%				
Average debt outstanding	\$	90.0 \$	—				

<sup>(1)</sup> Not applicable, as the Unsecured Notes were issued on May 6, 2016.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the Unsecured Notes was \$90.0 million and \$90.0 million, respectively, and we were in compliance with the terms of the NPA.

SBA-guaranteed debentures - On August 1, 2014, SBIC LP received an SBIC license from the SBA.

The SBIC license allows SBIC LP to obtain leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment by the SBA and other customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures are non-recourse to us, interest only debentures with interest payable semi-annually and have a ten year maturity. The principal amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures is not required to be paid prior to maturity but may be prepaid at any time without penalty. The interest rate of SBA-guaranteed debentures is fixed on a semi-annual basis at a market-driven spread over U.S. Treasury Notes with ten year maturities. The SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the assets of SBIC LP over our stockholders in the event SBIC LP is liquidated or the SBA exercises remedies upon an event of default.

The maximum amount of borrowings available under current SBA regulations for a single licensee is \$150.0 million as long as the licensee has at least \$75.0 million in regulatory capital, receives a capital commitment from the SBA and has been through an examination by the SBA subsequent to licensing.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, SBIC LP had regulatory capital of \$75.0 million and \$75.0 million, respectively, and SBA-guaranteed debentures outstanding of \$121.7 million and \$121.7 million, respectively. The SBA-guaranteed debentures incur upfront fees of 3.425%, which consists of a 1.00% commitment fee and a 2.425% issuance discount, which are amortized over the life of the SBA-guaranteed debentures. The following table summarizes our SBA-guaranteed debentures as of March 31, 2017.

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(in millions) Issuance Date	Maturity Date	 Debenture Amount	Interest Rate	SBA Annual Charge
Fixed SBA-guaranteed debentures:				
March 25, 2015	March 1, 2025	\$ 37.5	2.517%	0.355%
September 23, 2015	September 1, 2025	37.5	2.829%	0.355%
September 23, 2015	September 1, 2025	28.8	2.829%	0.742%
March 23, 2016	March 1, 2026	13.9	2.507%	0.742%
September 21, 2016	September 1, 2026	4.0	2.051%	0.742%
Total SBA-guaranteed debentures		\$ 121.7		

Prior to pooling, the SBA-guaranteed debentures bear interest at an interim floating rate of LIBOR plus 0.30%. Once pooled, which occurs in March and September each year, the SBA-guaranteed debentures bear interest at a fixed rate that is set to the current 10-year treasury rate plus a spread at each pooling date.

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the SBA-guaranteed debentures for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	 Three Months Ended						
(in millions)	 March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016					
Interest expense	\$ 1.0 \$	0.9					
Amortization of financing costs	\$ 0.1 \$	0.1					
Weighted average interest rate	3.2%	3.0%					
Effective interest rate	3.5%	3.4%					
Average debt outstanding	\$ 121.7 \$	117.7					

The SBIC program is designed to stimulate the flow of private investor capital into eligible small businesses, as defined by the SBA. Under SBA regulations, SBIC LP is subject to regulatory requirements, including making investments in SBA-eligible businesses, investing at least 25.0% of its investment capital in eligible smaller businesses, as defined under the 1958 Act, placing certain limitations on the financing terms of investments, regulating the types of financing, prohibiting investments in small businesses with certain characteristics or in certain industries and requiring capitalization thresholds that limit distributions to us. SBIC LP is subject to an annual periodic examination by an SBA examiner to determine SBIC LP's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations and an annual financial audit of its financial statements that are prepared on a basis of accounting other than GAAP (such as ASC 820) by an independent auditor. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, SBIC LP was in compliance with SBA regulatory requirements.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We may become a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments may include commitments to extend credit and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had outstanding commitments to third parties to fund investments totaling \$36.1 million and \$44.3 million, respectively, under various undrawn revolving credit facilities, delayed draw commitments or other future funding commitments.

We may from time to time enter into financing commitment letters or bridge financing commitments, which could require funding in the future. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had commitment letters to purchase investments in an aggregate par amount of \$0 and \$14.8 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had not entered into any bridge financing commitments which could require funding in the future.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had unfunded commitments related to our equity investment in SLP II of \$0 and \$7.9 million, respectively, which may be funded at our discretion.

### **Contractual Obligations**

A summary of our significant contractual payment obligations as of March 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Contractual Obligations Payments Due by Period								
(in millions)	Total	Less t 1 Ye		1 - 3 Years	3 - 5 Year	•	More than 5 Years		
(III IIIIIIOIIS)	Total	116	ai	I - J Teals	J - J Teal	<u> </u>	JTears		
Holdings Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 376.9	\$	— \$	376.9	\$	— \$	—		
Convertible Notes <sup>(2)</sup>	155.3		_	155.3		_	_		
NMFC Credit Facility <sup>(3)</sup>	122.5		_	122.5		_	_		
SBA-guaranteed debentures <sup>(4)</sup>	121.7		_	_		_	121.7		
Unsecured Notes <sup>(5)</sup>	90.0		_	_	S	0.0	_		
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 866.4	\$	— \$	654.7	\$ <u>c</u>	0.0 \$	121.7		

(1) Under the terms of the \$495.0 million Holdings Credit Facility, all outstanding borrowings under that facility (\$376.9 million as of March 31, 2017) must be repaid on or before December 18, 2019. As of March 31, 2017, there was approximately \$118.1 million of possible capacity remaining under the Holdings Credit Facility.

<sup>(2)</sup> The \$155.3 million Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019 unless earlier converted or repurchased at the holder's option.

(3) Under the terms of the \$122.5 million NMFC Credit Facility, all outstanding borrowings under that facility (\$122.5 million as of March 31, 2017) must be repaid on or before June 4, 2019. As of March 31, 2017, there was no capacity remaining under the NMFC Credit Facility.

<sup>(4)</sup> Our SBA-guaranteed debentures will begin to mature on March 1, 2025.

<sup>(5)</sup> The \$90.0 million Unsecured Notes will mature on May 15, 2021 unless earlier repurchased.

We have entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser in accordance with the 1940 Act. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser has agreed to provide us with investment advisory and management services. We have agreed to pay for these services (1) a management fee and (2) an incentive fee based on our performance.

We have also entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator. Under the Administration Agreement, the Administrator has agreed to arrange office space for us and provide office equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services and other administrative services necessary to conduct our respective day-to-day operations. The Administrator has also agreed to perform, or oversee the performance of, our financial records, our reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC.

If any of the contractual obligations discussed above are terminated, our costs under any new agreements that are entered into may increase. In addition, we would likely incur significant time and expense in locating alternative parties to provide the services we expect to receive under the Investment Management Agreement and the Administration Agreement.

# **Distributions and Dividends**

Distributions declared and paid to stockholders for the three months ended March 31, 2017 totaled approximately \$23.7 million.

The following table reflects cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per share that have been declared by our board of directors for the two most recent fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date:

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				Per Share Amount	
Fiscal Year Ended	Date Declared	Record Date	Payment Date		
December 31, 2017					
First Quarter	February 23, 2017	March 17, 2017	March 31, 2017	\$	0.34
				\$	0.34
December 31, 2016					
Fourth Quarter	November 4, 2016	December 15, 2016	December 29, 2016	\$	0.34
Third Quarter	August 2, 2016	September 16, 2016	September 30, 2016		0.34
Second Quarter	May 3, 2016	June 16, 2016	June 30, 2016		0.34
First Quarter	February 22, 2016	March 17, 2016	March 31, 2016		0.34
				\$	1.36
December 31, 2015				-	
Fourth Quarter	November 3, 2015	December 16, 2015	December 30, 2015	\$	0.34
Third Quarter	August 4, 2015	September 16, 2015	September 30, 2015		0.34
Second Quarter	May 5, 2015	June 16, 2015	June 30, 2015		0.34
First Quarter	February 23, 2015	March 17, 2015	March 31, 2015		0.34
				\$	1.36

Tax characteristics of all distributions paid are reported to stockholders on Form 1099 after the end of the calendar year. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, total distributions were \$88.8 million and \$81.0 million, respectively, of which the distributions were comprised of approximately 89.46% and 99.96%, respectively, of ordinary income, 0.00% and 0.00%, respectively, of long-term capital gains and approximately 10.54% and 0.04%, respectively, of a return of capital. Future quarterly distributions, if any, will be determined by our board of directors.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders in amounts sufficient to maintain our status as a RIC. We intend to distribute approximately all of our Adjusted Net Investment Income on a quarterly basis and substantially all of our taxable income on an annual basis, except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

We maintain an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan on behalf of our common stockholders, pursuant to which each of our stockholders' cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of common stock, unless the stockholder elects to receive cash.

### **Related Parties**

We have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

- We have entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. Therefore, New Mountain Capital is entitled to any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.
- We have entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. The Administrator
  arranges our office space and

provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct our respective day-to-day operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. We reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, which includes the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance, and compliance functions, and the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by us, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrative expenses, of which approximately \$0.4 million of indirect administrative expenses were waived by the Administrator. As of March 31, 2017, no indirect administrative expenses were included in payable to affiliates.

 We, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance".

In addition, we have adopted a formal code of ethics that governs the conduct of our officers and directors. These officers and directors also remain subject to the duties imposed by the 1940 Act, the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act.

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, to our investment mandates. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for us and for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the availability of such investment and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that we should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the SEC and its staff, and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures. On June 5, 2017, the SEC issued the Exemptive Order, which permits us to co-invest in portfolio companies with certain funds or entities managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act, subject to the conditions of the Exemptive Order. Pursuant to the Exemptive Order, we are permitted to co-invest with our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including, but not limited to, that (1) the terms of the potential co-investment transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching in respect of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned, and (2) the potential co-investment transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our then-current investment objective and strategies.

# SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities as of March 31, 2017, December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and information about NMF Holdings' senior securities as of December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009 are shown in the following table. The report of Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, on the senior securities table as of December 31, 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009 is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

<i>(</i> )	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities <sup>(2)</sup>	Co	Asset overage	Involuntary Liquidating Preference	Average Market Value
Class and Year <sup>(1)</sup>	 (in millions)	Pe	er Unit <sup>(3)</sup>	 Per Unit <sup>(4)</sup>	Per Unit <sup>(5)</sup>
March 31, 2017 (unaudited)					
Holdings Credit Facility	\$ 376.9	\$	,	\$ —	N/A
Convertible Notes	155.3		2,271	—	N/A
Unsecured Notes	90.0		2,271	—	N/A
NMFC Credit Facility	122.5		2,271	—	N/A
December 31, 2016					
Holdings Credit Facility	333.5		2,593	—	N/A
Convertible Notes	155.3		2,593	—	N/A
Unsecured Notes	90.0		2,593	—	N/A
NMFC Credit Facility	10.0		2,593	—	N/A
December 31, 2015					
Holdings Credit Facility	419.3		2,341	-	N/A
Convertible Notes	115.0		2,341	—	N/A
NMFC Credit Facility	90.0		2,341	—	N/A
December 31, 2014	100.1		0.007		<b>N</b> 1/A
Holdings Credit Facility	468.1		2,267	—	N/A
Convertible Notes	115.0		2,267	—	N/A
NMFC Credit Facility	50.0		2,267	_	N/A
December 31, 2013	004.0		0 577		N1/A
Holdings Credit Facility	221.8		2,577	—	N/A
SLF Credit Facility	214.7		2,577	—	N/A
December 31, 2012	206.9		0.050		N/A
Holdings Credit Facility	206.9		2,353	—	N/A N/A
SLF Credit Facility December 31, 2011	214.3		2,353	_	IN/A
Holdings Credit Facility	129.0		2,426		N/A
SLF Credit Facility	129.0		2,420	—	N/A
· · · ·	105.9		2,420	—	IN/A
December 31, 2010 <sup>(6)</sup>	50 7		0.074		
Holdings Credit Facility	59.7		3,074	—	N/A
SLF Credit Facility	56.9		3,074	—	N/A
December 31, 2009 <sup>(6)</sup>					
Holdings Credit Facility	77.7		4,080	_	N/A

(1) We have excluded our SBA-guaranteed debentures from this table as a result of the SEC exemptive relief that permits us to exclude such debentures from the definition of senior securities in the 200.0% asset coverage ratio we are required to maintain under the 1940 Act. At March 31, 2017, December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we had \$121.7 million, \$121.7 million, 117.7 million and \$37.5 million, respectively, in SBA-guaranteed debentures outstanding. At December 31, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010 and 2009, we had no outstanding SBA-guaranteed debentures. Total asset coverage per unit including the SBA-guaranteed debentures as of March 31,

2017, December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is \$2,092, \$2,320, \$2,128 and \$2,196, respectively, and unchanged for the prior years.

- <sup>(2)</sup> Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.
- (3) Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total assets, less all liabilities excluding indebtedness represented by senior securities in this table, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness and is calculated on a consolidated basis.
- (4) The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the voluntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it. The "—" in this column indicates that the SEC expressly does not require this information to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Not applicable because the senior securities are not registered for public trading.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Prior to NMFC's IPO on May 19, 2011, these credit facilities existed at the Predecessor Entities.

#### BUSINESS

#### The Company

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. Since our IPO, and through March 31, 2017, we raised approximately \$533.1 million in net proceeds from additional offerings of our common stock.

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$15.0 billion(1), which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information on our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring." NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP, our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Servicing, serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the SBA to operate as a SBIC under Section 301(c) of the 1958 Act. Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and to qualify as a REIT within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of March 31, 2017, as well as amounts called and returned since inception

concentrated in a limited number of industries. As of March 31, 2017, our top five industry concentrations were business services, software, consumer services, investment fund and education.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of March 31, 2017, our net asset value was \$946.7 million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$1,786.9 million in 77 portfolio companies, with a weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost of approximately 11.1%.

NMF Holdings is a party to the Holdings Credit Facility pursuant to a secured credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. As of March 31, 2017, the Holdings Credit Facility, which matures on December 18, 2019, provides for potential borrowings up to \$495.0 million. Unlike many credit facilities for BDCs the amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in its portfolio investments. As of March 31, 2017, we were permitted to borrow up to 45.0% or 25.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien or non-first lien debt securities, and up to 70.0% and 45.0% of the purchase price of specified first lien debt securities and specified non-first lien debt securities, respectively, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum for all other investments. The Holdings Credit Facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement). As of March 31, 2017, \$376.9 million was outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility.

The NMFC Credit Facility among NMFC as the Borrower and Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders, is structured as a senior secured revolving credit facility and matures on June 4, 2019. As of March 31, 2017, the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the NMFC Credit Facility was \$122.5 million. NMFC is permitted to borrow at various advance rates depending on the type of portfolio investment as outlined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement. The NMFC Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants. The NMFC Credit Facility amount multiplied by 0.375% (as defined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement). As of March 31, 2017, \$122.5 million was outstanding under the NMFC Credit Facility.

On June 3, 2014, NMFC closed a private offering of \$115.0 million aggregate principal amount Convertible Notes, pursuant to an indenture, dated June 3, 2014. The Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the

Securities Act. The Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.0%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, which commenced on December 15, 2014. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019 unless earlier converted or repurchased at the holder's option. On September 30, 2016, we closed a public offering of an additional \$40.25 million aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes. These additional Convertible Notes constitute a further issuance of, rank equally in right of payment with, and form a single series with the \$115,000 aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes that we issued on June 3, 2014.

On August 1, 2014, SBIC LP received an SBIC license from the SBA. The SBIC license allows SBIC LP to obtain leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment by the SBA and other customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures are non-recourse, interest only debentures with interest payable semi-annually and have a ten year maturity. The principal amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures is not required to be paid prior to maturity but may be prepaid at any time without penalty. The interest rate of SBA-guaranteed debentures is fixed on a semi-annual basis at a market-driven spread over U.S. Treasury Notes with ten year maturities. The SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the assets of SBIC LP over our stockholders in the event SBIC LP is liquidated or the SBA exercises remedies upon an event of default. As of March 31, 2017, the rate payable for SBIC LP's SBA-guaranteed debentures was 3.2%. As of March 31, 2017, SBIC LP had \$121.7 million of SBA-guaranteed debentures outstanding.

On May 6, 2016, NMFC issued \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of five-year Unsecured Notes, pursuant to a note purchase agreement, dated May 4, 2016, to an institutional investor in a private placement. On September 30, 2016, we entered into the NPA and issued an additional \$40.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Unsecured Notes to institutional investors in a private placement. The NPA provides for future issuances of Unsecured Notes in separate series or tranches. The Unsecured Notes are equal in priority with our other unsecured indebtedness, including our Convertible Notes. The Unsecured Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.313%, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year, which commenced on November 15, 2016. The Unsecured Notes will mature on May 15, 2021.

For a detailed discussion of the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the SBA-guaranteed debentures and the Unsecured Notes, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources".

We expect to continue to finance our investments using both debt and equity, including proceeds from equity and debt securities issued.

## **Recent Developments**

## **Common Stock Offering**

On April 7, 2017, we completed a public offering of 5,000,000 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$14.60 per share. On April 13, 2017, in connection with the public offering, the underwriters completed a purchase of an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 750,000 shares of our common stock. The Company received total net proceeds of approximately \$81.5 million in connection with the offering.

#### Distribution

On May 4, 2017, our board of directors declared a second quarter 2017 distribution of \$0.34 per share payable on June 30, 2017 to holders of record as of June 16, 2017.



### New Mountain Capital

New Mountain Capital manages private equity, public equity and debt investments with aggregate assets under management totaling more than \$15.0 billion(1), which includes total assets held by us.

New Mountain Capital's first private equity fund, the \$770.0 million New Mountain Partners, L.P., or "Fund I", began its investment period in January 2000. New Mountain Capital's second private equity fund, the \$1.6 billion New Mountain Partners II, L.P., or "Fund II", began its investment period in January 2005. New Mountain Capital's third private equity fund, Fund III, with over \$5.1 billion of aggregate commitments, began its investment period in August 2007. New Mountain Capital's fourth private equity fund, "Fund IV", with over \$4.1 billion of aggregate commitments, began its investment period in July 2013. New Mountain Capital fourth private equity fund, "Fund IV", with over \$4.1 billion of aggregate commitments, began its investment period in July 2013. New Mountain Capital manages public equity portfolios through New Mountain Vantage Advisers, L.L.C., which is designed to apply New Mountain Capital's established strengths toward non-control positions in the U.S. public equity markets generally. New Mountain Capital manages its debt portfolio through us, and we are currently New Mountain Capital's only vehicle focused primarily on investing in the investments that we target.

New Mountain Capital's mission is to be "best in class" in the new generation of investment managers as measured by returns, control of risk, service to investors and the quality of the businesses in which New Mountain Capital invests. All of New Mountain Capital's efforts emphasize intensive fundamental research and the proactive creation of proprietary investment advantages in carefully selected industry sectors. New Mountain Capital is a generalist firm but has developed particular competitive advantages in what New Mountain Capital believes to be particularly attractive sectors, such as education, healthcare, distribution & logistics, business and industrial services, federal information technology services, media, software, insurance, consumer products, financial services and technology, infrastructure and energy. New Mountain Capital is focused on systematically establishing expertise in new sectors in which it believes it will have a competitive advantage over time.

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages Guardian II, which commenced operations in April 2017. As of March 31, 2017, the Investment Adviser was supported by over 120 staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately 75 investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member Investment Committee, which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of March 31, 2017, as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

### **Investment Objective and Portfolio**

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests such as preferred stock, common stock, warrants or options received in connection with our debt investments or may include a direct investment in the equity of private companies.

We make investments through both primary originations and open-market secondary purchases. We primarily target loans to, and invest in, the U.S. middle market businesses, a market segment we believe continues to be underserved by other lenders. We define middle market businesses as those businesses with annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") between \$20.0 million and \$200.0 million. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. As of March 31, 2017, our top five industry concentrations were business services, software, consumer services, investment fund and education. Our targeted investments typically have maturities of between five and ten years and generally range in size between \$10.0 million and \$100.0 million. This investment size may vary proportionately as the size of our capital base changes. At March 31, 2017, the fair value of our investments was approximately \$1,786.9 million in 77 portfolio companies and was invested 42.1% in first lien loans, 36.9% in second lien loans, 4.3% in subordinated debt and 16.7% in equity and other, as measured at fair value.

The following table shows our portfolio and investment activity for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016:

		Three Mor	ths Ended
(in millions)	Marc	h 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
New investments in 24 and 7 portfolio companies, respectively	\$	349.4	\$ 27.6
Debt repayments in existing portfolio companies		99.1	24.4
Sales of securities in 8 and 1 portfolio companies, respectively		34.7	15.8
Change in unrealized appreciation on 42 and 37 portfolio companies, respectively		13.3	19.6
Change in unrealized depreciation on 32 and 38 portfolio companies, respectively		(7.1)	(34.0)

At March 31, 2017, our weighted average Yield to Maturity at Cost was approximately 11.1%.

The following summarizes our ten largest portfolio company investments and top ten industries in which we were invested as of March 31, 2017, calculated as a percentage of total assets as of March 31, 2017.

Portfolio Company	Percent of Total Assets
HI Technology Corp.	5.6%
NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC	4.2%
AmWINS Group, Inc.	3.1%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.	3.0%
AssuredPartners, Inc.	2.7%
TIBCO Software Inc.	2.5%
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-Borrower, LLC)	2.4%
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC	2.4%
Salient CRGT Inc.	2.2%
Severin Acquisition, LLC	2.2%

Industry Type	Percent of Total Assets
Business Services	32.5%
Software	24.4%
Consumer Services	5.6%
Investment Fund	5.4%
Education	5.3%
Healthcare Services	4.6%
Energy	4.0%
Federal Services	3.9%
Distribution & Logistics	3.6%
Net Lease	1.4%

# **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

# Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in less well followed defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that are secular and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include federal services, software, education, niche healthcare, business services, energy and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- 1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

## Experienced Management Team and Established Platform

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

# Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

### **Risk Management through Various Cycles**

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser

seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

# Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under our Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources."

# Market Opportunity

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will
  continue to exist. While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to
  financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent primary debt

transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

## **Investment Criteria**

The Investment Adviser has identified the following investment criteria and guidelines for use in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. However, not all of these criteria and guidelines were, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments.

- Defensive growth industries. We seek to invest in industries that can succeed in both robust and weak economic environments but which are also sufficiently large and growing to achieve high valuations providing enterprise value cushion for our targeted debt securities.
- *High barriers to competitive entry.* We target industries and companies that have well defined industries and well established, understandable barriers to competitive entry.
- Recurring revenue. Where possible, we focus on companies that have a high degree of predictability in future revenue.
- Flexible cost structure. We seek to invest in businesses that have limited fixed costs and therefore modest operating leverage.
- Strong free cash flow and high return on assets. We focus on businesses with a demonstrated ability to produce meaningful free cash flow from operations. We typically target companies that are not asset intensive and that have minimal capital expenditure and minimal working capital growth needs.
- Sustainable business and niche market dominance. We seek to invest in businesses that exert niche market dominance in their industry and that have a demonstrated history of sustaining market leadership over time.
- Established companies. We seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance. We do not intend to invest in start-up companies or companies with speculative business plans.
- Private equity sponsorship. We generally seek to invest in companies in conjunction with private equity sponsors who we know and trust and who have proven capabilities in building value.
- Seasoned management team. We generally require that its portfolio companies have a seasoned management team with strong corporate
  governance. Oftentimes we have a historical relationship with or direct knowledge of key managers from previous investment experience.

### Investment Selection and Process

The Investment Adviser believes it has developed a proven, consistent and replicable investment process to execute our investment strategy. The Investment Adviser seeks to identify the most attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become the most advantaged investor in these sectors. The steps in the Investment Adviser's process include:

Identifying attractive investment sectors top down: The Investment Adviser works continuously and in a variety of ways to proactively identify the most attractive sectors for investment opportunities. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser participate in this process through both individual and group efforts, formal and informal. The Investment Adviser has also worked with consultants, investment bankers and public equity managers to supplement its internal analyses, although the prime driver of sector ideas has been the Investment Adviser itself.

**Creating competitive advantages in the selected industry sectors:** Once a sector has been identified, the Investment Adviser works to make itself the most advantaged and knowledgeable investor in that sector. An internal working team is assigned to each project. The team may spend months confirming the sector thesis and building the Investment Adviser's leadership in this sector. In general, the Investment Adviser seeks to construct proprietary databases and to utilize the best specialized industry consultants. The Investment Adviser particularly stresses the establishment of close relationships with operating managers in each field in order to gain the deepest possible level of understanding. When advisable, industry executives have been placed on New Mountain Capital's Management Advisory Board or have been hired on salary as "executives in residence". When the Investment Adviser specific investment ideas in its chosen sectors, it can triangulate its own views against the views of its management relationships, consultants, brokers, bankers and others. The Investment Adviser believes this multi-front analysis leads to strong decision making and company identification. The Investment Adviser also believes that its "flexible specialization" approach gives us all the benefits of a narrow-based sector fund without forcing us to invest in any industry sector at an inappropriate fund dedicated solely to them.

Targeting companies with leading market share and attractive business models in its chosen sectors: The Investment Adviser, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach, typically follows a "good to great" approach, seeking to invest in debt securities of companies in its chosen sectors that it believes are already safe and successful but where the Investment Adviser sees an opportunity for further increases in enterprise value due to special circumstances existing at the time of the financing or through value that a sponsor can add. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser have been successful in targeting companies with leading market shares, rapid growth, high free cash flows, high operating margins, high barriers to entry and which produce goods or services that are of value to their customers.

Utilizing this research platform, we have largely invested in the debt of companies and industries that have been researched by New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts. In many instances, we have studied the specific debt issuer with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to a potential private equity investment. In other situations, while New Mountain Capital may not have specifically analyzed the issuer in the past, we have deep knowledge of the company's industry through New Mountain Capital's private equity work. We expect the Investment Adviser to continue this approach in the future.

Beyond the foregoing, the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency

community. We have sourced and we expect to continue sourcing new investment opportunities from both private equity sponsors and other lenders and agents. In private equity, we have strong, personal relationships with principals at a significant majority of relevant sponsors, and we expect that we will continue to utilize those relationships to generate investment opportunities. In the same fashion, we have an extensive relationship network with lenders and agents, including commercial banks, investment banks, loan funds, mezzanine funds and a wide range of smaller agents that seek debt capital on behalf of their clients. In addition to newly issued primary opportunities, we have extensive experience in sourcing investment opportunities from the secondary market, and will continue to actively monitor that large, and often volatile, area for appropriate investment opportunities.

This team performs the core underwriting function to determine the attractiveness of the target's business model, focusing on the investment criteria described above. The team ultimately develops a forecast of a target's likely operating and financial performance. Team members have diverse backgrounds in investment management, investment banking, consulting, and operations. We believe the presence within New Mountain Capital of numerous former CEOs and other senior operating executives, and their active involvement in our underwriting process, combined with New Mountain Capital's experience as a majority stockholder owning and directing a wide range of businesses and overseeing operating companies in the same or related industries, is a key differentiator for us versus typical debt investment vehicles.

In addition to performing rigorous business due diligence, the Investment Adviser also thoroughly reviews and/or structures the relevant credit documentation, including bank credit agreements and bond indentures, to ensure that any securities we invest in have appropriate credit rights, protections and remedies. There is a strong focus on appropriate covenant packages. This part of the process, as well as the determination of the appropriate price/yield parameters for individual securities, is led by Robert A. Hamwee, John R. Kline and James W. Stone III with significant input as needed from other professionals with extensive credit experience, such as Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Managing Director, Founder and Chief Executive Officer, and others.

# **Investment Committee**

The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. The Investment committee is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

The purpose of the Investment Committee is to evaluate and approve, as deemed appropriate, all investments by the Investment Adviser, subject to certain thresholds. The Investment Committee process is intended to bring the diverse experience and perspectives of the Investment Committee's members to the analysis and consideration of every investment. The Investment Committee also serves to provide investment consistency and adherence to the Investment Adviser's investment

philosophies and policies. The Investment Committee also determines appropriate investment sizing and suggests ongoing monitoring requirements.

In addition to reviewing investments, the Investment Committee meetings serve as a forum to discuss credit views and outlooks. Potential transactions and investment opportunities are also reviewed on a regular basis. Members of our investment team are encouraged to share information and views on credits with the Investment Committee early in their analysis. This process improves the quality of the analysis and assists the deal team members to work more efficiently.

# **Investment Structure**

We target debt investments that will yield meaningful current income and occasionally provide the opportunity for capital appreciation through equity securities. Our debt investments are typically structured with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target.

### Debt Investments

The terms of our debt investments are tailored to the facts and circumstances of the transaction and prospective portfolio company and structured to protect its rights and manage its risk while creating incentives for the portfolio company to achieve its business plan. A substantial source of return is the cash interest that we collect on our debt investments.

- **First Lien Loans and Bonds.** First lien loans and bonds generally have terms of four to seven years, provide for a variable or fixed interest rate, may contain prepayment penalties and are secured by a first priority security interest in all existing and future assets of the borrower. First lien loans may also include unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. These first lien loans and bonds may include PIK interest, which represents contractual interest accrued and added to the principal that generally becomes due at maturity.
- Second Lien Loans and Bonds. Second lien loans and bonds generally have terms of five to eight years, provide for a variable or fixed interest rate, may contain prepayment penalties and are secured by a second priority security interest in all existing and future assets of the borrower. These second lien loans and bonds may include PIK interest.
- Unsecured Senior, Subordinated and "Mezzanine" Loans and Bonds. Any unsecured investments are generally expected to have terms of five to ten years and provide for a fixed interest rate. Unsecured investments may include PIK interest and may have an equity component, such as warrants to purchase common stock in the portfolio company.

In addition, from time to time we may also enter into revolving credit facilities, bridge financing commitments, delayed draw commitments or other commitments which can result in providing future financing to a portfolio company.

### Equity Investments

When we make a debt investment, we may be granted equity in the portfolio company in the same class of security as the sponsor receives upon funding. In addition, we may from time to time make non-control, equity co-investments in conjunction with private equity sponsors. We generally seek to structure our equity investments, such as direct equity co-investments, to provide us with minority rights provisions and event-driven put rights. We also seek to obtain limited registration rights in connection with these investments, which may include "piggyback" registration rights.

## Portfolio Company Monitoring

We monitor the performance and financial trends of our portfolio companies on at least a quarterly basis. We attempt to identify any developments within the portfolio company, the industry or the macroeconomic environment that may alter any material element of our original investment strategy. We use several methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance of our investments, including but not limited to, the following:

- review of monthly and/or quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies provided by its management;
- ongoing dialogue with and review of original diligence sources;
- periodic contact with portfolio company management (and, if appropriate, the private equity sponsor) to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments; and
- assessment of business development success, including product development, profitability and the portfolio company's overall adherence to its business plan.

We use an investment rating system to characterize and monitor the credit profile and expected level of returns on each investment in the portfolio. We use a four-level numeric rating scale as follows:

- Investment Rating 1 Investment is performing materially above expectations;
- Investment Rating 2 Investment is performing materially in-line with expectations. All new loans are rated 2 at initial purchase;
- Investment Rating 3 Investment is performing materially below expectations and while significant loss is not expected, the risk of loss has
  increased since the original investment; and
- Investment Rating 4 Investment is performing substantially below expectations and risks have increased substantially since the original investment. Payments may be delinquent. There is meaningful possibility that we will not recoup our original cost basis in the investment and may realize a substantial loss upon exit.

The following table shows the distribution of our investments on the 1 to 4 investment rating scale at fair value as of March 31, 2017:

		As of March 31, 2017							
(in millions) Investment Rating	F	Par Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Percent	Fair Value	Percent				
Investment Rating 1	\$	172.5	10.7%\$	173.2	9.7%				
Investment Rating 2		1,305.4	81.3%	1,566.3	87.7%				
Investment Rating 3		37.5	2.3%	26.9	1.5%				
Investment Rating 4		92.1	5.7%	20.5	1.1%				
	\$	1,607.5	100.0%\$	1,786.9	100.0%				

(1) Excludes shares and warrants.

### Exit Strategies/Refinancing

We exit our investments typically through one of four scenarios: (i) the sale of the portfolio company itself resulting in repayment of all outstanding debt, (ii) the recapitalization of the portfolio company in which our loan is replaced with debt or equity from a third party or parties (in some cases, we may choose to participate in the newly issued loan(s)), (iii) the repayment of the initial or

remaining principal amount of our loan then outstanding at maturity or (iv) the sale of the debt investment by us. In some investments, there may be scheduled amortization of some portion of our loan which would result in a partial exit of our investment prior to the maturity of the loan.

### Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

BDCs generally must offer to make available to the issuer of its securities significant managerial assistance, except in circumstances where either (i) the BDC controls such issuer of securities or (ii) the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together and one of the other persons in the group makes available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. The Administrator or its affiliate provides such managerial assistance on our behalf to portfolio companies that request this assistance.

## Competition

We compete for investments with a number of BDCs and investment funds (including private equity and hedge funds), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of financing. Many of these entities have greater financial and managerial resources than we do. We believe we are able to be competitive with these entities primarily on the basis of the experience and contacts of our management team, our responsive and efficient investment analysis and decision-making processes, the investment terms we offer, the model that we employ to perform our due diligence with the broader New Mountain Capital team and our model of investing in companies and industries we know well.

We believe that some of our competitors may make investments with interest rates and returns that are comparable to or lower than the rates and returns that we target. Therefore, we do not seek to compete solely on the interest rates and returns that we offer to potential portfolio companies. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business".

### Employees

We do not have any employees. Day-to-day investment operations that are conducted by us are managed by the Investment Adviser. See "Investment Management Agreement". We reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer, and their respective staffs. For a more detailed discussion of the Administration Agreement, see "Administration Agreement".

### Properties

Our executive office is located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019. We believe that our current office facilities are adequate for our business as we intend to conduct it.

## Legal Proceedings

We, our consolidated subsidiaries, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, although these entities may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of operations in the normal course of business or otherwise.

# **PORTFOLIO COMPANIES**

The following table sets forth certain information as of March 31, 2017, for each portfolio company in which we had a debt or equity investment. Our portfolio companies are presented in three categories: (1)"Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments", which represent portfolio companies in which we own less than 5.0% of the outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company and have no other affiliations, (2)"Non-Controlled/Affiliated Investments", which denotes investments in which we are an "Affiliated Person", as defined in the 1940 Act, due to owning or holding the power to vote 5.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment. We "Control", as defined in the 1940 Act due to owning or holding the power to vote 25.0% or more of the investment. We may provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies, if requested, and may receive rights to observe board meetings.

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
Non-Controlled/Non-							(in thousands)
Affiliated Investments			9.25%				
AAC Holding Corp.	Education	First lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	9/30/2020	10.86%	_	\$ 23,965
7211 Circle South Road							
Austin, TX 78745	Healtheare		10.00%				
ADG, LLC	Healthcare Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	3/28/2024	11.88%	_	4,960
29777 Telegraph Road, Suite 3000							
Southfield, MI 48034	Business		9.25%				
AgKnowledge Holdings Company, Inc.	Services	Second lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	7/23/2020	10.67%	_	18,324
6060 Piedmont Row Drive South							
Charlotte, NC 28287 Air Newco LLC**			10.56%				
	Software	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.50%/Q)	1/31/2023	12.73%	_	34,594
Munro House, Portsmouth Road							
Cobham, Surrey KT11 1TF							
United Kingdom							
American Tire Distributors, Inc.	Distribution & Logistics	Subordinated(3)	10.25%/S	3/1/2022	11.18%	_	15,868
PO Box 3145							-,
Huntersville, NC 28070 Amerijet Holdings, Inc.	Distribution &		9.00%				
3401-A NW	Logistics Distribution &	First lien(4)	(L + 8.00%/M) 9.00%	7/15/2021	10.47%	—	12,358
72nd Avenue	Logistics	First lien(4)	(L + 8.00%/M)	7/15/2021	10.47%	_	2,060
Miami, FL 33122							14,418
AmWINS Group, Inc.	Business		7.75%	4/05/0005	0.070/		
4725 Piedmont Row	Services	Second lien(3)	(L + 6.75%/M)	1/25/2025	9.27%	—	57,748
Drive, Suite 600 Charlotte, NC 28210							
Ansira Holdings, Inc.	Business	First lise (0)	7.66%	40/00/0000	0.00%		05 005
2300 Locust Street	Services Business	First lien(2) First lien(3)	(Base + 6.50%/Q)	12/20/2022	8.92%	_	25,985
St. Louis, MO 63103	Services	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/20/2018	—	—	(29)
		onarann					25,956
Ascend Learning, LLC	Education	Second lien(3)	9.52% (L + 8.50%/Q)	11/30/2020	11.03%		37,049
5 Wall Street	Education	Second lien(S)	(L + 0.50 %/Q)	11/30/2020	11.03%	—	57,049
Burlington, MA 01803 ASP LCG Holdings, Inc.	Education	Warrants(3)	_	5/5/2026	_	2.30%	5 1,132
21333 Haggerty Road, Suite 300							
Novi, MI 48375							
AssuredPartners, Inc.	Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	10/20/2023	12.24%	_	30,673
200 Colonial Center Parkway, Suite 140	Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	10/20/2023	12.24%		
Lake Mary, FL 32746	Oel VICES	Second lien(2)	(E + 9.00 /0/10)	10/20/2023	12.2470	_	20,312
Appare Acquisition LLC		Droforrod					50,985
Ancora Acquisition LLC	Education	Preferred shares(6)	_	_	_	3.72%	393
8701 Bedford Euless Road, Suite 400	Education	Warrants(6)	_	8/12/2020	_	3.72%	_
Hurst, TX 76053		-(-)					
Cvent, Inc.			6.00%				393
	Software	First lien(2)	(L + 5.00%/M)	11/29/2023	7.43%	_	5,075
1765 Greensboro Station Place, 7th Floor	Software	Second lien(3)	11.00% (L + 10.00%/M)	5/29/2024	12.98%	_	9,850
Tysons Corner, VA 22102		. /	. ,				
							14,925

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
Non-Controlled/Non- Affiliated Investments (continued)							(in thousands)
DCA Investment Holding, LLC 6240 Lake Osprey Drive	Healthcare Services Healthcare Services	First lien(2) First lien(3) (11) —	6.25% (L + 5.25%/M)	7/2/2021	7.56%	_	\$ 17,587
Sarasota, FL 34240	Healthcare	Drawn First lien(3)	8.25% (P + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	7.64%	—	513
	Services	(11) — Undrawn	_	7/2/2021	_	_	
DigiCert Holdings, Inc. 2600 West Executive Parkway, Suite 500	Software	First lien(2)	6.00% (L + 5.00%/M)	10/21/2021	7.56%	_	34,748
Lehi, UT 84043 Education Management Corporation(19) 210 Sixth Avenue, 33rd Floor Pittsburgh, PA 15222							
Education Management II LLC	Education	First lien(2)	5.51% (L + 4.50%/Q)	7/2/2020	7.75%	_	130
U U	Education	First lien(3)	5.51% (L + 4.50%/Q) 8.51%	7/2/2020	7.75%	_	73
	Education	First lien(2)	(L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)* 8.51%	7/2/2020	13.44%	_	25
	Education	First lien(3)	(L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	13.44%	_	14
Education Management Corporation	Education	Preferred shares(2)	_	_	_	0.26%	, .
	Education	Preferred shares(3)	_	_	_	0.26%	
	Education	Ordinary shares(2)	_	_	_	0.19%	. 24
	Education	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	_	0.19%	<u>1</u> ،
Eiger Acquisition B.V.			0.400/				282
Eiger Co- Borrower, LLC)**	Software	First lien(2)	6.40% (L + 5.25%/Q)	2/18/2022	7.40%	_	16,392
Molengraaffsingel 33 2629 JD Delft PO Box 5066, 2600 GB Delft The Netherlands	Software	Second lien(3)	10.27% (L + 9.13%/Q)	2/17/2023	12.14%	_	29,245
The Nethenands							45,637
EN Engineering, LLC	Business Services	First lien(2)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	8.36%	_	21,054
28100 Torch Parkway	Business Services	First lien(2)	7.97% (Base + 5.56%/Q)	6/30/2021	8.38%	_	2,183
Warrenville, IL 60555							23,237
Ensemble S Merger Sub, Inc. 4375 Fair Lakes Court Fairfax, VA 22033	Software	Subordinated(3)	9.00%/S	9/30/2023	9.97%	_	2,110
Evo Payments nternational, LLC	Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/23/2024	11.69%	_	25,250
10 Glenlake Parkway	Business Services	Second lien(2)	(L + 9.00%/M) (L + 9.00%/M)	12/23/2024	11.69%	_	5,050
South Tower, Suite 950 Atlanta, GA 30328	00141069		(E · 0.00 /0/WI)	1212012024	11.03%	_	
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp.	Business Services	First lien(2)	8.38% (L + 7.25%/Q)	9/8/2022	9.81%	_	<u> </u>
2100 N Eastman Road Longview, TX 75601 First American Payment	Business		6.75%				
Systems, L.P. 100 Throckmorton Street, Suite 1800	Services	First lien(2)	(L + 5.75%/M)	1/5/2024	8.28%	_	7,202
Fort Worth, TX 76102 Harley Marine Services, Inc. 910 SW Spokane Street	Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(2)	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	12/20/2019	11.92%	_	8,640
Seattle, WA 98134 Hill International, Inc. 303 Lippincott Centre	Business Services	First lien(2)	7.75% (L + 6.75%/M)	9/28/2020	9.17%	_	41,438
Marlton, NJ 08053 ntegro Parent Inc.	Business		6.80%	1010110000			
1 State Street Plaza,	Services Business	First lien(2)	(L + 5.75%/Q) 10.29%	10/31/2022	8.39%	_	19,854
9th Floor New York, NY 10004	Services	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	10/30/2023	12.01%	_	9,849
							29,703

iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.) 222 Valley Creek Boulevard, Suite 300 Exton, PA 19341	Software Software	First lien(4) First lien(3) (11) — Undrawn	8.25% (L + 7.25%/M) —	8/4/2022 8/4/2021	9.77% —	_ _	17,730 — 17,730
							17,730
IT'SUGAR LLC 3155 SW 10th Street,	Retail	First lien(4)	11.35% (L + 10.00%/Q)	10/23/2019	13.55%	_	20,844
Sweet A Deerfield Beach, FL 33442	Retail	Warrants(3)	_	10/23/2025	_	100.00%	352
							21,196
			440				

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
Non-Controlled/Non- Affiliated Investments (continued)							(in thousands)
J.D. Power and Associates 3200 Park Center Drive, 13th Floor Costa Mesa, CA 92626	Business Services	Second lien(3)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/M)	9/7/2024	11.35%	_	\$ 7,105
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc. 1750 Foxtail Drive Loveland, CO 80538	Federal Services	First lien(2)	7.75% (L + 6.50%/M)	11/13/2017	8.59%	_	21,544
Kronos Incorporated 297 Billerica Road Chelmsford, MA 01824	Software	Second lien(2)	9.28% (L + 8.25%/Q)	11/1/2024	11.09%	_	37,220
Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC 648 Grassmere Park, Suite 300 Nashville, TN 37211	Business Services	Subordinated(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	8/31/2021	11.64%	_	7,274
Marketo, Inc. 901 Mariners Island Boulevard, Suite 500 San Mateo, CA 94404	Software Software	First lien(3) First lien(3) (11) — Undrawn	10.65% (L + 9.50%/Q) —	8/16/2021 8/16/2021	12.33% —	_	26,595 (15)
Masergy Holdings, Inc.	Business						26,580
2740 North Dallas Parkway, Suite 260 Plano, TX 75093	Services	Second lien(2)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	12/16/2024	11.19%	_	10,150
Vinistry Brands, LLC 14488 Old Stage Road Lenoir City, TN 37772	Software Software Software	First lien(3) Second lien(3) Second lien(3)	6.00% (L + 5.00%/M) 10.25% (L + 9.25%/M) 10.25% (L + 9.25%/M)	12/2/2022 6/2/2023 6/2/2023	7.33% 11.95% 11.96%	Ξ	3,007 7,782 2,144
	Software	First lien(3) (11) — Drawn First lien(3) (11) —	6.00% (L + 5.00%/M)	12/2/2022	7.33%	—	349
	Software	Undrawn	_	12/2/2022	_	_	<u>(2</u> ) 13,280
lavex Global, Inc.	Software	Second lien(3)	10.31% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	11.68%	_	12,473
6000 Meadows Road, Suite 200 Lake Oswego, OR 97035	Software	Second lien(4)	10.31% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	11.68%	_	11,450
Netsmart Inc. / Netsmart	Healthcare						23,923
Technologies, Inc. 4950 College Boulevard Overland Park, KS 66211	Information Technology	Second lien(2)	10.55% (L + 9.50%/Q)	10/19/2023	12.62%	_	14,963
hThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.) 200 North Point Center East, Suite 600 Alpharetta, GA 30022	Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	10.75% (L + 9.75%/M)	4/20/2023	12.71%	_	25,000
Pelican Products, Inc.	Business Products	Second lien(2)	9.40% (L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	10.37%	_	9,962
23215 Early Avenue Torrance, CA 90505	Business Products	Second lien(3)	9.40% (L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	10.37%	_	9,465
PetVet Care Centers LLC	Consumer						19,427
1 Gorham Island,	Services Consumer	Second lien(3)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	6/17/2021	11.84%	_	24,240
Suite 300 Westport, CT 06880	Services Consumer	Second lien(3)	10.54% (L + 9.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	12.15%	—	6,565
Proveda Unidade O ) al 1	Services	Second lien(3)	9.65% (L + 8.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	11.25%	—	<u> </u>
Pinnacle Holdco S.à.r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**	Software	First lien(2)	4.75% (L + 3.50%/Q)	7/30/2019	13.41%	_	2,470
41, Boulevard Prince Henri	Software	First lien(3)	4.75% (L + 3.50%/Q)	7/30/2019	13.41%	_	1,422
L-1724 Luxembourg	Software Software	Second lien(2) Second lien(3)	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q) 10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020 7/30/2020	11.68% 11.68%	_	17,240 <u>5,743</u> 26,875
Poseidon ntermediate, LLC 45 West 18th Street New York, NY 10011 PowerPlan	Software	Second lien(2)	9.56% (L + 8.50%/Q)	8/15/2023	11.28%	_	13,000
Holdings, Inc. 300 Galleria Parkway, Suite 2100 Atlanta, GA 30339 Project Alpha	Software	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	2/23/2023	11.69%	-	10,000
ntermediate Holding, Inc. 150 North Radnor Chester Road, Suite E- 220	Software	First lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	8/22/2022	10.88%	-	17,988
Radnor, PA 19087							

Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd** 222 Lonsdale Street Melbourne, Victoria, Australia	Media	First lien(2)	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/23/2019	9.11%	_	4,647
ProQuest LLC 789 East Eisenhower Parkway Ann Arbor, MI 48108	Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/15/2022	11.92%	_	27,020
			117				

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated							(in thousands)
nvestments (continued) QC McKissock nvestment, LLC(14) 218 Liberty Street Warren, PA 16365							
QC McKissock Investment, LLC	Education	First lien(2)	7.65% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	8.66%	_	\$ 3,074
McKissock, LLC	Education	• •	7.65%				
	Education	First lien(2) First lien(2)	(L + 6.50%/Q) 7.65% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019 8/5/2019	8.70% 8.70%	_	6,44 992
	Eddoddori	1	(2 0.00 /0, Q)	0/0/2010	011 070		10,513
Quest Software US Holdings Inc. 4 Polaris Way	Software	First lien(2)	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	10/31/2022	8.60%	_	10,128
Aliso Veijo, CA 92656 Redbox Automated Retail, LLC	Consumer		8.50%				
1 Tower Lane, Suite 900	Services	First lien(2)	(L + 7.50%/M)	9/27/2021	10.08%	_	36,619
Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181 Ryan, LLC	Business		6.75%				
Three Galleria Tower 13155 Noel Road, Suite 100 Dallas, TX 75240	Services	First lien(2)	(L + 5.75%/M)	8/7/2020	8.16%	_	21,752
Salient CRGT Inc.	Federal Services	First lien(2)	6.75% (L + 5.75%/M)	2/28/2022	8.29%	_	42,022
11921 Freedom Drive, Suite 1000 Reston, VA 20190	OCIVICES		(E · 0.7070/W)		0.2370		42,02
Severin Acquisition, LLC	Software	Second lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	11.39%		15,150
10911 White Rock Road, Suite 200	Software	Second lien(3)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	11.50%	_	14,66
Rancho Cordova, CA 95670	Software	Second lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	11.40%	_	4,19
	Software	Second lien(4)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	11.95%	_	3,30
	Software	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.15% (L + 9.00%/Q)	7/29/2022	11.70%		2,38
			10.40%			—	
	Software	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.40%	7/29/2022	11.96%	_	1,84
	Software	Second lien(4)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	11.96%	_	41,843
Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc.	Energy	First lien(2)	12.25%/S(10)	12/15/2018	_	_	14,882
777 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 400	Energy	First lien(3)	12.25%/S(10)	12/15/2018	_	_	1,58
Houston, TX 77056	Energy	First lien(3)	9.00% (L + 8.00%/M)	6/13/2017	16.11%		2,20
	Lifergy		(E + 0.00 /0/W)	0/13/2011	10.11%	_	18,670
Solera LLC / Solera Finance, Inc. 1301 Solana Boulevard, Building #2, Suite 2100 Westlake, TX 76262	Software	Subordinated(3)	10.50%/S	3/1/2024	11.96%	_	5,73
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. Global Defense Technology &	Federal		9.00%				
Systems, Inc.) 2121 Cooperative Way, Suite 400	Services	First lien(2)	(L + 7.50%/Q)	4/21/2017	9.94%	_	6,39
Herndon, VA 20171 SW Holdings, LLC	Business	-	9.75%				
1900 Avenue of the Stars Los Angeles, CA 90067	Services	Second lien(4)	(L + 8.75%/M)	12/30/2021	11.35%	_	14,26
Fenawa Resource Holdings LLC(13) 333 Clay Street, Suite 4060 Houston, TX 77002							
Fenawa Resource Management LLC	Energy	First lien(3)	10.50% (Base + 8.00%/Q)	5/12/2019	11.06%	_	39,820
QID NGL LLC	Energy	Ordinary shares(7)	_	_	_	4.77%	
FIBCO Software Inc.			5.50%				44,748
3303 Hillview Avenue Palo Alto, CA 94304	Software Software	First lien(2) Subordinated(3)	(L + 4.50%/M) 11.38%/S	12/4/2020 12/1/2021	7.58% 12.54%	_	29,745 16,650
Franstar Holding Compony			13 75%				46,39
Transtar Holding Company	Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(3)	13.75% (P + 9.75%/Q) (10) 13.75%	10/9/2019	_	_	2,030
7350 Young Drive	Distribution &	Cocond Har (0)	(P + 9.75%/Q)	10/0/2010			4 50
Cleveland, OH 44146	Logistics	Second lien(2)	(10)	10/9/2019	—	—	1,59
							3,62

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
Non-Controlled/Non-							(in thousands)
Affiliated Investments continued) IWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15) 7631 East Indian School Road Scottsdale, AZ 85251							
Diamondback Drugs of Delaware, L.L.C.							
TWDiamondback II Holdings LLC)	Distribution & Logistics Distribution &	First lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	10.86%	_	\$ 19,895
	Logistics Distribution &	First lien(3)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	10.86%	_	2,158
WDiamondhook Holdingo	Logistics	First lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	10.86%	_	605
WDiamondback Holdings Corp.	Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares(4)	-	-	_	5.38%	2,66
W-NHME Holdings Corp. 20) 7451 Airport Freeway Richland Hills, TX 76118							
National HME, Inc.	Healthcare Services Healthcare	Second lien(4)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	12.00%	_	21,500
	Services	Second lien(3)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	12.00%	_	5,800
TW-NHME Holdings Corp.	Healthcare Services Healthcare	Preferred shares(4) Preferred	_	_	_	1.77%	1,888
	Services Healthcare	shares(4) Preferred	_	—	_	0.28%	29
	Services	shares(4)	_	—	_	0.11%	11 29,60
alet Waste Holdings, Inc.	Business Services	First lien(2)	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/24/2021	9.51%	_	29,55
100 South Ashley Drive, Suite 700 Tampa, FL 33602	Business Services	First lien(3) (11) — Drawn	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/24/2021	9.59%	_	2,25
rampa, r E 00002	Business Services	First lien(3) (11) — Undrawn	_	9/24/2021	_	_	
(anaara Ina (fka Tha SI	Fodorol						31,80
/encore, Inc. (fka The SI Drganization Inc.) 15052 Conference Center Drive Chantilly, VA 20151	Federal Services	Second lien(3)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	5/23/2020	11.64%	_	4,03
/etCor Professional Practices LLC 350 Lincoln Place	Consumer Services Consumer	First lien(4)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	8.43%	_	19,25
	Services	First lien(2)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	8.43%	_	7,77
Hingham, MA 02043	Consumer Services	First lien(4)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	8.37%	_	2,67
	Consumer Services		, , ,	4/20/2021	8.71%		
	Consumer	First lien(2)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)			_	1,64
	Services Consumer	First lien(4) First lien(3)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	8.69%	_	49
	Services Consumer	(11) — Drawn First lien(3) (11) —	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	8.74%	_	60
	Services	Ùndrawn First lien(3)	_	2/24/2019	_	—	-
	Services	(11) — Undrawn	-	4/20/2021	_	_	
F Holding Corp. 11724 NE 195th Street Bothell, WA 98011	Software	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	6/28/2024	11.78%	_	5,10
/ision Solutions, Inc. 15300 Barranca Parkway Irvine, CA 92618	Software	First lien(2)	7.64% (L + 6.50%/Q)	6/16/2022	8.99%	_	19,71
VD Wolverine Ioldings, LLC 500 Eagles Landing Drive Lakeland, FL 33810	Healthcare Services	First lien(2)	6.65% (L + 5.50%/Q)	8/16/2022	8.51%	_	9,65
Veston Solutions, Inc.	Business	First lise (0)	10 60% // 0 50% // *	10/04/0000	44.0004		04.00
1400 Weston Way	Services Business Services	First lien(2) First lien(3) (11) —	10.50% (L + 9.50%/M) —	12/31/2020 12/31/2020	11.83% —	_	34,28
West Chester, PA 19380		Ündrawn					34,28
York Risk Services Holding Corp. 99 Cherry Hill Road,	Business Services	Subordinated(3)	8.50%/S	10/1/2022	8.77%	-	2,82
Suite 102 Parsippany, NJ 07054 /P Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC(12) 2247 Northlake Parkway							

Media Holdings LLC(12) 2247 Northlake Parkway

Tucker, GA 30084

YP LLC / Print Media LLC	Media	First lien(2)	12.25% (L + 11.00%/M)	6/4/2018	13.40%		13,757
YP Equity Investors, LLC	Media	Warrants(5)		5/8/2022	—	4.96%	2,653
YP Holdings LLC		Preferred					
	Media	shares(5)	—	—	19.27%	1.00%	313
	Media	Membership Interest(5)	_	_		0.16%	
Print Media Holdings LLC	Would	Membership				0.1070	
	Media	Interest(5)	_	—	_	0.16%	
							16,723
			440				

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
							(in thousands)
Non-Controlled/Non- Affiliated Investments (continued)							
Zywave, Inc. 10100 Innovation Drive,	Software	Second lien(4) First lien(3)	10.04% (L + 9.00%/Q)	11/17/2023	11.70%	_	\$ 10,918
Suite 300 Milwaukee, WI 53226	Software	(11) — Undrawn	_	11/17/2022	—	—	(15)
Total Non-							10,903
Controlled/Non- Affiliated Investments Non-							<u>\$                                    </u>
Controlled/Affiliated Investments(22)							
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(16) 5600 West 83rd Street,	Education	Subordinated(3)	8.50% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	8.82%	_	\$ 4,213
8200 Tower, Suite 300 Bloomington, MN 55437	Education Education	Subordinated(2) Subordinated(3)	10.00% PIK/Q* 10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020 6/9/2020	10.38% 10.38%	_	13,416 3,300
	Education	Ordinary shares(3)	—	—	—	19.15%	1,466
	Education	Ordinary shares(2)	_	_	_	19.15%	1,267
Edmentum, Inc. (fka Plato, Inc.) (Archipelago Learning, Inc.)	Education	Second lien(3) (11) — Drawn Second lien(3)	5.00%/M	6/9/2020	5.09%	_	3,050
	Education	(11) — Undrawn	_	6/9/2020	_	_	
HI Technology Corp.	Business	Desferred			44 700/	07.000/	
250 Williams Street Atlanta, GA 30303	Services Business	Preferred shares(3)(21)	_	_	14.70%	37.20%	105,155
	Services	Warrants(3)	_	5/1/2017	—	100.00%	 105,155
NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC** 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor New York, NY 10019	Investment Fund	Membership interest(3)	_	_	12.55%	24.73%	23,000
Permian Holdco 2, Inc.	Energy	Subordinated(3)	14.00% PIK/Q*	10/15/2021	10.38%	_	1,810
2701 West Interstate 20 Odessa, TX 79766	Energy	Subordinated(3) (11) — Undrawn	-	10/15/2021	_	_	_
Permian Holdco 1, Inc.	Energy	Preferred shares(3)(17)	_	_	19.15%	13.66%	7,898
	Energy	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	_	13.66%	1,638
T - 4 - 1 M							11,346
Total Non- Controlled/Affiliated Investments							\$ 166,213
Controlled Investments(23)							
NM APP Canada Corp.** 2200 HSBC Building 885 West Georgia Street Vancouver, BC V6C 3E8, Canada	Net Lease	Membership interest(8)	_	_	_	100.00%	\$ 7,345
NM APP US LLC 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor	Net Lease	Membership interest(8)	-	_	_	100.00%	5,080
New York, NY 10019 NM DRVT LLC 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor	Net Lease	Membership interest(8)	-	—	-	100.00%	5,152
New York, NY 10019 NM JRA LLC 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor	Net Lease	Membership interest(8)	-	_	_	100.00%	2,043
New York, NY 10019 NM KRLN LLC 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor	Net Lease	Membership interest(8)	-	_	_	100.00%	7,510
New York, NY 10019 NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC** 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor New York, NY 10019	Investment Fund	Membership interest(3)	-	_	13.65%	79.40%	79,400

Name / Address of Portfolio Company(1)	Industry	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Yield to Maturity At Cost(24)	Percent of Class Held(25)	Fair Value
Controlled Investments (continued) UniTek Global	Business						(in thousands)
Services, Inc. Gwynedd Hall	Services Business	First lien(2)	9.65% (L + 8.50%/Q) 11.23%	1/13/2019	10.42%	_	\$ 10,878
1777 Sentry Parkway West, Suite 302	Services Business	First lien(2)	(Base + 6.65% + 1.00% PIK/Q)*	1/13/2019	10.42%	_	4,814
Blue Bell, PA	Services Business	Subordinated(2)	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019	15.87%	—	1,792
19422	Services Business	Subordinated(3) First lien(3)	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019	15.87%	_	1,072
	Services Business	(11) — Undrawn First lien(3)	_	1/13/2019	—	—	—
	Services Business	(11) — Undrawn Preferred	_	1/13/2019	—	—	—
	Services Business	shares(2)(18) Preferred	_	—	20.83%	26.76%	18,841
	Services Business	shares(3)(18) Ordinary	—	—	20.83%	26.76%	5,207
	Services Business	shares(2) Ordinary	—	—	—	26.76%	10,355
	Services	shares(3)	_		_	26.76%	<u>2,862</u> <u>55,821</u>
Total Controlled Investments							\$ 162,351
Total Investments							\$ 1,786,895

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(1) We generally acquires investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act. These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.

(2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among us as Collateral Manager, NMF Holdings as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian.

(3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the NMFC Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among us as the Borrower and Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders.

- <sup>(4)</sup> Investment is held in New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P.
- (5) Investment is held in NMF YP Holdings, Inc.
- (6) Investment is held in NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(7)</sup> Investment is held in NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc.
- (8) Investment is held in New Mountain Net Lease Corporation.
- (9) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base) and which resets monthly (M), quarterly (Q), semi-annually (S) or annually (A). For each investment the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of March 31, 2017.
- <sup>(10)</sup> Investment or a portion of the investment is on non-accrual status.
- (11) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities or delayed draws. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers or delayed draws.
- (12) We hold investments in three related entities of YP Holdings LLC/Print Media Holdings LLC. We hold preferred equity and membership interests in YP Holdings LLC and membership interests in Print Media Holdings LLC. The preferred equity is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 18.0% per annum payable in additional shares. In addition, we directly hold warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and hold an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC and Print Media LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of YP Holdings LLC and Print Media Holdings LLC, respectively.
- (13) We hold investments in two related entities of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC. We hold 4.77% of the common units in QID NGL LLC (which at closing represented 98.1% of the ownership in the common units in Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC) and hold a first lien investment in Tenawa Resource Management LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC.
- (14) We hold investments in QC McKissock Investment, LLC and one related entity of QC McKissock, LLC. We hold a first lien term loan in QC McKissock Investment, LLC (which at closing represented 71.1% of the ownership in the Series A common units of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC) and hold a first lien term loan and a delayed draw term loan in McKissock, LLC, which is wholly-owned subsidiary of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC.
- (15) We hold investments in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and one related entity of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. We hold preferred equity in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and hold a first lien last out term loan and a delayed draw term loan in Diamondback Drugs of Delaware LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.
- (16) We hold investments in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and its related entities. We hold subordinated notes and ordinary equity in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and hold a second lien revolver in Edmentum, Inc. and Archipelago Learning, Inc., which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC.
- (17) We hold preferred equity in Permian Holdco 1, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 12.0% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (18) We hold preferred equity in UniTek Global Services, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 13.5% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (19) We hold investments in Education Management Corporation and one related entity of Education Management Corporation. We hold series A-1 convertible preferred stock and common stock in Education Management Corporation and hold a tranche A first lien term loan and a tranche B first lien term loan in Education Management II LLC, which is an indirect subsidiary of Education Management Corporation.
- (20) We hold equity investments in TW-NHME Holdings Corp., as well as a second lien term loan investment in National HME, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TW-NHME Holdings Corp.
- <sup>(21)</sup> We hold convertible preferred equity in HI Technology Corp that is accruing dividends at a rate of 15.0% per annum.

(22) Denotes investments in which we are an "Affiliated Person", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 5.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the company.

(23) Denotes investments in which we are in "Control", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment.

- (24) Assumes that all investments not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's respective end date.
- (25) Percent of class held is presented only for equity positions and represents only our share of that investment. It is not calculated on a fully-diluted basis.
- \* All or a portion of interest contains PIK interest.
- \*\* Indicates assets that we deem to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of our total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. As of March 31, 2017, 11.8% of our total assets were non-qualifying assets.

Set forth below is a brief description of each portfolio company in which we have made an investment that represents greater than 5.0% of our total assets as of March 31, 2017:

HI Technology Corp. is a business services company that operates in the payment solutions sector. It is a market leader and partners with hundreds of companies both domestically and abroad. The company is driven by technology and controls numerous patents.

## MANAGEMENT

# **Board of Directors and Executive Officers**

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our board of directors. Our board of directors appoints our officers, who serve at the discretion of our board of directors. Our board of directors has an audit committee, a nominating and corporate governance committee, a valuation committee and a compensation committee and may establish additional committees from time to time as necessary.

Our board of directors consists of seven members, four of whom are classified under applicable NYSE listing standards as "independent" directors and under Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act as non-interested persons. Pursuant to our governing documents, our directors are divided into three classes. Each class of directors will hold office for a three-year term. At each annual meeting of our stockholders, the successors to the class of directors whose terms expire at such meeting will be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election. Each director will hold office for the term to which he or she is elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualifies. Our governing documents also give our board of directors sole authority to appoint directors to fill vacancies that are created either through an increase in the number of directors or due to the resignation, removal or death of any director.

### Directors

Information regarding our board of directors is set forth below. The directors have been divided into two groups — independent directors and interested directors. Interested directors are "interested persons" of NMFC as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. The address for each director is c/o New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

Name	Age	Position	Director Since	Expiration of Term
Independent Directors				
David Ogens	63	Director	2010	2018
Alfred F. Hurley, Jr.	62	Director	2010	2019
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	66	Director	2010	2020
Rome G. Arnold III	61	Director	2017	2020
Interested Directors				
Steven B. Klinsky	61	Chairman of the board of directors	2010	2020
Robert A. Hamwee	47	Chief Executive Officer and Director	2010	2019
Adam B. Weinstein	38	Executive Vice President, Chief Administrative Officer and Director	2012	2018

# **Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors**

Information regarding our executive officers who are not directors is set forth below.

Name	Age	Position
Karrie J. Jerry	42	Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary
Shiraz Y. Kajee	37	Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
John R. Kline	41	President and Chief Operating Officer

The address for each executive officer is c/o New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

### **Biographical Information**

# Directors

Each of our directors has demonstrated high character and integrity, superior credentials and recognition in his respective field and the relevant expertise and experience upon which to be able to offer advice and guidance to our management. Each of our directors also has sufficient time available to devote to our affairs, is able to work with the other members of the board of directors and contribute to our success and can represent the long-term interests of our stockholders as a whole. We have selected our current directors to provide a range of backgrounds and experience to our board of directors. Set forth below is biographical information for each director, including a discussion of the director's particular experience, qualifications, attributes or skills that led us to conclude, as of the date of this prospectus, that the individual should serve as a director, in light of our business and structure.

### Independent Directors

David Ogens has been a director of NMFC since November 2010. Mr. Ogens has served as the President and a Director of Med Inc. since 2011, a company that provides complex rehabilitation services to patients with serious muscular/neuro diseases. Previously, Mr. Ogens served as Senior Managing Director and Head of Investment Banking at Leerink Swann LLC, a specialized healthcare investment bank focused on emerging growth healthcare companies, from 2005 to 2009. Prior to serving at Leerink Swann LLC, Mr. Ogens was Chairman and Co-Founder of SCS Financial Services, LLC, a private wealth management firm. Before co-founding SCS Financial Services, LLC in 2002, Mr. Ogens was a Managing Director in the Investment Banking Division of Goldman, Sachs & Co, where he served as a senior investment banker and a head of the High Technology Investment Banking Group. Mr. Ogens received his Bachelor of Arts ("B.A." or "A.B.") and Master of Business Administration ("M.B.A.") from the University of Virginia.

Mr. Ogens brings his experience in wealth management and investment banking, including experience with debt issuances, as well as industry-specific expertise in the healthcare industry to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Ogens well to serve as our director.

*Kurt J. Wolfgruber* has been a director of NMFC since November 2010, and is currently a private investor. Mr. Wolfgruber served as President of OppenheimerFunds, Inc., an investment management company, from March 2007 until his departure in May of 2009, during which time he was responsible for OppenheimerFunds, Inc.'s Retail and Wealth Management business units. During such period, Mr. Wolfgruber also served as Chief Investment Officer, overseeing the direction of OppenheimerFunds, Inc.'s investment organization and directing the underlying investment process. Mr. Wolfgruber joined OppenheimerFunds, Inc. in April 2000 as Senior Investment Officer and Director of Domestic Equities, in which position he was responsible for the investment process of the assets managed by OppenheimerFunds, Inc. 's Domestic Equity Portfolio teams. In 2003, Mr. Wolfgruber was named Executive Vice President and Chief Investment Officer of OppenheimerFunds, Inc. with oversight responsibilities for all investment functions including equity and fixed income research and portfolio management, trading and risk management. Prior to joining OppenheimerFunds, Inc., Mr. Wolfgruber spent 26 years at JPMorgan Investment Management in various research, portfolio management and management leadership roles. He has served as a Trustee to Exchange Traded Concepts since 2012. Mr. Wolfgruber received his B.A. in Economics from Ithaca College and his M.B.A. from the University of Virginia. He is also a Chartered Financial Analyst.

Mr. Wolfgruber brings experience in portfolio management and his abilities as a chartered financial analyst to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Wolfgruber well to serve as our director.



Alfred F. Hurley, Jr. has been a director of NMFC since November 2010. He was a Vice Chairman of Emigrant Bank and Emigrant Bancorp (collectively, the "Bank") from 2007 and 2009, respectively, to December 2012 and was a consultant to the Bank during 2013. His responsibilities at the Bank included advising the Bank's CEO on acquisitions and divestitures, asset/liability management, and new products. In addition, he was the Chairman of the Bank's Credit and Risk Management Committee from 2008 to 2012 and the Bank's acting Chief Risk Officer until January 2012. Before joining the Bank, Mr. Hurley was the Chief Executive Officer of M. Safra & Co., a private money management firm, from 2004 to 2007. Prior to joining M. Safra & Co., Mr. Hurley worked at Merrill Lynch ("ML") from 1976 to 2004. His most recent management positions included serving as Senior Vice President of ML & Co. and Head of Global Private Equity Investing, Managing Director and Head of Japan Investment Banking and Capital Markets, Managing Director and Co-Head of the Global Manufacturing and Services Group, and Managing Director and Head of the Global Automotive Aerospace and Transportation Group. As part of the management duties described above, he was a member of the Corporate and Institutional Client Group ("CICG") Executive Committee, and a member of the Global Investment Banking Management and Operating Group Committees. Mr. Hurley is also a member of the board of directors of Merrill Corporation, which is a privately held company that provides outsourced solutions for complex, regulated and confidential business information, where he serves as Chairman of the Compensation and Governance and Human Resources Committee and as a member of the Audit Committee. Since June 2016, Mr. Hurley has served as a member of the board of directors of Amaya, Inc., a publicly listed technology gaming company. Since February 2014, Mr. Hurley is the sole member of a consulting business, Alfred F. Hurley, Jr. & Company, LLC. Mr. Hurley graduated from Princeton Un

Mr. Hurley brings his experience in risk management as well as his experience in the banking and money management industries to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Hurley well to serve as our director.

Rome G. Arnold III has been a director of NMFC since March 2017. Since January 2017, Mr. Arnold has served as a Senior Advisor at Rose and Co., a financial-technology startup company with a focus on digital media. From January 2012 through August 2016, Mr. Arnold was a Managing Director at UBS Securities in their Energy Group, serving as the Head of Oil Field Services. In addition, Mr. Arnold currently serves as a director of Forbes Energy Services Ltd., an independent oilfield services contractor. Mr. Arnold received his B.A., cum laude, in Psychology and History of Art from Yale College. He received his M.B.A. from Harvard Business School, with High Distinction (Baker Scholar).

Mr. Arnold brings his vast experience in investment banking and energy focus to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Arnold well to serve as our director.

## Interested Directors

Steven B. Klinsky has served as Chairman of the board of directors of NMFC since July 2010. Mr. Klinsky is the Founder of New Mountain Capital and has served as New Mountain Capital's Chief Executive Officer since its inception in 1999. Prior to 1999, Mr. Klinsky served as a General Partner and an Associate Partner with Forstmann Little & Co. and co-founded Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leveraged Buyout Group. He currently serves on the board of directors of Gary Klinsky Children Centers, American Investment Council, Victory Education Partners, Avantor Performance Materials Holdings, Inc. and IRI Group Holdings, Inc. Mr. Klinsky received his B.A. in Economics and Political Philosophy from the University of Michigan. He received his M.B.A. from Harvard Business School and his J.D. from Harvard Law School.

From his experience as an executive or director of public and private companies of financial advisory and private equity companies, Mr. Klinsky brings broad financial advisory and investment management expertise to the board of directors. Mr. Klinsky's intimate knowledge of our business and operations, as a Managing Director, Founder and Chief Executive Officer of New Mountain Capital and his experience as a board member or chairman of other publicly-held companies, positions him well to serve as the chairman of our board of directors.

Robert A. Hamwee has served on the board of directors of NMFC since July 2010. Mr. Hamwee has served as NMFC's Chief Executive Officer since July 2010. Mr. Hamwee has also served as a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital since 2008. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital, Mr. Hamwee served as a Senior Executive of GSC Group Inc. ("GSC"), a leading institutional investment manager of alternative assets, where he had day-to-day responsibility for managing GSC's control distressed debt funds from 1999 to 2008. Prior to 1999, Mr. Hamwee held various positions at Greenwich Street Capital Partners, the predecessor to GSC, and with The Blackstone Group. Mr. Hamwee has chaired numerous Creditor Committees and Bank Steering Groups, and was formerly a director of a number of public and private companies, including Envirosource, Purina Mills, and Viasystems. Mr. Hamwee currently serves on the board of Edmentum, Inc., an NMFC portfolio company. Additionally, Mr. Hamwee is the founder, majority stockholder and serves on the board of more thanks. Mr. Hamwee received his Bachelor of Business Administration ("B.B.A.") in Finance and Accounting from the University of Michigan.

Mr. Hamwee's depth of experience in managerial operational positions in investment management and financial services and as a member of other corporate boards of directors, as well as his intimate knowledge of our business and operations, provides our board of directors valuable industry- and company-specific knowledge and expertise.

Adam B. Weinstein has served on the board of directors of NMFC since July 2012. Mr. Weinstein has served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer since January 2013 and previously served as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer from July 2010. Mr. Weinstein also serves as a Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer of New Mountain Capital and has been in various roles since joining in 2005. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2005, Mr. Weinstein was a Manager at Deloitte & Touche LLP and worked in that firm's merger and acquisition and private equity investor services areas. He also currently serves as a director of Bellerophon Therapeutics Inc., Great Oaks Foundation and Victory Education Partners. Mr. Weinstein sits on a number of boards of directors for professional and non-profit organizations. Mr. Weinstein received his B.S. from Binghamton University, is a member of the AICPA and is a New York State Certified Public Accountant.

Mr. Weinstein brings his industry-specific expertise and background in accounting to our board of directors. This background positions Mr. Weinstein well to serve as our director.

## **Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors**

Karrie J. Jerry has served as Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") and Corporate Secretary of NMFC since June 2015. Ms. Jerry joined NMFC in 2011 and served as NMFC's Compliance Vice President and Assistant Corporate Secretary prior to her appointment as CCO. From 2005 until 2011, Ms. Jerry served as a Compliance Associate and Assistant Corporate Secretary at Apollo Investment Corporation ("Apollo"), a publicly traded business development company. While at Apollo, Ms. Jerry also served in compliance and corporate governance oversight roles of Apollo's other publicly listed funds, which included a real estate investment trust and one other closed-end fund. Ms. Jerry received a B.S. degree in Paralegal Studies from Boston University.

Shiraz Y. Kajee has served as Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of NMFC since December 2015. Prior to joining NMFC, Mr. Kajee was the Head of U.S. Finance at Man Investments from 2012 to 2015, where he was responsible for the accounting, tax and treasury functions for the U.S. operations of Man Group plc, a United Kingdom based alternative asset manager. From 2010 to 2012, Mr. Kajee was a Vice President of Private Wealth Finance at Goldman, Sachs & Co. and from 2006 to 2010 was a Senior Vice President of Corporate Loans Finance at Citigroup Inc. Mr. Kajee began his career at Ernst & Young LLP within their Financial Services Office Assurance practice. Mr. Kajee received both his Master of Science ("M.S.") in Accounting and a Bachelor of Business Administration ("B.B.A.") in Finance from Baruch College — City University of New York. He is a New York State Certified Public Accountant and a Chartered Global Management Accountant.

John R. Kline has served as NMFC's President since July 2016 and Chief Operating Officer since January 2013. Mr. Kline also serves as a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2008, he worked at GSC Group Inc. from 2001 to 2008 as an investment analyst and trader for GSC Group Inc.'s control distressed and corporate credit funds. From 1999 to 2001, Mr. Kline was with Goldman, Sachs & Co. where he worked in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group. He currently serves as a director of UniTek Global Services, Inc., an NMFC portfolio company. Mr. Kline received an A.B. degree in History from Dartmouth College.

### **Board Leadership Structure**

Our board of directors monitors and performs an oversight role with respect to our business and affairs, compliance with regulatory requirements and the services, expenses and performance of our service providers. Among other things, our board of directors approves the appointment of the Administrator and officers, reviews and monitors the services and activities performed by the Administrator and officers and approves the engagement, and reviews the performance of, our independent public accounting firm.

Under our bylaws, our board of directors may designate a chairman to preside over the meetings of the board of directors and meetings of the stockholders and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to the chairman by the board of directors. We do not have a fixed policy as to whether the chairman of the board of directors should be an independent director and believe that we should maintain the flexibility to select the chairman and reorganize the leadership structure, from time to time, based on the criteria that is in our best interests and our stockholders at such times.

Mr. Klinsky currently serves as the chairman of our board of directors. Mr. Klinsky is an "interested person" of NMFC as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act because he is the Founder and Chief Executive Officer of New Mountain Capital, serves on the investment committee of the Investment Adviser and is the managing member of the sole member of the Investment Adviser. We believe that Mr. Klinsky's history with New Mountain Capital, familiarity with our investment objectives and investment strategy, and extensive knowledge of the financial services industry and the investment valuation process in particular qualify him to serve as the chairman of our board of directors. We believe that, at present, we are best served through this leadership structure, as Mr. Klinsky's relationship with the Investment Adviser and New Mountain Capital, provides an effective bridge and encourages an open dialogue between our management and our board of directors, ensuring that all groups act with a common purpose.

Our board of directors does not currently have a designated lead independent director. We are aware of the potential conflicts that may arise when a nonindependent director is chairman of the board of directors, but believe these potential conflicts are offset by our strong corporate governance policies. Our corporate governance policies include regular meetings of the independent directors in executive session without the presence of interested directors and

management over which the chairman of the audit committee presides, the establishment of audit, valuation, nominating and corporate governance and compensation committees comprised solely of independent directors and the appointment of a chief compliance officer, with whom the independent directors meet regularly without the presence of interested directors and other members of management, for administering our compliance policies and procedures.

We recognize that different board leadership structures are appropriate for companies in different situations. We intend to continue to re-examine our corporate governance policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that they continue to meet our needs.

# Board of Directors' Role In Risk Oversight

Our board of directors performs its risk oversight function primarily through (1) its four standing committees which report to the board of directors, each of which is comprised solely of independent directors and (2) active monitoring by our chief compliance officer and our compliance policies and procedures.

Our audit committee, valuation committee, nominating and corporate governance committee and compensation committee assist our board of directors in fulfilling its risk oversight responsibilities. The audit committee's risk oversight responsibilities include overseeing our accounting and financial reporting processes, our systems of internal controls regarding finance and accounting, and audits of our financial statements, including the independence of our independent auditors. The valuation committee is responsible for making recommendations in accordance with the valuation policies and procedures adopted by our board of directors, reviewing valuations and any reports of independent valuation firms, confirming that valuations are made in accordance with the valuation policies of our board of directors and reporting any deficiencies or violations of such valuation policies to our board of directors on at least a quarterly basis, and reviewing other matters that our board of directors or the valuation committee deems appropriate. The nominating and corporate governance committee's risk oversight responsibilities include selecting, researching and nominating directors for election by our stockholders, developing and recommending to the board of directors a set of corporate governance principles and overseeing the evaluation of the board of directors and our management. The compensation committee is responsible for periodically reviewing director compensation and recommending any appropriate changes to our board of directors regarding their compensation and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding their compensation and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding their compensation and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding their compensation.

Our board of directors performs its risk oversight responsibilities with the assistance of our chief compliance officer. The board of directors quarterly reviews a written report from the chief compliance officer discussing the adequacy and effectiveness of our compliance policies and procedures and our service providers. The chief compliance officer's quarterly report addresses at a minimum:

- the operation of our compliance policies and procedures and our service providers since the last report;
- any material changes to these policies and procedures since the last report;
- any recommendations for material changes to these policies and procedures as a result of the chief compliance officer's review; and
- any compliance matter that has occurred since the date of the last report about which the board of directors would reasonably need to know to
  oversee our compliance activities and risks.

In addition, the chief compliance officer meets separately in executive session with the independent directors at least once each year.

We believe that our board of directors' role in risk oversight is effective, and appropriate given the extensive regulation to which we are subject as a BDC. We are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements that control the levels of risk in our business and operations. For example, our ability to incur indebtedness is limited because our asset coverage must equal at least 200.0% immediately after we incur indebtedness. On November 5, 2014, we received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit us to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures of SBIC LP from our 200.0% asset coverage test under the 1940 Act. As such, our ratio of total consolidated assets to outstanding indebtedness may be less than 200.0%. This provides us with increased investment flexibility but also increases our risks related to leverage. We generally have to invest at least 70.0% of our total assets in "qualifying assets" and are not generally permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which one of our affiliates currently has an investment.

We recognize that different board of director roles in risk oversight are appropriate for companies in different situations. We intend to continue to reexamine the manner in which our board of directors administers its oversight function on an ongoing basis to ensure that its continues to meet our needs.

# **Committees of the Board of Directors**

Our board of directors has established an audit committee, a nominating and corporate governance committee, a compensation committee and a valuation committee. The members of each committee have been appointed by our board of directors and serve until their respective successor is elected and qualifies, unless they are removed or resign. During 2016, our board of directors held eight board of directors meetings, four audit committee meetings, two nominating and corporate governance committee meetings, two compensation committee meetings and eight valuation committee meetings. All directors attended at least 75.0% of the aggregate number of meetings of the board of directors and of the respective committees on which they serve. We require each director to make a diligent effort to attend all board and committee meetings as well as each annual meeting of our stockholders.

## Audit Committee

The audit committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at *www.newmountainfinance.com*. The charter sets forth the responsibilities of the audit committee. The audit committee is responsible for recommending the selection of, engagement of and discharge of our independent auditors, reviewing the plans, scope and results of the audit engagement with the independent auditors, approving professional services provided by the independent auditors (including compensation therefore), reviewing the independence of the independent auditors and reviewing the adequacy of our internal controls over financial reporting. The members of the audit committee are Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David Ogens, Rome G. Arnold III and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. Kurt J. Wolfgruber are "audit committee financial experts" as that term is defined under Item 407 of Regulation S-K, as promulgated under the Exchange Act, and that each of them meets the current independence and experience requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act.

### Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The nominating and corporate governance committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at *www.newmountainfinance.com*. The charter sets forth the responsibilities of the nominating and corporate governance committee. The nominating and corporate governance committee is responsible for determining criteria for service on the board of directors, identifying, researching and nominating directors for election by our stockholders, selecting nominees to fill vacancies on our board of directors or committees of the board of directors, developing and recommending to the board of directors a set of corporate governance principles and overseeing the self-evaluation of the board of directors and its committees and evaluation of our management. The nominating and corporate governance committee are Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David Ogens, Rome G. Arnold III and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. Alfred F. Hurley, Jr. serves as the chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee.

The nominating and corporate governance committee seeks candidates who possess the background, skills and expertise to make a significant contribution to the board of directors, us and our stockholders. In considering possible candidates for election as a director, the nominating and corporate governance committee takes into account, in addition to such other factors as they deem relevant, the desirability of selecting directors who:

- are of high character and integrity;
- are accomplished in their respective fields, with superior credentials and recognition;
- have relevant expertise and experience upon which to be able to offer advice and guidance to management;
- have sufficient time available to devote to our affairs;
- are able to work with the other members of the board of directors and contribute to our success;
- can represent the long-term interests of our stockholders as a whole; and
- are selected such that the board of directors represent a range of backgrounds and experience.

The nominating and corporate governance committee has not adopted formal policies with regard to the consideration of diversity in identifying director nominees. In determining whether to recommend a director nominee, the nominating and corporate governance committee considers and discusses diversity, among other factors, with a view toward the needs of the board of directors as a whole. The nominating and corporate governance committee generally conceptualizes diversity expansively to include, without limitation, concepts such as race, gender, national origin, differences of viewpoint, professional experience, education, skill and other qualities that contribute to the board of directors, when identifying and recommending director nominees. The nominating and corporate governance committee believes that the inclusion of diversity as one of many factors considered in selecting director nominees is consistent with the nominating and corporate governance committee's goal of creating a board of directors that best serves our needs and the interest of our stockholders.

#### **Compensation Committee**

The compensation committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at *www.newmountainfinance.com*. The charter sets forth the responsibilities of the compensation committee. The compensation committee is responsible for periodically reviewing director compensation and recommending any appropriate changes to the board of directors. In addition, although we do not directly compensate our executive officers currently, to the extent that we do so in the future, the compensation committee would also be responsible for reviewing and evaluating their compensation and making recommendations to the board of directors regarding their compensation. The compensation committee is also responsible for annually reviewing and recommending for approval to our board of directors an investment advisory and management agreement and an administration agreement. Lastly, the compensation committee would produce a report on our executive compensation practices and policies for inclusion in our proxy statement if required by applicable proxy rules and regulations and, if applicable, make recommendations to the board of directors on our executive compensation consultants, although it does not currently do so, and to delegate its duties and responsibilities to a member or to a subcommittee of the compensation committee. The compensation committee is composed of Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David Ogens, Rome G. Arnold III and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. Alfred F. Hurley, Jr. serves as chairman of the compensation committee.

### Valuation Committee

The valuation committee operates pursuant to a charter approved by our board of directors, a copy of which is available on our website at *www.newmountainfinance.com*. The charter set forth the responsibilities of the valuation committee. The valuation committee is responsible for making recommendations in accordance with the valuation policies and procedures adopted by our board of directors, reviewing valuations and any reports of independent valuation firms, confirming that valuations are made in accordance with the valuation policies of our board of directors and reporting any deficiencies or violations of such valuation policies to our board of directors on at least a quarterly basis, and reviewing other matters that our board of directors or the valuation committee deems appropriate. The valuation committee is composed of Alfred F. Hurley, Jr., David Ogens, Rome G. Arnold III and Kurt J. Wolfgruber, each of whom is not an interested person of NMFC for purposes of the 1940 Act and is independent for purposes of the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards. David Ogens serves as chairman of the valuation committee.

### **Compensation of Directors**

The following table sets forth the compensation of our directors for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Name	Fees Paid in Cash <sup>(1)</sup>	All Other Compensation <sup>(2)</sup>	Total
Interested Directors			
Steven B. Klinsky	—	—	_
Robert A. Hamwee	—	—	
Adam B. Weinstein	—	—	_
Independent Directors			
David Ogens	\$ 120,542	—	\$ 120,542
Alfred F. Hurley, Jr.	\$ 111,185	—	\$ 111,185
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	\$ 116,685	—	\$ 116,685
Rome G. Arnold III <sup>(3)</sup>	_		_
David R. Malpass <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 109,108	-	\$ 109,108

(1) For a discussion of the independent directors' compensation, see below.

<sup>(2)</sup> We do not maintain a stock or option plan, non-equity incentive plan or pension plan for our directors.

<sup>(3)</sup> Mr. Arnold joined the board of directors as of March 13, 2017.

<sup>(4)</sup> Mr. Malpass resigned from the board of directors as of March 13, 2017.

Our independent directors receive an annual retainer fee of \$95,000 and further receive a fee of \$2,500 for each regularly scheduled board of directors meeting and a fee of \$1,000 for each special board of directors meeting as well as reimbursement of reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each board of directors meeting. In addition, the chairman of the audit committee receives an annual retainer of \$7,500, while the chairman of the valuation committee, the chairman of the compensation committee and the chairman of the nominating and corporate governance committee receive annual retainers of \$5,000, \$1,000 and \$1,000, respectively. No compensation is paid to directors who are interested persons of NMFC as defined in the 1940 Act.

## **Compensation of Executive Officers**

None of our executive officers receive direct compensation from us. We do not engage any compensation consultants. The compensation of the principals and other investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are paid by the Investment Adviser. Compensation paid to our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer is set by the Administrator and is subject to reimbursement by us of the allocable portion of such compensation for services rendered to us.

### Indemnification Agreements

We have entered into indemnification agreements with our directors. The indemnification agreements are intended to provide the directors the maximum indemnification permitted under Delaware law and the 1940 Act. Each indemnification agreement provides that we shall indemnify the director who is a party to the agreement, or an Indemnitee, including the advancement of legal expenses, if, by reason of his corporate status, the Indemnitee is, or is threatened to be, made a party to or a witness in any threatened, pending, or completed proceeding, to the maximum extent permitted by Delaware law and the 1940 Act.

# PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

The management of our investment portfolio is the responsibility of the Investment Adviser and the Investment Committee, which currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. We consider Mr. Hamwee to be our portfolio manager. The Investment Committee is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time.

### **Investment Personnel**

As of March 31, 2017, the Investment Adviser was supported by over 120 New Mountain Capital staff members, including approximately 75 investment professionals. These individuals, in addition to the Investment Committee, are primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of our portfolio. The Investment Adviser may retain additional investment professionals, based upon its needs.

Below are the biographies for selected senior investment professionals of the Investment Adviser, whose biographies are not included elsewhere in this prospectus. For more information regarding the business experience of Messrs. Kline, Klinsky, Hamwee and Weinstein, see "Management — Biographical Information — Directors — Interested Directors" and "Management — Biographical Information — Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors".

Mathew J. Lori currently serves on the Investment Adviser's Investment Committee and serves as a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital in 2007, Mr. Lori served as a Managing Director of CCMP Capital Advisors and its predecessor firm, JP Morgan Partners, where he was responsible for investing on behalf of global funds with more than \$10 billion under management. Mr. Lori received his B.S. from the University of Windsor and his M.B.A. from the JL Kellogg Graduate School of Management at Northwestern University. Mr. Lori serves as the lead director of IRI Worldwide, ABB Optical Group, Alexander Mann Solutions, Diversified Foodservice Supply and Strategic Partners, all of which are portfolio companies of New Mountain Capital.

James W. Stone III currently serves as a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital and has been in various roles since joining in 2011. Prior to joining New Mountain Capital, he worked for The Blackstone Group as a Managing Director of GSO Capital Partners. At Blackstone, Mr. Stone was responsible for originating, evaluating, executing and monitoring various senior secured and mezzanine debt investments across a variety of industries. Before joining Blackstone in 2002, Mr. Stone worked as a Vice President in Lehman Brothers' Communications and Media Group and as a Vice President in UBS Warburg's Leveraged Finance Department. Prior to that, Mr. Stone worked at Nomura Securities International, Inc. with the team that later founded Blackstone's corporate debt investment unit. Mr. Stone received a B.S. in Mathematics and Physics from The University of the South and an M.B.A. with concentrations in finance and accounting from The University of Chicago's Graduate School of Business.

The table below shows the dollar range of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by our portfolio manager.

	Dollar Range of Equity Securities
Name of Portfolio Manager	of NMFC <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
Robert A. Hamwee	over \$1,000,000

- (1) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned in NMFC is based on the closing price for NMFC's common stock of \$14.45 on June 20, 2017 on the NYSE. Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) of the Exchange Act.
- (2) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned are: none, \$1 \$10,000, \$10,001 \$50,000, \$50,001 \$100,000, \$100,001 \$500,000, \$500,001 \$1,000,000 or over \$1,000,000.

The Investment Adviser also manages Guardian II, which commenced operations in April 2017. Mr. Hamwee serves as a co-portfolio manager of Guardian II. Mr. Hamwee is a Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, which as of March 31, 2017 had assets under management of approximately \$15.0 billion(1), which includes total assets held by us, used to calculate New Mountain Capital's management fees related to such funds. See "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business — The Investment Adviser has significant potential conflicts of interest with us and, consequently, your interests as stockholders which could adversely impact our investment returns".

### Compensation

None of the Investment Adviser's investment professionals are employed by us or will receive any direct compensation from us in connection with the management of our portfolio. Mr. Klinsky, through his financial interest in the Investment Adviser, is entitled to a portion of any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Agreement.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of March 31, 2017, as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

### INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. NMFC is externally managed by the Investment Adviser and pays the Investment Adviser a fee for its services. The following summarizes the arrangements between NMFC and the Investment Adviser pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement.

#### **Overview of the Investment Adviser**

#### Management Services

The Investment Adviser is registered as an Investment Adviser under the Advisers Act. The Investment Adviser serves pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement in accordance with the 1940 Act. Subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors, the Investment Adviser manages our dayto-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. Under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser:

- determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to its portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes;
- determines the securities and other assets that we will purchase, retain or sell;
- identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments that we make;
- executes, monitors and services the investments that we make;
- performs due diligence on prospective portfolio companies;
- votes, exercises consents and exercises all other rights appertaining to such securities and other assets on our behalf; and
- provides us with such other investment advisory, research and related services as we may, from time to time, reasonably require.

The Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Management Agreement are not exclusive, and the Investment Adviser (so long as its services to us are not impaired) and/or other entities affiliated with New Mountain Capital are permitted to furnish similar services to other entities.

#### Management Fees

Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, NMFC has agreed to pay the Investment Adviser a fee for investment advisory and management services consisting of two components — a base management fee and an incentive fee. The cost of both the base management fee payable to the Investment Adviser and any incentive fees paid in cash to the Investment Adviser are borne by NMFC and, as a result, are indirectly borne by NMFC's common stockholders.

#### Base Management Fees

Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, the base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of our gross assets, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, which equals our total assets, as determined in accordance with GAAP, less the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the

extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee.

Since IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since the IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility, which as of March 31, 2017 approximated \$322.3 million. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, management fees waived were approximately \$1.4 million.

# Incentive Fees

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of our "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement, as amended and restated, with the Administrator, and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock (of which there is none as of March 31, 2017), but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

Under GAAP, our IPO did not step-up the cost basis of our existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of our investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, as well as different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold or mature in the future. We track the transferred (or fair market) value of each of our investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjust Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount on our investments as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value. This is defined as "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income". We also use the transferred (or fair market) value of each of our investments as of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation").

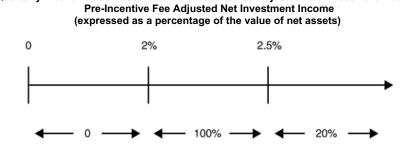
Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized), subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as

of the end of each calendar quarter. The hurdle rate is appropriately pro-rated for any partial periods. The calculation of our incentive fee with respect to the Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for each quarter is as follows:

- No incentive fee is payable to the Investment Adviser in any calendar quarter in which our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.0% (the "preferred return" or "hurdle").
- 100.0% of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income with respect to that portion of such Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser. This portion of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5%) is referred to as the "catch-up". The catch-up provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.0% on all of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter.
- 20.0% of the amount of our Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser once the hurdle is reached and the catch-up is achieved.

Quarterly Incentive Fee Based on "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income"

The following is a graphical representation of the calculation of the income related portion of the incentive fee:



Percentage of Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income allocated to income related portion of incentive fee

These calculations will be appropriately prorated for any period of less than three months and adjusted for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Investment Adviser waived incentive fees of approximately \$1.8 million. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup incentive fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived.

The second part will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of our Adjusted Realized Capital Gains, if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year, computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee.

In accordance with GAAP, we accrue a hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value.

# Example 1: Income Related Portion of Incentive Fee for Each Calendar Quarter\*:

# Alternative 1

# Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 1.25%Hurdle rate<sup>(1)</sup> = 2.00%Management fee<sup>(2)</sup> = 0.44%Other expenses (legal, accounting, safekeeping agent, transfer agent, etc.)<sup>(3)</sup> = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (investment income – (management fee + other expenses)) = 0.61%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate, therefore there is no income related incentive fee.

#### Alternative 2

#### Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.90% Hurdle rate<sup>(1)</sup> = 2.00% Management fee<sup>(2)</sup> = 0.44% Other expenses (legal, accounting, safekeeping agent, transfer agent, etc.)<sup>(3)</sup> = 0.20%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (investment income – (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.26%

Incentive fee = 100.00% × Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (subject to "catch-up") <sup>(4)</sup>

 $= 100.00\% \times (2.26\% - 2.00\%)$ 

= 0.26%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds the hurdle rate, but does not fully satisfy the "catch-up" provision, therefore the income related portion of the incentive fee is 0.26%.

## Alternative 3

#### Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 3.50%Hurdle rate<sup>(1)</sup> = 2.00%Management fee<sup>(2)</sup> = 0.44%Other expenses (legal, accounting, safekeeping agent, transfer agent, etc.)<sup>(3)</sup> = 0.20%



Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (investment income – (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.86%

Incentive fee = 100.00% × Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (subject to "catch-up") <sup>(4)</sup>

Incentive fee = 100.00% × "catch-up" + (20.00% × (Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income - 2.50%))

Catch-up = 2.50% - 2.00% = 0.50%

Incentive fee = (100.00% × 0.50%) + (20.00% × (2.86% - 2.50%))

 $= 0.50\% + (20.00\% \times 0.36\%)$ 

= 0.50% + 0.07%

= 0.57%

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds the hurdle rate, and fully satisfies the "catch-up" provision, therefore the income related portion of the incentive fee is 0.57%.

- (2) Assumes 1.75% annualized base management fee.
- (3) Excludes organizational and offering expenses.
- (4) The "catch-up" provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.00% on all Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when our net investment income exceeds 2.50% in any calendar quarter.

Example 2: Capital Gains Portion of Incentive Fee\*:

# Alternative 1

# Assumptions

Year 1: \$20.0 million investment made in Company A ("Investment A"), and \$30.0 million investment made in Company B ("Investment B")

Year 2: Investment A sold for \$50.0 million and fair market value ("FMV") of Investment B determined to be \$32.0 million

Year 3: FMV of Investment B determined to be \$25.0 million

Year 4: Investment B sold for \$31.0 million

The capital gains portion of the incentive fee would be:

Year 1: None

Year 2: Capital gains incentive fee of \$6.0 million — (\$30.0 million realized capital gains on sale of Investment A multiplied by 20.0%)

<sup>\*</sup> The hypothetical amount of pre-incentive fee net investment income shown is based on a percentage of total net assets and assumes, for our investments held prior to the IPO, interest income has been adjusted to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value.

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents 8.00% annualized hurdle rate.

Year 3: None — \$5.0 million (20.0% multiplied by (\$30.0 million cumulative capital gains less \$5.0 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$6.0 million (previous capital gains fee paid in Year 2)

Year 4: Capital gains incentive fee of \$0.2 million — \$6.2 million (\$31.0 million cumulative realized capital gains multiplied by 20.0%) less \$6.0 million (capital gains incentive fee taken in Year 2)

# Alternative 2

#### Assumptions

Year 1: \$20.0 million investment made in Company A ("Investment A"), \$30.0 million investment made in Company B ("Investment B") and \$25.0 million investment made in Company C ("Investment C")

Year 2: Investment A sold for \$50.0 million, FMV of Investment B determined to be \$25.0 million and FMV of Investment C determined to be \$25.0 million

Year 3: FMV of Investment B determined to be \$27.0 million and Investment C sold for \$30.0 million

Year 4: FMV of Investment B determined to be \$35.0 million

Year 5: Investment B sold for \$20.0 million

The capital gains incentive fee, if any, would be:

Year 1: None

Year 2: \$5.0 million capital gains incentive fee — 20.0% multiplied by \$25.0 million (\$30.0 million realized capital gains on Investment A less \$5.0 million unrealized capital depreciation on Investment B)

Year 3: \$1.4 million capital gains incentive fee — \$6.4 million (20.0% multiplied by \$32.0 million (\$35.0 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$3.0 million unrealized capital depreciation)) less \$5.0 million capital gains incentive fee received in Year 2

Year 4: \$0.6 million capital gains incentive fee — \$7.0 million (20.0% multiplied by \$35.0 million cumulative realized capital gains) less cumulative \$6.4 million capital gains incentive fee received in Year 2 and Year 3

Year 5: None — \$5.0 million (20.0% multiplied by \$25.0 million (cumulative realized capital gains of \$35.0 million less realized capital losses of \$10.0 million)) less \$7.0 million cumulative capital gains incentive fee paid in Year 2, Year 3 and Year 4<sup>(1)</sup>

The hypothetical amounts of returns shown are based on a percentage of our total net assets and assume no leverage. There is no guarantee that positive returns will be realized and actual returns may vary from those shown in this example. The capital gains incentive fees are calculated on an "adjusted" basis for our investments held prior to the IPO and assumes those investments have been adjusted to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value.

<sup>(1)</sup> As noted above, it is possible that the cumulative aggregate capital gains fee received by the Investment Adviser (\$7.0 million) is effectively greater than \$5.0 million (20.0% of cumulative aggregate realized capital gains less net realized capital losses or net unrealized depreciation (\$25.0 million)).

#### Payment of Expenses

Our primary operating expenses are the payment of a base management fee and any incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement and the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. We bear all other expenses of our operations and transactions, including (without limitation) fees and expenses relating to:

- organizational and offering expenses;
- the investigation and monitoring of our investments;
- the cost of calculating net asset value;
- interest payable on debt, if any, to finance our investments;
- the cost of effecting sales and repurchases of shares of our common stock and other securities;
- management and incentive fees payable pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement;
- fees payable to third parties relating to, or associated with, making investments and valuing investments (including third-party valuation firms);
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- fees and expenses associated with marketing efforts (including attendance at investment conferences and similar events);
- federal and state registration fees;
- any exchange listing fees;
- federal, state, local and foreign taxes;
- independent directors' fees and expenses;
- brokerage commissions;
- costs of proxy statements, stockholders' reports and notices;
- costs of preparing government filings, including periodic and current reports with the SEC;
- fees and expenses associated with independent audits and outside legal costs;
- costs associated with reporting and compliance obligations under the 1940 Act and applicable federal and state securities laws;
- · fidelity bond, liability insurance and other insurance premiums; and
- printing, mailing and all other direct expenses incurred by either the Investment Adviser or us in connection with administering our business, including payments under the Administration Agreement that is based upon our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including the allocable portion of the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs.

#### **Duration and Termination**

The Investment Management Agreement, which became effective on May 8, 2014 and was most recently re-approved by our board of directors on February 8, 2017, provides that the

Investment Management Agreement will continue automatically for successive annual periods, provided that such continuance is specifically approved at least annually by (A) the vote of the board of directors, or by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of NMFC and (B) the vote of a majority of NMFC's board of directors who are not parties to the Investment Management Agreement or "interested persons" (as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act) of any such party, in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Investment Management Agreement may be terminated (i) by NMFC at any time, without the payment of any penalty, upon giving the Investment Adviser 60 days' written notice (which notice may be waived by the Investment Adviser), provided that such termination by NMFC shall be directed or approved by the vote of a majority of the directors of NMFC in office at the time or by the vote of a majority of the voting securities of NMFC at the time outstanding and entitled to vote, or (ii) by the Investment Adviser on 60 days' written notice to NMFC (which notice may be waived by NMFC).

# Indemnification

The Investment Management Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their respective duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their respective duties and obligations, the Investment Adviser and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members (or their owners) and any other person or entity affiliated with it, are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of the Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Management Agreement or otherwise as the Investment Adviser.

# Organization of the Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company. The principal address of the Investment Adviser is 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019. The Investment Adviser is ultimately controlled by Steven B. Klinsky through Mr. Klinsky's interest in New Mountain Capital.

# Board Approval of the Investment Management Agreement

A discussion regarding the basis for our board of directors' approval of the Investment Management Agreement was included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2016, which was filed with the SEC on February 28, 2017.

# ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT

We have entered into the Administration Agreement with the Administrator, under which the Administrator provides administrative services for us, including arranging office facilities for us and providing office equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and recordkeeping services at such facilities. Under the Administration Agreement, the Administrator also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which includes being responsible for the financial records which we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, which includes, but is not limited to, providing the services of our Chief Financial Officer. In addition, the Administrator assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, overseeing the preparation and filing of tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally overseeing the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. For providing these services, facilities and personnel, we reimburse the Administrator the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, including our allocable portion of the costs of compensation and related expenses of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer, and their respective staffs. The Administrator may also provide on our behalf managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by us or the Administrator without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, and further restricted by us, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their respective duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their respective duties and obligations, the Administrator and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for us.

# LICENSE AGREEMENT

We, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". Under this Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have a right to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain

# CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

We have entered into an Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser. Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, payments will be equal to (a) a base management fee of 1.75% of the value of our gross assets and (b) an incentive fee based on our performance. Steven B. Klinsky, through his financial interest in the Investment Adviser, is entitled to a portion of any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement. In addition, our executive officers and directors, as well as the current or future members of the Investment Adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our and our stockholders' best interests.

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, to our investment mandates, including Guardian II. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for us and for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the availability of such investments and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that we should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the SEC and its staff, and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures. On June 5, 2017, the SEC issued the Exemptive Order, which permits us to co-invest in portfolio companies with certain funds or entities managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act, subject to the conditions of the Exemptive Order. Pursuant to the Exemptive Order, we are permitted to co-invest with our affiliates if a "required majority" (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of our independent directors make certain conclusions in connection with a co-investment transaction, including the consideration to be paid, are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching in respect of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned, and (2) the potential co-investment transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our then-current investment objective and strategies.

We have entered into the Administration Agreement with the Administrator. The Administrator arranges office space for us and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. We reimburse the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement, which includes the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance, and compliance functions, and the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, as amended and restated, and further restricted by us, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead

related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived.

We, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". Under this Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have a right to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the Administrator have no legal right to the "New Mountain" and the Mountain the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain" and

In the ordinary course of business, we may enter into transactions with portfolio companies that may be considered related party transactions. In order to ensure that we do not engage in any prohibited transactions with any persons affiliated with us, we have implemented certain policies and procedures whereby our executive officers screen each of our transactions for any possible affiliations between the proposed portfolio investment, us, companies controlled by us and our employees and directors. We will not enter into any agreements unless and until we are satisfied that doing so will not raise concerns under the 1940 Act or, if such concerns exist, we have taken appropriate actions to seek board review and approval or exemptive relief for such transaction. Our board of directors reviews these procedures on a quarterly basis.

We have adopted a Code of Ethics which applies to, among others, our senior officers, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as well as all of our officers, directors and employees. Our Code of Ethics requires that all employees and directors avoid any conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between an individual's personal interests and our interests. Pursuant to such Code of Ethics, each employee and director must disclose any conflicts of interest, or actions or relationships that might give rise to a conflict, to our chief compliance officer.

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# CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock by:

- each person known to us to beneficially own 5.0% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock;
- each of our directors and each executive officer individually; and
- all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act and includes voting or investment power (including the power to dispose) with respect to the securities. Assumes no other purchases or sales of securities since the most recently available SEC filings. This assumption has been made under the rules and regulations of the SEC and does not reflect any knowledge that NMFC has with respect to the present intent of the beneficial owners of the securities listed in the table below.

Percentage of beneficial ownership below takes into account 75,571,693 shares of our common stock outstanding as of June 20, 2017. Unless otherwise indicated, the address for each listed holder is c/o New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

	Type of Ownership in	NMFC Shares	
Name	NMFC	Number <sup>(1)</sup>	Percentage
Beneficial Owners of More than 5.0%:			
Wells Fargo & Company <sup>(2)</sup>	Direct	6,051,069	8.01%
Executive Officers:			
Karrie J. Jerry	Direct	1,866	*
Shiraz Y. Kajee	Direct	2,000	*
John R. Kline	Direct	33,577	*
Interested Directors:			
Steven B. Klinsky <sup>(3)</sup>	Direct and Beneficial	6,268,644	8.29%
Robert A. Hamwee	Direct and Beneficial	268,243	*
Adam B. Weinstein	Direct	69,320	*
Independent Directors:			
Albert F. Hurley, Jr.	Direct	28,640	*
Rome G. Arnold III	Direct	11,000	*
David Ogens	Direct	49,654	*
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	Direct and Beneficial	75,260	*
All executive officers and directors as a group (10 persons)	Direct and Beneficial	6,808,204	9.01%

\* Represents less than 1.0%.

(1) Any fractional shares owned directly or beneficially have been rounded down for purposes of this table.

(2) Such securities are held by certain investment vehicles controlled and/or managed by Wells Fargo & Company or its affiliates. The address for Wells Fargo & Company is 420 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California 94104.

(3) Mr. Klinsky directly owns 5,258,796 shares of our common stock. The Steven B. Klinsky Trust directly owns 150,847 shares of our common stock. The Steven B. Klinsky Non-GST Exempt Trust holds 859,001 shares of our common stock.

The following table sets forth the dollar range of our equity securities over which holders of our common stock have voting power that is beneficially owned by each of our directors.

	Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>
Interested Directors:	
Steven B. Klinsky	Over \$100,000
Robert A. Hamwee	Over \$100,000
Adam B. Weinstein	Over \$100,000
Independent Directors:	
Albert F. Hurley, Jr.	Over \$100,000
Rome G. Arnold III <sup>(4)</sup>	Over \$100,000
David Ogens <sup>(5)</sup>	Over \$100,000
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	Over \$100,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Exchange Act Rule 16a-1(a)(2).

(2) The dollar range of our equity securities beneficially owned is based on the closing price for our common stock of \$14.45 per share on June 20, 2017 on the NYSE.

(3) The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned are: None, \$1 - \$10,000, \$10,001 - \$50,000, \$50,001 - \$100,000 or over \$100,000.

(4) Mr. Arnold is the beneficial owner of a limited partnership interest in New Mountain Partners II, L.P., New Mountain Partners III, L.P. and New Mountain Partners IV, L.P. that is held by Arnold Family Trust.

(5) Mr. Ogens is the beneficial owner of a limited partnership interest in New Mountain Partners, L.P. and New Mountain Partners II, L.P. that is held by Ogens Family, Inc.



# DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

# **Quarterly Net Asset Value Determinations**

We conduct the valuation of assets, pursuant to which our net asset value is determined, at all times consistent with GAAP and the 1940 Act. We determine our net asset value on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act.

We apply fair value accounting in accordance with GAAP. We value our assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, our board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of our portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available, and any other situation where our portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Our quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below);
  - b. For investments other than bonds, the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser look at the number of quotes readily available and perform the following:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained;
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).
- (3) Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multistep valuation process:
  - a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
  - b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with our senior management;

- c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser do not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by our board of directors; and
- d. When deemed appropriate by our management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any costs/netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of commitments not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of certain investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

# **Determinations in Connection with Offerings**

In connection with future offering of shares of our common stock, our board of directors or an authorized committee thereof will be required to make a good faith determination that it is not selling shares of our common stock at a price below the then current net asset value of our common stock at the time at which the sale is made. Our board of directors or an authorized committee thereof will consider the following factors, among others, in making such determination:

- the net asset value per share of our common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report that we filed with the SEC;
- Our management's assessment of whether any material change in the net asset value per share of its common stock has occurred (including through the realization of gains on the sale of our portfolio securities) during the period beginning on the date of the most recently disclosed net asset value per share of our common stock and ending as of a time within 48 hours (excluding Sundays and holidays) of the sale of our common stock; and
- the magnitude of the difference between (i) a value that our Board of Directors or an authorized committee thereof has determined reflects the current (as of a time within 48 hours, excluding Sundays and holidays) net asset value of our common stock, which is based upon the net asset value of our common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report that we filed with the SEC, as adjusted to reflect our management's assessment of any material change in the net asset value of our common stock since the date of the most recently disclosed net asset value of our common stock, and (ii) the offering price of the shares of our common stock in the proposed offering.

Moreover, to the extent that there is even a remote possibility that we may (i) issue shares of our common stock at a price per share below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at the time at which the sale is made or (ii) trigger the undertaking (which we provide in certain registration statements we file with the SEC) to suspend the offering of shares of

our common stock if the net asset value per share of our common stock fluctuates by certain amounts in certain circumstances until the prospectus is amended, our board of directors will elect, in the case of clause (i) above, either to postpone the offering until such time that there is no longer the possibility of the occurrence of such event or to undertake to determine the net asset value per share of our common stock within two days prior to any such sale to ensure that such sale will not be below our then current net asset value per share, and, in the case of clause (ii) above, to comply with such undertaking or to undertake to determine the net asset value per share of our common stock to ensure that such undertaking has not been triggered.

These processes and procedures are part of our compliance policies and procedures. Records will be made contemporaneously with all determinations described in this section and these records will be maintained with other records that we are required to maintain under the 1940 Act.

# DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash as provided below. As a result, if our board of directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash distribution, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash distributions.

No action will be required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash distributions reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered stockholder may elect to receive an entire distribution in cash by notifying American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing, by phone or through the internet so that such notice is received by the plan administrator no later than three days prior to the payment date for distributions to stockholders. The plan administrator will set up an account for shares acquired through the plan for each stockholder who has not elected to receive distributions in cash and hold such shares in non-certificated form. Upon request by a stockholder participating in the plan, received in writing, by phone or through the internet at any time, the plan administrator will, instead of crediting shares to the participant's account, issue a certificate registered in the participant's name for the number of whole shares of our common stock and a check for any fractional share less a transaction fee of the lesser of (i) \$15.00 and (ii) the price of the fractional share.

We will use only newly issued shares to implement the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and asked prices. We reserve the right to purchase its shares in the open market in connection with its implementation of the plan if the price at which its newly issued shares are to be credited does not exceed 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

There will be no brokerage charges or other charges for dividend reinvestment to stockholders who participate in the plan. We will pay the plan administrator's fees under the plan. If a participant elects by written, telephone, or internet notice to the plan administrator to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions from the proceeds.

Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock generally are subject to the same U.S. federal income tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. A stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a distribution from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a distribution will have a holding period for tax purposes

commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account.

Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at *www.astfinancial.com*, by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, New York 10269, Attention: Plan Administration Department, or by calling the plan administrator at (888) 333-0212.

All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the plan administrator by mail at American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, LLC, P.O. Box 922, Wall Street Station, New York, New York 10269, or by telephone at (888) 333-0212.

# **DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES**

This prospectus contains a summary of our common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, warrants and debt securities. These summaries are not meant to be a complete description of each security. However, this prospectus contains the material terms and conditions for each security.

# DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following description is based on relevant portions of the Delaware General Corporation Law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws. This summary is not necessarily complete, and we refer you to the Delaware General Corporation Law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below.

## **Capital Stock**

Our authorized capital stock consists of 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of which 75,571,693 shares are outstanding as of June 20, 2017. Our common stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "NMFC". No stock has been authorized for issuance under any equity compensation plans. Under Delaware law, our stockholders generally will not be personally liable for our debts or obligations.

The following are our outstanding classes of securities as of June 20, 2017:

	(2)	(3) Amount Held by	(4) Amount Outstanding
(1) Title of Class	Amount Authorized	NMFC or for Its Account	Exclusive of Amount Under Column 3
Common Stock	100,000,000	_	75,571,693
Preferred Stock	2,000,000	_	_

#### **Common Stock**

Under the terms of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, all shares of our common stock will have equal rights as to earnings, assets, dividends and voting and, when they are issued, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Distributions may be paid to the holders of our common stock if, as and when authorized and declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available therefore. Shares of our common stock will have no preemptive, exchange, conversion or redemption rights and will be freely transferable, except where their transfer is restricted by federal and state securities laws or by contract. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of our common stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we pay all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time. Each share of our common stock will be entitled to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors. Except as provided with respect to any other class or series of stock, the holders of our common stock will be no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which means that holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock will be able to elect all of our directors (other than directors to be elected solely by the holders of preferred stock), and holders of less than a majority of such shares will be unable to elect any director.

#### Preferred Stock

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation authorizes our board of directors to issue preferred stock. Prior to the issuance of shares of each class or series, the board of directors is required by Delaware law and by our amended and restated certificate of incorporation to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Thus, the board of directors could authorize the issuance of shares of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in their best interest. You should note, however, that any issuance of preferred stock must comply with the requirements of the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act requires, among other things, that (1) immediately after issuance and before any dividend or other distribution is made with respect to our common stock and before any purchase of our common stock is made, such preferred stock together with all other senior securities must not exceed an amount equal to 50.0% of our total assets after deducting the amount of such dividend, distribution or purchase price, as the case may be, and (2) the holders of shares of preferred stock. For example, holders of preferred stock would vote separately from the holders of common stock on a proposal to cease operations as a BDC. We believe that the availability for issuance of preferred stock.

# Limitation on Liability of Directors and Officers; Indemnification and Advance of Expenses

The Delaware General Corporation Law authorizes corporations to limit or eliminate the personal liability of directors to corporations and their stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of directors' fiduciary duties. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation will include a provision that eliminates the personal liability of its directors for monetary damages for actions taken as a director, except for liability:

- for breach of duty of loyalty;
- for acts or omissions not in good faith or involving intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law;
- under Section 174 of the DGCL (unlawful dividends); or
- for transactions from which the director derived improper personal benefit.

Under our amended and restated bylaws, we will fully indemnify any person who was or is involved in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding by reason of the fact that such person is or was one of our directors or officers. So long as we are regulated under the 1940 Act, the above indemnification and limitation of liability is limited by the 1940 Act or by any valid rule, regulation or order of the SEC thereunder. The 1940 Act provides, among other things, that a company may not indemnify any director or officer against liability to it or its security holders to which he or she might otherwise be subject by reason of his or her willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office unless a determination is made by final decision of a court, by vote of a majority of a quorum of directors who are disinterested, non-party directors or by independent legal counsel that the liability for which indemnification is sought did not arise out of the foregoing conduct.

Delaware law also provides that indemnification permitted under the law shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which the directors and officers may be entitled under the corporation's bylaws, any agreement, a vote of stockholders or otherwise.

We have obtained liability insurance for our officers and directors.

#### Delaware Law and Certain Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures

Certain provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws, as summarized below, and applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law and certain other agreements to which we are a party may make it more difficult for or prevent an unsolicited third party from acquiring control of us or changing our board of directors and management. These provisions may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers or delaying changes in our control or in our management. These provisions are intended to enhance the likelihood of continued stability in the composition of our board of directors and in the policies furnished by them and to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change in our control. The provisions also are intended to discourage certain tactics that may be used in proxy fights. These provisions, however, could have the effect of discouraging others from making tender offers for our shares and, as a consequence, they also may inhibit fluctuations in the market price of our shares that could result from actual or rumored takeover attempts.

*Classified Board; Vacancies; Removal.* The classification of our board of directors and the limitations on removal of directors and filling of vacancies could have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, or of discouraging a third party from acquiring us. Our board of directors will be divided into three classes, with the term of one class expiring at each annual meeting of stockholders. At each annual meeting, one class of directors is elected to a three-year term. This provision could delay for up to two years the replacement of a majority of the board of directors.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that, subject to the applicable requirements of the 1940 Act and the rights of any holders of preferred stock, any vacancy on the board of directors, however the vacancy occurs, including a vacancy due to an enlargement of the board, may only be filled by vote a majority of the directors then in office.

A director may be removed at any time at a meeting called for that purpose, but only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 75.0% of the shares then entitled to vote for the election of the respective director.

Advance Notice Requirements for Stockholder Proposals and Director Nominations. Our amended and restated bylaws provide that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of persons for election to the board of directors and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only (1) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (2) by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of the amended and restated bylaws. Nominations of persons for election to the board of directors at a special meeting may be made only (1) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (2) provided that the board of directors has determined that directors will be elected at the meeting, by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of the amended and restated bylaws. The purpose of requiring stockholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford our board of directors a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by our board of directors, to inform its stockholders and make recommendations about such

qualifications or business, as well as to approve a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of stockholders. Although our amended and restated bylaws do not give its board of directors any power to disapprove stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain action, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of stockholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our stockholders.

Amendments to Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws. Delaware's corporation law provides generally that the affirmative vote of a majority of the shares entitled to vote on any matter is required to amend a corporation's certificate of incorporation or bylaws, unless a corporation's certificate of incorporation will provide that the following provisions, among others, may be amended by our stockholders only by a vote of at least two-thirds of the shares of our capital stock entitled to vote:

- the classification of our board of directors;
- the removal of directors;
- the limitation on stockholder action by written consent;
- the limitation of directors' personal liability to us or our stockholders for breach of fiduciary duty as a director;
- the ability to call a Special Meeting of Stockholders being vested in our board of directors, the chairperson of our board, our chief executive officer and in the holders of at least fifty (50) percent of the voting power of all shares of our capital stock generally entitled to vote on the election of directors then outstanding subject to certain procedures; and
- the amendment provision requiring that the above provisions be amended only with a two-thirds supermajority vote.

The amended and restated bylaws generally can be amended by approval of (i) a majority of the total number of authorized directors or (ii) the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds of the shares of our capital stock entitled to vote.

Calling of Special Meetings by Stockholders. Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws also provide that special meetings of the stockholders may only be called by our board of directors, the chairperson of our board, our chief executive officer or upon the request of the holders of at least 50.0% of the voting power of all shares of our capital stock, generally entitled to vote on the election of directors then outstanding, subject to certain limitations.

Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. We will not be subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, an anti-takeover law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly-held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder, unless (with certain exceptions) the "business combination" or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Generally, a "business combination" includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status, did own) 15.0% or more of a corporation's voting stock. In our certificate of incorporation, we have elected not to be bound by Section 203.

Our credit facilities also include change of control provisions that accelerate the indebtedness under the credit facilities in the event of certain change of control events. If certain transactions were engaged in without the consent of the lender, repayment obligations under the credit facilities could be accelerated.

# DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

In addition to shares of common stock, we have 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01, authorized of which no shares are currently outstanding. If we offer preferred stock under this prospectus, we will issue an appropriate prospectus supplement. We may issue preferred stock from time to time in one or more classes or series, without stockholder approval. Prior to issuance of shares of each class or series, our board of directors is required by Delaware law and by our charter to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Any such an issuance must adhere to the requirements of the 1940 Act, Delaware law and any other limitations imposed by law.

The 1940 Act currently requires, among other things, that (a) immediately after issuance and before any distribution is made with respect to common stock, the liquidation preference of the preferred stock, together with all other senior securities, must not exceed an amount equal to 50.0% of our total assets (taking into account such distribution), (b) the holders of shares of preferred stock, if any are issued, must be entitled as a class to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if dividends on the preferred stock are in arrears by two years or more and (c) such class of stock have complete priority over any other class of stock as to distribution of assets and payment of dividends, which dividends shall be cumulative.

For any series of preferred stock that we may issue, our board of directors will determine and the amendment to the charter and the prospectus supplement relating to such series will describe:

- the designation and number of shares of such series;
- the rate and time at which, and the preferences and conditions under which, any dividends will be paid on shares of such series, as well as whether such dividends are participating or non-participating;
- any provisions relating to convertibility or exchangeability of the shares of such series, including adjustments to the conversion price of such series;
- the rights and preferences, if any, of holders of shares of such series upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs;
- the voting powers, if any, of the holders of shares of such series;
- any provisions relating to the redemption of the shares of such series;
- any limitations on our ability to pay dividends or make distributions on, or acquire or redeem, other securities while shares of such series are outstanding;
- any conditions or restrictions on our ability to issue additional shares of such series or other securities;
- if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations; and
- any other relative powers, preferences and participating, optional or special rights of shares of such series, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof.

All shares of preferred stock that we may issue will be identical and of equal rank except as to the particular terms thereof that may be fixed by our board of directors, and all shares of each series of preferred stock will be identical and of equal rank except as to the dates from which dividends, if any, thereon will be cumulative.

# DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS

# General

We may issue subscription rights to our stockholders to purchase common stock. Subscription rights may be issued independently or together with any other offered security and may or may not be transferable by the person purchasing or receiving the subscription rights. In connection with a subscription rights offering to our stockholders, we would distribute certificates evidencing the subscription rights and a prospectus supplement to our stockholders on the record date that we set for receiving subscription rights in such subscription rights offering.

The applicable prospectus supplement would describe the following terms of subscription rights in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered:

- the period of time the offering would remain open (which shall be open a minimum number of days such that all record holders would be eligible to
  participate in the offering and shall not be open longer than 120 days);
- the title of such subscription rights;
- the exercise price for such subscription rights (or method of calculation thereof);
- the ratio of the offering (which, in the case of transferable rights, will require a minimum of three shares to be held of record before a person is entitled to purchase an additional share);
- the number of such subscription rights issued to each stockholder;
- the extent to which such subscription rights are transferable and the market on which they may be traded if they are transferable;
- if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to the issuance or exercise of such subscription rights;
- the date on which the right to exercise such subscription rights shall commence, and the date on which such right shall expire (subject to any extension);
- the extent to which such subscription rights include an over-subscription privilege with respect to unsubscribed securities and the terms of such over-subscription privilege;
- any termination right we may have in connection with such subscription rights offering; and
- any other terms of such subscription rights, including exercise, settlement and other procedures and limitations relating to the transfer and exercise of such subscription rights.

## **Exercise Of Subscription Rights**

Each subscription right would entitle the holder of the subscription right to purchase for cash such amount of shares of common stock at such exercise price as shall in each case be set forth in, or be determinable as set forth in, the prospectus supplement relating to the subscription rights offered thereby. Subscription rights may be exercised at any time up to the close of business on the expiration date for such subscription rights set forth in the prospectus supplement. After the close of business on the expiration date, all unexercised subscription rights would become void.

Subscription rights may be exercised as set forth in the prospectus supplement relating to the subscription rights offered thereby. Upon receipt of payment and the subscription rights certificate properly completed and duly executed at the corporate trust office of the subscription rights agent or any other office indicated in the prospectus supplement we will forward, as soon as practicable, the shares of common stock purchasable upon such exercise. To the extent permissible under



applicable law, we may determine to offer any unsubscribed offered securities directly to persons other than stockholders, to or through agents, underwriters or dealers or through a combination of such methods, as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

# **Dilutive Effects**

Any stockholder who chooses not to participate in a rights offering should expect to own a smaller interest in us upon completion of such rights offering. Any rights offering will dilute the ownership interest and voting power of stockholders who do not fully exercise their subscription rights. Further, because the net proceeds per share from any rights offering may be lower than our current net asset value per share, the rights offering may reduce our net asset value per share. The amount of dilution that a stockholder will experience could be substantial, particularly to the extent we engage in multiple rights offerings within a limited time period. In addition, the market price of our common stock could be adversely affected while a rights offering is ongoing as a result of the possibility that a significant number of additional shares may be issued upon completion of such rights offering. All of our stockholders will also indirectly bear the expenses associated with any rights offering we may conduct, regardless of whether they elect to exercise any rights.

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# **DESCRIPTION OF WARRANTS**

The following is a general description of the terms of the warrants we may issue from time to time. Particular terms of any warrants we offer will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such warrants.

We may issue warrants to purchase shares of our common stock. Such warrants may be issued independently or together with shares of common stock and may be attached or separate from such shares of common stock. We will issue each series of warrants under a separate warrant agreement to be entered into between us and a warrant agent. The warrant agent will act solely as our agent and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency for or with holders or beneficial owners of warrants.

A prospectus supplement will describe the particular terms of any series of warrants we may issue, including the following:

- the title of such warrants;
- the aggregate number of such warrants;
- the price or prices at which such warrants will be issued;
- the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which the price of such warrants may be payable;
- the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of such warrants;
- the price at which and the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of such warrants may be purchased;
- the date on which the right to exercise such warrants shall commence and the date on which such right will expire;
- whether such warrants will be issued in registered form or bearer form;
- if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of such warrants which may be exercised at any one time;
- if applicable, the number of such warrants issued with each share of common stock;
- if applicable, the date on and after which such warrants and the related shares of common stock will be separately transferable;
- information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any;
- if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations; and
- any other terms of such warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such warrants.

NMFC and the warrant agent may amend or supplement the warrant agreement for a series of warrants without the consent of the holders of the warrants issued thereunder to effect changes that are not inconsistent with the provisions of the warrants and that do not materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders of the warrants.

Under the 1940 Act, we may generally only offer warrants provided that (1) the warrants expire by their terms within ten years; (2) the exercise or conversion price is not less than the current market value at the date of issuance; (3) our stockholders authorize the proposal to issue such warrants, and our board of directors approves such issuance on the basis that the issuance is in

the best interests of us and our stockholders; and (4) if the warrants are accompanied by other securities, the warrants are not separately transferable unless no class of such warrants and the securities accompanying them has been publicly distributed. The 1940 Act also provides that the amount of our voting securities that would result from the exercise of all outstanding warrants at the time of issuance may not exceed 25.0% of our outstanding voting securities.

# DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SECURITIES

We may issue debt securities in one or more series. The specific terms of each series of debt securities will be described in the particular prospectus supplement relating to that series. The prospectus supplement may or may not modify the general terms found in this prospectus and will be filed with the SEC. For a complete description of the terms of a particular series of debt securities, you should read both this prospectus and the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series.

As required by federal law for all bonds and notes of companies that are publicly offered, the debt securities are governed by a document called an "indenture." An indenture is a contract between us and the financial institution acting as trustee on your behalf, and is subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The trustee has two main roles. First, the trustee can enforce your rights against us if we default. There are some limitations on the extent to which the trustee acts on your behalf, described in the second paragraph under "— Events of Default — Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs." Second, the trustee performs certain administrative duties for us with respect to the debt securities.

This section includes a description of the material provisions of the indenture. Because this section is a summary, however, it does not describe every aspect of the debt securities and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of debt securities. A copy of the form of indenture is attached, or incorporated by reference, as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. We will file a supplemental indenture with the SEC in connection with any debt offering, at which time the supplemental indenture would be publicly available. See "Available Information" for information on how to obtain a copy of the indenture.

The prospectus supplement, which will accompany this prospectus, will describe the particular series of debt securities being offered by including:

- the designation or title of the series of debt securities;
- the total principal amount of the series of debt securities;
- the percentage of the principal amount at which the series of debt securities will be offered;
- the date or dates on which principal will be payable;
- the rate or rates (which may be either fixed or variable) and/or the method of determining such rate or rates of interest, if any;
- the date or dates from which any interest will accrue, or the method of determining such date or dates, and the date or dates on which any interest will be payable;
- whether any interest may be paid by issuing additional securities of the same series in lieu of cash (and the terms upon which any such interest may be paid by issuing additional securities);
- the terms for redemption, extension or early repayment, if any;
- the currencies in which the series of debt securities are issued and payable;
- whether the amount of payments of principal, premium or interest, if any, on a series of debt securities will be determined with reference to an
  index, formula or other method (which could be based on one or more currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices) and how these
  amounts will be determined;

- the place or places, if any, other than or in addition to the Borough of Manhattan in the City of New York, of payment, transfer, conversion and/or exchange of the debt securities;
- the denominations in which the offered debt securities will be issued (if other than \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof);
- the provision for any sinking fund;
- any restrictive covenants;
- any Events of Default (as defined in "Events of Default" below);
- whether the series of debt securities are issuable in certificated form;
- any provisions for defeasance or covenant defeasance;
- any special U.S. federal income tax implications, including, if applicable, U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to original issue discount;
- whether and under what circumstances we will pay additional amounts in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem the debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts (and the terms of this option);
- any provisions for convertibility or exchangeability of the debt securities into or for any other securities;
- whether the debt securities are subject to subordination and the terms of such subordination;
- whether the debt securities are secured and the terms of any security interest;
- the listing, if any, on a securities exchange; and
- any other terms.

The debt securities may be secured or unsecured obligations. Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we, as a BDC, are permitted to issue debt only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200.0% after each issuance of debt, but giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC. This asset coverage requirement may change in the future, however, to permit us to incur additional leverage. See "Risk Factors — Risks Related to Our Operations — Pending legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage." Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, will be paid by us in immediately available funds.

# General

The indenture provides that any debt securities proposed to be sold under this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement ("offered debt securities") may be issued under the indenture in one or more series.

For purposes of this prospectus, any reference to the payment of principal of, or premium or interest, if any, on, debt securities will include additional amounts if required by the terms of the debt securities.

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder from time to time. Debt securities issued under the indenture, when a single trustee is acting for all debt securities issued under the indenture, are called the "indenture securities." The indenture also provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more different series of indenture securities. See "— Resignation of Trustee" below. At a time when two



or more trustees are acting under the indenture, each with respect to only certain series, the term "indenture securities" means the one or more series of debt securities with respect to which each respective trustee is acting. In the event that there is more than one trustee under the indenture, the powers and trust obligations of each trustee described in this prospectus will extend only to the one or more series of indenture securities for which it is trustee. If two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, then the indenture securities for which each trustee is acting would be treated as if issued under separate indentures.

Except as described under "--- Events of Default" and "--- Merger or Consolidation" below, the indenture does not contain any provisions that give you protection in the event we issue a large amount of debt or we are acquired by another entity.

We refer you to the prospectus supplement for information with respect to any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or our covenants, as applicable, that are described below, including any addition of a covenant or other provision providing event risk protection or similar protection.

We have the ability to issue indenture securities with terms different from those of indenture securities previously issued and, without the consent of the holders thereof, to reopen a previous issue of a series of indenture securities and issue additional indenture securities of that series unless the reopening was restricted when that series was created.

#### **Conversion and Exchange**

If any debt securities are convertible into or exchangeable for other securities, the prospectus supplement will explain the terms and conditions of the conversion or exchange, including the conversion price or exchange ratio (or the calculation method), the conversion or exchange period (or how the period will be determined), if conversion or exchange will be mandatory or at the option of the holder or us, provisions for adjusting the conversion price or the exchange ratio and provisions affecting conversion or exchange in the event of the redemption of the underlying debt securities. These terms may also include provisions under which the number or amount of other securities to be received by the holders of the debt securities upon conversion or exchange would be calculated according to the market price of the other securities as of a time stated in the prospectus supplement.

#### Issuance of Securities in Registered Form

We may issue the debt securities in registered form, in which case we may issue them either in book-entry form only or in "certificated" form. Debt securities issued in book-entry form will be represented by global securities. We expect that we will usually issue debt securities in book-entry only form represented by global securities.

# **Book-Entry Holders**

We will issue registered debt securities in book-entry form only, unless we specify otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement. This means debt securities will be represented by one or more global securities registered in the name of a depositary that will hold them on behalf of financial institutions that participate in the depositary's book-entry system. These participating institutions, in turn, hold beneficial interests in the debt securities held by the depositary or its nominee. These institutions may hold these interests on behalf of themselves or customers.

Under the indenture, only the person in whose name a debt security is registered is recognized as the holder of that debt security. Consequently, for debt securities issued in book-entry form, we will recognize only the depositary as the holder of the debt securities and we

will make all payments on the debt securities to the depositary. The depositary will then pass along the payments it receives to its participants, which in turn will pass the payments along to their customers who are the beneficial owners. The depositary and its participants do so under agreements they have made with one another or with their customers; they are not obligated to do so under the terms of the debt securities.

As a result, investors will not own debt securities directly. Instead, they will own beneficial interests in a global security, through a bank, broker or other financial institution that participates in the depositary's book-entry system or holds an interest through a participant. As long as the debt securities are represented by one or more global securities, investors will be indirect holders, and not holders, of the debt securities.

#### Street Name Holders

In the future, we may issue debt securities in certificated form or terminate a global security. In these cases, investors may choose to hold their debt securities in their own names or in "street name." Debt securities held in street name are registered in the name of a bank, broker or other financial institution chosen by the investor, and the investor would hold a beneficial interest in those debt securities through the account he or she maintains at that institution.

For debt securities held in street name, we will recognize only the intermediary banks, brokers and other financial institutions in whose names the debt securities are registered as the holders of those debt securities, and we will make all payments on those debt securities to them. These institutions will pass along the payments they receive to their customers who are the beneficial owners, but only because they agree to do so in their customer agreements or because they are legally required to do so. Investors who hold debt securities in street name will be indirect holders, and not holders, of the debt securities.

## Legal Holders

Our obligations, as well as the obligations of the applicable trustee and those of any third parties employed by us or the applicable trustee, run only to the legal holders of the debt securities. We do not have obligations to investors who hold beneficial interests in global securities, in street name or by any other indirect means. This will be the case whether an investor chooses to be an indirect holder of a debt security or has no choice because we are issuing the debt securities only in book-entry form.

For example, once we make a payment or give a notice to the holder, we have no further responsibility for the payment or notice even if that holder is required, under agreements with depositary participants or customers or by law, to pass it along to the indirect holders but does not do so. Similarly, if we want to obtain the approval of the holders for any purpose (for example, to amend an indenture or to relieve us of the consequences of a default or of our obligation to comply with a particular provision of an indenture), we would seek the approval only from the holders, and not the indirect holders, of the debt securities. Whether and how the holders contact the indirect holders is up to the holders.

When we refer to you in this Description of Debt Securities, we mean those who invest in the debt securities being offered by this prospectus, whether they are the holders or only indirect holders of those debt securities. When we refer to your debt securities, we mean the debt securities in which you hold a direct or indirect interest.

#### Special Considerations for Indirect Holders

If you hold debt securities through a bank, broker or other financial institution, either in book-entry form or in street name, we urge you to check with that institution to find out:

- how it handles securities payments and notices;
- whether it imposes fees or charges;
- how it would handle a request for the holders' consent, if ever required;
- whether and how you can instruct it to send you debt securities registered in your own name so you can be a holder, if that is permitted in the future for a particular series of debt securities;
- how it would exercise rights under the debt securities if there were a default or other event triggering the need for holders to act to protect their interests; and
- if the debt securities are in book-entry form, how the depositary's rules and procedures will affect these matters.

# **Global Securities**

As noted above, we usually will issue debt securities as registered securities in book-entry form only. A global security represents one or any other number of individual debt securities. Generally, all debt securities represented by the same global securities will have the same terms.

Each debt security issued in book-entry form will be represented by a global security that we deposit with and register in the name of a financial institution or its nominee that we select. The financial institution that we select for this purpose is called the depositary. Unless we specify otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, known as DTC, will be the depositary for all debt securities issued in book-entry form.

A global security may not be transferred to or registered in the name of anyone other than the depositary or its nominee, unless special termination situations arise. We describe those situations below under "— Termination of a Global Security." As a result of these arrangements, the depositary, or its nominee, will be the sole registered owner and holder of all debt securities represented by a global security, and investors will be permitted to own only beneficial interests in a global security. Beneficial interests must be held by means of an account with a broker, bank or other financial institution that in turn has an account with the depositary or with another institution that has an account with the depositary. Thus, an investor whose security is represented by a global security will not be a holder of the debt security, but only an indirect holder of a beneficial interest in the global security.

#### Special Considerations for Global Securities

As an indirect holder, an investor's rights relating to a global security will be governed by the account rules of the investor's financial institution and of the depositary, as well as general laws relating to securities transfers. The depositary that holds the global security will be considered the holder of the debt securities represented by the global security.

If debt securities are issued only in the form of a global security, an investor should be aware of the following:

 an investor cannot cause the debt securities to be registered in his or her name and cannot obtain certificates for his or her interest in the debt securities, except in the special situations we describe below;



- an investor will be an indirect holder and must look to his or her own bank or broker for payments on the debt securities and protection of his or her legal rights relating to the debt securities, as we describe under "
  — Issuance of Securities in Registered Form" above;
- an investor may not be able to sell interests in the debt securities to some insurance companies and other institutions that are required by law to own their securities in non-book-entry form;
- an investor may not be able to pledge his or her interest in a global security in circumstances where certificates representing the debt securities
  must be delivered to the lender or other beneficiary of the pledge in order for the pledge to be effective;
- the depositary's policies, which may change from time to time, will govern payments, transfers, exchanges and other matters relating to an
  investor's interest in a global security. NMFC and the trustee have no responsibility for any aspect of the depositary's actions or for its records of
  ownership interests in a global security. NMFC and the trustee also do not supervise the depositary in any way;
- if we redeem less than all the debt securities of a particular series being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount to be redeemed from each of its participants holding that series;
- an investor is required to give notice of exercise of any option to elect repayment of its debt securities, through its participant, to the applicable
  trustee and to deliver the related debt securities by causing its participant to transfer its interest in those debt securities, on DTC's records, to the
  applicable trustee;
- DTC requires that those who purchase and sell interests in a global security deposited in its book-entry system use immediately available funds, your broker or bank may also require you to use immediately available funds when purchasing or selling interests in a global security;
- financial institutions that participate in the depositary's book-entry system, and through which an investor holds its interest in a global security, may also have their own policies affecting payments, notices and other matters relating to the debt securities; there may be more than one financial intermediary in the chain of ownership for an investor; we do not monitor, nor are we responsible for the actions of, any of those intermediaries.

# Termination of a Global Security

If a global security is terminated for any reason, interests in it will be exchanged for certificates in non-book-entry form (certificated securities). After that exchange, the choice of whether to hold the certificated debt securities directly or in street name will be up to the investor. Investors must consult their own banks or brokers to find out how to have their interests in a global security transferred on termination to their own names, so that they will be holders. We have described the rights of legal holders and street name investors under "— Issuance of Securities in Registered Form" above.

The prospectus supplement may list situations for terminating a global security that would apply only to the particular series of debt securities covered by the prospectus supplement. If a global security is terminated, only the depositary, and not us or the applicable trustee, is responsible for deciding the investors in whose names the debt securities represented by the global security will be registered and, therefore, who will be the holders of those debt securities.

#### **Payment and Paying Agents**

We will pay interest to the person listed in the applicable trustee's records as the owner of the debt security at the close of business on a particular day in advance of each due date for interest, even if that person no longer owns the debt security on the interest due date. That day, usually about two weeks in advance of the interest due date, is called the "record date." Since we will pay all the interest for an interest period to the holders on the record date, holders buying and selling debt securities must work out between themselves the appropriate purchase price. The most common manner is to adjust the sales price of the debt securities to prorate interest fairly between buyer and seller based on their respective ownership periods within the particular interest period. This prorated interest amount is called "accrued interest."

#### Payments on Global Securities

We will make payments on a global security in accordance with the applicable policies of the depositary as in effect from time to time. Under those policies, we will make payments directly to the depositary, or its nominee, and not to any indirect holders who own beneficial interests in the global security. An indirect holder's right to those payments will be governed by the rules and practices of the depositary and its participants, as described under "— Special Considerations for Global Securities."

## Payments on Certificated Securities

We will make payments on a certificated debt security as follows. We will pay interest that is due on an interest payment date to the holder of debt securities as shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date at our office in New York, New York, as applicable, and/or at other offices that may be specified in the prospectus supplement. We will make all payments of principal and premium, if any, by check at the office of the applicable trustee in New York, New York and/or at other offices that may be specified in the prospectus supplement or in a notice to holders against surrender of the debt security.

Alternatively, at our option we may pay any cash interest that becomes due on the debt security by mailing a check to the holder at his, her or its address shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date or by transfer to an account at a bank in the U.S., in either case, on the due date.

# Payment When Offices Are Closed

If any payment is due on a debt security on a day that is not a business day, we will make the payment on the next day that is a business day. Payments made on the next business day in this situation will be treated under the indenture as if they were made on the original due date, except as otherwise indicated in the attached prospectus supplement. Such payment will not result in a default under any debt security or the indenture, and no interest will accrue on the payment amount from the original due date to the next day that is a business day.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments on their debt securities.

#### **Events of Default**

You will have rights if an Event of Default occurs in respect of the debt securities of your series and is not cured, as described later in this subsection.

The term "Event of Default" in respect of the debt securities of your series means any of the following:

- we do not pay the principal of, or any premium on, a debt security of the series on its due date;
- we do not pay interest on a debt security of the series within 30 days of its due date;
- we do not deposit any sinking fund payment in respect of debt securities of the series within two business days of its due date;
- we remain in breach of a covenant in respect of debt securities of the series for 60 days after we receive a written notice of default stating we are in breach (the notice must be sent by either the trustee or holders of at least 25.0% of the principal amount of debt securities of the series);
- we file for bankruptcy or certain other events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occur and remain undischarged or unstayed for a period of 90 days; or
- the series of debt securities has an asset coverage, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, of less than 100.0% on the last business day of each
  of 24 consecutive calendar months, giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC; or
- any other Event of Default in respect of debt securities of the series described in the prospectus supplement occurs.

An Event of Default for a particular series of debt securities does not necessarily constitute an Event of Default for any other series of debt securities issued under the same or any other indenture. The trustee may withhold notice to the holders of debt securities of any default, except in the payment of principal, premium, interest, or sinking or purchase fund installment, if it in good faith considers the withholding of notice to be in the interest of the holders.

#### Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs

If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the trustee or the holders of not less than 25.0% in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the affected series may (and the trustee shall at the request of such holders) declare the entire principal amount of all the debt securities of that series to be due and immediately payable. This is called a declaration of acceleration of maturity. A declaration of acceleration of maturity may be canceled by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the affected series if (1) we have deposited with the trustee all amounts due and owing with respect to the securities (other than principal that has become due solely by reason of such acceleration) and certain other amounts, and (2) any other Events of Default have been cured or waived.

The trustee is not required to take any action under the indenture at the request of any holders unless the holders offer the trustee protection from expenses and liability reasonably satisfactory to it (called an "indemnity"). If indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the trustee is provided, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the relevant series may direct the time, method and place of conducting any lawsuit or other formal legal action seeking any remedy available to the trustee. The trustee may refuse to follow those directions in certain circumstances. No delay or omission in exercising any right or remedy will be treated as a waiver of that right, remedy or Event of Default.

Before you are allowed to bypass your trustee and bring your own lawsuit or other formal legal action or take other steps to enforce your rights or protect your interests relating to the debt securities, the following must occur:

- you must give the trustee written notice that an Event of Default with respect to the relevant series of debt securities has occurred and remains uncured;
- the holders of at least 25.0% in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities of the relevant series must make a written request that the trustee take action because of the default and must offer indemnity, security, or both reasonably satisfactory to the trustee against the costs, expenses, and other liabilities of taking that action;
- the trustee must not have taken action for 60 days after receipt of the above notice and offer of indemnity and/or security; and
- the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of that series must not have given the trustee a direction inconsistent with the above notice during that 60-day period.

However, you are entitled at any time to bring a lawsuit for the payment of money due on your debt securities on or after the due date.

# Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how to give notice or direction to or make a request of the trustee and how to declare or cancel an acceleration of maturity.

Each year, we will furnish to each trustee a written statement of certain of our officers certifying that to their knowledge we are in compliance with the indenture and the debt securities, or else specifying any default.

#### Waiver of Default

Holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the affected series may waive any past defaults other than a default:

- in the payment of principal, any premium or interest; or
- in respect of a covenant that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each holder.

# Merger or Consolidation

Under the terms of the indenture, we are generally permitted to consolidate or merge with another entity. We are also permitted to sell all or substantially all of our assets to another entity. However, we may not take any of these actions unless all the following conditions are met:

- where we merge out of existence or sell substantially all our assets, the resulting entity or transferee must agree to be legally responsible for our obligations under the debt securities;
- the merger or sale of assets must not cause a default on the debt securities and we must not already be in default (unless the merger or sale would cure the default). For purposes of this no-default test, a default would include an Event of Default that has occurred and has not been cured, as described under "Events of Default" above. A default for this purpose would also include any event that would be an Event of Default if the requirements for giving us a notice of default or NMFC's as applicable, having to exist for a specific period of time were disregarded.
- we must deliver certain certificates and documents to the trustee; and

we must satisfy any other requirements specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities.

#### Modification or Waiver

There are three types of changes we can make to the indenture and the debt securities issued thereunder.

#### **Changes Requiring Your Approval**

First, there are changes that we cannot make to your debt securities without your specific approval. The following is a list of those types of changes:

- change the stated maturity of the principal of or interest on a debt security or the terms of any sinking fund with respect to any security;
- reduce any amounts due on a debt security;
- reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of an original issue discount or indexed security following a default or upon the redemption thereof or the amount thereof provable in a bankruptcy proceeding;
- adversely affect any right of repayment at the holder's option;
- change the place or currency of payment on a debt security (except as otherwise described in the prospectus or prospectus supplement);
- impair your right to sue for payment;
- adversely affect any right to convert or exchange a debt security in accordance with its terms;
- modify the subordination provisions in the indenture in a manner that is adverse to outstanding holders of the debt securities;
- reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to modify or amend the indenture;
- reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or to waive certain defaults;
- modify any other aspect of the provisions of the indenture dealing with supplemental indentures with the consent of holders, waiver of past defaults, changes to the quorum or voting requirements or the waiver of certain covenants; and
- change any obligation we have to pay additional amounts.

# **Changes Not Requiring Approval**

The second type of change does not require any vote by the holders of the debt securities. This type is limited to clarifications, establishment of the form or terms of new securities of any series as permitted by the indenture and certain other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the outstanding debt securities in any material respect. We also do not need any approval to make any change that affects only debt securities to be issued under the indenture after the change takes effect.

#### **Changes Requiring Majority Approval**

Any other change to the indenture and the debt securities would require the following approval:

- if the change affects only one series of debt securities, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series; and
- if the change affects more than one series of debt securities issued under the same indenture, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of all of the series affected by the change, with all affected series voting together as one class for this purpose.

In each case, the required approval must be given by written consent.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of a series of debt securities issued under the indenture, voting together as one class for this purpose, may waive our compliance with some of the covenants applicable to that series of debt securities. However, we cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or of any of the matters covered by the bullet points included above under "- Changes Requiring Your Approval."

#### Further Details Concerning Voting

When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal to attribute to a debt security:

- for original issue discount securities, we will use the principal amount that would be due and payable on the voting date if the maturity of these
  debt securities were accelerated to that date because of a default;
- for debt securities whose principal amount is not known (for example, because it is based on an index), we will use the principal face amount at
  original issuance or a special rule for that debt security described in the prospectus supplement; and
- for debt securities denominated in one or more foreign currencies, we will use the U.S. dollar equivalent.

Debt securities will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if we have deposited or set aside in trust money for their payment or redemption or if we, any other obligor, or any of our affiliates, or any obligor own such debt securities. Debt securities will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased as described later under "— Defeasance — Full Defeasance".

We will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding indenture securities that are entitled to vote or take other action under the indenture. However, the record date may not be more than 30 days before the date of the first solicitation of holders to vote on or take such action. If we set a record date for a vote or other action to be taken by holders of one or more series, that vote or action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding indenture securities of those series on the record date and must be taken within 11 months following the record date.

# Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if we seek to change the indenture or the debt securities or requests a waiver.

#### Defeasance

The following provisions will be applicable to each series of debt securities unless we state in the applicable prospectus supplement that the provisions of covenant defeasance and full defeasance will not be applicable to that series.

#### **Covenant Defeasance**

Under current U.S. federal tax law and the indenture, we can make the deposit described below and be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture under which the particular series was issued. This is called "covenant defeasance". In that event, you would lose the protection of those restrictive covenants but would gain the protection of having money and government securities set aside in trust to repay your debt securities. If we achieve covenant defeasance and your debt securities were subordinated as described under "— Indenture Provisions — Subordination" below, such subordination would not prevent the trustee under the indenture from applying the funds available to it from the deposit described in the first bullet below to the payment of amounts due in respect of such debt securities for the benefit of the subordinated debt holders. In order to achieve covenant defeasance, we must do the following:

- we must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments;
- we must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel confirming that, under current U.S. federal income tax law, we may make the above
  deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit;
- we must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel stating that the above deposit does not require registration by us under the 1940 Act and a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to covenant defeasance have been complied with;
- defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or result in a default under, of the indenture or any of our other material agreements or instruments, as applicable;
- no default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days; and
- satisfy the conditions for covenant defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If we accomplish covenant defeasance, you can still look to us for repayment of the debt securities if there were a shortfall in the trust deposit or the trustee is prevented from making payment. For example, if one of the remaining Events of Default occurred (such as our bankruptcy) and the debt securities became immediately due and payable, there might be such a shortfall. However, there is no assurance that we would have sufficient funds to make payment of the shortfall.

#### Full Defeasance

If there is a change in U.S. federal tax law or we obtain IRS ruling, as described in the second bullet below, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the debt

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securities of a particular series (called "full defeasance") if we put in place the following other arrangements for you to be repaid:

- we must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments;
- we must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion confirming that there has been a change in current U.S. federal tax law or an IRS ruling that allows
  us to make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit. Under
  current U.S. federal tax law, the deposit and our legal release from the debt securities would be treated as though we paid you your share of the
  cash and notes or bonds at the time the cash and notes or bonds were deposited in trust in exchange for your debt securities and you would
  recognize gain or loss on the debt securities at the time of the deposit;
- we must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel stating that the above deposit does not require registration by us under the 1940 Act and a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to defeasance have been complied with;
- defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, of the indenture or any of our other material agreements or instruments, as applicable;
- no default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days; and
- satisfy the conditions for full defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If we ever did accomplish full defeasance, as described above, you would have to rely solely on the trust deposit for repayment of the debt securities. You could not look to us for repayment in the unlikely event of any shortfall. Conversely, the trust deposit would most likely be protected from claims of our lenders and other creditors, as applicable, if we ever became bankrupt or insolvent. If your debt securities were subordinated as described later under "— Indenture Provisions — Subordination", such subordination would not prevent the trustee under the indenture from applying the funds available to it from the deposit referred to in the first bullet of the preceding paragraph to the payment of amounts due in respect of such debt securities for the benefit of the subordinated debt holders.

# Form, Exchange and Transfer of Certificated Registered Securities

If registered debt securities cease to be issued in book-entry form, they will be issued:

- only in fully registered certificated form;
- without interest coupons; and
- unless we indicate otherwise in the prospectus supplement, in denominations of \$1,000 and amounts that are multiples of \$1,000.

Holders may exchange their certificated securities for debt securities of smaller denominations or combined into fewer debt securities of larger denominations, as long as the total principal

amount is not changed and as long as the denomination is greater than the minimum denomination for such securities.

Holders may exchange or transfer their certificated securities at the office of the trustee. We have appointed the trustee to act as our agent for registering debt securities in the names of holders transferring debt securities. We may appoint another entity to perform these functions or perform them ourselves.

Holders will not be required to pay a service charge to transfer or exchange their certificated securities, but they may be required to pay any tax or other governmental charge associated with the transfer or exchange. The transfer or exchange will be made only if our transfer agent, as applicable, is satisfied with the holder's proof of legal ownership.

If we have designated additional transfer agents for your debt security, they will be named in the prospectus supplement. We may appoint additional transfer agents or cancel the appointment of any particular transfer agent. We may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts.

If any certificated securities of a particular series are redeemable and we redeem less than all the debt securities of that series, we may block the transfer or exchange of those debt securities during the period beginning 15 days before the day we mail the notice of redemption and ending on the day of that mailing, in order to freeze the list of holders to prepare the mailing. We may also refuse to register transfers or exchanges of any certificated securities selected for redemption, except that we will continue to permit transfers and exchanges of the unredeemed portion of any debt security that will be partially redeemed.

If a registered debt security is issued in book-entry form, only the depositary will be entitled to transfer and exchange the debt security as described in this subsection, since it will be the sole holder of the debt security.

#### Resignation of Trustee

Each trustee may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of indenture securities provided that a successor trustee is appointed to act with respect to these series and has accepted such appointment. In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of indenture securities under the indenture, each of the trustees will be a trustee of a trust separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee.

# Indenture Provisions — Subordination

Upon any distribution of our assets upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization, the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities is to be subordinated to the extent provided in the indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness (as defined below), but our obligation to you to make payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected. In addition, no payment on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking fund or interest, if any, may be made on such subordinated debt securities at any time unless full payment of all amounts due in respect of the principal (and premium, if any), sinking fund and interest on Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

In the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment by us is received by the trustee in respect of subordinated debt securities or by the holders of any of such subordinated debt securities, upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization before all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, the payment or distribution must be paid over to the holders of the



Senior Indebtedness or on their behalf for application to the payment of all the Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid until all the Senior Indebtedness has been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness. Subject to the payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness upon this distribution by us, the holders of such subordinated debt securities will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of the Senior Indebtedness to the extent of payments made to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness out of the distributive share of such subordinated debt securities.

By reason of this subordination, in the event of a distribution of our assets upon our insolvency, certain of our senior creditors may recover more, ratably, than holders of any subordinated debt securities or the holders of any indenture securities that are not Senior Indebtedness. The indenture provides that these subordination provisions will not apply to money and securities held in trust under the defeasance provisions of the indenture.

Senior Indebtedness is defined in the indenture as the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on:

- our indebtedness (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by us), whenever created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, that we have designated as "Senior Indebtedness" for purposes of the indenture and in accordance with the terms of the indenture (including any indenture securities designated as Senior Indebtedness), and
- renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any of this indebtedness.

If this prospectus is being delivered in connection with the offering of a series of indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities, the accompanying prospectus supplement will set forth the approximate amount of our Senior Indebtedness and of our other Indebtedness outstanding as of a recent date.

#### Secured Indebtedness and Ranking

Certain of our indebtedness, including certain series of indenture securities, may be secured. The prospectus supplement for each series of indenture securities will describe the terms of any security interest for such series and will indicate the approximate amount of our secured indebtedness as of a recent date. Any unsecured indenture securities will effectively rank junior to any existing and future secured indebtedness, including any credit facilities or secured indenture securities, that we incur to the extent of the value of the assets securing such secured indebtedness. Our debt securities, whether secured or unsecured, will rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities, with respect to claims on the assets of any such subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

In the event of bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, any of our assets that secure secured debt will be available to pay obligations on unsecured debt securities only after all indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all unsecured debt securities then outstanding after fulfillment of this obligation. As a result, the holders of unsecured indenture securities may recover less, ratably, than holders of any of our secured indebtedness.

#### The Trustee under the Indenture

U.S. Bank National Association will serve as the trustee under the indenture.

# **Certain Considerations Relating to Foreign Currencies**

Debt securities denominated or payable in foreign currencies may entail significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant fluctuations in the foreign currency markets, the imposition or modification of foreign exchange controls and potential illiquidity in the secondary market. These risks will vary depending upon the currency or currencies involved and will be more fully described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

# MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and an investment in shares of our common stock. The discussion is based upon the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the "Code", the regulations of the U.S. Department of Treasury promulgated thereunder, which we refer to as the "Treasury regulations", the legislative history of the Code, current administrative interpretations and practices of the Internal Revenue Service, which we refer to as the "IRS", (including administrative interpretations and practices of the IRS expressed in private letter rulings which are binding on the IRS only with respect to the particular taxpayers that requested and received those rulings) and judicial decisions, each as of the date of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. The U.S federal income tax laws addressed in this summary are highly technical and complex, and certain aspects of their application to us are not completely clear. In addition, certain U.S. federal income tax consequences described in this summary depend upon certain factual matters, including (without limitation) the value and tax basis ascribed to our assets and the manner in which the we operate, and certain complicated tax accounting calculations. We have not sought, and will not seek, any ruling from the IRS regarding any matter discussed in this summary, and this summary is not binding on the IRS. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert, and a court will not sustain, a position contrary to any of the tax consequences discussed below. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of all the tax aspects affecting us and our stockholders. For example, this summary does not describe all U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to certain types of stockholders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including stockholders subject to the alternative minimum tax, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, partnerships or other pass-through entities and their owners, persons that hold shares of our common stock through a foreign financial institution, persons that hold shares of our common stock through a non-financial foreign entity, Non-U.S. stockholders (as defined below) engaged in a trade or business in the U.S. or Non-U.S. stockholders entitled to claim the benefits of an applicable income tax treaty, persons who have ceased to be U.S. citizens or to be taxed as resident aliens, persons holding our common stock in connection with a hedging, straddle, conversion or other integrated transaction, dealers in securities, a trader in securities that elects to use a market-to-market method of accounting for its securities holdings, pension plans and trusts, and financial institutions. This summary assumes that stockholders hold our common stock as capital assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes (generally, assets held for investment) and that all of the parties to the LLC Agreement comply with all of their respective representations, covenants and agreements contained in the LLC Agreement in accordance with their terms. This summary generally does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if the we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

A "U.S. stockholder" generally is a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- A citizen or individual resident of the U.S.;
- A corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the U.S. or any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- A trust if (i) a court within the U.S. is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all

substantive decisions of the trust, or (ii) the trust has in effect a valid election to be treated as a domestic trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or

An estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

A "Non-U.S. stockholder" generally is a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is not a U.S. stockholder or a partnership (or an entity or arrangement treated as a partnership) for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

If a partnership, or other entity or arrangement treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, holds shares of our common stock, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of the partnership and each partner generally will depend on the status of the partner, the activities of the partnership and certain determinations made at the partner level. A stockholder that is a partnership holding shares of our common stock, and each partner in such a partnership, should consult his, her or its own tax adviser with respect to the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to each stockholder of an investment in shares of our common stock will depend on the facts of his, her or its particular situation. You should consult your own tax adviser regarding the specific consequences of such an investment, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable income tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

# Our Election to be Taxed as a RIC

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends. Rather, dividends distributed by us generally will be taxable to our stockholders, and any net operating losses, foreign tax credits and other tax attributes of ours generally will not pass through to our stockholders, subject to special rules for certain items such as net capital gains and qualified dividend income recognized by us. See "— Taxation of U.S. Stockholders" and "— Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders" below.

To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, to be eligible to be taxed as a RIC, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90.0% of our "investment company taxable income", which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses (the "Annual Distribution Requirement").

## Taxation as a RIC

If we:

- qualify as a RIC; and
- satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement,

then we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our income that is timely distributed (or is deemed to be timely distributed) to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a RIC, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on our income and capital gains.

We will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our net ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (3) any income recognized, but not distributed and on which we did not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax, in preceding years (the "Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement"). While we intend to make distributions to our stockholders in each taxable year that will be sufficient to avoid any U.S. federal excise tax on our earnings, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in entirely avoiding this tax.

In order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

- continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;
- derive in each taxable year at least 90.0% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to loans of certain securities, gains
  from the sale of stock or other securities or foreign currencies, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships", or other income
  derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90.0% Income Test"); and
- diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:
  - at least 50.0% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5.0% of the value of our assets or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and
  - no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of: (1) one issuer, (2) two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades, or (3) businesses or of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (the "Diversification Tests").

NMF Holdings is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, NMF Holdings will itself not be subject to U.S. federal income tax and, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we will take into account all of NMF Holdings' assets and items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit. In the remainder of this discussion, except as otherwise indicated, references to "we" "us" "our" and "NMFC" include NMF Holdings.

SBIC GP and SBIC LP are treated as disregarded entities for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, both SBIC GP and SBIC LP will themselves not be subject to U.S. federal income tax and, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we will take into account all of SBIC GP's and SBIC LP's assets and items of income, gain, loss, deduction and credit. In the remainder of this discussion, except as otherwise indicated, references to "we" "us" "our" and "NMFC" include SBIC GP and SBIC LP.

NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP are Delaware corporations. NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may each incur U.S. federal, state and local income tax expense with respect to their respective income and expenses earned from investment activities.

A RIC is limited in its ability to deduct expenses in excess of its "investment company taxable income" (which is, generally, ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses). If our expenses in a given year exceed our investment company taxable income, we would experience a net operating loss for that year. However, a RIC is not permitted to carry forward net operating losses to subsequent years and

such net operating losses do not pass through to its stockholders. In addition, expenses can be used only to offset investment company taxable income, not net capital gain. A RIC may not use any net capital losses (that is, realized capital losses in excess of realized capital gains) to offset the RIC's investment company taxable income, but may carry forward such losses, and use them to offset capital gains, indefinitely. Due to these limits on the deductibility of expenses and net capital losses, we may for tax purposes have aggregate taxable income for several years that we are required to distribute and that is taxable to its stockholders even if such income is greater than the aggregate net income we actually earned during those years. In such event, we may liquidate certain investments, if necessary. We may recognize gains or losses from such liquidations. In the event that we recognize net capital gains from such transactions, you may receive a larger capital gain distribution than you would have received in the absence of such transactions.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we may be required to include in our taxable income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments with PIK interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or issued with warrants), we must include in our taxable income in each year the portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in our taxable income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as accruals on a contingent payment debt instrument or deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan or are paid in non-cash compensation such as warrants or stock. Because original issue discount or other amounts that we have not yet received in come for the year of accrual and before we receive any corresponding cash payments, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even though we would not have received any corresponding cash payment.

Accordingly, to enable us to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, we may need to sell some of our assets at times and/or at prices that we would not consider advantageous, we may need to raise additional equity or debt capital or we may need to forego new investment opportunities or otherwise take actions that are disadvantageous to our business (or be unable to take actions that are advantageous to our business). If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources to enable us to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, we may fail to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax benefits allowable to RICs and, thus, become subject to a corporate level U.S. federal income tax (and any applicable state and local taxes).

Because we intend to use debt financing, we may be prevented by financial covenants contained in our debt financing agreements from making distributions to our shareholders. In addition, under the 1940 Act, we are generally not permitted to make distributions to our shareholders while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain "asset coverage" tests are met. See "Regulation — Senior Securities". Limits on distributions to our shareholders may prevent us from satisfying the Annual Distribution Requirement and, therefore, may jeopardize our qualification for taxation as a RIC, or subject us to the 4.0% U.S. federal excise tax.

Although we do not presently expect to do so, we may borrow funds and sell assets in order to make distributions to our stockholders that are sufficient for us to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. However, our ability to dispose of assets may be limited by (1) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (2) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous.

# Failure of NMFC to Qualify as a RIC

If we fail to satisfy the 90.0% Income Test or the Diversification Tests for any taxable year or quarter of such taxable year, we may nevertheless continue to qualify as a RIC for such year if certain relief provisions of the Code apply (which may, among other things, require us to pay certain corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes or to dispose of certain assets). If we fail to qualify for treatment as a RIC and such relief provisions do not apply to us, we will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates (and also will be subject to any applicable state and local taxes), regardless of whether we make any distributions to our stockholders. Distributions would not be required. However, if distributions were made, any such distributions would be taxable to our stockholders as ordinary dividend income and, subject to certain limitations under the Code, any such distributions may be eligible for the 20.0% maximum rate applicable to non-corporate taxpayers to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributes would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain.

Subject to a limited exception applicable to RICs that qualified as such under Subchapter M of the Code for at least one year prior to disqualification and that requalify as a RIC no later than the second year following the non-qualifying year, we could be subject to tax on any unrealized net built-in gains in the assets held by us during the period in which we failed to qualify as a RIC that are recognized during the five-year period after our requalification as a RIC, unless we made a special election to pay corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on such built-in gain at the time of our requalification as a RIC. We may decide to be taxed as a regular corporation even if we would otherwise qualify as a RIC if we determine that treatment as a corporation for a particular year would be in our best interests.

#### Investments — General

Certain of our investment practices may be subject to special and complex U.S. federal income tax provisions that may, among other things, (1) treat dividends that would otherwise constitute qualified dividend income as non-qualified dividend income, (2) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions, (3) convert lower-taxed long-term capital gains into higher-taxed short-term capital gains or ordinary income, (4) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited), (5) cause us to recognize income or gains without receipt of a corresponding distribution of cash, (6) adversely affect the time as to when a purchase or sale of stock or securities is deemed to occur, (7) adversely after the characterization of certain complex financial transactions and (8) produce income that will not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90.0% Income Test. We intend to monitor our transactions and may make certain tax elections to mitigate the potential adverse effect of these provisions, but there can be no assurance that any adverse effects of these provisions will be mitigated.

#### Passive Foreign Investment Companies

If we purchase shares in a "passive foreign investment company" (a "PFIC"), we may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on any "excess distribution" received on, or any gain from the disposition of, such shares even if such income is distributed by it as a taxable dividend to its stockholders. Additional charges in the nature of interest generally will be imposed on us in respect of deferred taxes arising from any such excess distribution or gain. If we invest in a PFIC and elect to treat the PFIC as a "qualified electing fund" under the Code (a "QEF"), in lieu of the foregoing requirements, we will be required to include in income each year our proportionate share of the

ordinary earnings and net capital gain of the QEF, even if such income is not distributed by the QEF. Under recently proposed regulations, amounts required to be included in income from a PFIC for which we have made a QEF election would not be good income for purposes of the 90.0% Income Test unless we receive a cash distribution from such PFIC in the same year attributable to the included income. If these regulations are finalized, we will carefully monitor our investments in PFICs to avoid disqualification as a RIC. Alternatively, we may be able to elect to mark to market at the end of each taxable year our shares in a PFIC; in this case, we will recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such shares, and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent that any such decrease does not exceed prior increases included in our income. Under either election, we may be required to recognize in a year income in excess of distributions from PFICs and our proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income will nevertheless be subject to the Annual Distribution Requirement and will be taken into account for purposes of the 4.0% U.S. federal excise tax. See "— Taxation of NMFC as a RIC" above. In addition, under recently proposed regulations, income required to be included as a result of a QEF election would not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test unless we receive a distribution of such income from the PFIC in the same taxable year to which the inclusion relates.

## Foreign Currency Transactions

Under Section 988 of the Code, gains or losses attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between the time we accrue income, expenses or other liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and the time we actually collect such income or pay such expenses or liabilities are generally treated as ordinary income or loss. Similarly, gains or losses on foreign currency forward contracts and the disposition of debt obligations denominated in a foreign currency, to the extent attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between the acquisition and disposition dates, are also treated as ordinary income or loss.

The remainder of this discussion assumes that we qualify as a RIC for each taxable year.

#### Taxation of U.S. Stockholders

The following discussion only applies to U.S. stockholders. Prospective stockholders that are not U.S. stockholders should refer to "— Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders" below.

#### Distributions

Distributions by us generally are taxable to U.S. stockholders as ordinary income or capital gains. Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" (which is, generally, our net ordinary income plus realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) will be taxable as ordinary income to U.S. stockholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. To the extent that such distributions paid by us to non-corporate stockholders (including individuals) are attributable to dividends from U.S. corporations and certain qualified foreign corporations, such distributions ("Qualifying Dividends") may be eligible for a maximum tax rate of 20.0%. In this regard, it is anticipated that distributions paid by NMFC will generally not be attributable to dividends received by us and, therefore, generally will not qualify for the 20.0% maximum rate applicable to Qualifying Dividends. Distributions of our net capital gains (which are generally our realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses) properly reported by us as "capital gain dividends" in written statements furnished to its stockholders will be taxable to a U.S. stockholder as long-term capital gains that are currently taxable at a maximum rate of 20.0% in the case of individuals, trusts or estates, regardless of the U.S. stockholder's holding period for his, her or its common stock and regardless of whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. Distributions in excess of our earnings and profits first will

reduce a U.S. stockholder's adjusted tax basis in such stockholder's common stock and, after the adjusted tax basis is reduced to zero, will constitute capital gains to such U.S. stockholder.

We may retain some or all of our realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses, but designate the retained net capital gain as a "deemed distribution". In that case, among other consequences, (i) we will pay tax on the retained amount, (ii) each U.S. stockholder will be required to include his, her or its share of the deemed distribution in income as if it had been actually distributed to the U.S. stockholder, and (iii) the U.S. stockholder will be entitled to claim a credit equal to his, her or its allocable share of the tax paid thereon by us. Because we expect to pay tax on any retained net capital gains at the regular corporate tax rate, and because that rate is in excess of the maximum rate currently payable by individuals on long-term capital gains, the amount of tax that individual U.S. stockholders will be treated as having paid will exceed the tax they owe on the capital gain distribution and such excess generally may be refunded or claimed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's other U.S. federal income tax obligations. The amount of the deemed distribution net of such tax will be added to the U.S. stockholder's cost basis for his, her or its common stock. In order to utilize the deemed distribution approach, we must provide written notice to its stockholders prior to the expiration of 60 days after the close of the relevant taxable year. We cannot treat any of our investment company taxable income as a "deemed distribution".

For purposes of determining (1) whether the Annual Distribution Requirement is satisfied for any year and (2) the amount of capital gain dividends paid for that year, we may, under certain circumstances, elect to treat a dividend that is paid during the following taxable year as if it had been paid during the taxable year in question. If we make such an election, the U.S. stockholder will still be treated as receiving the dividend in the taxable year in which the distribution is made. However, any dividend declared by us in October, November or December of any calendar year, payable to stockholders of record on a specified date in such a month and actually paid during January of the following year, will be treated as if it had been received by its U.S. stockholders on December 31 of the year in which the dividend was declared.

If an investor purchases shares of our common stock shortly before the record date of a distribution, the price of the shares will include the value of the distribution and the investor will be subject to tax on the distribution even though economically it may represent a return of his, her or its investment.

We or the applicable withholding agent will send to each of its U.S. stockholders, as promptly as possible after the end of each calendar year, a notice reporting the amounts includible in such U.S. stockholder's taxable income for such year as ordinary income and as long-term capital gain. In addition, the federal tax status of each year's distributions from us generally will be reported to the IRS (including the amount of dividends, if any, that are Qualifying Dividends eligible for the 20.0% maximum rate). Dividends paid by us generally will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction or the preferential tax rate applicable to Qualifying Dividends because our income generally will not consist of dividends. Distributions may also be subject to additional state, local and foreign taxes depending on a U.S. stockholder's particular situation.

## Alternative Minimum Tax

As a RIC, we may be subject to alternative minimum tax, also referred to as "AMT", but any items that are treated differently for AMT purposes must be apportioned between us and our U.S. stockholders, and this may affect the U.S. stockholders' AMT liabilities. Although Treasury regulations explaining the precise method of apportionment have not yet been issued, such items will generally be apportioned in the same proportion that dividends paid to each U.S. stockholder

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bear to our taxable income (determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction), unless a different method for a particular item is warranted under the circumstances.

## Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Under the dividend reinvestment plan, if a U.S. stockholder owns shares of our common stock registered in the U.S. stockholder's own name, the U.S. stockholder will have all cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless the U.S. stockholder opts out of the dividend reinvestment plan by delivering a written, phone or internet notice to the plan administrator at least three days prior to the payment date of the next dividend or distribution. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan". Any distributions reinvested under the plan will nevertheless remain taxable to the U.S. stockholder. The U.S. stockholder will have an adjusted tax basis in the additional shares of our common stock purchased through the plan equal to the amount of the reinvested distribution. The additional shares will have a new holding period commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account.

# Dispositions

A U.S. stockholder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss if the U.S. stockholder sells or otherwise disposes of his, her or its shares of our common stock. The amount of gain or loss will be measured by the difference between such stockholder's adjusted tax basis in the common stock sold and the amount of the proceeds received in exchange. Any gain or loss arising from such sale or disposition generally will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. stockholder has held his, her or its shares for more than one year; otherwise, any such gain or loss will be classified as short-term capital gain or loss. However, any capital loss arising from the sale or disposition of shares of our common stock held for six months or less will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the amount of capital gain dividends received, or undistributed capital gain deemed received, with respect to such shares. In addition, all or a portion of any loss recognized upon a disposition of shares of our common stock may be disallowed if other shares of our common stock are purchased (whether through reinvestment of distributions or otherwise) within 30 days before or after the disposition. In such case, the basis of the newly purchased shares will be adjusted to reflect the disallowed loss.

In general, non-corporate U.S. stockholders currently are subject to a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate of 20.0% on their recognized net capital gain (i.e., the excess of realized net long-term capital gains over realized net short-term capital losses), including any long-term capital gain derived from an investment in shares of our common stock. Such rate is lower than the maximum rate on ordinary income currently payable by individuals. In addition, individuals with a modified adjusted gross income in excess of \$200,000 (\$250,000 in the case of married individuals filing jointly) and certain estates and trusts are subject to an additional 3.8% tax on their "net investment income", which generally includes net income from interest, dividends, annuities, royalties and rents, and net capital gains (other than certain amounts earned from trades or businesses). Corporate U.S. stockholders currently are subject to U.S. federal income tax on net capital gain at the maximum 35.0% rate also applied to ordinary income. Non-corporate U.S. stockholders with net capital losses for a year (i.e., capital losses in excess of capital gains) generally may deduct up to \$3,000 of such losses against their ordinary income each year; any net capital losses of a non-corporate U.S. stockholder in excess of \$3,000 generally may be carried forward and used in subsequent years as provided in the Code. Corporate U.S. stockholders generally may not deduct any net capital losses for a year, but may carry back such losses for three years or carry forward such losses for five years.

#### **Tax Shelter Reporting Regulations**

Under applicable Treasury Regulations, if a U.S. stockholder recognizes a loss with respect to our common stock of \$2.0 million or more for a noncorporate U.S. stockholder or \$10.0 million or more for a corporate U.S. stockholder in any single taxable year (or a greater loss over a combination of years), the U.S. stockholder must file with the IRS a disclosure statement on Form 8886. Direct U.S. stockholders of portfolio securities are in many cases excepted from this reporting requirement, but under current guidance, U.S. stockholders of a RIC are not excepted. Future guidance may extend the current exception from this reporting requirement to U.S. stockholders of most or all RICs. The fact that a loss is reportable under these regulations does not affect the legal determination of whether the taxpayer's treatment of the loss is proper. U.S. stockholders should consult their own tax advisers to determine the applicability of these regulations in light of their individual circumstances.

## **Backup Withholding**

We may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax ("backup withholding") from any distribution to a U.S. stockholder (other than a corporation, a financial institution, or a stockholder that otherwise qualifies for an exemption) (1) that fails to provide us or the distribution paying agent with a correct taxpayer identification number or a certificate that such stockholder is exempt from backup withholding or (2) with respect to whom the IRS notifies us that such stockholder has failed to properly report certain interest and dividend income to the IRS and to respond to notices to that effect. An individual's taxpayer identification number is his or her social security number. Any amount withheld under backup withholding is allowed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's U.S. federal income tax liability, provided that proper information is timely provided to the IRS.

## Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders

The following discussion applies only to Non-U.S. stockholders. Whether an investment in shares of our common stock is appropriate for a Non-U.S. stockholder will depend upon that person's particular circumstances. An investment in shares of our common stock by a Non-U.S. stockholder may have adverse tax consequences to such Non-U.S. stockholder. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisers before investing in our common stock.

## Distributions; Dispositions

Subject to the discussion in "— Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act" below, distributions of our "investment company taxable income" to Non-U.S. stockholders (including interest income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized long-term capital losses, which generally would be free of withholding if paid to Non-U.S. stockholders directly) will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30.0% rate (or lower rate provided by an applicable income tax treaty) to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, unless an applicable exception applies. Such dividends will not be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax treaty in the extent dividends and short-term capital gain dividends as "interest-related dividends" or "short-term capital gain that we report such dividends as "interest-related dividends" or short-term capital gains that would not have been subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at the source if they had been received directly by a foreign person, and that satisfy certain other requirements. No assurance can be given as to whether any of our distributions will be eligible for this exemption from withholding tax or, if eligible, will be reported as such by us.

If the distributions are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a U.S.

permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder), we will not be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax if the Non-U.S. stockholder complies with applicable certification and disclosure requirements, although the distributions will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the rates applicable to U.S. persons. (Special certification requirements apply to a Non-U.S. stockholder that is a foreign partnership or a foreign trust, and such entities are urged to consult their own tax advisers.)

Subject to the discussion in "— Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act" below, actual or deemed distributions of our net capital gains to a Non-U.S. stockholder, and gains realized by a Non-U.S. stockholder upon the sale of our common stock, will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax unless the distributions or gains, as the case may be, are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, are attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder).

If we distribute our net capital gains in the form of deemed rather than actual distributions, a Non-U.S. stockholder will be entitled to a U.S. federal income tax credit or tax refund equal to the stockholder's allocable share of the tax we pay on the capital gains deemed to have been distributed. In order to obtain the refund, the Non-U.S. stockholder must obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and file a U.S. federal income tax return, even if the Non-U.S. stockholder would not otherwise be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number or file a U.S. federal income tax return. For a corporate Non-U.S. stockholder, both distributions (actual or deemed) and gains realized upon the sale of our common stock that are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a 30.0% rate (or at a lower rate if provided for by an applicable income tax treaty). Accordingly, investment in shares of our common stock may not be appropriate for a Non-U.S. stockholder.

#### Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Under our dividend reinvestment plan, if a Non-U.S. stockholder owns shares of our common stock registered in the Non-U.S. stockholder's own name, the Non-U.S. stockholder will have all cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock unless it opts out of the dividend reinvestment plan by delivering a written, phone or internet notice to the plan administrator at least three days prior to the payment date of the next dividend or distribution. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan". If the distribution is a distribution of our investment company taxable income, is not reported by us as a short-term capital gain dividend or interest-related dividend, if applicable, and is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (or, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is not attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder), the amount distributed (to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits) will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30.0% rate (or lower rate provided by an applicable income tax treaty) and only the net after-tax amount will be reinvested in our common stock. If the distribution is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of U.S. permanent establishment of the Non-U.S. stockholder (und, if required by an applicable income tax treaty) and only the net after-tax amount will be reinvested in our common stock. If the distribution is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the distribution is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder (and, if required by an applicable income tax treaty, is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment of the o

# **Backup Withholding**

A Non-U.S. stockholder who is a non-resident alien individual, and who is otherwise subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax, will be subject to information reporting and may be subject to backup withholding of U.S. federal income tax on taxable distributions unless the Non-U.S. stockholder provides us or the distribution paying agent with an IRS Form W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E (or an acceptable substitute form) or otherwise meets documentary evidence requirements for establishing that it is a Non-U.S. stockholder or otherwise establishes an exemption from backup withholding.

# Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their own tax advisers with respect to the U.S. federal income and withholding tax consequences, and state, local and foreign tax consequences, of an investment in shares of our common stock.

## Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Legislation commonly referred to as the "Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act," or "FATCA," generally imposes a 30.0% withholding tax on payments of certain types of income to foreign financial institutions ("FFIs") unless such FFIs (i) enter into an agreement with the U.S. Treasury to report certain required information with respect to accounts held by U.S. persons (or held by foreign entities that have U.S. persons as substantial owners) or (ii) reside in jurisdictions that have entered into an intergovernmental agreement ("IGA") with the U.S. to provide such information and are in compliance with the terms of such IGA and any enabling legislation or regulations. The types of income subject to the tax include, among other things, U.S. source dividends and, after December 31, 2018, the gross proceeds from the sale of any property that could produce U.S. source dividends. The information required to be reported includes the identity and taxpayer identification number of each account holder that is a U.S. person and transaction activity within the holder's account. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, this legislation also imposes a 30.0% withholding on payments to foreign entities that are not FFIs unless the foreign entity certifies that it does not have a 10.0% or greater U.S. owner or provides the withholding agent with identifying information on each 10.0% or greater U.S. stockholder and the status of the intermediaries through which such shareholder holds their shares, a Non-U.S. stockholder could be subject to this 30.0% withholding tax with respect to distributions on their shares of our common stock and proceeds from the sale of their shares of our common stock. A U.S. stockholder who hold their shares through foreign entities or intermediaries may also be subject to this 30% withholding tax. Under certain circumstances, a stockholder might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

## Certain State, Local and Foreign Tax Matters

We and our stockholders may be subject to state, local or foreign taxation in various jurisdictions in which we or they transact business, own property or reside. The state, local or foreign tax treatment of us and our stockholders may not conform to the U.S. federal income tax treatment discussed above. In particular, our investments in foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes. The imposition of any such foreign, state, local or other taxes would reduce cash available for distribution to our stockholders, and our stockholders would not be entitled to claim a credit or deduction with respect to such taxes. Prospective investors should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the application and effect of state, local and foreign income and other tax laws on an investment in shares of our common stock.

## REGULATION

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to investments by a BDC in another investment company and transactions between BDCs and their affiliates, principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters. The 1940 Act requires that a majority of the directors be persons other than "interested persons", as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw its election as a BDC unless approved by a majority of our outstanding voting securities. The 1940 Act defines "a majority of the outstanding voting securities" as the lesser of (i) 67.0% or more of the voting securities present at a meeting if the holders of more than 50.0% of our outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy or (ii) more than 50.0% of our voting securities.

We may, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act, issue additional equity or debt capital. We will generally not be able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. See "Risk Factors — Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies". We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the then-current net asset value of our common stock if our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. In addition, we may generally issue new shares of our common stock at a price below net asset value in rights offerings to existing stockholders, in payment of dividends and in certain other limited circumstances.

As a BDC, we will not generally be permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which the Investment Adviser or any of its affiliates currently have an investment or to make any co-investments with the Investment Adviser or its affiliates without an exemptive order from the SEC. In addition, as a BDC, we are not permitted to issue stock in consideration for services.

#### SBA Regulation

On August 1, 2014, our wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiary, SBIC LP received a license from the SBA to operate as an SBIC under Section 301(c) of the 1958 Act. SBIC LP has an investment strategy and philosophy substantially similar to ours and makes similar types of investments in accordance with SBA regulations.

A license allows SBIC LP to incur leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment and certain approvals by the SBA and customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures carry long-term fixed rates that are generally lower than rates on comparable bank and other debt. Under the regulations applicable to SBICs, a standard debenture licensed SBIC is eligible for two tiers of leverage capped at \$150.0 million, where each tier is equivalent to the SBIC's regulatory capital, which generally equates to the amount of equity capital in the SBIC. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have a maturity of ten years, require semi-annual payments of interest and do not require any principal payments prior to maturity. SBIC LP is subject to regulation and oversight by the SBA, including requirements with respect to reporting financial information, such as the extent of capital impairment if applicable, on a regular basis and annual examinations conducted by the SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to SBIC LP's assets over our stockholders in the event SBIC LP is liquidated or the SBA exercises its remedies under the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by SBIC LP upon an event of default.

On November 5, 2014, we received exemptive relief from the SEC to permit us to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures of SBIC LP from our 200.0% asset coverage test under the 1940 Act. As such, our ratio of total consolidated assets to outstanding indebtedness may be less than

200.0%. This provides us with increased investment flexibility but also increases our risks related to leverage.

SBICs are designed to stimulate the flow of private investor capital to eligible small businesses as defined by the SBA. Under SBA regulations, SBICs may make loans to eligible small businesses, invest in the equity securities of such businesses and provide them with consulting and advisory services. Under present SBA regulations, eligible small businesses generally include businesses that (together with their affiliates) have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$19.5 million for the most recent fiscal year and have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$6.5 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. In addition, an SBIC must invest 25.0% of its investment capital to "smaller business", as defined by the SBA. The definition of a smaller business generally includes businesses that have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$6.0 million for the most recent fiscal year and have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$2.0 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. SBA regulations also provide alternative size standard exceeding \$6.0 million for the most recent fiscal year and have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$2.0 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any net carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. SBA regulations also provide alternative size standard criteria to determine eligibility for designation as an eligible small business or smaller concern, which criteria depend on the primary industry in which the business is engaged and is based on such factors as the number of employees and gross revenue. However, once an SBIC has invested in an eligible small business, it may continue to make follow on investments in the company, regardless of the size of the company at the time of the follow on investment.

The SBA prohibits an SBIC from providing funds to small businesses with certain characteristics, such as businesses with the majority of their employees located outside the U.S., or from investing in project finance, real estate, farmland, financial intermediaries or "passive" (i.e. non-operating) businesses. Without prior SBA approval, an SBIC may not invest an amount equal to more than approximately 30.0% of the SBIC's regulatory capital in any one company and its affiliates.

The SBA places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies (such as limiting the permissible interest rate on debt securities held by an SBIC in a portfolio company). An SBIC may exercise control over a small business for a period of up to seven years from the date on which the SBIC initially acquires its control position. This control period may be extended for an additional period of time with the SBA's prior written approval.

The SBA restricts the ability of an SBIC to lend money to any of its officers, directors and employees or to invest in associates thereof. The SBA also prohibits, without prior SBA approval, a "change of control" of an SBIC or transfers that would result in any person (or a group of persons acting in concert) owning 10.0% or more of a class of capital stock of a licensed SBIC. A "change of control" is any event which would result in the transfer of the power, direct or indirect, to direct the management and policies of an SBIC, whether through ownership, contractual arrangements or otherwise.

The SBA regulations require, among other things, an annual periodic examination of a licensed SBIC by an SBA examiner to determine the SBIC's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations, and the performance of a financial audit by an independent auditor.

In December 2015, the 2016 omnibus spending bill approved by the U.S. Congress and signed into law by the President increased the amount of SBAguaranteed debentures that affiliated SBIC funds can have outstanding from \$225.0 million to \$350.0 million, subject to SBA approval.

### **Qualifying Assets**

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70.0% of the BDC's total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

- 1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:
  - (a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the U.S.;
  - (b) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly-owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and
  - (c) satisfies any of the following:
    - (i) does not have any class of securities that is traded on a national securities exchange;
    - has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange, but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250.0 million;
    - (iii) is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC and the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or
    - (iv) is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4.0 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2.0 million.
- 2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that the BDC controls.
- 3) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.
- 4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and the BDC already owns 60.0% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.
- 5) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.
- 6) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

In addition, a BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the U.S. and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

As of March 31, 2017, 11.8% of our total assets were non-qualifying assets.

#### Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

BDCs generally must offer to make available to the issuer of its securities significant managerial assistance, except in circumstances where either (i) the BDC controls such issuer of securities or (ii) the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together and one of the other persons in the group makes available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. The Administrator or its affiliate provides such managerial assistance on our behalf to portfolio companies that request this assistance.

#### **Temporary Investments**

Pending investments in other types of qualifying assets, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or highquality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment (collectively, as "temporary investments"), so that 70.0% of our assets are qualifying assets. Typically, we will invest in U.S. Treasury bills or in repurchase agreements, provided that such agreements are fully collateralized by cash or securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by an investor, such as us, of a specified security and the simultaneous agreement by the seller to repurchase it at an agreed-upon future date and at a price that is greater than the purchase price by an amount that reflects an agreed-upon interest rate. There is no percentage restriction on the proportion of our assets that may be invested in such repurchase agreements. However, if more than 25.0% of our total assets constitute repurchase agreements from a single counterparty, we would not meet the Diversification Tests in order to qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, we do not intend to enter into repurchase agreements with a single counterparty in excess of this limit. The Investment Adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

#### Senior Securities

We are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of debt if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200.0% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding (other than any indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan, such as any indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes or the Unsecured Notes), we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of our equity securities unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5.0% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to our asset coverage. We will include our assets and liabilities and all of our wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries for purposes of calculating the asset coverage ratio. We received exemptive relief from the SEC on November 5, 2014, allowing us to modify the asset coverage requirement to exclude SBA-guaranteed debentures from this calculation. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business — Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for

investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies" and "— We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us".

#### Code of Ethics

We have adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. You may read and copy the code of ethics at the SEC's Public Reference Room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330, and a copy of the code of ethics may be obtained, after paying a duplication fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov. In addition, the code of ethics is available on the SEC's Internet site at *http://www.sec.gov.* 

# **Compliance Policies and Procedures**

We and the Investment Adviser have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and we are required to review these compliance policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation. Our chief compliance officer is responsible for administering these policies and procedures.

#### **Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures**

We have delegated our proxy voting responsibility to the Investment Adviser. The proxy voting policies and procedures of the Investment Adviser are set forth below. The guidelines will be reviewed periodically by the Investment Adviser and our non-interested directors, and, accordingly, are subject to change.

# Introduction

As an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, the Investment Adviser has a fiduciary duty to act solely in the best interests of its clients. As part of this duty, it recognizes that it must vote our securities in a timely manner free of conflicts of interest and in our best interests.

The policies and procedures for voting proxies for the investment advisory clients of the Investment Adviser are intended to comply with Section 206 of, and Rule 206(4)-6 under, the Advisers Act.

## **Proxy policies**

The Investment Adviser will vote proxies relating to our securities in our best interest. It will review on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted for a stockholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by us. Although the Investment Adviser will generally vote against proposals that may have a negative impact on its clients' portfolio securities, it may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

The proxy voting decisions of the Investment Adviser are made by the senior officers who are responsible for monitoring each of its clients' investments. To ensure that its vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, it will require that: (a) anyone involved in the decision making process disclose to its chief compliance officer any potential conflict that he or she is aware of and any

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contact that he or she has had with any interested party regarding a proxy vote; and (b) employees involved in the decision making process or vote administration are prohibited from revealing how the Investment Adviser intends to vote on a proposal in order to reduce any attempted influence from interested parties.

## Proxy voting records

You may obtain, without charge, information regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Chief Compliance Officer, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

#### Other

We will be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

We are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we will be prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

# Exchange Act and Sarbanes-Oxley Act Compliance

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 imposes a variety of regulatory requirements on publicly-held companies and their insiders. Many of these requirements affect NMFC. For example:

- pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer are required to certify the accuracy of the financial statements contained in our periodic reports;
- pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports are required to disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;
- pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our management is required to prepare a report regarding their assessment of their internal control over financial reporting and is required to obtain an audit of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting performed by our independent registered public accounting firm; and
- pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our periodic reports are required to disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of the evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires us to review our current policies and procedures to determine whether we comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the regulations promulgated thereunder. We intend to monitor our compliance with all regulations that are adopted under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and will take actions necessary to ensure that we are in compliance therewith.

#### **Fundamental Investment Policies**

Neither our investment objective nor our investment policies are identified as fundamental. Accordingly, our investment objective and policies may be changed by us without the approval of our stockholders.

# NYSE Corporate Governance Regulations

The NYSE has adopted corporate governance regulations that listed companies must comply with. We intend to be in compliance with such corporate governance listing standards applicable to BDCs. We intend to monitor our compliance with all future listing standards and to take all necessary actions to ensure that we are in compliance therewith. If we were to be delisted by the NYSE, the liquidity of our common stock would be materially impaired.

# PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$500,000,000 of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights to purchase shares of common stock, debt securities or warrants, in one or more underwritten public offerings, at-the-market offerings, negotiated transactions, block trades, best efforts or a combination of these methods. We may sell the securities directly to one or more purchasers, or through agents designated from time to time by us, or to or through underwriters or dealers. In the case of a rights offering, the applicable prospectus supplement will set forth the number of shares of our common stock issuable upon the exercise of each right and the other terms of such rights offering. Any underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement or supplements will also describe the terms of the offering of the securities, including: the purchase price of the securities and the proceeds we will receive from the sale; any options underwriters' compensation; the public offering price; any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and any securities exchange or market on which the securities may be listed. Only underwriters named in the prospectus supplement will be underwriters of the shares of the shares of the shares additional securities from us; any agency fees or underwriting discounts and other items constituting agents' or underwriters' compensation; the public offering price; any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and any securities exchange or market on which the securities may be listed. Only underwriters named in the prospectus supplement will be underwriters of the shares offered by the prospectus supplement.

The distribution of the securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices, or at negotiated prices, provided, however, that the offering price per share of our common stock, less any underwriting commissions or discounts, must equal or exceed the net asset value per share of our common stock at the time of the offering except (i) in connection with a rights offering to our existing stockholders, (ii) with the prior approval of the majority of our common stockholders, or (iii) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. Any offering of securities by us that requires the consent of the majority of our common stockholders, must occur, if at all, within one year after receiving such consent. The price at which the securities may be distributed may represent a discount from prevailing market prices.

In connection with the sale of the securities, underwriters or agents may receive compensation from us or from purchasers of the securities, for whom they may act as agents, in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions. Underwriters may sell the securities to or through dealers and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriters and/or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents. Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in the distribution of the securities may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act, and any discounts and commissions they receive from us and any profit realized by them on the resale of the securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. Any such underwriter or agent will be identified and any such compensation received from us will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. The maximum aggregate commission or discount to be received by any member of FINRA or independent broker-dealer, including any reimbursements to underwriters or agents for certain fees and legal expenses incurred by them, will not be greater than 10.0% of the gross proceeds of the sale of shares offered pursuant to this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement.

Any underwriter may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum price. Syndicate-covering or other short-covering transactions involve purchases of the securities, either through exercise of the option to purchase additional shares from

us or in the open market after the distribution is completed, to cover short positions. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a dealer when the securities originally sold by the dealer are purchased in a stabilizing or covering transaction to cover short positions. Those activities may cause the price of the securities to be higher than it would otherwise be. If commenced, the underwriters may discontinue any of the activities at any time.

Any underwriters that are qualified market makers on the NYSE may engage in passive market making transactions in our common stock on the NYSE in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act, during the business day prior to the pricing of the offering, before the commencement of offers or sales of our common stock. Passive market makers must comply with applicable volume and price limitations and must be identified as passive market makers. In general, a passive market maker must display its bid at a price not in excess of the highest independent bid for such security; if all independent bids are lowered below the passive market maker's bid, however, the passive market maker's bid must then be lowered when certain purchase limits are exceeded. Passive market making may stabilize the market price of the shares at a level above that which might otherwise prevail in the open market and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

We may sell securities directly or through agents we designate from time to time. We will name any agent involved in the offering and sale of securities and we will describe any commissions we will pay the agent in the prospectus supplement. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, our agent will act on a best-efforts basis for the period of its appointment.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, each class or series of securities will be a new issue with no trading market, other than our common stock, which is traded on the NYSE. We may elect to list any other class or series of securities on any exchanges, but we are not obligated to do so. We cannot guarantee the liquidity of the trading markets for any securities.

Under agreements that we may enter, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of our securities may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or contribution with respect to payments that the agents or underwriters may make with respect to these liabilities. Underwriters, dealers and agents may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize underwriters or other persons acting as our agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase our securities from us pursuant to contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date. Institutions with which such contracts may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions and others, but in all cases such institutions must be approved by us. The obligations of any purchaser under any such contract will be subject to the condition that the purchase of our securities shall not at the time of delivery be prohibited under the laws of the jurisdiction to which such purchaser is subject. The underwriters and such other agents will not have any responsibility in respect of the validity or performance of such contracts. Such contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commission payable for solicitation of such contracts.

We may enter into derivative transactions with third parties, or sell securities not covered by this prospectus to third parties in privately negotiated transactions. If the applicable prospectus supplement indicates, in connection with those derivatives, the third parties may sell securities covered by this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, including in short sale transactions. If so, the third party may use securities pledged by us or borrowed from us or others

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to settle those sales or to close out any related open borrowings of stock, and may use securities received from us in settlement of those derivatives to close out any related open borrowings of stock. The third parties in such sale transactions will be underwriters and, if not identified in this prospectus, will be identified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, our securities offered hereby will be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

## SAFEKEEPING AGENT, CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AGENT, DISTRIBUTION PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

We maintain custody of our assets in accordance with the requirements of Rule 17f-2 under the 1940 Act. Also in accordance with this rule, some of our portfolio securities are held under a safekeeping agreement, by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which is a bank whose functions and physical facilities are supervised by federal or state authority. The address of the safekeeping agent is: 9062 Old Annapolis Road, Columbia, Maryland 21045. In addition, some of our portfolio securities are held under a custody agreement by U.S. Bank National Association. The address of the custodian is: One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC acts as our transfer agent, distribution paying agent and registrar is 6201 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219, telephone number: (800) 937-5449.

# **BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES**

Since we generally acquire and dispose of our investments in privately negotiated transactions, we expect that we will infrequently use brokers in the normal course of our business. Subject to policies established by our board of directors, the Investment Adviser is primarily responsible for the execution of the publicly-traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. The Investment Adviser does not execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer, but seeks to obtain the best net results, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution, and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities. While the Investment Adviser generally seeks reasonably competitive trade execution costs, we will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements, the Investment Adviser may select a broker may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if the Investment Adviser determines in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided.

# LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters regarding the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, D.C. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed upon for the underwriters, if any, by the counsel named in the applicable prospectus supplement.

# INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

With respect to the unaudited interim financial information of New Mountain Finance Corporation as of March 31, 2017 and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, which is included in this prospectus, Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has applied limited procedures in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) for a review of such information. However, as stated in their report included in this prospectus, they did not audit and they do not express an opinion on that interim financial information. Accordingly, the degree of reliance on their report on such information should be restricted in light of the limited nature of the review procedures applied. Deloitte & Touche LLP are not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act for their reports on the unaudited interim financial information because those reports are not "reports" or a "part" of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Act.



The consolidated financial statements and the related information included in the Senior Securities table, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in this prospectus, have been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their reports appearing herein and elsewhere in the Registration Statement. Such financial statements and information included in the Senior Securities table have been so included in reliance upon the reports of such firm, given their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

# **AVAILABLE INFORMATION**

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the securities offered by this prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the securities being offered by this prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov.* Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com.* Information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus.

### **PRIVACY NOTICE**

Your privacy is very important to us. This Privacy Notice sets forth our policies with respect to non-public personal information about our shareholders and prospective and former shareholders. These policies apply to our shareholders and may be changed at any time, provided a notice of such change is given to you. This notice supersedes any other privacy notice you may have received from us.

We will safeguard, according to strict standards of security and confidentiality, all information we receive about you. The only information we collect from you is your name, address, number of shares you hold and your social security number. This information is used only so that we can send you annual reports and other information about us, and send you proxy statements or other information required by law.

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We do not share this information with any non-affiliated third party except as described below.

- Authorized Employees of our Investment Adviser. It is our policy that only authorized employees of our investment adviser who need to know your personal information will have access to it.
- Service Providers. We may disclose your personal information to companies that provide services on our behalf, such as recordkeeping, processing your trades, and mailing you information. These companies are required to protect your information and use it solely for the purpose for which they received it.
- Courts and Government Officials. If required by law, we may disclose your personal information in accordance with a court order or at the request of government regulators. Only that information required by law, subpoena, or court order will be disclosed.

We seek to carefully safeguard your private information and, to that end, restrict access to non-public personal information about you to those employees and other persons who need to know the information to enable us to provide services to you. We maintain physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to protect your non-public personal information.

If you have any questions regarding this policy or the treatment of your non-public personal information, please contact our Chief Compliance Officer at (212) 655-0083.

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# **Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities**

# (in thousands, except shares and per share data)

# (unaudited)

	Ma	March 31, 2017		December 31, 2016		
Assets						
Investments at fair value						
Non-controlled/non-affiliated investments (cost of \$1,483,399 and \$1,379,603, respectively)	\$	1,458,331	\$	1,346,556		
Non-controlled/affiliated investments (cost of \$164,065 and \$54,996, respectively)		166,213		57,440		
Controlled investments (cost of \$149,587 and \$140,579, respectively)		162,351		154,821		
Total investments at fair value (cost of \$1,797,051 and \$1,575,178, respectively)		1,786,895		1,558,817		
Securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell (cost of \$30,000 and \$30,000,						
respectively)		28,418		29,218		
Cash and cash equivalents		37,663		45,928		
Interest and dividend receivable		21,714		17,833		
Receivable from unsettled securities sold		1,681		990		
Receivable from affiliates		715		346		
Other assets		3,853		2,886		
Total assets	\$	1,880,939	\$	1,656,018		
iabilities	-					
Borrowings						
Holdings Credit Facility	\$	376.913	\$	333.513		
Convertible Notes		155,496	*	155,523		
NMEC Credit Facility		122,500		10.000		
SBA-guaranteed debentures		121.745		121,745		
Unsecured Notes		90.000		90,000		
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$13,267 and \$12,279, respectively)		(13,053)		(14,041)		
Net borrowings		853.601		696,740		
Payable for unsettled securities purchased		50,551		2,740		
Management fee payable		12,110		5.852		
Incentive fee payable		9.353		5,745		
Interest payable		5.650		3,172		
Payable to affiliates		412		136		
Deferred tax liability		279		1.034		
Other liabilities		2,241		2.037		
Total liabilities		934,197		717,456		
		001,101		111,100		
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 9)						
Vet assets						
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 2,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		_		_		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 69,821,693 and						
69,755,387 shares issued, respectively, and 69,821,693 and 69,717,814 shares outstanding,						
respectively		698		698		
Paid in capital in excess of par		1.002.869		1.001.862		
Treasury stock at cost, 0 and 37,573 shares held, respectively		.,002,000		(460)		
Accumulated undistributed net investment income		1.800		2.073		
Accumulated undistributed net realized losses on investments		(36,121)		(36,947)		
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation (net of provision for taxes of \$279 and \$1,034, respectively)		(22,504)		(28,664)		
Total net assets	\$	946.742	\$	938,562		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1.880.939	\$	1.656.018		
	Ψ	1	Ψ	1		
Number of shares outstanding	¢	69,821,693	¢	69,717,814		
Net asset value per share	\$	13.56	\$	13.46		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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# **Consolidated Statements of Operations**

# (in thousands, except shares and per share data)

# (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended		
	Ma	arch 31, 2017	Μ	arch 31, 2016
Investment income				
From non-controlled/non-affiliated investments:				
Interest income	\$	32,876	\$	35,706
Dividend income		51		
Other income		2,265		1,222
From non-controlled/affiliated investments:				
Interest income		647		1,582
Dividend income		1,648		920
Other income		298		313
From controlled investments:				
Interest income		475		502
Dividend income		5,034		719
Other income		13		12
Total investment income		43,307		40,976
Expenses				
Incentive fee		5,408		5,385
Management fee		7,614		6,836
Interest and other financing expenses		8,376		6,602
Professional fees		850		877
Administrative expenses		708		839
Other general and administrative expenses		466		432
Total expenses		23,422		20,971
Less: management and incentive fees waived (See Note 5)		(3,156)		(1,319)
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed (See Note 5)		(470)		(284)
Net expenses		19,796		19,368
Net investment income before income taxes		23,511		21,608
Income tax expense		80		41
Net investment income		23,431		21,567
Net realized gains:				
Non-controlled/non-affiliated investments		826		176
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation):				
Non-controlled/non-affiliated investments		7,979		(14,414)
Non-controlled/affiliated investments		(296)		(1,151)
Controlled investments		(1,478)		1,179
Securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell		(800)		(30)
Benefit for taxes		755		724
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)		6,986		(13,516)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	30,417	\$	8,051
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.44	-	0.13
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding — basic (See Note 11)	Ψ	69,718,968	Ψ	63,934,151
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.40	\$	0.13
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding — diluted (See Note 11)	Ψ	79,543,095	Ψ	71,211,282
Distributions declared and paid per share	\$	0.34	\$	0.34
	Ψ	0.04	Ψ	0.04

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



# **Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets**

# (in thousands, except shares and per share data)

# (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended					
	March 31, 2017		,		March 31, 2016	
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:						
Net investment income	\$	23,431	\$	21,567		
Net realized gains on investments		826		176		
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments		6,205		(14,386)		
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell		(800)		(30)		
Benefit for taxes		755		724		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations		30,417		8,051		
Capital transactions				· · · ·		
Deferred offering costs		_		38		
Distributions declared to stockholders from net investment income		(23,704)		(21,719)		
Reinvestment of distributions		1,548		_		
Repurchase of shares under repurchase program		_		(1,433)		
Other		(81)				
Total net decrease in net assets resulting from capital transactions		(22,237)		(23,114)		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets		8,180		(15,063)		
Net assets at the beginning of the period		938,562		836,908		
Net assets at the end of the period	\$	946,742	\$	821,845		
Capital share activity						
Shares issued from the reinvestment of distributions		66,306		_		
Shares reissued from repurchase program in connection with the reinvestment of						
distributions		37,573		_		
Shares repurchased under repurchase program				(124,950)		
Net increase (decrease) in shares outstanding	_	103,879		(124,950)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

# (in thousands)

# (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2017		March 31, March	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	30,417	\$	8,051
Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash (used in)				
provided by operating activities: Net realized gains on investments		(006)		(176)
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments		(826) (6,205)		(176) 14,386
Net change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) of securities purchased under collateralized agreements to		(0,205)		14,300
resell		800		30
Amortization of purchase discount		(747)		(769)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		988		774
Amortization of premium on Convertible Notes		(27)		
Non-cash investment income		(1,933)		(1,664)
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(1,221)
Purchase of investments and delayed draw facilities		(349,477)		(27,591)
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments		133,801		40,188
Cash received for purchase of undrawn portion of revolving credit or delayed draw facilities		120		10
Cash paid on drawn revolvers		(3,970)		(3,806)
Cash repayments on drawn revolvers		1,159		1,443
Interest and dividend receivable		(3,881)		(2,202)
Receivable from unsettled securities sold		(691)		
Receivable from affiliates		(369)		(347)
Other assets		(967)		(770)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:				
Payable for unsettled securities purchased		47,811		2,108
Management fee payable		6.258		5.517
Incentive fee payable		3,608		5,385
Interest payable		2,478		603
Payable to affiliates		276		395
Deferred tax liability		(755)		(724)
Other liabilities		298		283
Net cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities		(141,834)		41,124
Cash flows from financing activities			_	
Distributions paid		(22,156)		(21,719)
Offering costs paid		(58)		(53)
Proceeds from Holdings Credit Facility		165,600		17,500
Repayment of Holdings Credit Facility		(122,200)		(39,300)
Proceeds from NMFC Credit Facility		122,500		10,500
Repayment of NMFC Credit Facility		(10,000)		(4,000)
Other		(81)		
Deferred financing costs paid		(36)		(38)
Repurchase of shares under repurchase program				(1,433)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities		133,569		(38,543)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(8,265)		2,581
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	-	45,928	_	30,102
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	37,663	\$	32,683
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information				
Cash interest paid	\$		\$	5,031
Income taxes paid		12		2
Non-cash financing activities:				
Value of shares issued in connection with the distribution reinvestment plan	\$	988	\$	_
Value of shares reissued from repurchase program in connection with the distribution reinvestment plan		560		
Accrual for offering costs		540		817
Accrual for deferred financing costs		63		90

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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## **Consolidated Schedule of Investments**

## March 31, 2017

## (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net <u>Assets</u>
Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments Funded Debt Investments — Australia							
Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd**							
Media	First lien(2)	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/23/2019	\$ 4,618	\$ 4,604	\$ 4,647	0.49%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Australia		( , ,		\$ 4,618	\$ 4,604	\$ 4,647	0.49%
Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg Pinnacle Holdco S.à.r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**		4 7 5 0 (					
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	4.75% (L + 3.50%/Q)	7/30/2019	\$ 2,992	\$ 2,533	\$ 2,470	
	First lien(3)	4.75% (L + 3.50%/Q) 10.50%	7/30/2019	1,724	1,467	1,422	
	Second lien(2)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	24,630	24,368	17,240	
	Second lien(3)	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	8,204	8,334	5,743	
				37,550	36,702	26,875	2.84%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg				\$ 37,550	\$ 36,702	\$ 26,875	2.84%
Funded Debt Investments — Netherlands Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co- Borrower, LLC)**				<u>\$ 37,330</u>	<u>\$ 30,702</u>	<u>\$ 20,075</u>	2.04 /6
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.40% (L + 5.25%/Q)	2/18/2022	\$ 16,352	\$ 16,362	\$ 16 302	
		10.27%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.13%/Q)	2/17/2023	29,227	28,628	29,245	1.000/
Total Funded Debt Investments —				45,579	44,990	45,637	4.82%
Netherlands				\$ 45,579	\$ 44,990	\$ 45,637	<u>4.82</u> %
Funded Debt Investments — United Kingdom Air Newco LLC**							
Software	Second lien(3)	10.56% (L + 9.50%/Q)	1/31/2023	<u>\$ 37,500</u>	<u>\$ 36,483</u>	<u>\$ 34,594</u>	3.65%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United Kingdom				\$ 37,500	\$ 36,483	\$ 34,594	3.65%
Funded Debt Investments — United States				<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	
AmWINS Group, Inc. Business Services		7.75%					
Assured Dentre realized	Second lien(3)	(L + 6.75%/M)	1/25/2025	\$ 57,000	\$ 56,789	\$ 57,748	6.10%
AssuredPartners, Inc. Business Services		10.00%					
	Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>	(L + 9.00%/M) 10.00%	10/20/2023	30,200	29,402	30,673	
	Second lien(2)	(L + 9.00%/M)	10/20/2023	20,000	19,297	20,312	
				50,200	48,699	50,985	5.39%
TIBCO Software Inc. Software	First lien(2)	5.50% (L + 4.50%/M)	12/4/2020	29,400	28,430	29,745	
	Subordinated(3)	11.38%/S	12/1/2021	15,000	14,673	16,650	
				44,400	43,103	46,395	4.90%
Salient CRGT Inc. Federal Services		6.75%					
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 5.75%/M)	2/28/2022	42,500	41,933	42,022	4.44%
Severin Acquisition, LLC Software	Second lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	15,000	14,878	15,150	
	Second lien(3)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	14,518	14,341	14,663	
	Second lien <sup>(4)</sup>	9.90%					
	Second lien(4)	(L + 8.75%/Q) 10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	4,154 3,273	4,119 3,244	4,195 3,305	
	Second lien(3)	10.15%					
		(L + 9.00%/Q) 10.40%	7/29/2022	2,361	2,339	2,384	
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.40%	7/29/2022	1,825	1,808	1,843	
	Second lien(4)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	300	297	303	
				41,431	41,026	41,843	4.42%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Hill International, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.75% (L + 6.75%/M)	9/28/2020	\$ 41,438	\$ 41,068	\$ 41,438	4.38%
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(13)</sup>							
Tenawa Resource Management LLC							
Energy	First lises (0)	10.50%					
	First lien(3)	(Base + 8.00%/Q)	5/12/2019	40,000	39,913	39,826	4.21%
Kronos Incorporated Software	Second lien(2)	0.000/ (1	44/4/0004	00.000	05 470	07.000	0.00%
Ascend Learning, LLC	Second lien(2)	9.28% (L + 8.25%/Q)	11/1/2024	36,000	35,470	37,220	3.93%
Education	Second lien(3)	9.52% (L + 8.50%/Q)	11/30/2020	36,727	36,427	37,049	3.91%
PetVet Care Centers LLC	Second heritor	9.52% (L + 8.50%/Q)	11/30/2020	30,727	30,427	37,049	3.91%
Consumer Services	Second lien(3)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	6/17/2021	24,000	23,828	24,240	
		, ,					
	Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>	10.54% (L + 9.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	6,500	6,446	6,565	
	Second lien(3)	9.65% (L + 8.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	6,000	5,915	5,910	
				36,500	36,189	36,715	3.88%
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC							
Consumer Services	First lien(2)	8.50% (L + 7.50%/M)	9/27/2021	36,573	36,164	36,619	3.87%
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.							
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/M)	10/21/2021	34,662	34,102	34,748	3.67%
Weston Solutions, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50% (L + 9.50%/M)	12/31/2020	34,286	34,286	34,286	3.62%
VetCor Professional Practices LLC							
Consumer Services	First lien(4)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	19,257	19,118	19,257	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	7,773	7,639	7,773	
	First lien(4)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	2,671	2,649	2,671	
	First lien(2)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	1,644	1,613	1,644	
	First lien(3)(11) —			.,	1,010	.,	
	Drawn	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	608	596	608	
	First lien(4)	7.15% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	499	490	499	
		1.1070 (2 1 0.0070/04)	1/20/2021				0.40%
) (alat ) () asta     aldin na   na				32,452	32,105	32,452	3.43%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	0.000/ (1	0/24/2024	20 550	20.250	20 550	
Business Services	First lien(3)(11) —	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/24/2021	29,550	29,259	29,550	
	Drawn	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/24/2021	2,250	2,222	2,250	
	Diawii	8.00 % (L + 7.00 %/W)	9/24/2021				
				31,800	31,481	31,800	3.36%
Evo Payments International, LLC	Eccond lion(2)	40.000/ //	10/00/002 1	05.000	04.047	05.050	
Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/23/2024	25,000	24,817	25,250	
	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/23/2024	5,000	5,050	5,050	
				30,000	29,867	30,300	3.20%
Integro Parent Inc.				i	<u> </u>		
Business Services	First lien(2)	6.80% (L + 5.75%/Q)	10/31/2022	19,756	19,426	19,854	
	Second lien(3)	10.29% (L + 9.25%/Q)	10/30/2023	10,000	9,913	9,849	
			. 5,00,2020	29,756	29,339	29,703	3.14%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp.(20)				29,130	29,339	29,703	3.14%
National HME, Inc.							
,							
Healthcare Services	Second lien(4)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	21,500	21,275	21,500	
	Second lien(3)	10.40% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	5,800	5,729	5,800	
		. ,		27,300	27,004	27,300	2.88%
ProQuest LLC				27,000	27,004	27,000	2.00 /0
Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/15/2022	27,020	26,553	27,020	2.85%
Marketo, Inc.			, . 0, _ 0	2.,020	20,000	2.,020	2.0070
Software	First lien(3)	10.65% (L + 9.50%/Q)	8/16/2021	26,820	26,457	26,595	2.81%
		,		.,			

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Ansira Holdings, Inc. Business Services		7.66%					
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(Base + 6.50%/Q)	12/20/2022	\$ 26,182	\$ 26,055	\$ 25,985	2.74%
nThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.) Healthcare Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.75%	4/20/2022	25.000	24 604	25.000	2.64%
AAC Holding Corp.	Second lien/	(L + 9.75%/M)	4/20/2023	25,000	24,604	25,000	2.64%
Education	First lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	9/30/2020	23,729	23,465	23,965	2.53%
Navex Global, Inc. Software		10.31%					
Sultware	Second lien(3)	(L + 8.75%/Q) 10.31%	11/18/2022	12,536	12,211	12,473	
	Second lien(4)	(L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	11,508	11,383	11,450	
				24,044	23,594	23,923	2.53%
EN Engineering, LLC Business Services		7.15%					
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	21,054	20,895	21,054	
	First lien(2)	7.97% (Base + 5.56%/Q)	6/30/2021	2,183	2,165	2,183	
		(		23,237	23,060	23,237	2.45%
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15)							
Diamondback Drugs of Delaware, L.L.C. (TWDiamondback II Holdings LLC)		0.00%					
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	19,895	19,895	19,895	
	First lien(3)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	2,158	2,158	2,158	
	First lien(4)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	605	605	605	
		, ,		22,658	22,658	22,658	2.39%
Ryan, LLC		0.75%					
Business Services	First lien(2)	6.75% (L + 5.75%/M)	8/7/2020	21,930	21,698	21,752	2.30%
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc. Federal Services	First lien(2)	7.75%	44/40/0047	04 544	04.470	04 544	2.200/
IT'SUGAR LLC	T II St lie lie-/	(L + 6.50%/M)	11/13/2017	21,544	21,476	21,544	2.28%
Retail	First lien(4)	11.35% (L + 10.00%/Q)	10/23/2019	20,844	20,289	20,844	2.20%
Vision Solutions, Inc.		7.040/					
Software	First lien(2)	7.64% (L + 6.50%/Q)	6/16/2022	19,632	19,457	19,718	2.08%
Pelican Products, Inc.		0.40%					
Business Products	Second lien(2)	9.40% (L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	10,000	10,079	9,962	
	Second lien(3)	9.40% (L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	9,500	9,503	9,465	
		(,		19,500	19,582	19,427	2.05%
Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton							
Finance, Inc. Energy	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	12.25%/S <sup>(10)</sup>	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	14.882	
Lingy	First lien(3)	12.25%/S(10)	12/15/2018	2,660	2,231	1,583	
	<b>F</b> : (1) (2)	9.00%					
	First lien <sup>(3)</sup>	(L + 8.00%/M)	6/13/2017	2,239	2,212	2,205	1.0=0:
AgKnowledge Holdings Company, Inc.				29,899	29,443	18,670	1.97%
Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	7/23/2020	18,500	18,386	18,324	1.94%
DCA Investment Holding, LLC		, ,		. 5,000	.0,000	.0,024	1.0170
Healthcare Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.25% (L + 5.25%/M)	7/2/2021	17,587	17,456	17,587	
	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Drawn	8.25%					
	Ulawii	(P + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	513	507	513	
				18,100	17,963	18,100	1.91%
Project Alpha Intermediate Holding, Inc. Software		9.25%					
	First lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	8/22/2022	17,910	17,745	17,988	1.90%
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.) Software		8.25%					
	First lien(4)	(L + 7.25%/M)	8/4/2022	17,730	17,587	17,730	1.87%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(9)	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
American Tire Distributors, Inc. Distribution & Logistics Netsmart Inc. / Netsmart Technologies, Inc.	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.25%/S	3/1/2022	\$ 15,520	\$ 15,233	\$ 15,868	1.68%
Healthcare Information Technology	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.55% (L + 9.50%/Q)	10/19/2023	15,000	14,657	14,963	1.58%
Cvent, Inc. Software		6.00%					
Sonware	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 5.00%/M) 11.00%	11/29/2023	5,000	4,964	5,075	
	Second lien(3)	(L + 10.00%/M)	5/29/2024	10,000	9,854	9,850	
Amerijet Holdings, Inc.				15,000	14,818	14,925	1.58%
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.00% (L + 8.00%/M)	7/15/2021	12,375	12,293	12,358	
	First lien(4)	9.00% (L + 8.00%/M)	7/15/2021	2,063	2,049	2,060	
		(2 0.00 /0/)	.,	14,438	14,342	14,418	1.52%
SW Holdings, LLC							
Business Services	Second lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/M)	12/30/2021	14,265	14,152	14,265	1.51%
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>		(,		,		,	
YP LLC / Print Media LLC Media		12.25%					
	First lien(2)	(L + 11.00%/M)	6/4/2018	13,740	13,687	13,757	1.45%
Ministry Brands, LLC Software		6.00%					
Conward	First lien(3)	(L + 5.00%/M)	12/2/2022	3,015	3,001	3,007	
	First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> — Drawn	6.00% (L + 5.00%/M)	12/2/2022	350	348	349	
	Second lien(3)	10.25% (L + 9.25%/M)	6/2/2023	7,840	7,783	7,782	
	Second lien(3)	10.25% (L + 9.25%/M)	6/2/2023	2,160	2,144	2,144	
				13,365	13,276	13,282	1.40%
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC Software		9.56%					
Zywave, Inc.	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.56% (L + 8.50%/Q)	8/15/2023	13,000	12,834	13,000	1.37%
Software	Second lien <sup>(4)</sup>	10.04% (L + 9.00%/Q)	11/17/2023	11,000	10,920	10,918	1.15%
QC McKissock Investment, LLC <sup>(14)</sup> McKissock, LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	7.65% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	6,447	6,409	6,447	
	First lien(2)	7.65% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	3,074	3,058	3,074	
	First lien(2)	7.65% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	992	986	992	
		(E · 0.0070/Q)	0/0/2013	10,513	10,453	10,513	1.11%
Masergy Holdings, Inc.							1.1170
Business Services Quest Software US Holdings Inc.	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	12/16/2024	10,000	9,939	10,150	1.07%
Software	First lien(2)	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	10/31/2022	9,975	9,834	10,128	1.07%
PowerPlan Holdings, Inc.		10.000/					
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	2/23/2023	10,000	9,919	10,000	1.06%
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp. Business Services		8.38%					
	First lien(2)	(L + 7.25%/Q)	9/8/2022	9,950	9,857	9,851	1.04%
WD Wolverine Holdings, LLC Healthcare Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.65% (L + 5.50%/Q)	8/16/2022	10,000	9,679	9,650	1.02%
Harley Marine Services, Inc.		(		. 5,000	5,0.0	3,000	
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,905	8,640	0.91%
Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC		(), (i, c, j)	.2,23,2010	5,000	5,000	5,610	0.0170
Business Services	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	8/31/2021	7,000	6,936	7,274	0.77%
First American Payment Systems, L.P.			0/01/2021	7,000	0,950	1,214	0.17/0
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.75% (L + 5.75%/M)	1/5/2024	7,188	7,118	7,202	0.76%
J.D. Power and Associates Business Services		9.50%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 8.50%/M)	9/7/2024	7,000	6,900	7,105	0.75%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global							
Defense Technology & Systems, Inc.)							
Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.00% (L + 7.50%/Q)	4/21/2017	\$ 6,396	\$ 6,394	\$ 6,396	0.68%
Solera LLC / Solera Finance, Inc.		· · ·					
Software VF Holding Corp.	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.50%/S	3/1/2024	5,000	4,773	5,738	0.61%
Software	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	6/28/2024	5,000	4,953	5,107	0.54%
ADG, LLC	0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
Healthcare Services Vencore, Inc. (fka The SI	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	3/28/2024	5,000	4,928	4,960	0.52%
Organization Inc.)							
Federal Services	Second lien(3)	9.90% (L + 8.75%/Q)	5/23/2020	4,000	3,932	4,037	0.43%
Transtar Holding Company Distribution & Logistics		13.75%					
Biotibation a Eoglotico	Second lien(3)	(P + 9.75%/Q) <sup>(10)</sup>	10/9/2019	36,112	3,155	2,030	
	Conserved line (2)	13.75%	10/0/00 10	~~~~~	00.044	4 504	
	Second lien(2)	(P + 9.75%/Q) <sup>(10)</sup>	10/9/2019	28,300	28,011	1,591	0.00%
York Risk Services Holding Corp.				64,412	31,166	3,621	0.38%
Business Services	Subordinated(3)	8.50%/S	10/1/2022	3,000	3,000	2,820	0.30%
Ensemble S Merger Sub, Inc.							
Software Education Management Corporation <sup>(19)</sup>	Subordinated(3)	9.00%/S	9/30/2023	2,000	1,941	2,110	0.22%
Education Management II LLC							
Education	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	5.51% (L + 4.50%/Q)	7/2/2020	250	241	130	
	First lien(3)	5.51% (L + 4.50%/Q)	7/2/2020	141	136	73	
		8.51% (L + 1.00% + 6.50%					
	First lien(2)	PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	475	427	25	
		8.51%					
	First lien(3)	(L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	268	241	14	
		T IIVQ)	112/2020	1,134	1,045	242	0.03%
Total Funded Debt Investments —				1,104	1,040		0.00/0
United States				\$1,399,200		<u>\$1,331,869</u>	<u>140.68</u> %
Total Funded Debt Investments				\$1,524,447	\$1,473,407	\$1,443,622	<u>152.48</u> %
Equity — United States Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(13)</sup>							
QID NGL LLC							
Energy	Ordinary shares <sup>(7)</sup>			F 000 007	¢ 5.004	¢ 4.000	0.50%
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15)	snares(7)	_	_	5,290,997	\$ 5,291	\$ 4,922	0.52%
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred						
	shares(4)	_	_	200	2,000	2,664	0.28%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp.(20) Healthcare Services	Preferred						
riealuicale Services	shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	100	1,000	1,888	
	Preferred						
	shares <sup>(4)</sup> Preferred	-	-	16	158	298	
	shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	6	68	115	
					1,226	2,301	0.24%
Ancora Acquisition LLC					.,		0.2170
Education	Preferred shares <sup>(6)</sup>			070			0.040/
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>	snares(0)	_	_	372	83	393	0.04%
Media	Preferred						
	shares(5)	—	-	312,730	313	313	
	Membership Interest <sup>(5)</sup>	_	_	53,843			
	Membership						
	Interest <sup>(5)</sup>	_	-	53,843			
					313	313	0.03%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares		Cost		Fair 'alue	Percent of Net Assets
Education Management Corporation <sup>(19)</sup>									
Education	Preferred shares(2)	_	_	3,331	\$	200	\$	1	
	Preferred shares <sup>(3)</sup>			1.879	Ψ	113	Ψ	1	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>			2.994.065		100		24	
	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	1				14	
	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	1,688,976		56			
Total Shares — United States					*	469	*	40	0.01% 1.12%
Total Shares — United States					<u>\$</u> \$	9,382 9,382	<u>\$</u> \$	10,633 10,633	1.12%
Warrants — United States					Ψ	3,302	Ψ	10,035	1.12/0
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>									
YP Equity Investors, LLC Media	Warrants <sup>(5)</sup>	_	5/8/2022	5	\$	_	\$	2,653	0.28%
ASP LCG Holdings, Inc.									
Education	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5/5/2026	622		37		1,132	0.12%
IT'SUGAR LLC Retail	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>		10/23/2025	94,672		817		352	0.04%
Ancora Acquisition LLC	wananta(-)	_	10/23/2023	94,072		017		352	0.04 /0
Education	Warrants <sup>(6)</sup>	_	8/12/2020	20		_		_	—%
Total Warrants — United States					\$	854	\$	4,137	0.44%
Total Funded Investments					\$1,	483,643	\$1,4	58,392	154.04%
Unfunded Debt Investments —									
United States DCA Investment Holding, LLC									
Healthcare Services	First lien(3)(11) -								
	Undrawn	_	7/2/2021	\$ 1,587	\$	(16)	\$	_	—%
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.)						( )			
Software	First lien(3)(11) —		014/0004	4 000		(10)			04
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc.	Undrawn	—	8/4/2021	1,000		(10)		_	—%
Business Services	First lien(3)(11) -								
	Undrawn	_	9/24/2021	1,500		(19)		_	—%
VetCor Professional Practices LLC						( )			
Consumer Services	First lien(3)(11) —		4/00/0004	0 700		(07)			
	Undrawn First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> —	—	4/20/2021	2,700		(27)		—	
	Undrawn	_	2/24/2019	5,409		(108)		_	
	onarann		2/2 //2010	8,109		(135)			—%
Weston Solutions, Inc.				0,109		(135)			70
Business Services	First lien(3)(11) -								
	Undrawn	_	12/31/2020	10,000		_		_	—%
Ministry Brands, LLC									
Software	First lien(3)(11) — Undrawn	_	12/2/2022	650		(3)		(2)	(0.00)%
Zywave, Inc.						,		. ,	, ,
Software	First lien(3)(11) —							115	10.001
Marketo, Inc.	Undrawn	_	11/17/2022	2,000		(15)		(15)	(0.00)%
Software	First lien(3)(11) -								
	Undrawn	—	8/16/2021	1,788		(27)		(15)	(0.00)%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares			Cost		Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Ansira Holdings, Inc.										
Business Services	First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> — Undrawn	_	12/20/2018	\$	3,818	\$	(19)	\$	(29)	(0.01)%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United States				\$	30,452	\$	(244)	\$	(61)	(0.01)%
Total Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments						\$1	,483,399	\$1	,458,331	154.03%
Non-Controlled/Affiliated Investments <sup>(22)</sup>								_		
Funded Debt Investments — United States										
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>										
Edmentum, Inc. (fka Plato, Inc.) (Archipelago Learning, Inc.)										
Education	Second lien(3)(11) — Drawn	5.00%/M	6/9/2020	\$	3,050	\$	3,050	\$	3,050	
	Subordinated(3)	8.50% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020		4,213		4,208		4,213	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020		15,551		15,551		13,416	
	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020		3,825		3,825		3,300	
	Gaboramatea	10.00 % FIN/Q	0/9/2020			_				0.500/
Permian Holdco 1, Inc.					26,639	_	26,634	_	23,979	2.53%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. Permian Holdco 2. Inc.										
Energy	Subordinated(3)	14.00% PIK/Q*	10/15/2021		1,810		1,810		1,810	0.19%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United States			10,10,2021	\$	28,449	\$	28,444	\$	25,789	2.72%
Equity — United States				- <u>+</u>		<u> </u>		<u>+</u>		
HI Technology Corp.										
Business Services	Preferred shares <sup>(3)</sup> (21)	_	_	2,7	768,000	\$	105,155	\$	105,155	11.11%
NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC**										
Investment Fund	Membership interest <sup>(3)</sup>	_	—		_		23,000		23,000	2.43%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc.	Dreferred above (3)									
Energy	Preferred shares <sup>(3)</sup> (17)	_	_	1,4	136,064		6,096		7,898	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>	_	—	1,3	366,452		<u>1,350</u> 7,446	_	<u>1,638</u> 9,536	1.01%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(16)							7,440		3,000	1.0170
Education	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	1	23,968		11		1,466	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>				107,143		9		1,267	
	oralitary onaroo( )	_	_		107,143	-		-		0.000/
Total Shares — United States						*	20 135.621	\$	2,733 140.424	0.29% 14.84%
Warrants — United States						Þ	135,621	Þ	140,424	14.84%
HI Technology Corp.										
Business Services	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5/1/2017	1.3	384,000	\$	_	\$	_	—%
Total Warrants — United States				.,-	,	\$	_	\$	_	—%
Total Funded Investments						\$	164,065	\$	166,213	17.56%
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States								_		
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>										
Edmentum, Inc. (fka Plato, Inc.)										
(Archipelago Learning, Inc.)	Conned line (2)(14)									
Education	Second lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> — Undrawn	—	6/9/2020	\$	1,830	\$	—	\$	_	%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except shares)

# (unaudited)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date			Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Permian Holdco 1, Inc.								
Permian Holdco 2, Inc. Energy	Subordinated(3)(11)							
Energy	— Undrawn	_	10/15/2021	\$	1,025	\$ —	\$ —	—%
Total Unfunded Debt								
Investments — United States Total Non-Controlled/Affiliated				\$	2,855	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u> </u>
Investments						\$164,065	\$166,213	17.56%
Controlled Investments <sup>(23)</sup>						<u>+ · · · · , · · · ·</u>	<u>+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>	
Funded Debt Investments —								
United States UniTek Global Services, Inc.								
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.65% (L + 8.50%/Q)	1/13/2019	\$	10.846	\$ 10,846	\$ 10,878	
		11.23% (Base + 6.65% +		Ŷ	.,			
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	1.00% PIK/Q)*	1/13/2019		4,796	4,796	4,814	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019		1,792	1,792	1,792	
	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019		1,072	1,072	1,072	
					18,506	18,506	18,556	1.96%
Total Funded Debt				•	40 500	* 40 500	* 40.550	4.000/
Investments — United States Equity — Canada				\$	18,506	<u>\$ 18,506</u>	<u>\$ 18,556</u>	<u> </u>
NM APP Canada Corp.**								
Net Lease	Membership							
	interest <sup>(8)</sup>	—	—		_	\$ 7,345	\$ 7,345	0.78%
Total Shares — Canada Equity — United States						\$ 7,345	<u>\$ 7,345</u>	<u>0.78</u> %
NMFC Senior Loan Program								
Investment Fund	Membership interest <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_		_	\$ 79,400	\$ 79,400	8.39%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.								
Business Services	Preferred shares <sup>(2)</sup> (18)			10	691,311	17,310	18,841	
	Preferred shares(3)	—	_	19,	091,311	17,310	10,041	
	(18)	_	_	5,4	441,741	4,784	5,207	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	2,	096,477	1,925	10,355	
	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	:	579,366	532	2,862	
						24,551	37,265	3.94%
NM KRLN LLC						<u> </u>	· · · · ·	
Net Lease	Membership							
NM DRVT LLC	interest <sup>(8)</sup>				_	7,510	7,510	0.79%
Net Lease	Membership	_	_		_	5,152	5.152	0.54%
NM APP US LLC						5,102	5,102	0.0170
Net Lease	Membership interest <sup>(8)</sup>	_	_			5,080	5,080	0.54%
NM JRA LLC						0,000	0,000	0.0 1/0
Net Lease	Membership							
Tatal Sharea United States	interest <sup>(8)</sup>	_	_		_	2,043	2,043	0.21%
Total Shares — United States Total Shares						\$123,736 \$131,081	\$136,450 \$143,795	<u>14.41%</u> 15.19%
Total Funded Investments						\$149,587	\$ 162,351	17.15%



#### **Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except shares)

#### (unaudited)

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Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup> Unfunded Debt Investments — United States	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity / Expiration Date	Princ Amou Pa Valu or Shar	unt, r ue		<u>Cost</u>	_	Fair Value	Percent of Net <u>Assets</u>
UniTek Global Services, Inc.										
Business Services	First lien(3)(11) —									
	Undrawn	_	1/13/2019	\$ 2	,048	\$	—	\$	_	
	First lien(3)(11) —									
	Undrawn	—	1/13/2019		758	_				
				2	,806					%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United States				<u>\$</u> 2,	,806	\$	_	\$	_	%
Total Controlled Investments						\$ ·	149,587	\$	162,351	17.15%
Total Investments						\$1,	797,051	<b>\$1</b> ,	786,895	<u>188.74</u> %

- (1) New Mountain Finance Corporation (the "Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as Collateral Manager, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings") as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the NMFC Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as the Borrower and Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (4) Investment is held in New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Investment is held in NMF YP Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Investment is held in NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(7)</sup> Investment is held in NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc.
- (8) Investment is held in New Mountain Net Lease Corporation.
- (9) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base) and which resets monthly (M), quarterly (Q), semi-annually (S) or annually (A). For each investment the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of March 31, 2017.
- <sup>(10)</sup> Investment or a portion of the investment is on non-accrual status. See Note 3. Investments, for details.
- (11) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities or delayed draws. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net of the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers or delayed draws.
- (12) The Company holds investments in three related entities of YP Holdings LLC/Print Media Holdings LLC. The Company holds preferred equity and membership interests in YP Holdings LLC and membership interests in Print Media Holdings LLC. The preferred equity is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 18.0% per annum payable in additional shares. In addition, the Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC and Print Media LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of YP Holdings LLC and Print Media Holdings LLC. respectively.
- (13) The Company holds investments in two related entities of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC. The Company holds 4.77% of the common units in QID NGL LLC (which at closing represented 98.1% of the ownership in the common units in Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC) and holds a first lien investment in Tenawa Resource Management LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC.
- (14) The Company holds investments in QC McKissock Investment, LLC and one related entity of QC McKissock Investment, LLC. The Company holds a first lien term loan in QC McKissock Investment, LLC (which at closing represented 71.1% of the ownership in the Series A common units of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC) and holds a first lien term loan and a delayed draw term loan in McKissock, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC.

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except shares)

#### (unaudited)

- (15) The Company holds investments in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and one related entity of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. The Company holds preferred equity in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and holds a first lien last out term loan and a delayed draw term loan in Diamondback Drugs of Delaware LLC, a whollyowned subsidiary of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.
- (16) The Company holds investments in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and its related entities. The Company holds subordinated notes and ordinary equity in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and holds a second lien revolver in Edmentum, Inc. and Archipelago Learning, Inc., which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC.
- (17) The Company holds preferred equity in Permian Holdco 1, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 12.0% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (18) The Company holds preferred equity in UniTek Global Services, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 13.5% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (19) The Company holds investments in Education Management Corporation and one related entity of Education Management Corporation. The Company holds series A-1 convertible preferred stock and common stock in Education Management Corporation and holds a tranche A first lien term loan and a tranche B first lien term loan in Education Management II LLC, which is an indirect subsidiary of Education Management Corporation.
- (20) The Company holds equity investments in TW-NHME Holdings Corp., and holds a second lien term loan investment in National HME, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TW-NHME Holdings Corp.
- (21) The Company holds convertible preferred equity in HI Technology Corp that is accruing dividends at a rate of 15.0% per annum.
- (22) Denotes investments in which the Company is an "Affiliated Person", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 5.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the company. Fair value as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, along with transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2017 in which the issuer was a non-controlled/affiliated investment, is as follows:

Portfolio Company(1)	Dece	r Value at mber 31, /	Gross Additions <sup>(A)</sup>	Gross Redemptions <sup>(B)</sup>	Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Net Change In Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Value at			Other ncome
Edmentum Ultimate										
Holdings, LLC/Edmentum Inc.	\$	23,247 \$	3,623	\$ —	\$ _	\$ (158	)\$ 26,712	\$ 586 \$	—\$	_
HI Technology Corp.	-		105,155	·		· _	105,155	· _ `	417	_
NMFC Senior Loan Program										
ILLC		23,000	—	—	_	· · · · ·	23,000	— —	1,004	290
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. /										
Permian Holdco 2, Inc.		11,193	291	_		(138	) 11,346	61	227	8
Total Non-					-					
Controlled/Affiliated										
Investments	\$	57,440	109,069	\$ —	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ (296	)\$ 166,213	\$ 647 \$	1,648 \$	298

(A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.

(B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### **Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

#### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except shares)

## (unaudited)

Denotes investments in which the Company is in "Control", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment. Fair value as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, along with transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2017 in which the issuer was a controlled investment, is as follows:

	-	air Value at cember 31,	Gross Additions <sup>(A</sup>		ross nptions <sup>(B)</sup>	Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Ur App	Change In prealized preciation preciation)	Fair Value at March 31,	Interest Income		Other ncome
Portfolio Company <sup>(1)</sup>		2016							2017		Income	
New Mountain Net Lease Corporation	\$	27,000	\$ -	- \$	(27,000)	\$ _	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ _\$	_
NM APP Canada Corp.		_	7.34	5	_	_		_	7.345	_	274	_
NM APP US LLC		_	5,080	)	_			_	5,080	_	142	
NM DRVT LLC		_	5,15	2	_			_	5,152		125	_
NM JRA LLC			2,043	3				_	2,043	_	55	_
NM KRLN LLC		_	7,510	)		_		_	7,510	_	183	—
NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC		71,460	7,940	)	_			_	79,400	_	3,434	_
UniTek Global Services, Inc.		56,361	938	3	_	_		(1,478)	55,821	475	821	13
Total Controlled Investments	\$	154,821	\$ 36,008	\$	(27,000)	\$ —	\$	(1,478)	\$ 162,351	\$ 475	\$ 5,034 \$	13

(A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.

(B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.

\* All or a portion of interest contains PIK interest.

Indicates assets that the Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. As of March 31, 2017, 11.8% of the Company's total assets were non-qualifying assets.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

<sup>(23)</sup> 

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

## March 31, 2017

# (unaudited)

Investment Type	March 31, 2017 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	42.12%
Second lien	36.89%
Subordinated	4.26%
Equity and other	16.73%
Total investments	100.00%

Industry Type	March 31, 2017 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Business Services	34.26%
Software	25.66%
Consumer Services	5.91%
Investment Fund	5.73%
Education	5.60%
Healthcare Services	4.89%
Energy	4.18%
Federal Services	4.14%
Distribution & Logistics	3.80%
Net Lease	1.52%
Media	1.19%
Retail	1.19%
Business Products	1.09%
Healthcare Information Technology	0.84%
Total investments	100.00%

	March 31, 2017 Percent of Total
Interest Rate Type	Investments at Fair Value
Floating rates	87.37%
Fixed rates	12.63%
Total investments	100.00%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Schedule of Investments**

## December 31, 2016

## (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments							
Funded Debt Investments — Australia Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd**							
Media		8.00%	0.000.000.4.0	• • • • • •	<b>• •</b> • • • • •	• • • • • •	0.040/
Total Funded Debt Investments — Australia	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 7.00%/M)	9/23/2019	\$ 6,012 \$ 6,012	\$ 5,992 \$ 5,992	\$ 6,005 \$ 6,005	0.64%
Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg Pinnacle Holdco S.à.r.I. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**				<u> </u>	<u> /</u>	<u> ,</u>	
Software		10.50%					
	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.50%	7/30/2020	\$ 24,630	\$ 24,362	\$ 18,103	
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	8,204	8,332	6,030	
Total Free day 1 Park free strength				32,834	32,694	24,133	2.57%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg				\$ 32,834	\$ 32,694	\$ 24,133	2.57%
Funded Debt Investments — Netherlands Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co- Borrower, LLC)**				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Software		10.13%					
Total Funded Debt Investments —	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.13%/Q)	2/17/2023	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,371</u>	<u>\$ 9,799</u>	<u> </u>
Netherlands				<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,371</u>	<u>\$ 9,799</u>	<u>1.04</u> %
Funded Debt Investments — United Kingdom							
Air Newco LLC**							
Software	Second lien(3)	10.50% (L + 9.50%/Q)	1/31/2023	\$ 32,500	\$ 31,814	\$ 29,514	3.14%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United		(2 * 0.00 / 0/ Q)	110 112020	<u></u>			
Kingdom Funded Debt Investments — United States				<u>\$ 32,500</u>	<u>\$ 31,814</u>	<u>\$ 29,514</u>	<u> </u>
TIBCO Software Inc.							
Software	First lien(2)	6.50% (L + 5.50%/M)	12/4/2020	\$ 29,475	\$ 28,444	\$ 29,634	
	Subordinated(3)	11.38%/S	12/1/2021	15,000	14,659	15,038	
				44,475	43,103	44,672	4.76%
Navex Global, Inc.		5.99%					
Software	First lien(4)	5.99% (L + 4.75%/Q) 5.99%	11/19/2021	4,563	4,530	4,540	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 4.75%/Q) 10.31%	11/19/2021	2,583	2,563	2,570	
	Second lien(4)	(L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	18,187	17,984	17,823	
	Second lien(3)	10.31% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	19,813	19,282	19,417	
		(2 0.10/0/04)	11/10/2022	45,146	44,359	44,350	4.73%
Hill International, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	7.75% (L + 6.75%/Q)	9/28/2020	41,544	41,150	41,543	4.43%
AssuredPartners, Inc.		· ,		,-	,	,	
Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M) 10.00%	10/20/2023	20,200	19,480	20,394	
	Second lien(2)	(L + 9.00%/M)	10/20/2023	20,000	19,282	20,192	
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(13)</sup>				40,200	38,762	40,586	4.32%
Tenawa Resource Management LLC Energy		10.50%					
Kronos Incorporated	First lien(3)	(Base + 8.00%/Q)	5/12/2019	40,000	39,903	39,825	4.24%
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	11/1/2024	36,000	35,458	37,159	3.96%
PetVet Care Centers LLC Consumer Services		10.25%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	6/17/2021	24,000	23,820	24,240	
	Second lien(3)	10.50% (L + 9.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	6,500	6,444	6,565	
	Second lien(3)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	6,000	5,910	5,910	
		( 0.0070/04)	0/11/2021	36,500	36,174	36,715	3.91%
							2.0.70

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Ascend Learning, LLC Education	Second lien(3)	9.50%					
		(L + 8.50%/Q)	11/30/2020	\$ 35,227	\$ 34,895	\$ 34,963	3.73%
Weston Solutions, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50% (L + 9.50%/M)	12/31/2020	34,821	34,821	34,821	3.71%
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9 500/					
Consumer Services	First lien(2)	8.50% (L + 7.50%/Q)	9/27/2021	33,469	32,987	32,601	3.47%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.00% (L + 7.00%/Q)	9/24/2021	29,625	29,320	29,625	
	First lien(3)(11) —	8.00%					
	Drawn	(L + 7.00%/Q)	9/24/2021	2,250	2,222	2,250	
VetCor Professional Practices LLC				31,875	31,542	31,875	3.40%
Consumer Services	First lien(4)	7.25%					
	First lien(2)	(L + 6.25%/Q) 7.25%	4/20/2021	19,306	19,159	19,306	
		(L + 6.25%/Q)	4/20/2021	7,793	7,652	7,793	
	First lien <sup>(4)</sup>	7.25% (L + 6.25%/Q)	4/20/2021	2,677	2,655	2,677	
	First lien(4)(11)	7.25%					
	Drawn	(L + 6.25%/Q)	4/20/2021	373	365	373	
Integro Parent Inc.				30,149	29,831	30,149	3.21%
Business Services	First lien(2)	6.75%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 5.75%/Q) 10.25%	10/31/2022	19,806	19,463	19,607	
	Second lien(9)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	10/30/2023	10,000	9,910	9,750	
				29,806	29,373	29,357	3.13%
ProQuest LLC	Casand lian(2)	10.00%					
Business Services CRGT Inc.	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/15/2022	28,700	28,188	28,700	3.06%
Federal Services Evo Payments International, LLC	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/M)	12/19/2020	27,409	27,252	27,478	2.93%
Business Services	First lien(2)	6.00%					
	Second lien(2)	(L + 5.00%/M) 10.00%	12/22/2023	2,500	2,487	2,515	
		(L + 9.00%/M)	12/23/2024	25,000	24,813	24,813	
				27,500	27,300	27,328	2.91%
Severin Acquisition, LLC Software	Second lien(4)	9.75%					
		(L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	15,000	14,873	15,000	
	Second lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	4,154	4,118	4,154	
	Second lien(4)	10.25%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.00%	7/29/2022	3,273	3,243	3,305	
		(L + 9.00%/Q)	7/29/2022	2,361	2,338	2,384	
	Second lien(3)	10.25% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	1,825	1,807	1,843	
	Second lien(4)	10.25%					
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	300	297	303	0.00%
Marketo, Inc.				26,913	26,676	26,989	2.88%
Software	First lien(3)	10.50%	0/40/000 :	00.005	00.115	00.115	0.0461
Ansira Holdings, Inc.		(L + 9.50%/Q)	8/16/2021	26,820	26,442	26,418	2.81%
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	12/20/2022	26,182	26,051	26,051	2.78%
Pelican Products, Inc. Business Products	Second lien(3)	9.25%					
		(L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	15,500	15,506	15,170	
	Second lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	10,000	10,107	9,788	
		(2 . 0.20 /0/04)		25,500	25,613	24,958	2.66%
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.				20,000	20,013	27,300	2.00 /0
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	10/21/2021	24,750	24,134	24,719	2.63%
nThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.) Healthcare Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.75%					
		(L + 9.75%/M)	4/20/2023	25,000	24,593	24,711	2.63%
AAC Holding Corp. Education	First lien(2)	8.25%					
		(L + 7.25%/M)	9/30/2020	23,918	23,637	23,918	2.55%

Ryan, LLC

Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.75% (L + 5.75%/M)	8/7/2020	23.927	23.656	23.785	2.53%
EN Engineering, LLC		( ,		- , -	-,		
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	21,107	20,940	21,107	
	First lien(2)	7.78%					
		(Base + 5.55%/Q)	6/30/2021	2,189	2,170	2,189	
				23,296	23,110	23,296	2.48%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15)							
Diamondback Drugs of Delaware, L.L.C. (TWDiamondback II Holdings LLC)							
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.75%		•	• • • • • •	•	
	First lien(3)	(L + 8.75%/Q) 9.75%	11/19/2019	\$ 19,895	\$ 19,895	\$ 19,895	
		(L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	2,158	2,158	2,158	
	First lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	605	605	605	
		(2 0.1070, 4)	11/10/2010	22,658	22,658	22,658	2.41%
Vision Solutions, Inc.							
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (Base + 6.50%/Q)	6/16/2022	22,359	22,153	22,317	2.38%
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc.		· · · ·	0/10/2022	22,000	22,100	22,011	2.0070
Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.75% (L + 6.50%/Q)	11/13/2017	22,411	22,312	22,299	2.38%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp.(20)		(2 • 0.00 /0/Q)	11/10/2017	22,711	22,012	22,200	2.0070
National HME, Inc. Healthcare Services	Second lien(4)	10.25%					
Healthcare Services	Second lien(4)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	21,500	21,268	21,500	
	Second lien(3)	10.25%	7/14/2022	500	404	500	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	1/14/2022	<u>500</u> 22,000	<u>494</u> 21,762	<u>500</u> 22,000	2.34%
IT'SUGAR LLC				22,000	21,702	22,000	2.34 /0
Retail	First lien(4)	10.50% (L + 9.50%/Q)	10/23/2019	20,790	20,189	20,467	2.18%
First American Payment Systems, L.P. Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.75%					
		(L + 9.50%/M)	4/12/2019	18,643	18,483	18,643	1.99%
DCA Investment Holding, LLC Healthcare Services	First lien(2)	6.25%					
	T II St II EI (-)	(L + 5.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	17,632	17,493	17,632	
	First lien(3)	8.00%	7/0/0004	750	744	750	
	<sup>(11)</sup> — Drawn	(P + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	752	744	752	1.000/
AgKnowledge Holdings Company, Inc.				18,384	18,237	18,384	1.96%
Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.25%					
Project Alpha Intermediate Holding, Inc.		(L + 8.25%/M)	7/23/2020	18,500	18,379	18,046	1.92%
Software	First lien(2)	9.25%					
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.)		(L + 8.25%/M)	8/22/2022	17,955	17,784	17,775	1.89%
Software	First lien(4)	8.25%	0/4/0000	47 775	47.000	47 775	4.00%
Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton		(L + 7.25%/Q)	8/4/2022	17,775	17,626	17,775	1.89%
Finance, Inc.		10.050/ /0/0					
Energy	First lien <sup>(2)</sup> First lien <sup>(3)</sup>	12.25%/S <sup>(8)</sup>	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	16,012	
		12.25%/S <sup>(8)</sup>	12/15/2018	2,660	2,231	1,704	4.000/
Greenway Health, LLC (fka Vitera Healthcare				27,660	27,231	17,716	1.89%
Solutions, LLC)		0.000/					
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	11/4/2020	1,891	1,880	1,865	
	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.25%					
		(L + 8.25%/Q)	11/4/2021	14,000	13,448	13,650	
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>				15,891	15,328	15,515	1.65%
YP LLC / Print Media LLC							
Media	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	12.25%	6/1/2010	15 267	15 107	15 101	1 600/
Netsmart Inc. / Netsmart Technologies, Inc.		(L + 11.00%/M)	6/4/2018	15,267	15,197	15,191	1.62%
Healthcare Information Technology	Second lien(2)	10.50%	10/10/2022	15 000	14.040	14.044	1 500/
Cvent, Inc.		(L + 9.50%/Q)	10/19/2023	15,000	14,648	14,944	1.59%
Software	First lien(3)	6.00%	11/00/000				
	Second lien(3)	(L + 5.00%/Q) 11.00%	11/29/2023	5,000	4,963	5,064	
	Second non(-)	(L + 10.00%/Q)	5/29/2024	10,000	9,851	9,850	
				15,000	14,814	14,914	1.59%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup> Amerijet Holdings, Inc.	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.00%					
	First lien(4)	(L + 8.00%/M) 9.00%	7/15/2021	\$ 12,536	\$ 12,449	\$ 12,442	
	First lietk <sup>1</sup>	(L + 8.00%/M)	7/15/2021	2,089	2,075	2,074	
				14,625	14,524	14,516	1.55%
SW Holdings, LLC Business Services	Second lien(4)	9.75%	40/00/0004	44.005	44.447	44.005	4 50%
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC		(L + 8.75%/Q)	12/30/2021	14,265	14,147	14,265	1.52%
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	8/15/2023	13,000	12,829	13,000	1.39%
Zywave, Inc.	Second lien(4)	10.00%					
Software	Second lien(4)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/Q)	11/17/2023	11,000	10,918	10,918	1.16%
Aricent Technologies Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
Busiliess Services	Second lien(2)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	4/14/2022	12,500	12,316	10,719	1.14%
QC McKissock Investment, LLC <sup>(14)</sup> McKissock, LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	7.50%					
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 6.50%/Q) 7.50%	8/5/2019	6,463	6,421	6,463	
	First lien(2)	(L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	3,081	3,064	3,081	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	994	988	994	
		(E · 0.00 /0/Q)	0/0/2013	10,538	10,473	10,538	1.12%
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.							
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	10/31/2022	10,000	9,854	10,152	1.08%
Masergy Holdings, Inc. Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
DowerDion Heldings, Inc.		(L + 8.50%/Q)	12/16/2024	10,000	9,938	10,000	1.07%
PowerPlan Holdings, Inc. Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00%					
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp.		(L + 9.00%/M)	2/23/2023	10,000	9,916	10,000	1.07%
Business Services	First lien(2)	8.25% (L + 7.25%/Q)	9/8/2022	9,975	9,879	9,875	1.05%
American Tire Distributors, Inc.		· ,					
Distribution & Logistics Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Subordinated(3)	10.25%/S	3/1/2022	9,700	9,523	9,353	1.00%
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(2)	10.50%	40/00/0040	0.000	0.007	0.040	0.00%
Ministry Brands, LLC		(L + 9.25%/Q)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,897	8,640	0.92%
Software	First lien(3)	6.00%					
	(11) — Drawn Second lien(3)	(L + 5.00%/Q) 10.25%	12/2/2022	350	348	348	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	6/2/2023	7,840	7,782	7,781	
				8,190	8,130	8,129	0.87%
Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC Business Services	Subordinated(3)	10.00%					
J.D. Power and Associates		(L + 9.00%/M)	8/31/2021	7,000	6,934	7,210	0.77%
Business Services	Second lien(3)	9.50%					
Confie Seguros Holding II Co.		(L + 8.50%/Q)	9/7/2024	7,000	6,898	7,035	0.75%
Consumer Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.25%					
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense		(L + 9.00%/M)	5/8/2019	6,957	6,952	6,919	0.74%
Technology & Systems, Inc.)	<b>F</b> : (1) (0)	0.000/					
Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.00% (L + 7.50%/Q)	4/21/2017	6,396	6,389	6,300	0.67%
Solera LLC / Solera Finance, Inc.	On the and in a family	· ,					
Software VF Holding Corp.	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.50%/S	3/1/2024	5,000	4,768	5,650	0.60%
Software	Second lien(3)	10.00%	6/20/2024	5,000	4.050	4 050	0 5 2 9/
ADG, LLC		(L + 9.00%/Q)	6/28/2024	5,000	4,952	4,950	0.53%
Healthcare Services	Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>	10.00% (L + 9.00%/Q)	3/28/2024	5,000	4,926	4,925	0.53%
Vencore, Inc. (fka The SI Organization Inc.) Federal Services	Second lien(3)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	5/23/2020	4,000	3,928	4,039	0.43%
Transtar Holding Company		· /	0,20,2020	4,000	5,520	+,000	0.4070
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(3)	13.50% (P + 9.75%/Q) <sup>(8)</sup>	10/9/2019	36,112	3,155	2,167	

Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	13.50% (P + 9.75%/Q) <sup>(8)</sup>					
		10/9/2019	28,300	28,011	1,698	
			64,412	31,166	3,865	0.41%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
York Risk Services Holding Corp.							
Business Services Ensemble S Merger Sub, Inc.	Subordinated(3)	8.50%/S	10/1/2022	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,520	0.27%
Software	Subordinated(3)	9.00%/S	9/30/2023	2,000	1,939	2.135	0.23%
Education Management Corporation <sup>(19)</sup>		0.0070/0	0/00/2020	2,000	1,000	2,100	0.2070
Education Management II LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	5.50%	7/0/0000	050	000	04	
	First lien(3)	(L + 4.50%/Q) 5.50%	7/2/2020	250	239	61	
		(L + 4.50%/Q)	7/2/2020	141	136	35	
	First lien(2)	8.50%					
		(L + 1.00% +	7/0/0000	407	440	22	
	First lien(3)	6.50% PIK/Q)* 8.50%	7/2/2020	467	416	22	
	T II St HOIK-7	(L + 1.00% +					
		6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	263	235	12	
				1,121	1,026	130	0.01%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United							
States				\$1,339,099	\$1,290,033	\$1,261,394	<u>134.41</u> %
Total Funded Debt Investments Equity — United States				<u>\$1,420,445</u>	\$1,369,904	<u>\$1,330,845</u>	<u>141.80</u> %
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(13)</sup>							
QID NGL LLC							
Energy	Ordinary						
	shares(7)	—	_	5,290,997	\$ 5,291	\$ 6,434	0.69%
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15)	Dueferred						
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	200	2,000	2,664	0.28%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp. <sup>(20)</sup>	on all ook y			200	2,000	2,001	0.2070
Healthcare Services	Preferred						
	shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	100	1,000	1,497	
	Preferred shares <sup>(4)</sup>			10	150	000	
	Preferred	_	_	16	158	236	
	shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	6	68	91	
					1,226	1,824	0.19%
Ancora Acquisition LLC					1,220	1,021	0.1070
Education	Preferred						
	shares <sup>(6)</sup>	_	_	372	83	393	0.04%
Education Management Corporation <sup>(19)</sup>	Dueferred						
Education	Preferred shares <sup>(2)</sup>			3,331	200	1	
	Preferred			5,551	200		
	shares(3)	_	_	1,879	113	1	
	Ordinary						
	shares <sup>(2)</sup> Ordinary	_	_	2,994,065	100	18	
	shares <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_	1,688,976	56	10	
	on all ook y			1,000,070			0/
Total Shares — United States					469 \$ 9,069	30 \$ 11,345	1.20%
Warrants — United States					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media							
Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>							
YP Equity Investors LLC Media	Warrants <sup>(5)</sup>		5/9/2022	F	¢	\$ 2,966	0.220/
IT'SUGAR LLC	vianants(°)	_	5/8/2022	5	\$ —	\$ 2,966	0.32%
Retail	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	10/23/2025	94,672	817	549	0.06%
ASP LCG Holdings, Inc.							
Education	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5/5/2026	622	37	949	0.10%
Ancora Acquisition LLC Education	Warrants <sup>(6)</sup>		9/12/2020	20			0/
Total Warrants — United States	vvarianto(°/	_	8/12/2020	20	\$ 854	\$ 4,464	<u>%</u> 0.48%
Total Funded Investments					\$1,379,827	\$1,346,654	143.48%
					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	. , ,	

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

	Type of		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Date		Cost	Value	
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States							
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.							
Consumer Services	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	—	12/14/2017	\$ 1,667	\$ (13)	\$8	—%
DCA Investment Holding, LLC	First lise (2)						
Healthcare Services	First lien <sup>(3)</sup>		7/2/2021	1,348	(13)		—%
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.)	() — Ondrawn	—	1/2/2021	1,340	(13)	_	70
Software	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	_	8/4/2021	1,000	(10)	_	—%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc.					. ,		
Business Services	First lien(3)						
Malo a Defensional Develies a U.O.	(11) — Undrawn	—	9/24/2021	1,500	(19)	—	%
VetCor Professional Practices LLC Consumer Services	First lien(3)						
	<sup>(11)</sup> — Undrawn		4/20/2021	2,700	(27)		
	First lien(4)		4/20/2021	2,700	(27)		
	(11) — Undrawn	_	3/30/2018	127	(3)	_	
	First lien(2)				(-)		
	(11) — Undrawn	_	6/22/2018	1,644	(33)		
				4,471	(63)		—%
Weston Solutions, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(3)</sup>						
	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/31/2020	10,000		_	—%
Zywave, Inc.	First lise (2)						
Software	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn		44/47/0000	0.000	(45)	(45)	0/
Ansira Holdings, Inc.	(III) — Undrawn	_	11/17/2022	2,000	(15)	(15)	%
Business Services	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/20/2018	3,818	(19)	(19)	%
Marketo, Inc.				-,	(12)	()	
Software	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	—	8/16/2021	1,788	(27)	(27)	—%
Ministry Brands, LLC Software	First lien(3)						
Soliware	<sup>(11)</sup> — Undrawn		12/2/2022	650	(3)	(3)	
	First lien(3)	_	12/2/2022	030	(3)	(3)	
	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/2/2017	5,169	(26)	(26)	
	Second lien(3)		12/2/2011	0,100	(20)	(20)	
	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/2/2017	2,160	(16)	(16)	
				7,979	(45)	(45)	(0.01)%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United						()	(0.0.1)/0
States				<u>\$ 35,571</u>	(224)	<u>\$ (98)</u>	(0.01)%
Total Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments					\$1,379,603	\$1 246 556	143.47%
Non-Controlled/Affiliated Investments <sup>(21)</sup>					<u>\$1,313,003</u>	ψ1,0 <del>4</del> 0,000	143.41 /0
Funded Debt Investments — United States Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>							
Education	Subordinated(3)	8.50% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	\$ 4,124	\$ 4,118	\$ 4,124	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	15,163	15,163	12.814	
	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020			1-	
	2000.01100000	10.00% PIK/Q"	0/9/2020	3,730	3,730	3,152	
Denvise Halder 4, here (12)				23,017	23,011	20,090	2.14%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. <sup>(10)</sup> Permian Holdco 2, Inc.							
Energy	Subordinated(3)	14 00% PIK/O*	10/15/2021	1,749	1,749	1,749	0.19%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United	Caboranacod(-)	17.00/01 11/02	10/10/2021	1,749	1,749	1,749	0.13/0
States				<u>\$ 24,766</u>	\$ 24,760	<u>\$ 21,839</u>	<u>2.33</u> %

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

	Type of		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Date	or Shares	Cost	Value	
Equity — United States							
NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC** Investment Fund	Membership interest <sup>(3)</sup>				\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	2.45%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. <sup>(10)</sup>	1116163((*)	_	_		φ 23,000	φ 23,000	2.40/0
Energy	Preferred shares <sup>(3)(17)</sup>	_	_	1,394,237	5,866	7,668	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_	1,366,452	1,350	1,776	
					7,216	9,444	1.00%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>							
Education	Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_	123,968	11	1,693	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	107,143	9	1,464	
					20	3,157	0.34%
Total Shares — United States Unfunded Debt Investments — United					<u>\$ 30,236</u>	<u>\$ 35,601</u>	<u> </u>
States							
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(16)							
Edmentum, Inc. (fka Plato, Inc.) (Archipelago Learning, Inc.)							
Education	Second lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn	_	6/9/2020	\$ 4,881	\$ —	\$ —	—%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. <sup>(10)</sup> Permian Holdco 2, Inc.							
Energy	Subordinated(3)						
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United	(11) — Undrawn	_	10/15/2021	1,025			<u> </u>
States				\$ 5,906	\$ —	\$ —	—%
Total Non-Controlled/Affiliated Investments					\$ 54,996	\$ 57,440	6.12%
Controlled Investments <sup>(22)</sup>							
Funded Debt Investments — United States UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	8.50%					
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 7.50%/Q) 9.50% (L + 7.50% +	1/13/2019	\$ 10,846	\$ 10,846	\$ 11,063	
		1.00% PIK/Q)*	1/13/2019	4,784	4,784	4,879	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019	1,726	1,726	1,760	
	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019	1,032	1,032	1,054	
Total Funded Debt Investments — United				18,388	18,388	18,756	2.00%
States				<u>\$ 18,388</u>	<u>\$ 18,388</u>	<u>\$ 18,756</u>	<u>2.00</u> %
Equity — United States NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC**							
Investment Fund	Membership interest <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_	_	\$ 71,460	\$ 71,460	7.61%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	Preferred shares <sup>(2)(18)</sup>	_	_	19,048,426	16,668	17,207	
	Preferred shares(3)(18)	_	_	5,264,079	4,606	4,755	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	2,096,477	1,925	12,256	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_	579,366	532	3,387	
					23,731	37,605	4.01%
New Mountain Net Lease Corporation							
Net Lease	Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>	_	_	270,000	27,000	27,000	2.88%
Total Shares — United States Total Funded Investments					<u>\$ 122,191</u> <u>\$ 140,579</u>	<u>\$ 136,065</u> \$ 154,821	<u>14.50</u> % <u>16.50</u> %

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except shares)

	Type of Investment		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)		Interest Rate(9)	Date		Cost	Value	
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States							
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn	_	1/13/2019	\$ 2,048	\$ —	\$ —	
	First lien(3) (11)		4/40/0040	750			
	Undrawn	_	1/13/2019	758			
				2,806	_	_	—%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United States				\$ 2,806	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	%
Total Controlled Investments					<u>\$ 140,579</u>	\$ 154,821	<u>16.50</u> %
Total Investments					<u>\$1,575,178</u>	<u>\$1,558,817</u>	<u>166.09</u> %

- (1) New Mountain Finance Corporation (the "Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as Collateral Manager, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings") as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the NMFC Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as the Borrower and Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (4) Investment is held in New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Investment is held in NMF YP Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Investment is held in NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(7)</sup> Investment is held in NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc.
- (8) Investment or a portion of the investment is on non-accrual status. See Note 3. Investments, for details.
- (9) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base) and which resets monthly (M), quarterly (Q), semiannually (S) or annually (A). For each investment the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of December 31, 2016.
- (10) The Company holds preferred and common equity in Permian Holdco 1, Inc., as well as subordinated notes in Permian Holdco 2, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Permian Holdco 1, Inc.
- (11) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities or delayed draws. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers or delayed draws.
- (12) The Company holds investments in three related entities of YP Holdings LLC/Print Media Holdings LLC. The Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC and Print Media LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of YP Holdings LLC and Print Media Holdings LLC, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except shares)

- (13) The Company holds investments in two related entities of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC. The Company holds 4.77% of the common units in QID NGL LLC (which at closing represented 98.1% of the ownership in the common units in Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC) and holds a first lien investment in Tenawa Resource Management LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC.
- (14) The Company holds investments in QC McKissock Investment, LLC and one related entity of QC McKissock Investment, LLC. The Company holds a first lien term loan in QC McKissock Investment, LLC (which at closing represented 71.1% of the ownership in the Series A common units of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC) and holds a first lien term loan and a delayed draw term loan in McKissock, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC.
- (15) The Company holds investments in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and one related entity of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. The Company holds preferred equity in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and holds a first lien last out term loan and a delayed draw term loan in Diamondback Drugs of Delaware LLC, a whollyowned subsidiary of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.
- (16) The Company holds investments in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and its related entities. The Company holds subordinated notes and ordinary equity in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and holds a second lien revolver in Edmentum, Inc. and Archipelago Learning, Inc., which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC.
- (17) The Company holds preferred equity in Permian Holdco 1, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 12.0% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (18) The Company holds preferred equity in UniTek Global Services, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 13.5% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (19) The Company holds investments in Education Management Corporation and one related entity of Education Management Corporation. The Company holds series A-1 convertible preferred stock and common stock in Education Management Corporation and holds a tranche A first lien term loan and a tranche B first lien term loan in Education Management II LLC, which is an indirect subsidiary of Education Management Corporation.
- (20) The Company holds an equity investment in TW-NHME Holdings Corp., as well as a second lien term loan investment in National HME, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TW-NHME Holdings Corp.
- (21) Denotes investments in which the Company is an "Affiliated Person", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 5.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the company. Fair value as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2016 along with transactions during the year ended December 31, 2016 in which the issuer was a non-controlled/affiliated investment is as follows:

	Fair Value at December 31,	Gross Additions <sup>(A)</sup> F	Gross Redemptions <sup>(B)</sup> (		Net Change In Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Fair Value at December 31,	Interest Income D		ther come
Portfolio Company(1)	2015					2016	Ir	ncome	
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC/Edmentum Inc. NMEC Senior Loan	\$ 22,782	\$ 6,147 \$	(4,002)	6 _	\$ (1,680	)\$ 23,247	\$ 2,254 \$	—\$	_
Program I LLC	21.914	_	_		1.086	23.000	_	3.728 1	1,163
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. / Permian Holdco 2, Inc.	_	8,965	_	_	2,228	11,193	41	156	5
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC	42,591	16	(42,288)		(319	)	2,243		25
Total Non- Controlled/Affiliated Investments	<u>\$ 87,287</u>	<u>\$ 15,128</u>	(46,290)	<u> </u>	\$ 1,315	\$ 57,440	<u>\$ 4,538 </u> \$	<u>3,884</u>	I,193

(A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### **Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except shares)

- (B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.
- (22) Denotes investments in which the Company is in "Control", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment. Fair value as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2016 along with transactions during the year ended December 31, 2016 in which the issuer was a controlled investment is as follows:

	D		Gross ditions <sup>(A)</sup>	Gross Redemptions(	-	Net Realized Gains Losses)	Cha Unre Appre	Net nge In ealized eciation eciation)	Dec	ember 31,	Intere Incon	ne D	ividend In	Other acome
Portfolio Company(1)	)	2015								2016		Ir	ncome	
New Mountain Net Lease Corporation	\$	_	\$ 27,000	\$-	_ \$	; _	\$		\$	27,000	\$	_\$	540 \$	
NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC		_	71,460	-	_	_		_		71,460		_	3,533	_
UniTek Global Services, Inc.		47,422	3,464	(2,59	<u>)</u>			8,074		56,361	1,9	04	3,023	558
Total Controlled Investments	\$	47,422	\$ 101,924	\$ (2,59	99)\$	5 <u> </u>	\$	8,074	\$	154,821	\$ 1,9	04 \$	7,096 \$	558

- (A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.
- (B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.
- \* All or a portion of interest contains PIK interest.
- \*\* Indicates assets that the Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. As of December 31, 2016, 9.9% of the Company's total assets were non-qualifying assets.

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

## December 31, 2016

Investment Type	December 31, 2016 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	44.94%
Second lien	38.76%
Subordinated	4.27%
Equity and other	12.03%
Total investments	100.00%

	December 31, 2016 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value					
Industry Type						
Business Services	29.64%					
Software	27.00%					
Consumer Services	6.82%					
Investment Fund	6.06%					
Education	6.04%					
Energy	4.82%					
Healthcare Services	4.61%					
Distribution & Logistics	3.96%					
Federal Services	3.86%					
Net Lease	1.73%					
Business Products	1.60%					
Media	1.55%					
Retail	1.35%					
Healthcare Information Technology	0.96%					
Total investments	100.00%					

	December 31, 2016 Percent of Total
Interest Rate Type	Investments at Fair Value
Floating rates	93.16%
Fixed rates	6.84%
Total investments	100.00%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

### (unaudited)

#### Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC" or the "Company") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed its initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"). Since NMFC's IPO, and through March 31, 2017, NMFC raised approximately \$533,103 in net proceeds from additional offerings of its common stock.

New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C. (the "Investment Adviser") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, L.L.C. ("New Mountain Capital", defined as New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates). New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages the Company's day-to-day operations and provides it with investment advisory and management services. New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C. (the "Administrator"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct the Company's day-to-day operations.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings" or the "Predecessor Operating Company"), is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). The Company consolidates its tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of portfolio companies. Additionally, the Company has a wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), that serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P. ("SBIC LP") and its general partner, New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P., L.L.C. ("SBIC GP"), were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries of the Company. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). New Mountain Net Lease Corporation ("NMNLC"), a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are

#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

### Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)

subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

The Company's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, the Company's investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to the Company, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under the investment criteria used by the Company, however, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. The Company's portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. As of March 31, 2017, the Company's top five industry concentrations were business services, software, consumer services, investment fund and education.

### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of accounting** — The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Company is an investment company following accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, *Financial Services* — *Investment Companies*, ("ASC 946"). NMFC consolidates its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries: NMF Holdings, NMF Servicing, NMNLC, SBIC LP, SBIC GP, NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP.

The Company's consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of operations and financial condition for all periods presented. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. The financial results of the Company's portfolio investments are not consolidated in the financial statements.

The Company's interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 6 or 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the Company's interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim period, have been included. The current period's results of operations will not necessarily be indicative of results that ultimately may be achieved for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017.

Investments — The Company applies fair value accounting in accordance with GAAP. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments are reflected on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities at fair value, with changes in

#### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and realizations on portfolio investments reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net realized gains (losses) on investments".

The Company values its assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, the Company's board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available and any other situation where its portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. The Company's quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and, if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below); and
  - b. For investments other than bonds, the Company looks at the number of quotes readily available and performs the following procedures:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained.
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).

#### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- (3) Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multistep valuation process:
  - a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
  - b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with the Company's senior management;
  - c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which the Company does not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by the Company's board of directors; and
  - d. When deemed appropriate by the Company's management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any costs/netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of a commitment not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

See Note 3. Investments, for further discussion relating to investments.

### New Mountain Net Lease Corporation

NMNLC was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases. NMNLC's investments are disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017.

#### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Below is certain summarized property information for NMNLC as of March 31, 2017:

	_	Lease Expiration		Total Square	Fair Value as of
Portfolio Company	Tenant	Date	Location	Feet	March 31, 2017
NM APP Canada Corp.	A.P. Plasman, Inc.	9/30/2031	Ontario, Canada	436	\$ 7,345
NM APP US LLC	Plasman Corp, LLC / A-Brite LP	9/30/2033	Fort Payne, AL	261	5,080
			Cleveland, OH		
NM DRVT LLC	FMH Conveyors, LLC	10/31/2031	Jonesboro, AR	195	5,152
NM JRA LLC	J.R. Automation Technologies, LLC	1/31/2031	Holland, MI	88	2,043
NM KRLN LLC	Kirlin Group, LLC	6/30/2029	Rockville, MD	95	7,510
					\$ 27,130

**Collateralized agreements or repurchase financings** — The Company follows the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 860, *Transfers and Servicing* — Secured Borrowing and Collateral, ("ASC 860") when accounting for transactions involving the purchases of securities under collateralized agreements to resell (resale agreements). These transactions are treated as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at their contracted resale or repurchase amounts, as specified in the respective agreements. Interest on collateralized agreements is accrued and recognized over the life of the transaction and included in interest income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company held one collateralized agreement to resell with a cost basis of \$30,000 and \$30,000, respectively, and a carrying value of \$28,418 and \$29,218, respectively, and collateralized by a second lien bond in Northstar GOM Holdings Group LLC with a fair value of \$28,418 and \$29,218, respectively. The collateralized agreement to resell is guaranteed by a private hedge fund with the most recently reported assets under management of approximately \$690,000. Pursuant to the terms of the collateralized agreement, the private hedge fund is obligated to repurchase the collateral from the Company at the par value of the collateralized agreement was called upon by the Company but the counterparty failed to repurchase the collateral at its par value in accordance with the terms of the collateralized agreement. As of March 31, 2017, litigation is on-going in the state of New York and the Cayman Islands to resolve this matter. The collateralized agreement earned interest at a contractual weighted average rate of 16.0% and 16.0% per annum as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

**Cash and cash equivalents** — Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term, highly liquid investments. The Company defines cash equivalents as securities that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and so near maturity that there is insignificant risk of changes in value. These securities have original maturities of three months or less. The Company did not hold any cash equivalents as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Revenue recognition

Sales and paydowns of investments: Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the specific identification method.

Interest and dividend income: Interest income, including amortization of premium and discount using the effective interest method, is recorded on the accrual basis and periodically assessed for collectability. Interest income also includes interest earned from cash on hand. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties are recorded as part of interest income. The Company has loans and certain preferred equity investments in the portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividend provision. PIK interest and dividends are accrued and recorded as income at the contractual rates, if deemed collectible. The PIK interest and dividends are added to the principal or share balances on the capitalization dates and are generally due at maturity or when redeemed by the issuer.

Dividend income on common equity is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies. Dividend income on preferred securities is recorded as dividend income on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are deemed collectible.

Non-accrual income: Investments are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due for 30 days or more and when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Accrued cash and un-capitalized PIK interest or dividends are reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends are not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest or dividends are not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest or dividend payments received on non-accrual investments may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment of the ultimate outcome. Non-accrual investments are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

Other income: Other income represents delayed compensation, consent or amendment fees, revolver fees, structuring fees, upfront fees, management fees from a non-controlled/affiliated investment and other miscellaneous fees received and are typically non-recurring in nature. Delayed compensation is income earned from counterparties on trades that do not settle within a set number of business days after trade date. Other income may also include fees from bridge loans. The Company may from time to time enter into bridge financing commitments, an obligation to provide interim financing to a counterparty until permanent credit can be obtained. These commitments are short-term in nature and may expire unfunded. A fee is received by the Company for providing such commitments. Structuring fees and upfront fees are recognized as income when earned, usually when paid at the closing of the investment, and are non-refundable.

Interest and other financing expenses — Interest and other financing fees are recorded on an accrual basis by the Company. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.



#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Deferred financing costs** — The deferred financing costs of the Company consist of capitalized expenses related to the origination and amending of the Company's borrowings. The Company amortizes these costs into expense over the stated life of the related borrowing. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.

**Deferred offering costs** — The Company's deferred offering costs consist of fees and expenses incurred in connection with equity offerings and the filing of shelf registration statements. Upon the issuance of shares, offering costs are charged as a direct reduction to net assets. Deferred offering costs are included in other assets on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

*Income taxes* — The Company has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, the Company is not subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of taxable income and gains timely distributed to its stockholders.

To continue to qualify and be subject to tax as a RIC, the Company is required to meet certain income and asset diversification tests in addition to distributing at least 90.0% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code. Since U.S. federal income tax regulations differ from GAAP, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes.

Differences between taxable income and the results of operations for financial reporting purposes may be permanent or temporary in nature. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statements to reflect their tax character. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders of the Company are reported as ordinary income, return of capital, long term capital gains or a combination thereof.

The Company will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless the Company distributes, in a timely manner as required by the Code, an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of its respective net ordinary income earned for the calendar year and (2) 98.2% of its respective capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in the calendar year.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries of the Company are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes. These taxable entities are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may generate income tax liabilities or assets from permanent and temporary differences in the recognition of items for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recognized a total income tax benefit of approximately \$675 for the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company recorded current income tax expense of approximately \$80 and deferred income tax benefit of approximately \$755. For the three months ended March 31,



#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2016, the Company recognized a total benefit for income taxes of approximately \$683 for the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company recorded current income tax expense of approximately \$41 and deferred income tax benefit of approximately \$724.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had \$279 and \$1,034, respectively, of deferred tax liabilities primarily relating to deferred taxes attributable to certain differences between the computation of income for U.S. federal income tax purposes as compared to GAAP.

The Company has adopted the Income Taxes topic of the Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740 ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for income taxes, including how uncertain income tax positions should be recognized, measured, and disclosed in the financial statements. Based on its analysis, the Company has determined that there were no uncertain income tax positions that do not meet the more likely than not threshold through December 31, 2016. The 2013 through 2016 tax years remain subject to examination by the U.S. federal, state, and local tax authorities.

**Distributions** — Distributions to common stockholders of the Company are recorded on the record date as set by the board of directors. The Company intends to make distributions to its stockholders that will be sufficient to enable the Company to maintain its status as a RIC. The Company intends to distribute approximately all of its adjusted net investment income (see Note 5. Agreements) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of its taxable income on an annual basis, except that the Company may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any distributions declared on behalf of its stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash.

The Company applies the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, the Company will use only newly issued shares to implement its dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of the Company's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and ask prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, the Company will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The

#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

number of shares of the Company's common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of the Company's stockholders have been tabulated.

Share repurchase program — On February 4, 2016, the Company's board of directors authorized a program for the purpose of repurchasing up to \$50,000 worth of the Company's common stock. Under the repurchase program, the Company was permitted, but was not obligated, to repurchase its outstanding common stock in the open market from time to time provided that it complied with the Company's code of ethics and the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act), including certain price, market volume and timing constraints. In addition, any repurchases were conducted in accordance with the 1940 Act. On December 23, 2016, the Company's board of directors extended the Company's repurchase program and the Company expects the repurchase program to be in place until the earlier of December 31, 2017 or until \$50,000 of its outstanding shares of common stock. During the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company did not repurchase any shares of the Company's common stock. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company repurchased a total of 124,950 shares of the Company's common stock in the open market for \$1,433, including commissions paid.

*Earnings per share* — The Company's earnings per share ("EPS") amounts have been computed based on the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period of computation. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations by the weighted average number of shares of common stock assuming all potential shares had been issued, and its related net impact to net assets accounted for, and the additional shares of common stock were dilutive. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution, using the as-if-converted method for convertible debt, which could occur if all potentially dilutive securities were exercised.

**Foreign securities** — The accounting records of the Company are maintained in U.S. dollars. Investment securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the respective dates of the transactions. The Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and "Net realized gains (losses) on investments" in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

## March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## (unaudited)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments denominated in foreign currencies may be negatively affected by movements in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and such foreign currencies. This movement is beyond the control of the Company and cannot be predicted.

Use of estimates — The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Company's consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and other metrics used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ from the estimates used, and the differences could be material.

Dividend income recorded related to distributions received from flow-through investments is an accounting estimate based on the most recent estimate of the tax treatment of the distribution.

## Note 3. Investments

At March 31, 2017, the Company's investments consisted of the following:

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type

	 Cost	Fair Value
First lien	\$ 757,347	\$ 752,726
Second lien	687,952	659,117
Subordinated	74,814	76,063
Equity and other	276,938	298,989
Total investments	\$ 1,797,051	\$ 1,786,895

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# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except share data)

# (unaudited)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry

	 Cost	Fa	air Value
Business Services	\$ 593,357	\$	612,192
Software	459,929		458,442
Consumer Services	104,323		105,786
Investment Fund	102,400		102,400
Education	98,633		100,046
Healthcare Services	85,388		87,311
Energy	83,903		74,764
Federal Services	73,735		73,999
Distribution & Logistics	94,304		67,869
Net Lease	27,130		27,130
Media	18,604		21,370
Retail	21,106		21,196
Business Products	19,582		19,427
Healthcare Information Technology	14,657		14,963
Total investments	\$ 1,797,051	\$ <sup>-</sup>	1,786,895

At December 31, 2016, the Company's investments consisted of the following:

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type

	Cost	Fair Value	
First lien	\$ 706,14	0 \$ 700,580	j
Second lien	638,34	7 604,203	3
Subordinated	68,34	1 66,559	)
Equity and other	162,35	0 187,475	5
Total investments	\$ 1,575,17	8 \$ 1,558,817	1

#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## (unaudited)

### Note 3. Investments (Continued)

## Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry

	 Cost	Fa	air Value
Business Services	\$ 446,008	\$	461,997
Software	424,965		420,896
Consumer Services	105,868		106,392
Investment Fund	94,460		94,460
Education	93,651		94,168
Energy	81,390		75,168
Healthcare Services	70,731		71,844
Distribution & Logistics	88,768		61,696
Federal Services	59,881		60,116
Net Lease	27,000		27,000
Business Products	25,613		24,958
Media	21,189		24,162
Retail	21,006		21,016
Healthcare Information Technology	 14,648		14,944
Total investments	\$ 1,575,178	\$	1,558,817

During the first quarter of 2017, the Company placed its entire first lien notes position in Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc. ("Sierra") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of March 31, 2017, the Company's investment in Sierra placed on non-accrual status represented an aggregate cost basis of \$27,231, an aggregate fair value of \$16,465 and total unearned interest income of \$491 for the three months then ended.

During the third quarter of 2016, the Company placed its entire second lien position in Transtar Holding Company ("Transtar") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of March 31, 2017, the Company's investment in Transtar had an aggregate cost basis of \$31,166, an aggregate fair value of \$3,621 and total unearned interest income of \$1,809 for the three months then ended.

During the second quarter of 2016, the Company placed a portion of its first lien position in Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc. ("Permian") on nonaccrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of September 30, 2016, the Company's investment in Permian had an aggregate cost basis of \$24,444, an aggregate fair value of \$7,064 and total unearned interest income of \$1,273 for the nine months then ended. In October 2016, Permian completed a restructuring which resulted in a material modification of the original terms and an extinguishment of the Company's original investment in Permian. Prior to the extinguishment in October 2016, the Company's original investment in Permian had an aggregate cost of \$25,047, an aggregate fair value of \$7,064 and total unearned interest income of \$1,422 for the year ended December 31, 2016. The extinguishment resulted in a realized loss of \$17,983. Post restructuring, the Company's investments in Permian have been restored to full accrual status. As of March 31, 2017, the

#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Company's investments in Permian have an aggregate cost basis of \$9,256 and an aggregate fair value of \$11,346.

During the third quarter of 2016, the Company received notice that there would be no recovery of the outstanding principal and interest owed on its two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company ("ATI"). As of June 30, 2016, the Company's first lien positions in ATI had an aggregate cost of \$1,528 and an aggregate fair value of \$0 and no unearned interest income for the period then ended. The Company wrote off its first lien positions in ATI and recognized an aggregate realized loss of \$1,528 during the three months ended September 30, 2016. As of March 31, 2017, the Company's preferred shares and warrants in Ancora Acquisition LLC, which were received as a result of the Company's first lien positions in ATI, had an aggregate cost basis of \$83 and an aggregate fair value of \$393.

As of March 31, 2017, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$25,103 and \$0, respectively. As of March 31, 2017, the Company had unfunded commitments in the form of delayed draws or other future funding commitments of \$11,010. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and delayed draws are disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$27,915 and \$0, respectively. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments in the form of delayed draws or other future funding commitments of \$16,368. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and delayed draws are disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2016.

### NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC

NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC ("SLP I") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on May 27, 2014 and commenced operations on June 10, 2014. SLP I is a portfolio company held by the Company. SLP I is structured as a private investment fund, in which all of the investors are qualified purchasers, as such term is defined under the 1940 Act. Transfer of interests in SLP I is subject to restrictions, and as a result, such interests are not readily marketable. SLP I operates under a limited liability company agreement (the "SLP I Agreement") and will continue in existence until June 10, 2019, subject to earlier termination pursuant to certain terms of the SLP I Agreement. The term may be extended for up to one year pursuant to certain terms of the SLP I Agreement. SLP I has a three year re-investment period. SLP I invests in senior secured loans issued by companies within the Company's core industry verticals. These investments are typically broadly syndicated first lien loans.

SLP I is capitalized with \$93,000 of capital commitments and \$275,000 of debt from a revolving credit facility and is managed by the Company. The Company's capital commitment is \$23,000, representing less than 25.0% ownership, with third party investors representing the remaining capital commitment. As of March 31, 2017, SLP I had total investments with an

#### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 3. Investments (Continued)

aggregate fair value of approximately \$351,337, debt outstanding of \$249,117 and capital that had been called and funded of \$93,000. As of December 31, 2016, SLP I had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$348,672, debt outstanding of \$256,517 and capital that had been called and funded of \$93,000. The Company's investment in SLP I is disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The Company, as an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, acts as the collateral manager to SLP I and is entitled to receive a management fee for its investment management services provided to SLP I. As a result, SLP I is classified as an affiliate of the Company. No management fee is charged on the Company's investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, the Company earned approximately \$290 and \$300, respectively, in management fees related to SLP I, which is included in other income. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, approximately \$576 and \$286, respectively, of management fees related to SLP I was included in receivable from affiliates. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, the Company earned approximately \$1,004 and \$920, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in interest and dividend receivable.

## NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC

NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC ("SLP II") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on March 9, 2016 and commenced operations on April 12, 2016. SLP II is structured as a private joint venture investment fund between the Company and SkyKnight Income, LLC ("SkyKnight") and operates under a limited liability company agreement (the "SLP II Agreement"). The purpose of the joint venture is to invest primarily in senior secured loans issued by portfolio companies within the Company's core industry verticals. These investments are typically broadly syndicated first lien loans. All investment decisions must be unanimously approved by the board of managers of SLP II, which has equal representation from the Company and SkyKnight. SLP II has a three year investment period and will continue in existence until April 12, 2021. The term may be extended for up to one year pursuant to certain terms of the SLP II Agreement.

SLP II is capitalized with equity contributions which are called from its members, on a pro-rata basis based on their equity commitments, as transactions are completed. Any decision by SLP II to call down on capital commitments requires approval by the board of managers of SLP II. The Company and SkyKnight have committed to provide \$79,400 and \$20,600 of equity to SLP II, respectively. As of March 31, 2017, the Company and SkyKnight have contributed \$79,400 and \$20,600, respectively. The Company's investment in SLP II is disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

March 31, 2017

## (in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

### Note 3. Investments (Continued)

On April 12, 2016, SLP II closed its \$275,000 revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association which matures on April 12, 2021 and bears interest at a rate of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.75% per annum. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, SLP II had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$363,710 and \$361,719, respectively, and debt outstanding under its credit facility of \$250,960 and \$249,960, respectively.

# March 31, 2017

# (in thousands, except share data)

# (unaudited)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

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The following table is a listing of the individual loans in SLP II's portfolio as of March 31, 2017:

Portfolio Company and Type of Investment	Industry	Interest Maturity Rate(1) Date		Principal Amount or Par Value	Cost	Fair Value <sup>(2)</sup>
First lien:		·	Date	value	0051	
ADG, LLC	Healthcare Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	9/28/2023	\$ 17,164	\$ 17,002	\$ 17,078
	Healthcare	4.80%				
ADMI Corp.	Services Business	(L + 3.75%) 5.25%	4/29/2022	4,426	4,426	4,482
AssuredPartners, Inc.	Services	(L + 4.25%)	10/21/2022	14,970	14,956	15,108
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc.	Healthcare Products Consumer	6.15% (L + 5.00%) 5.25%	8/21/2023	14,925	14,786	14,92
Coinstar, LLC	Services	(L + 4.25%)	9/27/2023	4,975	4,952	5,02
Cvent, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%) 6.00%	11/29/2023	10,000	9,904	10,15
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.	Software	(L + 5.00%)	10/21/2021	14,862	14,780	14,89
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-Borrower, LLC)	Software	6.40% (L + 5.25%)	2/18/2022	14,962	14,814	14,99
	Business	5.15%				
Emerald 2 Limited	Services Federal	(L + 4.00%) 4.75%	5/14/2021	1,277	1,210	1,22
Engility Corporation (fka TASC, Inc.)	Services	(L + 3.75%)	8/14/2023	3,373	3,357	3,39
Evo Payments International, LLC	Business Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/22/2023	17,500	17,415	17,70
Explorer Holdings, Inc.	Healthcare Services	6.03% (L + 5.00%)	5/2/2023	4,963	4,918	5,01
Globallogic Holdings Inc.	Business Services	5.65% (L + 4.50%)	6/20/2022	9,750	9,674	9,89
Greenway Health, LLC	Software	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	2/16/2024	15,000	14,926	15,12
Hyperion Insurance Group Limited	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	4/29/2022	14,364	14,152	14,48
	Business	5.25%				
J.D. Power and Associates	Services	(L + 4.25%) 5.03%	9/7/2023	9,950	9,903	10,02
Kronos Incorporated	Software	(L + 4.00%)	11/1/2023	9,975	9,928	10,04
Masergy Holdings, Inc.	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	12/15/2023	7,481	7,445	7,55
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC	Education	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/4/2022	9,925	9,882	9,83
Ministry Brands, LLC	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	7,827	7,789	7,80
•		6.00%				
Ministry Brands, LLC	Software Consumer	(L + 5.00%) 5.25%	12/2/2022	2,154	2,143	2,14
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Services	(L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	8,291	8,232	8,35
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Consumer Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	1,662	1,681	1,67
Navex Global, Inc.	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	11/19/2021	14,894	14,690	14,950
Thrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.)	Healthcare Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/20/2022	9,925	9,794	10,01
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/15/2022	13,478	13,478	13,64
		7.00%				
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.	Software Federal	(L + 6.00%) 6.75%	10/31/2022	9,975	9,834	10,128
Salient CRGT Inc.	Services	(L + 5.75%)	2/28/2022	15,000	14,852	14,83
Severin Acquisition, LLC	Software	5.90% (L + 4.75%)	7/30/2021	15,000	14,927	14,92
SolarWinds Holdings, Inc.	Software Business	4.50% (L + 3.50%) 5.25%	2/3/2023	14,963	14,971	14,99
ITM Technologies, Inc.	Products	(L + 4.25%)	5/31/2021	6,048	6,037	6,15
Jniversity Support Services LLC (St. George's University Scholastic Services LLC)	Education Federal	6.40% (L + 5.25%) 5.90%	7/6/2022	1,979	1,979	2,00
/encore, Inc. (fka SI Organization, Inc., The)	Services	5.90% (L + 4.75%) 7.64%	11/23/2019	10,772	10,753	10,944
Vision Solutions, Inc.	Software	(L + 6.50%)	6/16/2022	8,725	8,647	8,76
Vivid Seats LLC	Business Services	6.75% (L + 5.75%)	10/12/2022	4,000	3,925	4,02
Zywave, Inc.	Software	6.15% (L + 5.00%)	11/17/2022	17,456	17,373	17,36
		(		\$ 361,991	\$ 359,535	\$ 363,71

- (1) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the LIBOR (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base). For each investment, the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of March 31, 2017.
- (2) Represents the fair value in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820"). The Company's board of directors does not determine the fair value of the investments held by SLP II.

## March 31, 2017

## (in thousands, except share data)

# (unaudited)

## Note 3. Investments (Continued)

The following table is a listing of the individual loans in SLP II's portfolio as of December 31, 2016:

Portfolio Company and Type of Investment	Industry	Interest Rate(1)	Maturity Date	Principal Amount or Par Value	Cost	Fair Value <sup>(2)</sup>
First lien:						
	Healthcare					
ADG, LLC	Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	9/28/2023	\$ 17,207		\$ 17,121
AssuredPartners, Inc.	Business Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/21/2022	11,862	11,847	12,058
	Healthcare					
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc.	Products	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	8/21/2023	14,962	14,819	14,963
	Consumer					
Coinstar, LLC	Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	9/27/2023	4,987	4,963	5,054
Cvent, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/29/2023	10,000	9,901	10,125
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	10/21/2021	14,900	14,814	14,881
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-						
Borrower, LLC)	Software	6.25% (L + 5.25%)	2/18/2022	10,507	10,350	10,402
Emerald 2 Limited	Business Services	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/14/2021	1,277	1,206	1,174
Engility Corporation (fka TASC, Inc.)	Federal Services	5.81% (Base + 4.72%)	8/14/2023	13,860	13,793	14,080
Evo Payments International, LLC	Business Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/22/2023	17,500	17,413	17,602
Frank and the latter and the s	Healthcare	0.000/ // . 5.000/.)	F/0/0000	4.075	4 000	5 000
Explorer Holdings, Inc.	Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	5/2/2023	4,975	4,929	5,028
Globallogic Holdings Inc.	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	6/20/2022	10,000	9,900	10,013
GOBP Holdings Inc. Hyperion Insurance Group Limited	Retail	5.00% (L + $4.00%$ )	10/21/2021	14,955	14,816	14,985
J.D. Power and Associates	Business Services Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%) 5.25% (L + 4.25%)	4/29/2022 9/7/2023	14,401 9,975	14,179 9,927	14,476 10,075
Kronos Incorporated	Software	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	11/1/2023	10,000	9,927	10,075
Masergy Holdings, Inc.	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	12/15/2023	7,500	7,463	7.563
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC	Education	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/4/2022	9,950	9,905	9,971
Ministry Brands, LLC	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	7,846	7,807	7,807
Willistry Brands, LLC	Consumer	0.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	7,040	7,007	7,007
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	8.312	8.250	8.354
Navex Global, Inc.	Software	5.99% (L + 4.75%)	11/19/2021	14,933	14,718	14,858
Navex Global, Inc.	Healthcare	5.99% (L + 4.75%)	11/19/2021	14,955	14,710	14,050
nThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.)	Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/20/2022	9.950	9.813	10.083
Poseidon Intermediate. LLC	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/15/2022	14.962	14,962	15.055
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.	Software	7.00% (L + 6.00%)	10/31/2022	10.000	9.853	10,153
Rocket Software. Inc.	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/14/2023	14,962	14.817	15,129
SolarWinds Holdings, Inc.	Software	5.50% (L + $4.50%$ )	2/3/2023	14,688	14.697	14.852
TTM Technologies, Inc.	Business Products	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	5/31/2021	13,548	13,444	13,599
Vencore, Inc. (fka SI Organization, Inc., The)	Federal Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	11/23/2019	10,801	10,780	10,942
Vision Solutions. Inc.	Software	7.50% (Base + 6.50%)	6/16/2022	9,938	9,845	9,919
Vivid Seats LLC	Business Services	6.75% (L + 5.75%)	10/12/2022	4,000	3,922	3,985
	Healthcare			1,000	0,022	0,000
WD Wolverine Holdings, LLC	Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/17/2023	10,200	9,900	9,894
Zywave, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/17/2022	17,500	17,414	17,413
		, , ,		\$ 360,458	\$ 357,438	\$ 361,719

(1) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the LIBOR (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base). For each investment, the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of December 31, 2016.

(2) Represents the fair value in accordance with ASC 820. The Company's board of directors does not determine the fair value of the investments held by SLP II.



## March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

## (unaudited)

## Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Below is certain summarized financial information for SLP II as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 and for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016:

Selected Balance Sheet Information:	March 31, 2017			December 31, 2016
Investments at fair value (cost of \$359,535 and \$357,438, respectively)	\$	363,710	\$	361,719
Receivable from unsettled securities sold		1,876		1,007
Cash and other assets		6,440		10,138
Total assets	\$	372,026	\$	372,864
Credit facility	\$	250,960	\$	249,960
Deferred financing costs		(2,418)		(2,565)
Payable for unsettled securities purchased		11,165		24,862
Distribution payable		4,325		3,000
Other liabilities		3,684		3,350
Total liabilities		267,716		278,607
Members' capital	\$	104,310	\$	94,257
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$	372,026	\$	372,864

	Three Months Ended								
Selected Statement of Operations Information:	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>							
Interest income	\$ 5,173	\$ _							
Other income	214								
Total investment income	5,387	_							
Interest and other financing expenses	1,849								
Other expenses	162	_							
Total expenses	2,011								
Net investment income	3,376	_							
Net realized gains on investments	1,108								
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments	(106)	—							
Net increase in members' capital	\$ 4,378	\$							

(1) SLP II commenced operations on April 12, 2016.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company earned approximately \$3,434 of dividend income related to SLP II, which is included in dividend income. As of March 31, 2017 and



#### March 31, 2017

#### (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 3. Investments (Continued)

December 31, 2016, approximately \$3,434 and \$2,382, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP II was included in interest and dividend receivable.

The Company has determined that SLP II is an investment company under ASC 946; however, in accordance with such guidance the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly-owned investment company subsidiary. Furthermore, Accounting Standards Codification Topic 810, *Consolidation*, concludes that in a joint venture where both members have equal decision making authority, it is not appropriate for one member to consolidate the joint venture since neither has control. Accordingly, the Company does not consolidate SLP II.

#### **Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries**

In accordance with Regulation S-X Rule 10-01(b)(1), the Company evaluates its unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies as significant subsidiaries under this rule. As of March 31, 2017, the Company did not have any significant unconsolidated subsidiaries under Regulation S-X Rule 10-01(b)(1).

## Investment risk factors

First and second lien debt that the Company invests in is entirely, or almost entirely, rated below investment grade or may be unrated. Debt investments rated below investment grade are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. These debt investments are considered speculative because of the credit risk of the issuers. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal, and such risk of default could reduce the net asset value and income distributions of the Company. In addition, some of the Company's debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. First and second lien debt may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these first and second lien debt investments. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value the debt.

Subordinated debt is generally subject to similar risks as those associated with first and second lien debt, except that such debt is subordinated in payment and/or lower in lien priority. Subordinated debt is subject to the additional risk that the cash flow of the borrower and the property securing the debt, if any, may be insufficient to meet scheduled payments after giving effect to the senior secured and unsecured obligations of the borrower.

The Company may directly invest in the equity of private companies or, in some cases, equity investments could be made in connection with a debt investment. Equity investments may or may not fluctuate in value resulting in recognized realized gains or losses upon disposition.

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#### Note 4. Fair Value

Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring investments at fair value. The hierarchy classifies the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels as follows:

Level I — Quoted prices (unadjusted) are available in active markets for identical investments and the Company has the ability to access such quotes as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level I include active exchange-traded equity securities and exchange-traded derivatives. As required by ASC 820, the Company, to the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where the Company holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II — Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level I. Level II inputs include the following:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds, which trade infrequently);
- Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include most over-the-counter derivatives, including foreign exchange forward contracts); and
- Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level III — Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels. In all instances when the inputs fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. As such, a Level III fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable and unobservable. Gains and losses for such assets categorized within the Level III table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs and unobservable inputs.

The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by management and consideration of factors specific to each investment. A review of the fair value hierarchy classifications is conducted on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in the transfer of certain investments within the fair value hierarchy from period to

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#### Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

period. Reclassifications impacting the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the respective leveling categories as of the beginning of the period in which the reclassifications occur.

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Company's portfolio investments fall into as of March 31, 2017:

	 Total	Le	evel I	_	Level II	_	Level III
First lien	\$ 752,726	\$	_	\$	225,758	\$	526,968
Second lien	659,117		—		311,598		347,519
Subordinated	76,063		_		50,460		25,603
Equity and other	 298,989		38	_	2	_	298,949
Total investments	\$ 1,786,895	\$	38	\$	587,818	\$	1,199,039

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Company's portfolio investments fall into as of December 31, 2016:

	T	otal	Leve		Level II	_	Level III
First lien	\$ 7	00,580	\$ -	_	\$ 169,979	\$	530,601
Second lien	6	04,203	-	_	280,026		324,177
Subordinated		66,559	-		41,906		24,653
Equity and other	1	87,475	2	28			187,447
Total investments	\$ 1,5	58,817	\$ 2	28	\$ 491,911	\$	1,066,878

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## Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the three months ended March 31, 2017, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Company at March 31, 2017:

	Total	First Lien	Second Lien	Subordinated	Equity and other
Fair value, December 31, 2016	\$1,066,878	\$ 530,601	\$ 324,177	\$ 24,653	\$ 187,447
Total gains or losses included in earnings:					
Net realized gains on investments	311	19	292	—	—
Net change in unrealized (depreciation)					
appreciation	(964)	139	1,770	211	(3,084)
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and					
revolver fundings	196,404	37,058	44,020	739	114,587
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of					
investments	(50,061)	(34,425)	(15,636)	—	—
Transfers into Level III <sup>(1)</sup>	44,352	19,608	24,744	_	—
Transfers out of Level III <sup>(1)</sup>	(57,881)	(26,032)	(31,848)		(1)
Fair Value, March 31, 2017	\$1,199,039	\$ 526,968	\$ 347,519	\$ 25,603	\$ 298,949
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Company at the end of the period:	<u>\$ (744</u> )	\$ 359	<u>\$ 1,770</u>	<u>\$ 211</u>	<u>\$ (3,084</u> )

(1) As of March 31, 2017, portfolio investments were transferred into Level III from Level II and out of Level III into Level II at fair value as of the beginning of the period in which the reclassification occurred.

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#### Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the three months ended March 31, 2016, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Company at March 31, 2016:

	Total	First L	ien	Second Lien	Subordinated	Equity and other
Fair value, December 31, 2015	\$ 699,987	\$ 340,	890	\$ 182,758	\$ 53,459	\$ 122,880
Total gains or losses included in earnings:						
Net realized gains on investments	147		28	_	119	—
Net change in unrealized (depreciation)						
appreciation	(1,903)	1,	977	(5,294)	1,557	(143)
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and						
revolver fundings	23,468	2,	629	19,094	609	1,136
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of						
investments	(17,069)	(2,	069)	_	(15,000)	) —
Transfers into Level III <sup>(1)</sup>	36,035		_	36,035	_	_
Fair Value, March 31, 2016	\$ 740,665	\$ 343,	455	\$ 232,593	\$ 40,744	\$ 123,873
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the						
Company at the end of the period:	<u>\$ (1,783)</u>	\$1,	977	\$ (5,294)	\$ 1,677	<u>\$ (143)</u>

(1) As of March 31, 2016, portfolio investments were transferred into Level III from Level II at fair value as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassification occurred.

Except as noted in the tables above, there were no other transfers in or out of Level I, II, or III during the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016. Transfers into Level III occur as quotations obtained through pricing services are not deemed representative of fair value as of the balance sheet date and such assets are internally valued. As quotations obtained through pricing services are substantiated through additional market sources, investments are transferred out of Level III. In addition, transfers out of Level III and transfers into Level III occur based on the increase or decrease in the availability of certain observable inputs.

The Company invests in revolving credit facilities. These investments are categorized as Level III investments as these assets are not actively traded and their fair values are often implied by the term loans of the respective portfolio companies.

The Company generally uses the following framework when determining the fair value of investments where there are little, if any, market activity or observable pricing inputs. The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing debt investments utilizing an income approach. Additional consideration is given using a market based approach, as well as reviewing the overall

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#### Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

underlying portfolio company's performance and associated financial risks. The following outlines additional details on the approaches considered:

**Company Performance, Financial Review, and Analysis:** Prior to investment, as part of its due diligence process, the Company evaluates the overall performance and financial stability of the portfolio company. Post investment, the Company analyzes each portfolio company's current operating performance and relevant financial trends versus prior year and budgeted results, including, but not limited to, factors affecting its revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") growth, margin trends, liquidity position, covenant compliance and changes to its capital structure. The Company also attempts to identify and subsequently track any developments at the portfolio company, within its customer or vendor base or within the industry or the macroeconomic environment, generally, that may alter any material element of its original investment thesis. This analysis is specific to each portfolio company. The Company leverages the knowledge gained from its original due diligence process, augmented by this subsequent monitoring, to continually refine its outlook for each of its portfolio companies and ultimately form the valuation of its investment in each portfolio company. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, the Company will consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate the private valuation.

For debt investments, the Company may employ the Market Based Approach (as described below) to assess the total enterprise value of the portfolio company, in order to evaluate the enterprise value coverage of the Company's debt investment. For equity investments or in cases where the Market Based Approach implies a lack of enterprise value coverage for the debt investment, the Company may additionally employ a discounted cash flow analysis based on the free cash flows of the portfolio company to assess the total enterprise value.

After enterprise value coverage is demonstrated for the Company's debt investments through the method(s) above, the Income Based Approach (as described below) may be employed to estimate the fair value of the investment.

*Market Based Approach:* The Company may estimate the total enterprise value of each portfolio company by utilizing market value cash flow (EBITDA) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies and comparable transactions. The Company considers numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose trading multiples are used to value its portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, and relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. The Company may apply an average of various relevant comparable company EBITDA multiples to the portfolio company's latest twelve month ("LTM") EBITDA or projected EBITDA to calculate the enterprise value of the portfolio company. Significant increases or decreases in the EBITDA multiple will result in an increase or decrease in enterprise value, which may result in an increase or decrease in the fair value estimate of the investment. In applying the market based approach as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company used the relevant EBITDA multiple ranges set forth in the table below to determine the enterprise value of its

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### Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

portfolio companies. The Company believes these were reasonable ranges in light of current comparable company trading levels and the specific portfolio companies involved.

*Income Based Approach:* The Company also may use a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the investment. Projected cash flows represent the relevant security's contractual interest, fee and principal payments plus the assumption of full principal recovery at the investment's expected maturity date. These cash flows are discounted at a rate established utilizing a yield calibration approach, which incorporates changes in the credit quality (as measured by relevant statistics) of the portfolio company, as compared to changes in the yield associated with comparable credit quality market indices, between the date of origination and the valuation date. Significant increases or decreases in the discount rate would result in a decrease or increase in the fair value measurement. In applying the income based approach as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company used the discount ranges set forth in the table below to value investments in its portfolio companies.



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## Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level III investments as of March 31, 2017 were as follows:

					Range	9
Туре	Fair Value as of March 31, 2017	Approach	Unobservable Input	Low	High	Weighted Average
First lien	\$ 421,182	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	2.0x	16.0x	10.0x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	8.0x	3.1x
			Discount rate	6.8%	15.0%	10.0%
	97,185	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	8,601	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Second lien	230,258	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	7.0x	17.0x	12.0x
			Revenue multiple	5.3x	6.2x	5.8x
			Discount rate	8.3%	12.8%	11.0%
	84,395	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	32,866	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subordinated	25,603	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	4.0x	8.5x	7.3x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	1.0x	0.8x
			Discount rate	8.3%	15.1%	13.2%
Equity and other	165,180	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	2.5x	13.0x	5.9x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	1.0x	0.8x
			Discount rate	8.0%		14.7%
	1,484	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years	8.6	9.0	8.9
			Volatility	43.3%	58.3%	54.8%
			Discount rate	2.6%	2.6%	2.6%
	132,285	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
	\$ 1,199,039					

(1) Fair value was determined based on transaction pricing or recent acquisition or sale as the best measure of fair value with no material changes in operations of the related portfolio company since the transaction date.

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## Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level III investments as of December 31, 2016 were as follows:

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					Range	9
	Fair Value as of					Weighted
Туре	December 31, 2016	Approach	Unobservable Input	Low	High	Average
First lien	\$ 417,464	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	2.0x	15.0x	10.2x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	8.0x	3.0x
			Discount rate	7.2%	12.3%	9.7%
	86,801	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	26,336	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Second lien	191,419	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	5.3x	16.0x	11.7x
			Discount rate	8.7%	13.0%	11.3%
	96,315	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	36,443	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subordinated	24,653	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	4.5x	8.5x	7.1x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	1.0x	0.8x
			Discount rate	8.7%	15.8%	13.6%
Equity and other	158,947	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	2.5x	13.0x	5.9x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	1.0x	0.8x
			Discount rate	8.0%	18.9%	14.5%
	1,498	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years	8.8	9.3	9.1
			Volatility	32.2%		36.4%
			Discount rate	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
	2	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	27,000	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
	\$ 1,066,878					

(1) Fair value was determined based on transaction pricing or recent acquisition or sale as the best measure of fair value with no material changes in operations of the related portfolio company since the transaction date.

Based on a comparison to similar BDC credit facilities, the terms and conditions of the Holdings Credit Facility and the NMFC Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*) are representative of market. The carrying values of the Holdings Credit Facility and NMFC Credit Facility approximate fair value as of March 31, 2017, as the facilities are continually monitored and examined by both the borrower and the lender. The carrying value of the SBA-guaranteed debentures and Unsecured Notes (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*) approximate fair value as of March 31, 2017 based on a comparison of market interest rates for the Company's borrowings and similar entities. The fair value of the Holdings Credit Facility, NMFC Credit Facility, SBA-guaranteed debentures and Unsecured Notes are considered Level III. The fair value of the Convertible Notes (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*) as of March 31, 2017 was \$160,102, which was based on quoted prices and considered Level III. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details. The carrying value of the collateralized agreement approximates fair value as of March 31, 2017 and is considered Level III. The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value based on the short-term nature of these items.

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## Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

*Fair value risk factors* — The Company seeks investment opportunities that offer the possibility of attaining substantial capital appreciation. Certain events particular to each industry in which the Company's portfolio companies conduct their operations, as well as general economic and political conditions, may have a significant negative impact on the operations and profitability of the Company's investments and/or on the fair value of the Company's investments. The Company's investments are subject to the risk of non-payment of scheduled interest or principal, resulting in a reduction in income to the Company and their corresponding fair valuations. Also, there may be risk associated with the concentration of investments in one geographic region or in certain industries. These events are beyond the control of the Company and cannot be predicted. Furthermore, the ability to liquidate investments and realize value is subject to uncertainties.

#### Note 5. Agreements

The Company entered into an investment advisory and management agreement (the "Investment Management Agreement") with the Investment Adviser which was most recently re-approved by the Company's board of directors on February 8, 2017. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, the Company. For providing these services, the Investment Adviser receives a fee from the Company, consisting of two components — a base management fee and an incentive fee.

Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, the base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of the Company's gross assets, which equals the Company's total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility (as defined below) and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of the Company's gross assets, which equals the Company's total assets, as determined in accordance with GAAP, less the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility facility and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. The Company has not invested, and currently is not invested, in derivatives. To the extent the Company invests in derivatives in the future, the Company will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating its base management fee.

Since the IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. Loan an Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated October 27, 2010 (the "SLF Credit Facility"). The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to the Company's existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the NMF Holdings Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated May 19, 2011, and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014 (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*). The amendment merged the credit facilities and combined the amount of



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#### Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

borrowings previously available. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since the IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility, which as of March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016 approximated \$322,346 and \$297,871, respectively. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, management fees waived were approximatel \$1,356 and \$1,319, respectively.

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of the Company's "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, upfront, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that the Company receives from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"), with the Administrator, and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock (of which there are none as of March 31, 2017), but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company has not yet received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation.

Under GAAP, NMFC's IPO did not step-up the cost basis of the Predecessor Operating Company's existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of the Predecessor Operating Company's investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, as well as different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold, repaid or mature in the future. The Company tracks the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjusts Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount on the Company's investments as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value. This is defined as "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income". The Company also uses the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation").

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#### Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized), subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. The hurdle rate is appropriately pro-rated for any partial periods. The calculation of the Company's incentive fee with respect to the Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for each quarter is as follows:

- No incentive fee is payable to the Investment Adviser in any calendar quarter in which the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.0% (the "preferred return" or "hurdle").
- 100.0% of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income with respect to that portion of such Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser. This portion of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5%) is referred to as the "catch-up". The catch-up provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.0% on all of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter.
  - 20.0% of the amount of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser once the hurdle is reached and the catch-up is achieved.

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, incentive fees waived were approximately \$1,800 and \$0, respectively. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup incentive fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived.

The second part of the incentive fee will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of the Company's Adjusted Realized Capital Gains, if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year, computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee.

In accordance with GAAP, the Company accrues a hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value.

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## Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The following table summarizes the management fees and incentive fees incurred by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended			
	Marc	h 31, 2017	Ma	rch 31, 2016
Management fee	\$	7,614	\$	6,836
Less: management fee waiver		(1,356)		(1,319)
Total management fee		6,258		5,517
Incentive fee, excluding accrued capital gains incentive fees	\$	5,408	\$	5,385
Less: incentive fee waiver		(1,800)		
Total incentive fee		3,608		5,385
Accrued capital gains incentive fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	_	\$	_

(1) As of March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, no actual capital gains incentive fee was owed under the Investment Management Agreement by the Company, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains did not exceed cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation.

The Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations below are adjusted as if the step-up in cost basis to fair market value had occurred at the IPO date, May 19, 2011.

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### Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The following Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	ree Months Ended ch 31, 2017	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustment		Adjusted hree Months Ended arch 31, 2017
Investment income				
Interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 33,998	\$ –	_(7)\$	33,998
Dividend income <sup>(2)</sup>	6,733	_	_	6,733
Other income	 2,576			2,576
Total investment income <sup>(3)</sup>	 43,307			43,307
Total expenses pre-incentive fee <sup>(4)</sup>	16,268	_	_	16,268
Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	27,039			27,039
Incentive fee <sup>(5)</sup>	3,608	_	_	3,608
Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	23,431			23,431
Net realized gains on investments <sup>(6)</sup>	826	_	_	826
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments <sup>(6)</sup>	6,205	_	_(7)	6,205
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell	(800)	-	_	(800)
Benefit for taxes	 755	_		755
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 30,417		\$	30,417

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$868 in PIK interest from investments.

(2) Includes \$1,477 in PIK and non-cash dividends from investments.

(3) Includes income from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$470 and management fee waivers of \$1,356.

(5) For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the Company incurred total incentive fees of \$3,608, net of the incentive fee waiver of \$1,800, of which none was related to the capital gains incentive fee accrual on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

(6) Includes net realized gains and losses on investments and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

<sup>(7)</sup> For the three months ended March 31, 2017, the adjustment was less than \$1.

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### Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The following Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	 ee Months Ended ch 31, 2016	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Adjusted Three Months Ended March 31, 2016
Investment income			
Interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 37,790	\$ (29)	\$ 37,761
Dividend income <sup>(2)</sup>	1,639	_	1,639
Other income	 1,547		1,547
Total investment income <sup>(3)</sup>	 40,976	(29)	40,947
Total expenses pre-incentive fee <sup>(4)</sup>	14,024	_	14,024
Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	 26,952	(29)	26,923
Incentive fee <sup>(5)</sup>	5,385	_	5,385
Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	21,567	(29)	21,538
Net realized gains (losses) on investments <sup>(6)</sup>	176	(38)	138
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments <sup>(6)</sup>	(14,386)	67	(14,319)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell	(30)	_	(30)
Benefit for taxes	 724	_	724
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 8,051		\$ 8,051

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$953 in PIK interest from investments.

(2) Includes \$719 in PIK dividends from investments.

(3) Includes income from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$284 and management fee waivers of \$1,319.

(5) For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company incurred total incentive fees of \$5,385, of which none was related to the capital gains incentive fee accrual on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

(6) Includes net realized gains and losses on investments and net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

The Company has entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator under which the Administrator provides administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees

#### March 31, 2017

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#### Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

the performance of, the Company's consolidated financial records, prepares reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), generally monitors the payment of the Company's expenses and watches the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. The Company will reimburse the Administrator for the Company's allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to the Company under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by the Company, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to the Company for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on behalf of the Company during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which the Company will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator will continue to support part of the expenses that the Administrator submits to the Company for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of the expense burden of the Company in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived. For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, approximately \$412 and \$568, respectively, of indirect administrative expenses were included in administrative expenses of which \$412 and \$284, respectively, of indirect administrator. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, no indirect administrative expenses were included in payable to affiliates.

The Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have also entered into a Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names. Under the Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have a right to use the "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance" names, for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains the investment adviser of the Company. Other than with respect to this limited license, the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have no legal right to the "New Mountain" or the "New Mountain Finance" names.

#### Note 6. Related Parties

The Company has entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties.

The Company has entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. Therefore, New Mountain Capital is entitled to any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses

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### Note 6. Related Parties (Continued)

incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.

The Company has entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. The Administrator arranges office space for the Company and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct their respective day-today operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. The Company reimburses the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to the Company under the Administration Agreement which includes the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance and compliance functions, and the compensation of the Company's chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs.

The Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance".

The Company has adopted a formal code of ethics that governs the conduct of its officers and directors. These officers and directors also remain subject to the duties imposed by the 1940 Act, the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act.

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, to the Company's investment mandates. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for the Company or for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the availability of such investment and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that the Company should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the SEC and its staff and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures. On September 12, 2016, the Company filed an exemptive application with the SEC to permit the Company to co-invest with funds or entities managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. Any such order, if granted by the SEC, will be subject to certain terms and conditions. Furthermore, there is no assurance when, or if, this application for exemptive relief will be granted by the SEC.

## Note 7. Borrowings

Holdings Credit Facility — On December 18, 2014 the Company entered into the Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Holdings Credit Facility"), among the Company, as the Collateral Manager, NMF Holdings as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian, which is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on December 18, 2019.

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#### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility is \$495,000. Under the Holdings Credit Facility, NMF Holdings is permitted to borrow up to 25.0%, 45.0% or 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged assets, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. The Holdings Credit Facility is non-recourse to the Company and is collateralized by all of the investments of NMF Holdings on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Holdings Credit Facility are capitalized on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default. In addition, the Holdings Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. The covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF Holdings investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum for all other investments. Previously, the Holdings Credit Facility bore interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum for all other investments. The Holdings Credit Facility also charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred on the Holdings Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	 Three Months Ended				
	March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016		
Interest expense	\$ 2,709	\$	2,643		
Non-usage fee	\$ 184	\$	125		
Amortization of financing costs	\$ 397	\$	402		
Weighted average interest rate	3.1%	Ď	2.6%		
Effective interest rate	3.9%	Ď	3.2%		
Average debt outstanding	\$ 346,033	\$	394,710		

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the Holdings Credit Facility was \$376,913 and \$333,513, respectively, and NMF Holdings was in compliance with the applicable covenants in the Holdings Credit Facility on such dates.

**NMFC Credit Facility** — The Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, as amended, dated June 4, 2014 (together with the related guarantee and security agreement, the "NMFC Credit Facility"), among the Company as the Borrower, Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders, is structured as a senior secured revolving credit facility and matures on

#### March 31, 2017

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### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

June 4, 2019. The NMFC Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of the Company and proceeds from the NMFC Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

As of March 31, 2017, the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the NMFC Credit Facility was \$122,500. The Company is permitted to borrow at various advance rates depending on the type of portfolio investment, as outlined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement. All fees associated with the origination of the NMFC Credit Facility are capitalized on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the NMFC Credit Facility. The NMFC Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants.

The NMFC Credit Facility generally bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum or the prime rate plus 1.50% per annum, and charges a commitment fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by 0.375% per annum (as defined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred on the NMFC Credit Facility for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended				
		March 31, 2017		March 31, 2016	
Interest expense	\$	290	\$	6	86
Non-usage fee	\$	82	\$		3
Amortization of financing costs	\$	96	\$		89
Weighted average interest rate		3.3%	, D		2.9%
Effective interest rate		5.5%	, D		3.4%
Average debt outstanding	\$	34,661	\$	92,8	30

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the NMFC Credit Facility was \$122,500 and \$10,000, respectively, and NMFC was in compliance with the applicable covenants in the NMFC Credit Facility on such dates.

**Convertible Notes** — On June 3, 2014, the Company closed a private offering of \$115,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes (the "Convertible Notes"), pursuant to an indenture, dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"). The Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). As of the first anniversary, June 3, 2015, of the Convertible Notes, the restrictions under Rule 144A under the Securities Act were removed, allowing the Convertible Notes to be eligible and freely tradable without restrictions for resale pursuant to Rule 144(b)(1) under the Securities Act. On September 30, 2016, the Company closed

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#### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

a public offering of an additional \$40,250 aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes. These additional Convertible Notes constitute a further issuance of, rank equally in right of payment with, and form a single series with the \$115,000 aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes that the Company issued on June 3, 2014.

The Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.0%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, which commenced on December 15, 2014. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019 unless earlier converted or repurchased at the holder's option.

The following table summarizes certain key terms related to the convertible features of the Company's Convertible Notes as of March 31, 2017.

Initial conversion premium	12.5%
Initial conversion rate <sup>(1)</sup>	62.7746
Initial conversion price	\$ 15.93
Conversion premium at March 31, 2017	11.7%
Conversion rate at March 31, 2017 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	63.2794
Conversion price at March 31, 2017 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	\$ 15.80
Last conversion price calculation date	June 3, 2016

<sup>(1)</sup> Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

(2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.

March 31, 2017

(3) The conversion price in effect at March 31, 2017 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be calculated again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1.0% before the anniversary.

The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon certain events, such as stock splits and combinations, mergers, spin-offs, increases in distributions in excess of \$0.34 per share per quarter and certain changes in control. Certain of these adjustments, including adjustments for increases in distributions, are subject to a conversion price floor of \$14.05 per share. In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 71.1893 per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes. The Company has determined that the embedded conversion option in the Convertible Notes is not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under GAAP.

The Convertible Notes are unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to the Company's existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Notes; equal in right of payment to the Company's existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of the Company's secured indebtedness (including existing unsecured indebtedness that the Company's existing and secured indebtedness that the Company's secured indebtedness (including existing unsecured indebtedness that the Company's secured indebtedness (including existing unsecured indebtedness that the Company's secured indebtedness).

#### March 31, 2017

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### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company's subsidiaries and financing vehicles. As reflected in Note 11. *Earnings Per Share*, the issuance is considered part of the if-converted method for calculation of diluted earnings per share.

The Company may not redeem the Convertible Notes prior to maturity. No sinking fund is provided for the Convertible Notes. In addition, if certain corporate events occur, holders of the Convertible Notes may require the Company to repurchase for cash all or part of their Convertible Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest through, but excluding, the repurchase date.

The Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to provide financial information to the holders of the Convertible Note and the Trustee if the Company ceases to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the Indenture.

The following table summarizes the interest expense, amortization of financing costs and amortization of premium incurred on the Convertible Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	 Three Months Ended			
	March 31, 2017	Marc	h 31, 2016	
Interest expense	\$ 1,941	\$	1,438	
Amortization of financing costs	\$ 293	\$	185	
Amortization of premium	\$ (27)	\$		
Effective interest rate	5.8%		5.7%	
Average debt outstanding	\$ 155,250	\$	115,000	

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the Convertible Notes was \$155,250 and \$155,250, respectively, and NMFC was in compliance with the terms of the Indenture on such dates.

Unsecured Notes — On May 6, 2016, the Company issued \$50,000 in aggregate principal amount of five-year unsecured notes that mature on May 15, 2021 (the "Unsecured Notes"), pursuant to a note purchase agreement, dated May 4, 2016, to an institutional investor in a private placement. On September 30, 2016, the Company entered into an amended and restated note purchase agreement (the "NPA") and issued an additional \$40,000 in aggregate principal amount of Unsecured Notes to institutional investors in a private placement. The NPA provides for future issuances of Unsecured Notes in separate series or tranches. The Unsecured Notes are equal in priority with the Company's other unsecured indebtedness, including the Company's Convertible Notes.

The Unsecured Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.313%, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year, which commenced on November 15, 2016. This interest

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### (in thousands, except share data)

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#### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

rate is subject to increase in the event that: (i) subject to certain exceptions, the Unsecured Notes or the Company cease to have an investment grade rating or (ii) the aggregate amount of the Company's unsecured debt falls below \$150,000. In each such event, the Company has the option to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par, in which case holders of the Unsecured Notes who accept the offer would not receive the increased interest rate. In addition, the Company is obligated to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par if the Investment Adviser, or an affiliate thereof, ceases to be the Company's investment adviser or if certain change in control events occur with respect to the Investment Adviser.

The NPA contains customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, an option to offer to prepay all or a portion of the Unsecured Notes at par (plus a make-whole amount, if applicable), affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of the Company's status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Code, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum asset coverage ratio, and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at the Company or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness of the Company or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the Unsecured Notes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended				
	Mar	ch 31, 2017		March 31, 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Interest expense	\$	1,195	\$		_
Amortization of financing costs	\$	101	\$		_
Effective interest rate		5.8%			%
Average debt outstanding	\$	90,000	\$		_

<sup>(1)</sup> Not applicable, as the Unsecured Notes were issued on May 6, 2016.

As of March 31, 2017, the outstanding balance on the Unsecured Notes was \$90,000 and the Company was in compliance with the terms of the NPA.

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# (in thousands, except share data)

#### (unaudited)

#### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

SBA-guaranteed debentures - On August 1, 2014, SBIC LP received an SBIC license from the SBA.

The SBIC license allows SBIC LP to obtain leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment by the SBA and other customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures are non-recourse to the Company, interest only debentures with interest payable semi-annually and have a ten year maturity. The principal amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures is not required to be paid prior to maturity but may be prepaid at any time without penalty. The interest rate of SBA-guaranteed debentures is fixed on a semi-annual basis at a market-driven spread over U.S. Treasury Notes with ten year maturities. The SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the assets of SBIC LP over the Company's stockholders in the event SBIC LP is liquidated or the SBA exercises remedies upon an event of default.

The maximum amount of borrowings available under current SBA regulations for a single licensee is \$150,000 as long as the licensee has at least \$75,000 in regulatory capital, receives a capital commitment from the SBA and has been through an examination by the SBA subsequent to licensing.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, SBIC LP had regulatory capital of approximately \$75,000 and \$75,000, respectively, and SBA-guaranteed debentures outstanding of \$121,745 and \$121,745, respectively. The SBA-guaranteed debentures incur upfront fees of 3.425%, which consists of a 1.00% commitment fee and a 2.425% issuance discount, which are amortized over the life of the SBA-guaranteed debentures. The following table summarizes the Company's SBA-guaranteed debentures as of March 31, 2017.

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		Debenture	Interest	SBA Annual
Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Amount	Rate	Charge
Fixed SBA-guaranteed debentures:				
March 25, 2015	March 1, 2025	\$ 37,500	2.517%	0.355%
September 23, 2015	September 1, 2025	37,500	2.829%	0.355%
September 23, 2015	September 1, 2025	28,795	2.829%	0.742%
March 23, 2016	March 1, 2026	13,950	2.507%	0.742%
September 21, 2016	September 1, 2026	4,000	2.051%	0.742%
Total SBA-guaranteed debentures		\$ 121,745		

Prior to pooling, the SBA-guaranteed debentures bear interest at an interim floating rate of LIBOR plus 0.30%. Once pooled, which occurs in March and September each year, the SBA-guaranteed debentures bear interest at a fixed rate that is set to the current 10-year treasury rate plus a spread at each pooling date.

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# (unaudited)

### Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the SBA-guaranteed debentures for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

		Three Months Ended			
	M	arch 31, 2017	March 31, 2016		
Interest expense	\$	953 \$	883		
Amortization of financing costs	\$	101 \$	98		
Weighted average interest rate		3.2%	3.0%		
Effective interest rate		3.5%	3.4%		
Average debt outstanding	\$	121,745 \$	117,745		

The SBIC program is designed to stimulate the flow of private investor capital into eligible small businesses, as defined by the SBA. Under SBA regulations, SBIC LP is subject to regulatory requirements, including making investments in SBA-eligible businesses, investing at least 25.0% of its investment capital in eligible smaller businesses, as defined under the 1958 Act, placing certain limitations on the financing terms of investments, regulating the types of financing, prohibiting investments in small businesses with certain characteristics or in certain industries and requiring capitalization thresholds that limit distributions to the Company. SBIC LP is subject to an annual periodic examination by an SBA examiner to determine SBIC LP's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations and an annual financial audit of its financial statements that are prepared on a basis of accounting other than GAAP (such as ASC 820) by an independent auditor. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, SBIC LP was in compliance with SBA regulatory requirements.

Leverage risk factors — The Company utilizes and may utilize leverage to the maximum extent permitted by the law for investment and other general business purposes. The Company's lenders will have fixed dollar claims on certain assets that are superior to the claims of the Company's common stockholders, and the Company would expect such lenders to seek recovery against these assets in the event of a default. The use of leverage also magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested. Leverage may magnify interest rate risk (particularly on the Company's fixed-rate investments), which is the risk that the prices of portfolio investments will fall or rise if market interest rates for those types of securities rise or fall. As a result, leverage may cause greater changes in the Company's net asset value. Similarly, leverage may cause a sharper decline in the Company's income than if the Company had not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect the Company's ability to make distributions to its stockholders. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique. The Company's ability to service any debt incurred will depend largely on financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures.

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### (in thousands, except share data)

### (unaudited)

#### Note 8. Regulation

The Company has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. In order to continue to qualify and be subject to tax as a RIC, among other things, the Company is required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. The Company, among other things, intends to make and will continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders, which will generally relieve the Company from U.S. federal, state, and local income taxes (excluding excise taxes which may be imposed under the Code).

Additionally, as a BDC, the Company must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70.0% of its total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). In addition, the Company must offer to make available to all eligible portfolio companies managerial assistance.

#### Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Company may also enter into future funding commitments such as revolving credit facilities, bridge financing commitments or delayed draw commitments. As of March 31, 2017, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$25,103, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments of \$11,010. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$27,915, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding bridge financing commitments and other future funding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$27,915, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments on revolving credit facilities and delayed draws are disclosed on the Company's respective Consolidated Schedule of Investments.

The Company also has revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility and the NMFC Credit Facility as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details.

The Company may from time to time enter into financing commitment letters. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had commitment letters to purchase investments in the aggregate par amount of \$0 and \$14,818, respectively, which could require funding in the future.

As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments related to an equity investment in SLP II of \$0 and \$7,940, respectively, which may be funded at the Company's discretion.

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# (in thousands, except share data)

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## Note 10. Net Assets

The table below illustrates the effect of certain transactions on the net asset accounts of the Company:

	Comm	on Stock	Treasury Stock	Paid in Capital in Excess of	Accumulated Undistributed Net Investment	Accumulated Undistributed Net Realized	Net Unrealized (Depreciation)	Total
	Shares	Par Amount	at Cost	Par	Income	(Losses) Gains	Appreciation	Net Assets
Balance at December 31, 2016	69,717,814	\$ 698	\$ (460)	\$ 1,001,862	\$ 2,073	\$ (36,947)	\$ (28,664)	\$ 938,562
Issuances of common stock	66,306	_	_	988	_	_	_	988
Reissuance of common stock Other	37,573	_	460	100 (81)	_	_	_	560 (81)
Distributions	_	_	_	(01)	(23,704)	_	_	(81)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from						000	0.100	
operations Balance at March 31,					23,431	826	6,160	30,417
2017	69,821,693	<u>\$ 698</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$1,002,869</u>	<u>\$ 1,800</u>	<u>\$ (36,121</u> )	<u>\$ (22,504</u> )	<u>\$ 946,742</u>

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation (Continued)

### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

### (unaudited)

### Note 11. Earnings Per Share

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase in the Company's net assets per share resulting from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016:

	Three Months Ended				
	March 31, 2017			arch 31, 2016	
Earnings per share — basic					
Numerator for basic earnings per share:	\$	30,417	\$	8,051	
Denominator for basic weighted average share:		69,718,968		63,934,151	
Basic earnings per share:	\$	0.44	\$	0.13	
Earnings per share — diluted <sup>(1)</sup>					
Numerator for increase in net assets per share	\$	30,417	\$	8,051	
Adjustment for interest on Convertible Notes and incentive fees, net		1,553		1,150	
Numerator for diluted earnings per share:	\$	31,970	\$	9,201	
Denominator for basic weighted average share		69,718,968		63,934,151	
Adjustment for dilutive effect of Convertible Notes		9,824,127		7,277,131	
Denominator for diluted weighted average share		79,543,095		71,211,282	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.40	\$	0.13	

(1) In applying the if-converted method, conversion is not assumed for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share if the effect would be anti-dilutive.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation (Continued)

### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

### (unaudited)

### Note 12. Financial Highlights

The following information sets forth the Company's financial highlights for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016.

	Three Months Ended				
	Ма	arch 31, 2017	March 31, 2016		
Per share data <sup>(1)</sup> :					
Net asset value, January 1, 2017 and January 1, 2016, respectively	\$	13.46 \$	13.08		
Net investment income		0.34	0.34		
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)		0.10	(0.21)		
Total net increase		0.44	0.13		
Distributions declared to stockholders from net investment income		(0.34)	(0.34)		
Net asset value, March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively	\$	13.56 \$	12.87		
Per share market value, March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016, respectively	\$	14.90 \$	12.64		
Total return based on market value <sup>(2)</sup>		8.09%	(0.31)%		
Total return based on net asset value <sup>(3)</sup>		3.25%	0.99%		
Shares outstanding at end of period		69,821,693	63,880,437		
Average weighted shares outstanding for the period		69,718,968	63,934,151		
Average net assets for the period	\$	946,651 \$	822,010		
Ratio to average net assets:					
Net investment income		10.04%	10.55%		
Total expenses, before waivers/reimbursements		10.07%	10.28%		
Total expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements		8.52%	9.50%		
Average debt outstanding — Holdings Credit Facility	\$	346,033 \$	, .		
Average debt outstanding — Convertible Notes		155,250	115,000		
Average debt outstanding — SBA-guaranteed debentures		121,745	117,745		
Average debt outstanding — Unsecured Notes		90,000	—		
Average debt outstanding — NMFC Credit Facility		34,661	92,830		
Asset coverage ratio <sup>(4)</sup>		227.10%	234.95%		
Portfolio turnover		7.50%	1.85%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share data is based on weighted average shares outstanding for the respective period (except for distributions declared to stockholders which is based on actual rate per share).

(2) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the opening of the first day of the year and a sale on the closing of the last business day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation (Continued)

### March 31, 2017

### (in thousands, except share data)

### (unaudited)

### Note 12. Financial Highlights (Continued)

- (3) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the year and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (4) On November 5, 2014, the Company received exemptive relief from the SEC allowing the Company to modify the asset coverage requirement to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures from this calculation.

### Note 13. Recent Accounting Standards Updates

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, *Financial Instruments* — Overall Subtopic 825-10 — Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). ASU 2016-01 amends certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial assets and liabilities. ASU 2016-01 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The new guidance must be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) should be applied prospectively to equity investments that exist as of the date of adoption of ASU 2016-01. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that this guidance will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

### Note 14. Subsequent Events

On April 7, 2017, the Company completed a public offering of 5,000,000 shares of its common stock at a public offering price of \$14.60 per share. On April 13, 2017, in connection with the public offering, the underwriters completed a purchase of an additional 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock with the exercise of the overallotment option to purchase up to an additional 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company received total net proceeds of \$81,478 in connection with the offering.

On May 4, 2017, the Company's board of directors declared a second quarter 2017 distribution of \$0.34 per share payable on June 30, 2017 to holders of record as of June 16, 2017.



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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors of New Mountain Finance Corporation New York, New York

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statement of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company"), including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of March 31, 2017, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated statement of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 28, 2017, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated statement of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2016, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated statement of assets and liabilities from which it has been derived.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

May 8, 2017



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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of New Mountain Finance Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities of New Mountain Finance Corporation and subsidiaries (the "Company"), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2016 and the consolidated financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included confirmation of investments as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, by correspondence with the custodian, loan agents and borrowers; where replies were not received we performed other auditing procedures. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New Mountain Finance Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the results of their operations, changes in their net assets, and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2016 and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016, based on the criteria established in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 28, 2017, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

New York, New York February 28, 2017

# **Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities**

# (in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	D	ecember 31, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015
Assets				
Investments at fair value				
Non-controlled/non-affiliated investments (cost of \$1,379,603 and \$1,438,415,				
respectively)	\$	1,346,556	\$	1,377,515
Non-controlled/affiliated investments (cost of \$54,996 and \$89,047, respectively)		57,440		87,287
Controlled investments (cost of \$140,579 and \$41,254, respectively)		154,821		47,422
Total investments at fair value (cost of \$1,575,178 and \$1,568,716, respectively)		1,558,817		1,512,224
Securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell (cost of \$30,000 and \$30,000, respectively)		29,218		29,704
Cash and cash equivalents		45,928		30,102
Interest and dividend receivable		17,833		13,832
Receivable from unsettled securities sold		990		_
Receivable from affiliates		346		360
Other assets		2,886		1,924
Total assets	\$	1,656,018	\$	1,588,146
Liabilities			-	
Borrowings				
Holdings Credit Facility	\$	333,513	\$	419,313
Convertible Notes		155,523		115,000
SBA-guaranteed debentures		121,745		117,745
Unsecured Notes		90,000		_
NMFC Credit Facility		10,000		90,000
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$12,279 and \$8,822,				
respectively)		(14,041)		(13,992)
Net borrowings		696,740		728,066
Management fee payable		5,852		5,466
Incentive fee payable		5,745		5,622
Interest payable		3,172		2,343
Payable for unsettled securities purchased		2,740		5,441
Deferred tax liability		1,034		1,676
Payable to affiliates		136		564
Other liabilities		2,037		2,060
Total liabilities		717,456		751,238
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 9)				
Net assets				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 2,000,000 shares authorized, none issued Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 69,755,387 and 64,005,387 shares issued, respectively, and 69,717,814 and 64,005,387 shares		_		_
outstanding, respectively		698		640
Paid in capital in excess of par		1,001,862		899.713
Treasury stock at cost, 37,573 and 0 shares held, respectively		(460)		
Accumulated undistributed net investment income		2,073		4,164
Accumulated undistributed net realized (losses) gains on investments		(36,947)		1,342
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation (net of provision for taxes of \$1,034 and \$1,676, respectively)		(28,664)		(68,951)
Total net assets	\$	938,562	\$	836,908
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,656,018	\$	1,588,146
Number of shares outstanding	¥	69,717,814	Ψ	64,005,387
Net asset value per share	\$	13.46	\$	13.08
	Ψ	10.40	Ψ	10.00



### **Consolidated Statements of Operations**

### (in thousands, except shares and per share data)

	Years	Years Ended December 31,				
	2016	2015	2014			
Investment income <sup>(1)</sup>						
From non-controlled/non-affiliated investments:	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • •					
Interest income	\$ 140,983					
Dividend income	220	(407)	1,243			
Other income	7,708	5,996	4,023			
From non-controlled/affiliated investments: Interest income	4.538	5.402				
Dividend income	4,538	5,402 3.619	1.066			
Other income	1.193	1.965	468			
From controlled investments:	1,195	1,905	400			
Interest income	1.904	2.007				
Dividend income	7,096	2,559				
Other income	558	49				
Investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	556	+5				
Interest income	_	_	40.515			
Dividend income			2.368			
Other income			795			
Total investment income	168.084	153,855	135,601			
Expenses	100,004	100,000	100,001			
Incentive fee(1)	22,011	20,591	12,070			
Capital gains incentive fee(1)	22,011	20,591	(8,573			
Total incentive fees(1)		00.504	3,497			
	22,011	20,591	-,			
Management fee(1)	27,551	25,858	13,593			
Interest and other financing expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	28,452	23,374	13,269			
Professional fees(1)	3,087	3,214	2,390			
Administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	2,683	2,450	1,470			
Other general and administrative expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	1,589	1,665	1,138			
Net expenses allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>			20,808			
Total expenses	85,373	77,152	56,165			
Less: management fee waived (see Note 5) <sup>(1)</sup>	(4,824)	(5,219)	(686			
Less: expenses waived and reimbursed (see Note 5) <sup>(1)</sup>	(725)	(733)	(380			
Net expenses	79,824	71,200	55,099			
Net investment income before income taxes	88,260	82,655	80,502			
Income tax expense(1)	152	160	436			
Net investment income	88,108	82,495	80,066			
Net realized (losses) gains:		,	,			
Non-controlled/non-affiliated investments <sup>(1)</sup>	(16,717)	(12,789)	357			
Investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	(,)	(,)	8,568			
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation):			0,000			
Non-controlled/non-affiliated investments <sup>(1)</sup>	30,742	(40,807)	(43,324			
Non-controlled/affiliated investments(1)	1,315	(633)	(539			
Controlled investments <sup>(1)</sup>	8,074	6,168	(000			
Securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell <sup>(1)</sup>	(486)	(296)				
Investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	(480)	(290)	940			
Benefit (provision) for taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	642	(1,183)	(493			
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	23,570	(49,540)	(34,491			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	<u>\$111,678</u>	\$ 32,955	\$ 45,575			
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.72	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.88			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding — basic (See Note 12)	64,918,191	59,715,290	51,846,164			
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.60	\$ 0.55	\$ 0.86			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding — diluted (See Note 12)	72,863,387	66,968,089	56,157,835			
Distributions declared and paid per share	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.48			

<sup>(1)</sup> For the year ended December 31, 2014, the amounts reported relate to the period from May 8, 2014 to December 31, 2014.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2014, the amounts reported relate to the period from January 1, 2014 to May 7, 2014.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets**

### (in thousands, except share data)

	Years Ended December 31, 2016 2015 2014					
	2016	2014				
Increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations:						
Net investment income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 88,108	\$ 82,495	\$ 57,196			
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>		_	22,870			
Net realized (losses) gains on investments <sup>(1)</sup>	(16,717)	(12,789)	357			
Net realized gains on investments allocated from New Mountain Finance	(,)	(,,				
Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	8,568			
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments <sup>(1)</sup>	40,131	(35,272)	(43,863)			
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities purchased	40,101	(00,212)	(40,000)			
under collateralized agreements to resell <sup>(1)</sup>	(486)	(296)				
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments allocated	(400)	(200)				
from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>			940			
Benefit (provision) for taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	642	(1,183)	(493)			
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	111,678	32,955	45,575			
Capital transactions	111,070	52,955	45,575			
Net proceeds from shares sold	79,063	79,415	141,157			
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>			(250)			
Deferred offering costs <sup>(1)</sup>	(220)	(295)	(476)			
Value of shares issued for exchanged units	(328)	(285)	38,840			
Distributions declared to stockholders from net investment income	(88,764)	(81,002)	(71,365)			
Distributions declared to stockholders from net realized gains	(00,704)	(01,002)	(6,247)			
Reinvestment of distributions	2,953	3,655	4,829			
Repurchase of shares under repurchase program	(2,948)					
Total net (decrease) increase in net assets resulting from capital	,					
transactions	(10,024)	1,783	106,488			
Net increase in net assets	101,654	34,738	152,063			
Net assets at the beginning of the period	836,908	802,170	650,107			
Net assets at the end of the period <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 938,562	\$ 836,908	\$ 802,170			
Capital share activity						
Shares sold	5,750,000	5,750,000	9,775,000			
Shares issued for exchanged units		—	2,671,938			
Shares issued from reinvestment of distributions	—	257,497	326,197			
Shares reissued from repurchase program in connection with reinvestment of						
distributions	210,926	_				
Shares repurchased under repurchase program	(248,499)					
Net increase in shares outstanding	5,712,427	6,007,497	12,773,135			

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2014, the amounts reported relate to the period from May 8, 2014 to December 31, 2014.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2014, the amounts reported relate to the period from January 1, 2014 to May 7, 2014.

(3) For the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, includes accumulated undistributed net investment income of \$2,073, \$4,164 and \$2,530, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

### (in thousands)

	Years E	Inded Decei	mber 31,
	2016	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities	¢ 444.070	¢ 22.055	¢ 45.575
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations Adjustments to reconcile net (increase) decrease in net assets resulting from operations to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	\$ 111,678	\$ 32,955	\$ 45,575
Net investment income allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	(22,870)
Net realized losses (gains) on investments <sup>(1)</sup>	16,717	12,789	(357)
Net realized gains on investments allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup> Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments <sup>(1)</sup>	(40.121)	25 272	(8,568)
Net change in unrealized depreciation depreciation) of securities purchased under collateralized agreements	(40,131)	35,272	43,863
to resell Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments allocated from New Mountain Finance	486	296	—
Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	(940)
Amortization of purchase discount <sup>(1)</sup>	(3,096)	(2,511)	(1,721)
Amortization of deferred financing costs(1)	3,457	2,955	1,713
Amortization of premium on Convertible Notes(1) Non-cash investment income(1)	(28) (7,644)	(5,978)	(3,479)
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:	(7,044)	(3,970)	(3,479)
Cash and cash equivalents from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.(3)	_	_	957
Purchase of investments and delayed draw facilities <sup>(1)</sup>	(557,897)	(609,667)	(529,540)
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments <sup>(1)</sup>	547,078	483,936	261,747
Cash received for purchase of undrawn portion of revolving credit or delayed draw facilities <sup>(1)</sup> Cash paid for purchase of drawn portion of revolving credit facilities <sup>(1)</sup>	(249)	(2 227)	(2.548)
Cash paid for drawn revolvers <sup>(1)</sup>	(348) (11,651)	(3,227) (4,376)	(2,548)
Cash repayments on drawn revolvers <sup>(1)</sup>	10,202	6,052	380
Cash paid for securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell <sup>(1)</sup>			(30,000)
Interest and dividend receivable <sup>(1)</sup>	(4,001)	(2,088)	(207)
Receivable from affiliates <sup>(1)</sup> Receivable from unsettled securities sold <sup>(1)</sup>	14	130	(106)
Other assets <sup>(1)</sup>	(990) (1,080)	8,912 (156)	(8,912) 196
Purchase of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. <sup>(2)</sup>	(1,000)	(150)	(58,644)
Distributions from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.(2)	_	_	15,247
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities <sup>(1)</sup> :			
Incentive fee payable	123 386	819	(1,522)
Management fee payable Payable for unsettled securities purchased	(2,701)	322 (21,019)	(911) 17,054
Interest payable	829	991	1,259
Deferred tax liability	(642)	1,183	493
Payable to affiliates	(428)	(258)	589 (8,573)
Capital gains incentive fee payable Other liabilities	(2)	(836)	(0,573)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	60,508	(63,347)	(289,571)
Cash flows from financing activities	70.000	70.445	
Net proceeds from shares sold Distributions paid	79,063 (85,811)	79,415 (77,347)	141,157 (72,783)
Offering costs paid <sup>(1)</sup>	(261)	(325)	(478)
	177,600	400,355	384,721
Proceeds from Holdings Credit Facility(1)	(000, 100)	(110.150)	(0.1.1.10.0)
Repayment of Holdings Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup> Proceeds from Convertible Notes <sup>(1)</sup>	(263,400) 40,552	(449,150)	(314,400) 115,000
Proceeds from SBA-guaranteed debentures <sup>(1)</sup>	4,000	80,245	37,500
Proceeds from Unsecured Notes	90,000		_
Proceeds from NMFC Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup>	166,500	148,800	72,000
Repayment of NMFC Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup> Proceeds from SLF Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup>	(246,500)	(108,800)	(22,000)
Repayment of SLF Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup>			21,255 (37,700)
Deferred financing costs paid <sup>(1)</sup>	(3,477)	(3,189)	(11,256)
Repurchase of shares under repurchase program	(2,948)		
Net cash flows (provided by) used in financing activities	(44,682)	70,004	313,016
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	15,826 30,102	6,657 23,445	23,445
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 45,928	\$ 30,102	\$ 23,445
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information			
Cash interest paid Income taxes paid	\$ 23,768 85	\$ 18,683 217	\$ 9,924 437
Non-cash operating activities:	00	217	437
Non-cash activity on investments	\$ 7,186	\$ 60,652	\$ —
Non-cash financing activities:	¢ 0.050	¢	¢
Value of shares reissued from repurchase program in connection with dividend reinvestment plan Value of shares issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	\$ 2,953	\$	\$ — 4,829
Accrual for offering costs <sup>(1)</sup>	598	638	4,029
Accrual for deferred financing costs <sup>(1)</sup>	99	81	375
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	(250)
SLF Credit Facility merger with the Holdings Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	198,555
New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation exchange of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. units for shares	_	_	38,840

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2014, the amounts reported relate to the period from May 8, 2014 to December 31, 2014.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2014, the amounts reported relate to the period from January 1, 2014 to May 7, 2014.

(3) Represents the cash and cash equivalent balance of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.'s at the date of restructuring. See Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose.



# **Consolidated Schedule of Investments**

### December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments Funded Debt Investments — Australia							
Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd**							
Media	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.00% (L + 7.00%/M)	9/23/2019	\$ 6,012	\$ 5,992	\$ 6,005	0.64%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Australia		(L + 7.00 /0/WI)	9/23/2019	\$ 6,012	\$ 5,992 \$ 5,992	\$ 6,005	0.64%
Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg							
Pinnacle Holdco S.à.r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**							
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50%	7/00/0000			<b>•</b> • • • • • •	
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.50%	7/30/2020	\$ 24,630	\$ 24,362	\$ 18,103	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	8,204	8,332	6,030	
				32,834	32,694	24,133	2.57%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg				\$ 32,834	\$ 32,694	\$ 24,133	2.57%
Funded Debt Investments — Netherlands				<u>φ 32,034</u>	<u> 4 52,034</u>	<u> </u>	2.51 /0
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-							
Borrower, LLC)** Software	Second lien(3)	10.13%					
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	(L + 9.13%/Q)	2/17/2023	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,371</u>	<u>\$ 9,799</u>	1.04%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Netherlands				\$ 10,000	\$ 9,371	\$ 9,799	1.04%
Funded Debt Investments — United				<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<del>\$ 9,371</del>	<u>φ 3,133</u>	1.04 /0
Kingdom							
Air Newco LLC** Software	Second lien(3)	10.50%					
		(L + 9.50%/Q)	1/31/2023	\$ 32,500	<u>\$ 31,814</u>	<u>\$ 29,514</u>	<u> </u>
Total Funded Debt Investments — United Kingdom				\$ 32,500	\$ 31,814	\$ 29,514	3.14%
Funded Debt Investments — United States				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.14/0
TIBCO Software Inc. Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.50%					
Soliware	FIISLIIEI(2)	(L + 5.50%/M)	12/4/2020	\$ 29,475	\$ 28,444	\$ 29,634	
	Subordinated(3)	11.38%/S	12/1/2021	15,000	14,659	15,038	
				44,475	43,103	44,672	4.76%
Navex Global, Inc. Software	First lien(4)	5.99%					
Soliware	FIISCHER	(L + 4.75%/Q)	11/19/2021	4,563	4,530	4,540	
	First lien(2)	5.99%	44/40/2024	0.500	0.500	0.570	
	Second lien(4)	(L + 4.75%/Q) 10.31%	11/19/2021	2,583	2,563	2,570	
		(L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	18,187	17,984	17,823	
	Second lien(3)	10.31% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	19,813	19,282	19,417	
		(		45,146	44,359	44,350	4.73%
Hill International, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.75% (L + 6.75%/Q)	9/28/2020	41.544	41,150	41,543	4.43%
AssuredPartners, Inc.			0/20/2020	,	11,100	11,010	
Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	10/20/2023	20,200	19,480	20,394	
	Second lien(2)	10.00%					
		(L + 9.00%/M)	10/20/2023	20,000	19,282	20,192	
Tanawa Basawaa Haldinga LL (213)				40,200	38,762	40,586	4.32%
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(13)</sup> Tenawa Resource Management LLC							
Energy	First lien(3)	10.50%					
Kronos Incorporated		(Base + 8.00%/Q)	5/12/2019	40,000	39,903	39,825	4.24%
Software	Second lien(2)	9.25%	44/4/000	00.000	05.450	07.456	0.000/
PetVet Care Centers LLC		(L + 8.25%/Q)	11/1/2024	36,000	35,458	37,159	3.96%
Consumer Services	Second lien(3)	10.25%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.50%	6/17/2021	24,000	23,820	24,240	
		(L + 9.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	6,500	6,444	6,565	
	Second lien(3)	9.50%					
		(L + 8.50%/Q)	6/17/2021	6,000	5,910	5,910	2 040/
				36,500	36,174	36,715	3.91%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Ascend Learning, LLC Education	Second lien(3)	9.50%					
	Second lien(s)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	11/30/2020	\$ 35,227	\$ 34,895	\$ 34,963	3.73%
Weston Solutions, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50% (L + 9.50%/M)	12/31/2020	34,821	34,821	34,821	3.71%
Redbox Automated Retail, LLC		, ,			- ,-		
Consumer Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.50% (L + 7.50%/Q)	9/27/2021	33,469	32,987	32,601	3.47%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.00% (L + 7.00%/Q)	9/24/2021	29,625	29,320	29,625	
	First lien(3)(11) —	8.00%					
	Drawn	(L + 7.00%/Q)	9/24/2021	2,250	2,222	2,250	
VetCor Professional Practices LLC				31,875	31,542	31,875	3.40%
Consumer Services	First lien(4)	7.25%	4/00/0004	40.000	10.150	40.000	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 6.25%/Q) 7.25%	4/20/2021	19,306	19,159	19,306	
		(L + 6.25%/Q)	4/20/2021	7,793	7,652	7,793	
	First lien <sup>(4)</sup>	7.25% (L + 6.25%/Q)	4/20/2021	2,677	2,655	2,677	
	First lien(4)(11) —	7.25%					
	Drawn	(L + 6.25%/Q)	4/20/2021	373	365	373	0.0404
Integro Parent Inc.				30,149	29,831	30,149	3.21%
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.75%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 5.75%/Q) 10.25%	10/31/2022	19,806	19,463	19,607	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	10/30/2023	10,000	9,910	9,750	
				29,806	29,373	29,357	3.13%
ProQuest LLC Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00%					
CRGT Inc.		(L + 9.00%/M)	12/15/2022	28,700	28,188	28,700	3.06%
Federal Services Evo Payments International, LLC	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/M)	12/19/2020	27,409	27,252	27,478	2.93%
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/M)	12/22/2023	2,500	2,487	2,515	
	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/23/2024	25,000	24,813	24,813	
		(L + 9.00 /0/101)	12/23/2024	27,500	27,300	27,328	2.91%
Severin Acquisition, LLC							2.5170
Software	Second lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	15,000	14,873	15,000	
	Second lien(4)	9.75%			14,075		
	Second lien(4)	(L + 8.75%/Q) 10.25%	7/29/2022	4,154	4,118	4,154	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	3,273	3,243	3,305	
	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/Q)	7/29/2022	2,361	2,338	2,384	
	Second lien(3)	10.25%			,	,	
	Second lien(4)	(L + 9.25%/Q) 10.25%	7/29/2022	1,825	1,807	1,843	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	300	297	303	
				26,913	26,676	26,989	2.88%
Marketo, Inc. Software	First lien(3)	10.50%					
	i not norm y	(L + 9.50%/Q)	8/16/2021	26,820	26,442	26,418	2.81%
Ansira Holdings, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	12/20/2022	26,182	26,051	26,051	2.78%
Pelican Products, Inc.		,		_0,.02	_3,001	_3,001	1
Business Products	Second lien(3)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	15,500	15,506	15,170	
	Second lien(2)	9.25%		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		, i i i	
		(L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	10,000	10,107	9,788	0.0001
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.				25,500	25,613	24,958	2.66%
Software	First lien(2)	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	10/21/2021	24,750	24,134	24,719	2.63%
nThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.) Healthcare Services	Second lien(2)	10.75%					
		(L + 9.75%/M)	4/20/2023	25,000	24,593	24,711	2.63%
AAC Holding Corp. Education	First lien(2)	8.25%					
	i iist iistiit"/	(L + 7.25%/M)	9/30/2020	23,918	23,637	23,918	2.55%

Ryan, LLC

Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.75% (L + 5.75%/M)	8/7/2020	23.927	23.656	23.785	2.53%
EN Engineering, LLC		( ,		- , -	-,		
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	21,107	20,940	21,107	
	First lien(2)	7.78%					
		(Base + 5.55%/Q)	6/30/2021	2,189	2,170	2,189	
				23,296	23,110	23,296	2.48%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15)							
Diamondback Drugs of Delaware, L.L.C. (TWDiamondback II Holdings LLC)							
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.75%		•		• •• •• •	
	First lien(3)	(L + 8.75%/Q) 9.75%	11/19/2019	\$ 19,895	\$ 19,895	\$ 19,895	
		(L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	2,158	2,158	2,158	
	First lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	605	605	605	
		(2 0.1070, 4)	11/10/2010	22,658	22,658	22,658	2.41%
Vision Solutions, Inc.							
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (Base + 6.50%/Q)	6/16/2022	22,359	22,153	22,317	2.38%
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc.		· /	0/10/2022	22,000	22,100	22,011	2.0070
Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.75% (L + 6.50%/Q)	11/13/2017	22,411	22,312	22,299	2.38%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp.(20)		(2 * 0.00 /0/ Q)	11/10/2011	<i>LL</i> , 111	22,012	22,200	2.0070
National HME, Inc. Healthcare Services	Second lien(4)	10.25%					
riealuicale Services	Second lien(4)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	21,500	21,268	21,500	
	Second lien(3)	10.25% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	500	494	500	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	1/14/2022	22,000	21,762	22,000	2.34%
IT'SUGAR LLC				22,000	21,702	22,000	2.34 /0
Retail	First lien(4)	10.50% (L + 9.50%/Q)	10/23/2019	20,790	20,189	20,467	2.18%
First American Payment Systems, L.P. Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.75%	4/10/2010	40.040	40,400	40.040	1.00%
DCA Investment Holding, LLC		(L + 9.50%/M)	4/12/2019	18,643	18,483	18,643	1.99%
Healthcare Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.25% (L + 5.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	17,632	17,493	17,632	
	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Drawn	8.00% (P + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	752	744	752	
	Diami	(1 + +.2070/04)	112/2021	18,384	18,237	18,384	1.96%
AgKnowledge Holdings Company, Inc.				10,001	10,201	10,001	1.0070
Business Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	7/23/2020	18,500	18,379	18,046	1.92%
Project Alpha Intermediate Holding, Inc. Software	First lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	8/22/2022	17,955	17,784	17,775	1.89%
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.) Software	First lien(4)	8.25%			·		
Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton		(L + 7.25%/Q)	8/4/2022	17,775	17,626	17,775	1.89%
Finance, Inc.							
Energy	First lien <sup>(2)</sup> First lien <sup>(3)</sup>	12.25%/S <sup>(8)</sup>	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	16,012	
	Thorner.	12.25%/S <sup>(8)</sup>	12/15/2018	2,660	2,231	1,704	
Greenway Health, LLC (fka Vitera Healthcare				27,660	27,231	17,716	1.89%
Solutions, LLC) Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	11/4/2020	1,891	1,880	1,865	
	Second lien(2)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	11/4/2021	14,000	13,448	13,650	
		, , , , , ,		15,891	15,328	15,515	1.65%
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup> YP LLC / Print Media LLC							
Media	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	12.25% (L + 11.00%/M)	6/1/2010	15 067	15 107	1E 101	1.62%
Netsmart Inc. / Netsmart Technologies, Inc. Healthcare Information Technology	Second lien(2)	(L + 11.00%/M) 10.50%	6/4/2018	15,267	15,197	15,191	1.02%
		(L + 9.50%/Q)	10/19/2023	15,000	14,648	14,944	1.59%
Cvent, Inc. Software	First lien(3)	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	11/29/2023	5,000	4,963	5,064	
	Second lien(3)	11.00%					
		(L + 10.00%/Q)	5/29/2024	10,000	9,851	9,850	4 5001
				15,000	14,814	14,914	1.59%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup> Amerijet Holdings, Inc.	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.00%					
	First lien(4)	(L + 8.00%/M) 9.00%	7/15/2021	\$ 12,536	\$ 12,449	\$ 12,442	
	First lietk <sup>1</sup>	(L + 8.00%/M)	7/15/2021	2,089	2,075	2,074	
				14,625	14,524	14,516	1.55%
SW Holdings, LLC Business Services	Second lien(4)	9.75%	40/00/0004	44.005	44.447	44.005	4 50%
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC		(L + 8.75%/Q)	12/30/2021	14,265	14,147	14,265	1.52%
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	8/15/2023	13,000	12,829	13,000	1.39%
Zywave, Inc.	Second lien(4)	10.00%					
Software	Second lien(4)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/Q)	11/17/2023	11,000	10,918	10,918	1.16%
Aricent Technologies Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
Busiliess Services	Second lien(2)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	4/14/2022	12,500	12,316	10,719	1.14%
QC McKissock Investment, LLC <sup>(14)</sup> McKissock, LLC							
Education	First lien(2)	7.50%					
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	(L + 6.50%/Q) 7.50%	8/5/2019	6,463	6,421	6,463	
	First lien(2)	(L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	3,081	3,064	3,081	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	994	988	994	
		(E · 0.00 /0/Q)	0/0/2013	10,538	10,473	10,538	1.12%
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.							
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	10/31/2022	10,000	9,854	10,152	1.08%
Masergy Holdings, Inc. Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
DowerDion Heldings, Inc.		(L + 8.50%/Q)	12/16/2024	10,000	9,938	10,000	1.07%
PowerPlan Holdings, Inc. Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00%					
FR Arsenal Holdings II Corp.		(L + 9.00%/M)	2/23/2023	10,000	9,916	10,000	1.07%
Business Services	First lien(2)	8.25% (L + 7.25%/Q)	9/8/2022	9,975	9,879	9,875	1.05%
American Tire Distributors, Inc.		· ,			·		
Distribution & Logistics Harley Marine Services, Inc.	Subordinated(3)	10.25%/S	3/1/2022	9,700	9,523	9,353	1.00%
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(2)	10.50%	40/00/0040	0.000	0.007	0.040	0.00%
Ministry Brands, LLC		(L + 9.25%/Q)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,897	8,640	0.92%
Software	First lien(3)	6.00%					
	(11) — Drawn Second lien(3)	(L + 5.00%/Q) 10.25%	12/2/2022	350	348	348	
		(L + 9.25%/Q)	6/2/2023	7,840	7,782	7,781	
				8,190	8,130	8,129	0.87%
Lonestar Intermediate Super Holdings, LLC Business Services	Subordinated(3)	10.00%					
J.D. Power and Associates		(L + 9.00%/M)	8/31/2021	7,000	6,934	7,210	0.77%
Business Services	Second lien(3)	9.50%					
Confie Seguros Holding II Co.		(L + 8.50%/Q)	9/7/2024	7,000	6,898	7,035	0.75%
Consumer Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.25%					
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense		(L + 9.00%/M)	5/8/2019	6,957	6,952	6,919	0.74%
Technology & Systems, Inc.)	<b>E</b> : (1) (0)	0.000/					
Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.00% (L + 7.50%/Q)	4/21/2017	6,396	6,389	6,300	0.67%
Solera LLC / Solera Finance, Inc.	On the and in a family	· ,					
Software VF Holding Corp.	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.50%/S	3/1/2024	5,000	4,768	5,650	0.60%
Software	Second lien(3)	10.00%	6/20/2024	5,000	4.050	4 050	0 5 2 9/
ADG, LLC		(L + 9.00%/Q)	6/28/2024	5,000	4,952	4,950	0.53%
Healthcare Services	Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>	10.00% (L + 9.00%/Q)	3/28/2024	5,000	4,926	4,925	0.53%
Vencore, Inc. (fka The SI Organization Inc.) Federal Services	Second lien(3)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	5/23/2020	4,000	3,928	4,039	0.43%
Transtar Holding Company		· /	0,20,2020	4,000	5,520	+,000	0.4070
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(3)	13.50% (P + 9.75%/Q) <sup>(8)</sup>	10/9/2019	36,112	3,155	2,167	

Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	13.50% (P + 9.75%/Q) <sup>(8)</sup>					
		10/9/2019	28,300	28,011	1,698	
			64,412	31,166	3,865	0.41%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
York Risk Services Holding Corp.							
Business Services	Subordinated(3)	8.50%/S	10/1/2022	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,520	0.27%
Ensemble S Merger Sub, Inc.							
Software	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	9.00%/S	9/30/2023	2,000	1,939	2,135	0.23%
Education Management Corporation <sup>(19)</sup>							
Education Management II LLC Education	First lien(2)	5.50%	7/0/0000	050			
	First lien(3)	(L + 4.50%/Q) 5.50%	7/2/2020	250	239	61	
	First lien(2)	(L + 4.50%/Q) 8.50%	7/2/2020	141	136	35	
		(L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	467	416	22	
	First lien(3)	8.50%	112/2020	101	110		
		(L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	263	235	12	
		0.007011100	112/2020	1,121	1,026	130	0.01%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United					1,020		
States Total Funded Debt Investments				<u>\$1,339,099</u> \$1,420,445	\$1,290,033 \$1,369,904	<u>\$1,261,394</u> \$1,330,845	<u>134.41</u> % 141.80%
Equity — United States				<u>+ ., ,</u>	<u>+ , </u>	<u>+ - 10 - 0 10 - 0</u>	
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(13)</sup>							
QID NGL LLC	<b>e</b> "						
Energy	Ordinary shares <sup>(7)</sup>	_	_	5,290,997	\$ 5,291	\$ 6,434	0.69%
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(15)							
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	200	2,000	2,664	0.28%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp. <sup>(20)</sup>							
Healthcare Services	Preferred						
	shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	100	1,000	1,497	
	Preferred shares <sup>(4)</sup>			16	158	236	
	Preferred	—	_	10	100	230	
	shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	6	68	91	
					1,226	1,824	0.19%
Ancora Acquisition LLC					.,		011070
Education	Preferred						
	shares <sup>(6)</sup>	_	_	372	83	393	0.04%
Education Management Corporation <sup>(19)</sup>							
Education	Preferred			0.004			
	shares <sup>(2)</sup> Preferred			3,331	200	1	
	shares(3)	_	_	1,879	113	1	
	Ordinary			1,010			
	shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	2,994,065	100	18	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>			1 699 076	FG	10	
	Slidles(0)	_	_	1,688,976	56	10	
					469	30	%
Total Shares — United States					<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 11,345</u>	<u>1.20</u> %
Warrants — United States YP Holdings LLC / Print Media							
Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>							
YP Equity Investors LLC							
Media	Warrants <sup>(5)</sup>	_	5/8/2022	5	\$ —	\$ 2,966	0.32%
IT'SUGAR LLC	Morront-(2)		40/00/0007	0 1 070	0.1-	<b>F</b> 4 <b>C</b>	0.000/
Retail ASP LCG Holdings, Inc.	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	10/23/2025	94,672	817	549	0.06%
Education	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5/5/2026	622	37	949	0.10%
Ancora Acquisition LLC			5/5/2020	022	51	545	0.1070
Education	Warrants <sup>(6)</sup>	_	8/12/2020	20			%
Total Warrants — United States					\$ 854	\$ 4,464	0.48%
Total Funded Investments					\$1,379,827	\$1,346,654	<u>143.48</u> %

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

	Type of		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)	Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Date		Cost	Value	
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States							
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	<b>F</b> : (1) (2)						
Consumer Services	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn	_	12/14/2017	\$ 1,667	\$ (13)	\$ 8	—%
DCA Investment Holding, LLC	First lise (2)						
Healthcare Services	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn	_	7/2/2021	1,348	(13)	_	—%
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.)	<b>F</b> irst <b>I</b> 's (0)						
Software	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn		8/4/2021	1.000	(10)		—%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc.	() — Ondrawn	—	0/4/2021	1,000	(10)	_	70
Business Services	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	_	9/24/2021	1,500	(19)	_	—%
VetCor Professional Practices LLC					. ,		
Consumer Services	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	—	4/20/2021	2,700	(27)	_	
	First lien <sup>(4)</sup> (11) — Undrawn		0/00/0040	407	(0)		
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	—	3/30/2018	127	(3)	_	
	(11) — Undrawn	_	6/22/2018	1,644	(33)	_	
			0/22/2010				0/
Weston Solutions, Inc.				4,471	(63)		%
Business Services	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/31/2020	10,000	_	_	%
Zywave, Inc.			12/01/2020	10,000			70
Software	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	—	11/17/2022	2,000	(15)	(15)	%
Ansira Holdings, Inc.	First lise (2)						
Business Services	First lien(3)		10/00/0010	0.040	(10)	(10)	
Marketo, Inc.	(11) — Undrawn	_	12/20/2018	3,818	(19)	(19)	%
Software	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	_	8/16/2021	1.788	(27)	(27)	—%
Ministry Brands, LLC				.,	(=- )	(=- )	
Software	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn	-	12/2/2022	650	(3)	(3)	
	First lien(3)						
	(11) — Undrawn Second lien(3)	—	12/2/2017	5,169	(26)	(26)	
	(11) — Undrawn		12/2/2017	2,160	(16)	(16)	
	() — Ondrawn	_	12/2/2017			(16)	(0.0.1)0(
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United				7,979	(45)	(45)	(0.01)%
States				\$ 35,571	(224)	\$ (98)	(0.01)%
Total Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments					\$1,379,603	\$1.346.556	143.47%
Non-Controlled/Affiliated Investments <sup>(21)</sup>					<u>. , ,</u>	<u> </u>	
Funded Debt Investments — United States Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>							
Education	Subordinated(3)	8.50% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	\$ 4,124	\$ 4,118	\$ 4,124	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	15,163	15,163	12.814	
	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	3,730	3,730	3,152	
		10.00 /01 11/02	01312020				0.4.40/
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. <sup>(10)</sup>				23,017	23,011	20,090	2.14%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc.							
Energy	Subordinated(3)	14 00% PIK/Q*	10/15/2021	1,749	1,749	1,749	0.19%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United				.,. 10	.,. 10	.,. 10	/0
States				<u>\$ 24,766</u>	<u>\$ 24,760</u>	<u>\$ 21,839</u>	<u>2.33</u> %

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1) Investe Equity — United States NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC** Investment Fund Members interest(3)	ship )	est Rate <sup>(9)</sup>	Date	or Shares	Cost	Value	
NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC** Investment Fund Members interest	)						
Investment Fund Members interest(3	)						
			_	_	\$ 23.000	\$ 23,000	2.45%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. <sup>(10)</sup>	ł				ψ 23,000	φ 23,000	2.4570
Energy Preferred shares <sup>(3)</sup>		_	_	1,394,237	5,866	7,668	
Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>		_	_	1,366,452	1,350	1,776	
				1,000,102	7,216	9,444	1.00%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>					1,210		1.0070
Education Ordinary shares(3)		_	_	123,968	11	1,693	
Ordinary							
shares <sup>(2)</sup>		_		107,143	9	1,464	0.040/
Total Shares — United States					20 \$ 30,236	3,157 \$ 35,601	0.34% 3.79%
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.1070
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(16)</sup>							
Edmentum, Inc. (fka Plato, Inc.) (Archipelago Learning, Inc.)	· (0)						
Education Second (11) — Ur		_	6/9/2020	\$ 4.881	\$ —	\$	—%
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. <sup>(10)</sup> Permian Holdco 2, Inc.							
Energy Subordin							
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United	Idrawn	—	10/15/2021	1,025			%
States				<u>\$ 5,906</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u> </u>
Total Non-Controlled/Affiliated Investments					<u>\$ 54,996</u>	<u>\$ 57,440</u>	<u> </u>
Controlled Investments <sup>(22)</sup> Funded Debt Investments — United States							
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services First lien		% 7.50%/Q)	1/13/2019	\$ 10,846	\$ 10,846	\$ 11,063	
First lien	(L +	7.50% +	4/40/0040	1 70 1	4 704	4.070	
Subordir	at a d(2)	% PIK/Q)*	1/13/2019	4,784	4,784		
Subordir	10.00	0% PIK/Q* 0% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019 7/13/2019	1,726	1,726	1,760	
	15.00		1/13/2019	<u>1,032</u> 18,388	<u>1,032</u> 18,388	<u>1,054</u> 18,756	2.00%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United States				\$ 18,388	\$ 18,388		2.00%
Equity — United States				<u>, 10,000</u>	<u>+ .0,000</u>	<u>+ .0,100</u>	
NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC**	- 1- 1						
Investment Fund Members interest <sup>(3</sup>		_	_	_	\$ 71,460	\$ 71,460	7.61%
UniTek Global Services, Inc.						. ,	
Business Services Preferred shares <sup>(2)</sup>	(18)	_	_	19,048,426	16,668	17,207	
Preferred shares <sup>(3)</sup>		_	_	5,264,079	4,606	4,755	
Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>		_	_	2,096,477	1,925	12,256	
Ordinary shares <sup>(3)</sup>			_	579,366	532	3,387	
				070,000	23,731	37,605	4.01%
New Mountain Net Lease Corporation							
Net Lease Ordinary shares		_	_	270,000	27,000	27,000	<u>2.88</u> %
Total Shares — United States Total Funded Investments					<u>\$ 122,191</u> \$ 140,579	<u>\$ 136,065</u> \$ 154,821	<u>14.50</u> % 16.50%

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except shares)

	Type of Investment		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Portfolio Company, Location and Industry(1)		Interest Rate(9)	Date		Cost	Value	
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States							
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(3)</sup> (11) — Undrawn	_	1/13/2019	\$ 2,048	\$ —	\$ —	
	First lien(3) (11)		4/40/0040	750			
	Undrawn	_	1/13/2019	758			
				2,806	_	_	—%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments — United States				\$ 2,806	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	%
Total Controlled Investments					<u>\$ 140,579</u>	\$ 154,821	<u>16.50</u> %
Total Investments					<u>\$1,575,178</u>	<u>\$1,558,817</u>	<u>166.09</u> %

- (1) New Mountain Finance Corporation (the "Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.
- (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as Collateral Manager, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings") as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the NMFC Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as the Borrower and Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (4) Investment is held in New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Investment is held in NMF YP Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Investment is held in NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(7)</sup> Investment is held in NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc.
- (8) Investment or a portion of the investment is on non-accrual status. See Note 3. Investments, for details.
- (9) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base) and which resets monthly (M), quarterly (Q), semiannually (S) or annually (A). For each investment the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of December 31, 2016.
- (10) The Company holds preferred and common equity in Permian Holdco 1, Inc., as well as subordinated notes in Permian Holdco 2, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Permian Holdco 1, Inc.
- (11) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities or delayed draws. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers or delayed draws.
- (12) The Company holds investments in three related entities of YP Holdings LLC/Print Media Holdings LLC. The Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC and Print Media LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of YP Holdings LLC and Print Media Holdings LLC, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except shares)

- (13) The Company holds investments in two related entities of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC. The Company holds 4.77% of the common units in QID NGL LLC (which at closing represented 98.1% of the ownership in the common units in Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC) and holds a first lien investment in Tenawa Resource Management LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC.
- (14) The Company holds investments in QC McKissock Investment, LLC and one related entity of QC McKissock Investment, LLC. The Company holds a first lien term loan in QC McKissock Investment, LLC (which at closing represented 71.1% of the ownership in the Series A common units of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC) and holds a first lien term loan and a delayed draw term loan in McKissock, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC.
- (15) The Company holds investments in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and one related entity of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. The Company holds preferred equity in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and holds a first lien last out term loan and a delayed draw term loan in Diamondback Drugs of Delaware LLC, a whollyowned subsidiary of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.
- (16) The Company holds investments in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and its related entities. The Company holds subordinated notes and ordinary equity in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and holds a second lien revolver in Edmentum, Inc. and Archipelago Learning, Inc., which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC.
- (17) The Company holds preferred equity in Permian Holdco 1, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 12.0% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (18) The Company holds preferred equity in UniTek Global Services, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 13.5% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (19) The Company holds investments in Education Management Corporation and one related entity of Education Management Corporation. The Company holds series A-1 convertible preferred stock and common stock in Education Management Corporation and holds a tranche A first lien term loan and a tranche B first lien term loan in Education Management II LLC, which is an indirect subsidiary of Education Management Corporation.
- (20) The Company holds an equity investment in TW-NHME Holdings Corp., as well as a second lien term loan investment in National HME, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TW-NHME Holdings Corp.
- (21) Denotes investments in which the Company is an "Affiliated Person", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 5.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the company. Fair value as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2016 along with transactions during the year ended December 31, 2016 in which the issuer was a non-controlled/affiliated investment is as follows:

		Gross Additions <sup>(A)</sup> I	ا Gross Redemptions <sup>(B)</sup> (		Net Change In Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		Interest Income D		Other acome
Portfolio Company(1)	2015					2016	In	come	
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC/Edmentum Inc. NMEC Senior Loan	\$ 22,782	\$ 6,147	\$ (4,002)	\$ _	\$ (1,680	)\$ 23,247	\$ 2,254 \$	_\$	_
Program I LLC	21,914	_	_	_	1,086	23,000	_	3,728	1,163
Permian Holdco 1, Inc. / Permian Holdco 2, Inc.	_	8,965	_	_	2,228	11,193	41	156	5
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC	42,591	16	(42,288)	_	(319	)	2,243	_	25
Total Non- Controlled/Affiliated Investments	\$ 87,287	<u>\$ 15,128</u> \$	(46,290)	\$	\$ 1,315	\$ 57,440	<u>\$ 4,538 \$</u>	3,884 \$	1,193

(A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### **Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except shares)

- (B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.
- (22) Denotes investments in which the Company is in "Control", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment. Fair value as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2016 along with transactions during the year ended December 31, 2016 in which the issuer was a controlled investment is as follows:

	D	Fair Value at ecember 31,	Gross ditions <sup>(A)</sup>	Gross Redemption		Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Net Change Unrealiz Apprecia (Deprecia	zed ation	Fair Value at December 31,			Other Income
Portfolio Company(1)	)	2015							2016		Income	
New Mountain Net Lease Corporation	\$	_	\$ 27,000	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 27,000	\$ _	\$ 540	\$ —
NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC		_	71,460		_	_		_	71,460	_	3,533	_
UniTek Global Services, Inc.		47,422	3,464	(2,	5 <u>99</u> )	_		8,074	56,361	1,904	3,023	558
Total Controlled Investments	\$	47,422	\$ 101,924	\$ (2,	599)	\$ _	\$ 8	8,074	\$ 154,821	\$ 1,904	\$ 7,096	\$ 558

- (A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.
- (B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.
- \* All or a portion of interest contains PIK interest.
- \*\* Indicates assets that the Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. As of December 31, 2016, 9.9% of the Company's total assets were non-qualifying assets.

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

### December 31, 2016

Investment Type	December 31, 2016 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	44.94%
Second lien	38.76%
Subordinated	4.27%
Equity and other	12.03%
Total investments	100.00%

	December 31, 2016 Percent of Total
Industry Type	Investments at Fair Value
Business Services	29.64%
Software	27.00%
Consumer Services	6.82%
Investment Fund	6.06%
Education	6.04%
Energy	4.82%
Healthcare Services	4.61%
Distribution & Logistics	3.96%
Federal Services	3.86%
Net Lease	1.73%
Business Products	1.60%
Media	1.55%
Retail	1.35%
Healthcare Information Technology	0.96%
Total investments	100.00%

Interest Rate Type	December 31, 2016 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
Floating rates	93.16%
Fixed rates	6.84%
Total investments	100.00%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Schedule of Investments**

### December 31, 2015

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate(10)	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments							
Funded Debt Investments — Australia							
Project Sunshine IV Pty Ltd** Media	First lien(2)	8.00%					
Media	T IISt lietite/	(L + 7.00%/M)	9/23/2019	\$ 10,800	\$ 10,752	\$ 10,314	1.23%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Australia		(		\$ 10,800	\$ 10,752	\$ 10,314	1.23%
Funded Debt Investments — Luxembourg Pinnacle Holdco S.à.r.l. / Pinnacle (US) Acquisition Co Limited**							
Software	Second lien(2)	10.50%					
	Coccerd lier(2)	(L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	\$ 24,630	\$ 24,339	\$ 19,581	
	Second lien(3)	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/30/2020	8,204	8,324	6,522	
		(L · 0.20/0/Q)	1100/2020	32,834	32,663	26,103	3.12%
Total Funded Debt Investments —				52,054	32,003	20,103	<u> </u>
Luxembourg				\$ 32,834	\$ 32,663	<u>\$ 26,103</u>	<u>3.12</u> %
Funded Debt Investments — Netherlands Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co- Borrower, LLC)**							
Software	Second lien(3)	10.13%					
Total Free deal Database durante		(L + 9.13%/Q)	2/17/2023	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,303</u>	<u>\$ 9,049</u>	1.08%
Total Funded Debt Investments — Netherlands				\$ 10,000	\$ 9,303	\$ 9,049	1.08%
Funded Debt Investments — United Kingdom				<u>+,</u>	<u>+ 0,000</u>	<u>+ 0,010</u>	
Air Newco LLC**							
Software	Second lien(3)	10.50% (L + 9.50%/Q)	1/31/2023	\$ 32,500	\$ 31,736	\$ 31,363	3.75%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United Kingdom		(2 0.00 / 0.00)	10 112020	<u>\$ 32,500</u>	<u>\$ 31,736</u>	<u>\$ 31,363</u>	3.75%
Funded Debt Investments — United States							
Deltek, Inc. Software	Second lien(3)	9.50%					
Contware		(L + 8.50%/Q)	6/26/2023	\$ 21,000	\$ 20,972	\$ 20,948	
	Second lien(2)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	6/26/2023	20,000	19,619	19,950	
		(L · 0.00 /0/Q)	0/20/2020	41,000	40,591	40,898	4.89%
TIBCO Software Inc.				41,000	40,391	40,090	4.09%
Software	First lien(2)	6.50%					
		(L + 5.50%/M)	12/4/2020	29,775	28,508	27,021	
	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	11.38%/S	12/1/2021	15,000	14,611	12,600	
				44,775	43,119	39,621	4.73%
AssuredPartners, Inc.							
Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/Q)	10/20/2023	20.000	19.212	19,600	
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.00%/Q) 10.00%	10/20/2023	20,000	13,212	19,000	
		(L + 9.00%/Q)	10/20/2023	20,000	19,212	19,600	
				40,000	38,424	39,200	4.68%
Kronos Incorporated							
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup> Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>	9.75% (L + 8.50%/Q) 9.75%	4/30/2020	32,641	32,443	32,546	
		(L + 8.50%/Q)	4/30/2020	5,000	4,961	4,985	
				37,641	37,404	37,531	4.48%
Hill International, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.75%	0/20/2020	27.050	26 752	26 770	4 200/
ProQuest LLC		(L + 6.75%/Q)	9/28/2020	37,056	36,752	36,779	4.39%
Business Services	Second lien(3)	10.00% (L + 9.00%/M)	12/15/2022	35,000	34,302	34,300	4.10%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2015

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and ndustry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(10)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Navex Global, Inc.							
Software	First lien <sup>(4)</sup>	5.75% (L + 4.75%/Q)	11/19/2021	\$ 4,610	\$ 4,570	\$ 4,471	
	First lien(2)	5.75%					
	Second lien(4)	(L + 4.75%/Q) 9.75%	11/19/2021	2,610	2,587	2,531	
		(L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	17,879	17,683	17,343	
	Second lien(3)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/18/2022	10,121	10,001	9,817	
		(E · 0.10/0/Q)	11/10/2022	35,220	34,841	34,162	4.08%
Ascend Learning, LLC				00,220			1.0070
Education	Second lien(3)	9.50% (L + 8.50%/Q)	11/30/2020	34,727	34.352	33,077	3.95%
CRGT Inc.		(L + 0.50 %/Q)	11/30/2020	54,727	54,552	55,077	3.9570
Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50%	40/40/0000	00.004	00.000	00.000	0.000/
Physio-Control International, Inc.		(L + 6.50%/Q)	12/19/2020	33,261	33,030	32,928	3.93%
Healthcare Products	Second lien(2)	10.00%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 9.00%/Q) 10.00%	6/5/2023	30,000	29,426	27,451	
		(L + 9.00%/Q)	6/5/2023	4,000	3,703	3,660	
				34,000	33,129	31,111	3.72%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc.	First lien(2)	8.00%					
Business Services	riist lien(2)	8.00% (L + 7.00%/Q)	9/24/2021	29,925	29,564	29,505	
	First lien(3)(11) —	8.00%					
	Drawn	(L + 7.00%/Q)	9/24/2021	1,500	1,481	1,479	
Rocket Software, Inc.				31,425	31,045	30,984	3.70%
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.25% (L + 8.75%/Q)	2/8/2019	30,875	30,781	30,759	3.68%
TASC, Inc. Federal Services	First lien(2)	7.00%					
	T list liefk-	(L + 6.00%/Q)	5/22/2020	28,314	28,001	28,396	
	Second lien(3)	12.00%/Q	5/21/2021	2,000	1,964	2,062	
				30,314	29,965	30,458	3.64%
Pittsburgh Glass Works, LLC <sup>(24)</sup> Manufacturing	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.13% (L + 9.13%/M)	11/25/2021	30,000	29,852	29,850	3.57%
Integro Parent Inc.		. ,	11/20/2021	00,000	20,002	20,000	0.0770
Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.75%	10/31/2022	17 270	17,029	16,980	
	First lien(2)	(L + 5.75%/Q) 6.75%	10/31/2022	17,370	17,029	10,900	
	0	(L + 5.75%/M)	10/31/2022	2,630	2,578	2,570	
	Second lien(3)	10.25% (L + 9.25%/Q)	10/30/2023	10,000	9,901	9,625	
		(		30,000	29,508	29,175	3.49%
CompassLearning, Inc.(15)							557
Education Ryan, LLC	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.00% (L + 6.75%/Q)	11/26/2018	30,000	29,531	28,471	3.40%
Business Services	First lien(2)	6.75%					
McGraw-Hill Global Education		(L + 5.75%/M)	8/7/2020	27,300	26,918	26,583	3.18%
Holdings, LLC							
Education	First lien <sup>(2)(9)</sup>	9.75%/S	4/1/2021	24,500	24,378	26,093	3.12%
KeyPoint Government Solutions, Inc. Federal Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.75%					
		(L + 6.50%/M)	11/13/2017	25,876	25,636	25,747	3.08%
DigiCert Holdings, Inc. Software	First lien(2)	6.00%					
		(L + 5.00%/Q)	10/21/2021	25,000	24,268	24,375	2.91%
Pelican Products, Inc. Business Products	Second lien(3)	9.25%					
		(L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	15,500	15,519	14,764	
	Second lien(2)	9.25%	4/0/2024	10.000	10 115	0.504	
		(L + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	10,000	10,115	9,524	0.000/
				25,500	25,634	24,288	2.90%
Confie Seguros Holding II Co.							
Confie Seguros Holding II Co. Consumer Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.25%	_				
		(L + 9.00%/M)	5/8/2019	18,886	18,789	18,673	
	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup> Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>		5/8/2019 5/8/2019	18,886 <u>5,571</u>	18,789 <u>5,648</u>	18,673 <u>5,508</u>	



# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

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# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and ndustry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(10)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
AAC Holding Corp. Education	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.25% (L + 7.25%/M)	9/30/2020	\$ 25,000	\$ 24,640	\$ 24,110	2.88%
Transtar Holding Company Distribution & Logistics	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 8.75%/Q)	10/9/2019	28,300	27,974	23,630	2.82%
PetVet Care Centers LLC Consumer Services	Second lien(3)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	6/17/2021	24,000	23,789	23,149	2.77%
EN Engineering, L.L.C. Business Services	First lien(2)	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	21,321	21.121	20,554	
	First lien <sup>(2)(11)</sup> — Drawn	8.50% (P + 5.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	1,223	1,211	1,179	
Ariaant Taabpalagiaa				22,544	22,332	21,733	2.60%
Aricent Technologies Business Services	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
	Second lien(3)	(L + 8.50%/M) 9.50%	4/14/2022 4/14/2022	20,000	19,881	19,133	
		(L + 8.50%/M)	4/14/2022	2,550	2,558	2,440	0.50%
McGraw-Hill School Education Holdings, LLC				22,550	22,439	21,573	2.58%
Education VetCor Professional Practices LLC	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.25% (L + 5.00%/M)	12/18/2019	21,560	21,408	21,237	2.54%
Consumer Services	First lien(4)	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	19,502	19,324	19,254	
	First lien(4)(11) — Drawn	7.00% (L + 6.00%/Q)	4/20/2021	1,753	1,736	1,731	
	Diawii	(E · 0.0070/Q)	7/20/2021	21,255	21,060	20,985	2.51%
IT'SUGAR LLC					21,000	20,000	2.0170
Retail Weston Solutions, Inc.	First lien(4)	10.50% (L + 9.50%/Q)	10/23/2019	21,000	20,215	20,183	2.41%
Business Services TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(18)	Subordinated <sup>(4)</sup>	16.00%/Q	7/3/2019	20,000	20,000	19,430	2.32%
Diamondback Drugs of Delaware, L.L.C.							
(TWDiamondback II Holdings LLC) Distribution & Logistics	First lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	11/19/2019	19,895	19,895	19,117	2.28%
Severin Acquisition, LLC Software	Second lien(4)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	15,000	14,857	14,272	
	Second lien(4)	9.75%					
		(L + 8.75%/Q)	7/29/2022	<u>4,154</u> 19,154	<u>4,113</u> 18,970	<u>4,112</u> 18,384	2.20%
First American Payment Systems, L.P. Business Services	Second lien(2)	10.75% (L + 9.50%/M)	4/12/2019	18,643	18,423	18,362	2.20%
DCA Investment Holding, LLC Healthcare Services	First lien(2)	6.25% (L + 5.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	17,811	17,645	17,632	
	First lien(3)(11) — Drawn	7.75% (P + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	53	52	52	
YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>				17,864	17,697	17,684	2.11%
YP LLC / Print Media LLC							
Media iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.)	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.00% (L + 6.75%/M)	6/4/2018	18,320	18,182	17,679	2.11%
Software	First lien(4)	8.25% (L + 7.25%/Q)	8/4/2022	17,955	17,783	17,550	2.10%
AgKnowledge Holdings Company, Inc. Business Services	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	9.25% (L + 8.25%/M)	7/23/2020	18,500	18,352	17,066	2.04%
Vertafore, Inc.		. ,		. 5,000	. 5,002	,000	1.0.70
Software	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup> Second lien <sup>(3)</sup>	9.75% (L + 8.25%/M) 9.75%	10/27/2017	13,855	13,848	13,844	
		(L + 8.25%/M)	10/27/2017	2,000	2,016	1,999	
				15,855	15,864	15,843	1.89%



# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2015

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and ndustry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(10)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
GSDM Holdings Corp. Healthcare Services	Subordinated <sup>(4)</sup>	10.00%/M	6/23/2020	\$ 15,000	\$ 14,880	\$ 15,000	1.79%
MailSouth, Inc. (d/b/a Mspark)	Suborumated	10.00%/10	6/23/2020	φ 15,000	φ 14,00U	φ 15,000	1.79%
Media	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.75% (L + 5.00%/Q)	12/14/2016	14,998	14,736	14,586	1.74%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp.(23)							
National HME, Inc. Healthcare Services	Second lien(4)	10.25% (L + 9.25%/Q)	7/14/2022	14,000	13,833	13,825	1.65%
Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton		(2 0.20 % @)	111 112022	11,000	10,000	10,020	1.0070
Finance, Inc.							
Energy	First lien <sup>(2)</sup> First lien <sup>(3)</sup>	12.25%/S	12/15/2018	25,000	25,000	12,251	
	First lien(3)	12.25%/S	12/15/2018	2,660	2,064	1,302	
				27,660	27,064	13,553	1.62%
Vision Solutions, Inc. Software	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
Soliware	Second lien(2)	9.50% (L + 8.00%/M)	7/23/2017	14,000	13,978	12,740	1.52%
SW Holdings, LLC		0.750/					
Business Services Poseidon Intermediate, LLC	Second lien(4)	9.75% (L + 8.75%/Q)	12/30/2021	13,500	13,373	12,701	1.52%
Software	Second lien(2)	9.50%					
		(L + 8.50%/Q)	8/15/2023	13,000	12,811	12,427	1.49%
American Tire Distributors, Inc. Distribution & Logistics	Subordinated(3)	10.05%//0	2/4/2022	12.000	10 700	11.000	4 400/
PowerPlan Holdings, Inc.	Suborumated(3)	10.25%/S	3/1/2022	13,000	12,798	11,960	1.43%
Software	Second lien(2)	10.75%					
Dennier Tarls & Manufasturian Inc.		(L + 9.75%/M)	2/23/2023	10,000	9,907	9,573	1.14%
Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc. Energy	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50%/S	1/15/2018	24,357	24,493	9,377	1.12%
TTM Technologies, Inc.**		10.30 /0/3	1/13/2010	24,007	24,435	3,311	1.12/0
Business Products	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	5/31/2021	9,980	9,554	9,132	1.09%
Smile Brands Group Inc. Healthcare Services	First lien(2)	9.00%					
Healthcare Services	First lien(2)	9.00% (L + 6.25% + 1.50% PIK/Q)*	8/16/2019	12,204	12,091	8,878	1.06%
Harley Marine Services, Inc.		,					
Distribution & Logistics	Second lien <sup>(2)</sup>	10.50% (L + 9.25%/Q)	12/20/2019	9,000	8,868	8,865	1.06%
QC McKissock Investment, LLC <sup>(17)</sup> McKissock, LLC							
Education	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	4,875	4,838	4,707	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50%					
	First lise (2)(11)	(L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	3,148	3,124	3,039	
	First lien <sup>(2)(11)</sup> — Drawn	7.50% (L + 6.50%/Q)	8/5/2019	1,016	1,007	981	
	Bidini	(2 0.00 /0/ 0/	0,0,2010	9,039	8,969	8,727	1.04%
Greenway Health, LLC (fka Vitera Healthcare				0,000	0,000	0,121	1.0+70
Solutions, LLC)							
Software	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	6.00% (L + 5.00%/Q)	11/4/2020	1,960	1,946	1.877	
	Second lien(2)	(L + 5.00%/Q) 9.25%	11/4/2020	1,900	1,940	1,077	
		(L + 8.25%/Q)	11/4/2021	7,000	6,917	6,720	
				8,960	8,863	8,597	1.03%
Novitex Acquisition, LLC (fka ARSloane							
Acquisition, LLC) Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	7.50%					
		(L + 6.25%/Q)	7/7/2020	7,242	7,064	6,807	0.81%
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc. (Global Defense		,					
Technology & Systems, Inc.) Federal Services	First lien(2)	9.00%					
		(L + 7.50%/M)	4/21/2017	6,859	6,828	6,344	0.76%
Brock Holdings III, Inc.		· · · ·					
Industrial Services	Second lien(2)	10.00% (L + 8.25%/Q)	3/16/2018	7,000	6,953	5,443	0.65%
Packaging Coordinators, Inc.(13)		(L · 0.20/0/Q)	0/10/2010	7,000	0,900	5,445	0.00%
Healthcare Products	Second lien(3)	9.00% (L + 8.00%/Q)	8/1/2022	5,000	4,957	4,925	0.59%
Immucor, Inc.		· ,					
Healthcare Services	Subordinated <sup>(2)(9)</sup>	11.13%/S	8/15/2019	5,000	4,963	4,575	0.55%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

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# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(10)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
GCA Services Group, Inc. Business Services	Second lien(3)	9.25% (L + 8.00%/Q)	11/2/2020	\$ 4,000	\$ 3,973	\$ 3,950	0.47%
York Risk Services Holding Corp. Business Services	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	8.50%/S	10/1/2022	3,000	3,000	2,471	0.30%
Synarc-Biocore Holdings, LLC Healthcare Services	Second lien(3)	9.25% (L + 8.25%/Q)	3/10/2022	2,500	2,479	2,313	0.28%
Ensemble S Merger Sub, Inc. Software Education Management Corporation <sup>(22)</sup>	Subordinated <sup>(3)</sup>	9.00%/S	9/30/2023	2,000	1,933	1,940	0.23%
Education Management II LLC Education	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	5.50% (L + 4.50%/Q)	7/2/2020	250	238	69	
	First lien(3)	5.50% (L + 4.50%/Q)	7/2/2020	141	134	39	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	8.50% (L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	437	375	46	
	First lien(3)	8.50% (L + 1.00% + 6.50% PIK/Q)*	7/2/2020	247	212	26	
				1,075	959	180	0.02%
ATI Acquisition Company (fka Ability Acquisition, Inc.) <sup>(14)</sup>							
Education	First lien(2)	17.25% (P + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK/Q) <sup>(8)*</sup>	6/30/2012 — Past Due	1,665	1,434	_	
	First lien <sup>(2)</sup>	17.25% (P + 10.00% + 4.00% PIK/Q) <sup>(8)*</sup>	6/30/2012 — Past Due	103	94	_	
				1,768	1,528		%
Total Funded Debt Investments — United States				<u>\$1,314,464</u>	<u>\$1,297,775</u>	<u>\$1,237,175</u>	<u>147.83</u> %
Total Funded Debt Investments Equity — United Kingdom				<u>\$1,400,598</u>	<u>\$1,382,229</u>	<u>\$1,314,004</u>	<u>157.01</u> %
Packaging Coordinators, Inc. <sup>(13)</sup>							
PCI Pharma Holdings UK Limited**							
Healthcare Products	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	19,427	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 1,612</u>	<u>0.19</u> %
Total Shares — United Kingdom					\$ 578	\$ 1,612	0.19%
Equity — United States Crowley Holdings Preferred, LLC							
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares <sup>(3)(20)</sup>	12.00% (10.00% + 2.00% PIK/Q)*	_	52,058	\$ 51,518	\$ 51,911	6.20%
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.(18)	Desfamed						
Distribution & Logistics	Preferred shares <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	200	2,000	2,000	0.24%
TW-NHME Holdings Corp. <sup>(23)</sup> Healthcare Services	Preferred						
Ancora Acquisition LLC <sup>(14)</sup>	shares(4)	_	_	100	1,000	1,000	0.12%
Education	Preferred shares <sup>(6)</sup>	_	_	372	83	393	0.05%
Education Management Corporation <sup>(22)</sup> Education	Preferred shares <sup>(2)</sup>			0.004	000	40	
	Preferred	—	_	3,331	200	10	
	shares(3)	_	_	1,879	113	5	
	Ordinary			2 004 005	400	000	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup> Ordinary	_	_	2,994,065	100	202	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	2,994,065 1,688,976	56	114	0.04%
Total Shares — United States Total Shares	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup> Ordinary	_	_				0.04% 6.65% 6.84%

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

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# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and	Type of		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value or		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Investment	Interest Rate(10)	Date	Shares	Cost	Value	
Warrants — United States YP Holdings LLC / Print Media Holdings LLC <sup>(12)</sup>			-				
YP Equity Investors, LLC Media	Warrants <sup>(5)</sup>	_	5/8/2022	5	\$ —	\$ 5,304	0.63%
IT'SUGAR LLC Retail	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	10/23/2025	94,672	817	817	0.10%
ASP LCG Holdings, Inc. Education	Warrants <sup>(3)</sup>	_	5/5/2026	622	37	610	0.07%
Ancora Acquisition LLC <sup>(14)</sup> Education	Warrants <sup>(6)</sup>	_	8/12/2020	20			<u> </u>
Total Warrants — United States					\$ 854	\$ 6,731	0.80%
Total Funded Investments Unfunded Debt Investments — United States					<u>\$1,438,731</u>	\$1,377,982	<u>164.65</u> %
DCA Investment Holdings, LLC Healthcare Services	First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> —						
iPipeline, Inc. (Internet Pipeline, Inc.)	Undrawn	_	7/2/2021	\$ 2,047	\$ (20)	\$ (20)	%
Software	First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> — Undrawn	_	8/4/2021	1.000	(10)	(23)	—%
Valet Waste Holdings, Inc. Business Services	First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> —			.,	()	()	
VetCor Professional Practices LLC	Undrawn	_	9/24/2021	3,000	(38)	(42)	—%
Consumer Services	First lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> —						
	Undrawn First lien <sup>(4)(11)</sup> —	_	4/20/2021	2,700	(27)	(34)	
	Undrawn	_	4/20/2021	947	(9)		(0.04)0(
QC McKissock Investment, LLC <sup>(17)</sup>				3,647	(36)	(46)	(0.01)%
McKissock, LLC							
Education	First lien <sup>(2)(11)</sup> — Undrawn	_	12/31/2015	1,862	(19)	(64)	(0.01)%
MailSouth, Inc. (d/b/a Mspark) Media	First						
	lien <sup>(3)(11)</sup> — Undrawn		12/14/2016	1,900	(181)	(79)	(0.01)%
EN Engineering, L.L.C. Business Services	First lien <sup>(2)(11)</sup> —				(12)	()	
TWDiamondhook Holdingo Corr (19)	Undrawn	_	12/30/2016	2,348	(12)	(85)	(0.01)%
TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. <sup>(18)</sup> Diamondback Drugs of Delaware, L.L.C. (TWDiamondback II Holdings LLC)							
Distribution & Logistics	First lien <sup>(3)</sup>						
	Undrawn First lien <sup>(4)</sup>	_	2/16/2016	2,158	_	(84)	
	Undrawn	_	2/16/2016	605		(24)	
Total Unfunded Debt Investments				2,763 <b>\$ 18,567</b>	(316)	(108) \$ (467)	(0.01)% (0.05)%
Total Non-Controlled/Non-Affiliated Investments				<u>,</u>	\$1,438,415	\$1,377,515	164.60%
					<u>, ,</u>	<u>. ,,.</u>	/

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2015

# (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and Industry <sup>(1)</sup> Non-Controlled/Affiliated	Type of Investment	Interest Rate <sup>(10)</sup>	Maturity/ Expiration Date	Principal Amount, Par Value or Shares	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Net Assets
Investments <sup>(25)</sup>							
Funded Debt Investments — United							
States Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(16)</sup>							
Tenawa Resource Management LLC							
Energy	First lien(3)	10.50% (Base + 8.00%/Q)	5/12/2019	\$ 40.000	\$ 39,869	\$ 38,813	4.64%
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(19)</sup>		(base + 0.00 %/Q)	5/12/2019	\$ 40,000	\$ 39,009	φ 30,013	4.04 /0
Education	Subordinated(3)	8.50% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	3,786	3.778	3,622	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	13,715	13,715	10,547	
	Subordinated(3)	10.00% PIK/Q*	6/9/2020	3,374	3,374	2,595	
		10.00701 110/02	0/3/2020				2.00%
Total Funded Debt Investments —				20,875	20,867	16,764	2.00%
United States				\$ 60,875	\$ 60,736	\$ 55,577	6.64%
Equity — United States				<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	<u>+</u>	
NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC**							
Investment Fund	Membership				• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	0.000/
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC(19)	interest <sup>(3)</sup>	—	—	_	\$ 23,000	\$ 21,914	2.62%
Education	Ordinary shares(3)		_	123.968	11	3.341	
Education	Ordinary shares(2)	—	_	- /		- 1 -	
		_	_	107,143	9	2,888	
					20	6,229	0.74%
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC <sup>(16)</sup>							
QID NGL LLC Energy	Ordinary shares(7)			5,290,997	5,291	3,778	0.45%
Total Shares — United States	Ordinary shares(*)	—	_	5,290,997	\$ 28,311	\$ 31,921	<u>0.45</u> % 3.81%
Unfunded Debt Investments — United					<u>φ 20,511</u>	<u>φ 31,321</u>	<u> </u>
States Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC <sup>(19)</sup>							
Edmentum, Inc. (fka Plato, Inc.)							
(Archipelago Learning, Inc.)							
Education	Second lien(3)(11) -				•	• (***	(* * * * *
	Undrawn	—	6/9/2020	\$ 4,881	<u>\$</u>	\$ (211) \$ (211)	(0.02)%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments Total Non-Controlled/Affiliated				\$ 4,881	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ (211</u> )	(0.02)%
Investments					\$ 89,047	\$ 87,287	10.43%
Controlled Investments <sup>(26)</sup>					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10.40
Funded Debt Investments — United States							
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(2)	8.50% (L + 7.50%/Q)	1/13/2019	\$ 6,786	\$ 6,786	\$ 6.640	
	First lien(3)	8.50%		,			
		(L + 7.50%/Q)	1/13/2019	4,060	4,060	3,973	
	First lien <sup>(3)</sup>	9.50% (L + 7.50% +					
		1.00% PIK/Q)*	1/13/2019	7,323	7,323	7,257	
	Subordinated <sup>(2)</sup>	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019	1,487	1,487	1,417	
	Subordinated(3)	15.00% PIK/Q*	7/13/2019	890	890	848	
				20,546	20,546	20,135	2.40%
Total Funded Debt Investments —							/0
United States				<u>\$ 20,546</u>	\$ 20,546	<u>\$ 20,135</u>	<u>2.40</u> %

### **Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)**

#### December 31, 2015

#### (in thousands, except shares)

Portfolio Company, Location and	Type of		Maturity/ Expiration	Principal Amount, Par Value		Fair	Percent of Net Assets
Industry <sup>(1)</sup>	Investment	Interest Rate(10)	Date	or Shares	Cost	Value	
Equity — United States							
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	Preferred shares(2)(21)	_	_	16,680,037	\$ 14,299	\$ 13,870	
	Preferred shares(3)(21)	_	_	4,609,569	3,952	3,833	
	Ordinary shares <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	2,096,477	1,925	7,528	
	Ordinary shares(3)	_	_	579,366	532	2,081	
					20,708	27,312	3.26%
Total Shares — United States					\$ 20,708	\$ 27,312	3.26%
Total Funded Investments					\$ 41,254	\$ 47,447	5.66%
Unfunded Debt Investments — United States							
UniTek Global Services, Inc.							
Business Services	First lien(3)(11) —					<b>.</b>	
	Undrawn First lien(3)(11) —	—	1/13/2019	\$ 2,048	\$ —	\$ (18)	
	Undrawn	_	1/13/2019	758	_	(7)	
				2,806		(25)	—%
Total Unfunded Debt Investments				\$ 2,806	\$ —	\$ (25)	—%
Total Controlled Investments					\$ 41,254	\$ 47,422	5.66%
Total Investments					\$1,568,716	\$1,512,224	180.69%

(1) New Mountain Finance Corporation (the "Company") generally acquires its investments in private transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). These investments are generally subject to certain limitations on resale, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act.

- (2) Investment is pledged as collateral for the Holdings Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as Collateral Manager, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings") as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- (3) Investment is pledged as collateral for the NMFC Credit Facility, a revolving credit facility among the Company as the Borrower and Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.
- <sup>(4)</sup> Investment is held in New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Investment is held in NMF YP Holdings, Inc.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Investment is held in NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc.
- (7) Investment is held in NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc.
- (8) Investment or a portion of the investment is on non-accrual status. See Note 3. Investments, for details.
- <sup>(9)</sup> Securities are registered under the Securities Act.
- (10) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the London Interbank Offered Rate (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base) and which resets monthly (M), quarterly (Q), semiannually (S) or annually (A). For each investment the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of December 31, 2015.
- (11) Par Value amounts represent the drawn or undrawn (as indicated in type of investment) portion of revolving credit facilities or delayed draws. Cost amounts represent the cash received at settlement date net the impact of paydowns and cash paid for drawn revolvers or delayed draws.

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

#### December 31, 2015

#### (in thousands, except shares)

- (12) The Company holds investments in three related entities of YP Holdings LLC/Print Media Holdings LLC. The Company directly holds warrants to purchase a 4.96% membership interest of YP Equity Investors, LLC (which at closing represented an indirect 1.0% equity interest in YP Holdings LLC) and holds an investment in the Term Loan B loans issued by YP LLC and Print Media LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of YP Holdings LLC and Print Media Holdings LLC, respectively.
- (13) The Company holds investments in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and one related entity of Packaging Coordinators, Inc. The Company has a debt investment in Packaging Coordinators, Inc. and holds ordinary equity in PCI Pharma Holdings UK Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Packaging Coordinators, Inc.
- (14) The Company holds investments in ATI Acquisition Company and Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Company has debt investments in ATI Acquisition Company and preferred equity and warrants to purchase units of common membership interests of Ancora Acquisition LLC. The Company received its investments in Ancora Acquisition LLC as a result of its investments in ATI Acquisition Company.
- <sup>(15)</sup> The Company holds an investment in CompassLearning, Inc. that is structured as a first lien last out term loan.
- (16) The Company holds investments in two related entities of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC. The Company holds 5.25% of the common units in QID NGL LLC (which at closing represented 98.1% of the ownership in the common units in Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC) and holds a first lien investment in Tenawa Resource Management LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC.
- (17) The Company holds investments in QC McKissock Investment, LLC and one related entity of QC McKissock Investment, LLC. The Company holds a first lien term loan in QC McKissock Investment, LLC (which at closing represented 71.1% of the ownership in the Series A common units of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC) and holds a first lien term loan and a delayed draw term loan in McKissock, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of McKissock Investment Holdings, LLC.
- (18) The Company holds investments in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and one related entity of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. The Company holds preferred equity in TWDiamondback Holdings Corp. and holds a first lien last out term loan and a delayed draw term loan in Diamondback Drugs of Delaware LLC, a whollyowned subsidiary of TWDiamondback Holdings Corp.
- (19) The Company holds investments in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and its related entities. The Company holds subordinated notes and ordinary equity in Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC and holds a second lien revolver in Edmentum, Inc. and Archipelago Learning, Inc., which are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC.
- (20) Total shares reported assumes shares issued for the capitalization of PIK interest. Actual shares owned total 50,000 as of December 31, 2015.
- (21) The Company holds preferred equity in UniTek Global Services, Inc. that is entitled to receive cumulative preferential dividends at a rate of 13.5% per annum payable in additional shares.
- (22) The Company holds investments in Education Management Corporation and one related entity of Education Management Corporation. The Company holds series A-1 convertible preferred stock and common stock in Education Management Corporation and holds a tranche A first lien term loan and a tranche B first lien term loan in Education Management II LLC, which is an indirect subsidiary of Education Management Corporation.
- (23) The Company holds an equity investment in TW-NHME Holdings Corp., as well as a second lien term loan investment in National HME, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TW-NHME Holdings Corp.
- (24) The Company holds an investment in Pittsburgh Glass Works, LLC that is structured as a first lien last out term loan.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(25)

#### **New Mountain Finance Corporation**

#### Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

#### December 31, 2015

#### (in thousands, except shares)

Denotes investments in which the Company is an "Affiliated Person", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 5.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment but not controlling the company. Fair value as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2015 along with transactions during the year ended December 31, 2015 in which the issuer was a non-controlled/affiliated investment is as follows:

	Fair Value at December 31,	Gross Additions <sup>(A)</sup>	ا Gross Redemptions <sup>(B)</sup> (	Realized Gains	Appreciation	Fair Value at		Other vidend Income
Portfolio Company <sup>(1)</sup>	2014					2015	Inc	ome
Edmentum Ultimate Holdings, LLC/Edmentum Inc. NMFC Senior Loan Program	\$ _	\$ 23,937	\$ (3,050)\$	\$ _	\$ 1,895	\$ 22,782	\$ 1,171 \$	_\$
I LLC	22,461	_	_	_	(547	) 21,914	_	3,619 1,215
Tenawa Resource Holdings LLC		44,572		_	(1,981	)42,591	4,231	750
Total Non- Controlled/Affiliated Investments	\$ 22,461	\$ 68,509	\$ (3,050)	\$ _	\$ (633	)\$ 87,287	\$ 5,402 \$	3,619 \$ 1,965

(A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.

(B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.

(26) Denotes investments in which the Company is in "Control", as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, due to owning or holding the power to vote 25.0% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the investment. Fair value as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2015 along with transactions during the year ended December 31, 2015 in which the issuer was a controlled investment is as follows:

	Fair Value December		Gross Additions <sup>(A)</sup>	Gross	Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Appreciation	Fair Value at	Interest Other Income Dividend Income
Portfolio Company(1)	2014						2015	Income
UniTek Global Services, Inc.	\$	\$	42,780	\$ (1,526)	\$	- \$ 6,168	\$ 47,422	\$ 2,007 \$ 2,559 \$ 49
Total Controlled Investments	\$	_ \$	6 42,780	\$ (1,526)	\$ _	\$ 6,168	\$ 47,422	<u>\$ 2,007 \$ 2,559 \$ 49</u>

(A) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, PIK interest or dividends, the amortization of discounts, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement at fair value of an existing portfolio company into this category from a different category.

(B) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, reorganizations or restructurings and the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category into a different category.

All or a portion of interest contains PIK interest.

Indicates assets that the Company deems to be "non-qualifying assets" under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.00% of the Company's total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. As of December 31, 2015, 6.8% of the Company's total assets were non-qualifying assets.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# New Mountain Finance Corporation

# Consolidated Schedule of Investments (Continued)

# December 31, 2015

Investment Type	December 31, 2015 Percent of Total Investments at Fair Value
First lien	44.31%
Second lien	41.79%
Subordinated	5.75%
Equity and other	8.15%
Total investments	100.00%

	December 31, 2015 Percent of Total
Industry Type	Investments at Fair Value
Software	24.53%
Business Services	24.36%
Education	10.97%
Distribution & Logistics	7.76%
Federal Services	6.31%
Consumer Services	4.52%
Energy	4.33%
Healthcare Services	4.18%
Media	3.16%
Healthcare Products	2.49%
Business Products	2.21%
Manufacturing	1.98%
Investment Fund	1.45%
Retail	1.39%
Industrial Services	0.36%
Total investments	100.00%

	December 31, 2015
	Percent of Total
Interest Rate Type	Investments at Fair Value
Floating rates	86.26%
Fixed rates	13.74%
Total investments	100.00%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

#### Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose

#### New Mountain Finance Corporation

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC" or the "Company") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed its initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. NMFC is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, NMFC is obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMFC has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). NMFC is also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C. (the "Investment Adviser") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, L.L.C. ("New Mountain Capital", defined as New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates). New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages the Company's day-to-day operations and provides it with investment advisory and management services. New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C. (the "Administrator"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct the Company's day-to-day operations.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. ("NMF Holdings" or the "Predecessor Operating Company"), is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about the Company's historical organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "— Historical Structure". NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). The Company consolidates its tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of portfolio companies. Additionally, the Company has a wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing") that serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P. ("SBIC LP") and its general partner, New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P., L.L.C. ("SBIC GP"), were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries of the Company. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act").

The Company's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including



#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)

first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. In some cases, the Company's investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to the Company, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under the investment criteria used by the Company, however, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. The Company's portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's top five industry concentrations were business services, software, consumer services, investment fund and education.

# **Historical Structure**

On May 19, 2011, NMFC priced its IPO of 7,272,727 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$13.75 per share. Concurrently with the closing of the IPO and at the public offering price of \$13.75 per share, NMFC sold an additional 2,172,000 shares of its common stock to certain executives and employees of, and other individuals affiliated with, New Mountain Capital in a concurrent private placement (the "Concurrent Private Placement"). Additionally, 1,252,964 shares were issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. at that time for their ownership interest in the Predecessor Entities (as defined below). In connection with NMFC's IPO and through a series of transactions, NMF Holdings acquired all of the operations of the Predecessor Entities, including all of the assets and liabilities related to such operations. NMF Holdings, formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., was originally formed as a subsidiary of New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P. ("Guardian AIV") by New Mountain Capital in October 2008. Guardian AIV was formed through an allocation of approximately \$300.0 million of the \$5.1 billion of commitments supporting New Mountain Partners III, L.P., a private equity fund managed by New Mountain Capital. In February 2009, New Mountain Capital formed a co-investment vehicle, New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., comprising \$20.4 million of commitments. New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, are defined as the "Predecessor Entities".

Until May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings was externally managed by the Investment Adviser and was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. As such, NMF Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. NMF Holdings was treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes for so long as it had at least two members. With the completion of the underwritten secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMF Holdings' existence as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes terminated and NMF Holdings became an entity that is disregarded as a separate entity from its owner for U.S. federal tax purposes.

Until April 25, 2014, New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation ("AIV Holdings") was a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on March 11, 2011. Guardian AIV, a Delaware limited partnership, was AIV Holdings' sole stockholder. AIV Holdings was a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that was regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act.

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)

As such, AIV Holdings was obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. AIV Holdings was treated, and complied with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code. AIV Holdings was dissolved on April 25, 2014.

Prior to May 8, 2014, NMFC and AIV Holdings were holding companies with no direct operations of their own, and their sole asset was their ownership in NMF Holdings. In connection with the IPO, NMFC and AIV Holdings each entered into a joinder agreement with respect to the Limited Liability Company Agreement, as amended and restated (the "Operating Agreement"), of NMF Holdings, pursuant to which NMFC and AIV Holdings were admitted as members of NMF Holdings. NMFC acquired from NMF Holdings, with the gross proceeds of the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement, common membership units ("units") of NMF Holdings (the number of units were equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the IPO and the Concurrent Private Placement). Additionally, NMFC received units of NMF Holdings equal to the number of shares of common stock of NMFC issued to the partners of New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. Guardian AIV was the parent of NMF Holdings prior to the IPO and, as a result of the transactions completed in connection with the IPO, obtained units in NMF Holdings. Guardian AIV contributed its units in NMF Holdings to its newly formed subsidiary, AIV Holdings, in exchange for common stock of AIV Holdings. AIV Holdings had the right to exchange all or any portion of its units in NMF Holdings for shares of NMFC's common stock on a one-for-one basis at any time.

The original structure was designed to generally prevent NMFC from being allocated taxable income with respect to unrecognized gains that existed at the time of the IPO in the Predecessor Entities' assets, and rather such amounts would be allocated generally to AIV Holdings. The result was that any distributions made to NMFC's stockholders that were attributable to such gains generally were not treated as taxable dividends but rather as return of capital.

Since NMFC's IPO, and through December 31, 2016, NMFC raised approximately \$533,103 in net proceeds from additional offerings of common stock and issued shares of its common stock valued at approximately \$288,416 on behalf of AIV Holdings for exchanged units. NMFC acquired from NMF Holdings units of NMF Holdings equal to the number of shares of NMFC's common stock sold in the additional offerings. With the completion of the final secondary offering on February 3, 2014, NMFC owned 100.0% of the units of NMF Holdings, which became a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC.

# Restructuring

As a BDC, AIV Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of AIV Holdings' business model, AIV Holdings' board of directors determined that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interest of AIV Holdings and Guardian AIV. Specifically, given that AIV Holdings was formed for the sole purpose of holding units of NMF Holdings and AIV Holdings had disposed of all of the units of NMF Holdings that it was holding as of February 3, 2014, the board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 the withdrawal of AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, the

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)

board of directors of AIV Holdings approved and declared advisable for AIV Holdings to terminate its registration under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and to dissolve AIV Holdings under the laws of the State of Delaware.

Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder consent to authorize the board of directors of AIV Holdings to withdraw AIV Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed and became effective upon receipt by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") of AIV Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on April 15, 2014. The board of directors of AIV Holdings believed that AIV Holdings met the requirements for filing the notification to withdraw its election to be regulated as a BDC, upon the receipt of the necessary stockholder consent. After the notification of withdrawal of AIV Holdings was no longer subject to the regulatory provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to BDCs generally, including regulations related to insurance, custody, composition of its board of directors, affiliated transactions and any compensation arrangements.

In addition, on April 15, 2014, AIV Holdings filed a Form 15 with the SEC to terminate AIV Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. After these SEC filings and any other federal or state regulatory or tax filings were made, AIV Holdings proceeded to dissolve under Delaware law by filing a certificate of dissolution in Delaware on April 25, 2014.

Until May 8, 2014, as a BDC, NMF Holdings had been subject to the 1940 Act, including certain provisions applicable only to BDCs. Accordingly, and after careful consideration of the 1940 Act requirements applicable to BDCs, the cost of 1940 Act compliance and a thorough assessment of NMF Holdings' current business model, NMF Holdings' board of directors determined at an in-person meeting held on March 25, 2014 that continuation as a BDC was not in the best interests of NMF Holdings.

At the joint annual meeting of the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings held on May 6, 2014, the stockholders of NMFC and the sole unit holder of NMF Holdings approved a proposal which authorized the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC. Additionally, the stockholders of NMFC approved a new investment advisory and management agreement between NMFC and the Investment Adviser. Upon receipt of the necessary stockholder/unit holder approval to authorize the board of directors of NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings to withdraw NMF Holdings' election to be regulated as a BDC, the withdrawal was filed and became effective upon receipt by the SEC of NMF Holdings' notification of withdrawal on Form N-54C on May 8, 2014.

Effective May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings amended and restated its Operating Agreement such that the board of directors of NMF Holdings was dissolved and NMF Holdings remained a wholly-owned subsidiary of NMFC with the sole purpose of serving as a special purpose vehicle for NMF Holdings' credit facility, and NMFC assumed all other operating activities previously undertaken by NMF Holdings under the management of the Investment Adviser (collectively, the "Restructuring"). After the Restructuring, all wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries of NMFC are consolidated with NMFC for both 1940 Act and financial statement reporting purposes, subject to any financial

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 1. Formation and Business Purpose (Continued)

statement adjustments required in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). NMFC continues to remain a BDC under the 1940 Act.

Also, on May 8, 2014, NMF Holdings filed Form 15 with the SEC to terminate NMF Holdings' registration under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act. As a special purpose entity, NMF Holdings is bankruptcy-remote and non-recourse to NMFC. In addition, the assets held at NMF Holdings will continue to be used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility.

Prior to December 18, 2014, New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C. ("NMF SLF") was a Delaware limited liability company. NMF SLF was a whollyowned subsidiary of NMF Holdings and thus a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company. NMF SLF was bankruptcy-remote and non-recourse to NMFC. As part of an amendment to the Company's existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, NMF SLF merged with and into NMF Holdings on December 18, 2014. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of accounting** — The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. The Company is an investment company following accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 946, *Financial Services* — *Investment Companies*, ("ASC 946"). NMFC consolidates its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries: NMF Holdings, NMF Servicing, SBIC LP, SBIC GP, NMF Ancora, NMF QID and NMF YP. Previously, the Company consolidated its wholly-owned indirect subsidiary State subsidiary State and into NMF Holdings on December 18, 2014. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details. Prior to the Restructuring, the Predecessor Operating Company consolidated its wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF SLF. NMFC and AIV Holdings did not consolidate the Predecessor Operating Company. Prior to the Restructuring, NMFC and AIV Holdings applied investment company master-feeder financial statement presentation, as described in ASC 946 to their interest in the Predecessor Operating Company. NMFC and AIV Holdings company. NMFC and AIV Holdings observed that it was also industry practice to follow the presentation prescribed for a master fund-feeder fund structure in ASC 946 in instances in which a master fund was owned by more than one feeder fund and that such presentation provided stockholders of NMFC and AIV Holdings with a clearer depiction of their investment in the master fund.

The Company's consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of operations and financial condition for all periods presented. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred. The financial results of the Company's portfolio investments are not consolidated in the financial statements.

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-K and Article 6 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements have been included.

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

*Investments* — The Company applies fair value accounting in accordance with GAAP. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments are reflected on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities at fair value, with changes in unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and realizations on portfolio investments reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations as "Net change is "Net realized gains (losses) on investments".

The Company values its assets on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act. In all cases, the Company's board of directors is ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the portfolio investments on a quarterly basis in good faith, including investments that are not publicly traded, those whose market prices are not readily available and any other situation where its portfolio investments require a fair value determination. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. The Company's quarterly valuation procedures are set forth in more detail below:

- (1) Investments for which market quotations are readily available on an exchange are valued at such market quotations based on the closing price indicated from independent pricing services.
- (2) Investments for which indicative prices are obtained from various pricing services and/or brokers or dealers are valued through a multi-step valuation process, as described below, to determine whether the quote(s) obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP.
  - a. Bond quotes are obtained through independent pricing services. Internal reviews are performed by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser to ensure that the quote obtained is representative of fair value in accordance with GAAP and, if so, the quote is used. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote(s) internally and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below); and
  - b. For investments other than bonds, the Company looks at the number of quotes readily available and performs the following procedures:
    - i. Investments for which two or more quotes are received from a pricing service are valued using the mean of the mean of the bid and ask of the quotes obtained.
    - ii. Investments for which one quote is received from a pricing service are validated internally. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser analyze the market quotes obtained using an array of valuation methods (further described below) to validate the fair value. If the Investment Adviser is unable to sufficiently validate the quote internally and if the investment's par

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, the investment is valued similarly to those assets with no readily available quotes (see (3) below).

- (3) Investments for which quotations are not readily available through exchanges, pricing services, brokers, or dealers are valued through a multistep valuation process:
  - a. Each portfolio company or investment is initially valued by the investment professionals of the Investment Adviser responsible for the credit monitoring;
  - b. Preliminary valuation conclusions will then be documented and discussed with the Company's senior management;
  - c. If an investment falls into (3) above for four consecutive quarters and if the investment's par value or its fair value exceeds the materiality threshold, then at least once each fiscal year, the valuation for each portfolio investment for which the Company does not have a readily available market quotation will be reviewed by an independent valuation firm engaged by the Company's board of directors; and
  - d. When deemed appropriate by the Company's management, an independent valuation firm may be engaged to review and value investment(s) of a portfolio company, without any preliminary valuation being performed by the Investment Adviser. The investment professionals of the Investment Adviser will review and validate the value provided.

For investments in revolving credit facilities and delayed draw commitments, the cost basis of the funded investments purchased is offset by any costs/netbacks received for any unfunded portion on the total balance committed. The fair value is also adjusted for the price appreciation or depreciation on the unfunded portion. As a result, the purchase of a commitment not completely funded may result in a negative fair value until it is called and funded.

The values assigned to investments are based upon available information and do not necessarily represent amounts which might ultimately be realized, since such amounts depend on future circumstances and cannot be reasonably determined until the individual positions are liquidated. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period and the fluctuations could be material.

Prior to the Restructuring, NMFC was a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset was its ownership in the Predecessor Operating Company. Prior to the completion of the underwritten secondary public offering on February 3, 2014, AIV Holdings was a holding company with no direct operations of its own, and its sole asset was its ownership in the Predecessor Operating Company. NMFC's and AIV Holdings' investments in the Predecessor Operating Company were carried at fair value and represented the respective pro-rata interest in the net assets of the Predecessor Operating Company as of the applicable reporting date. NMFC and AIV Holdings valued their ownership interest on a quarterly basis, or more frequently if required under the 1940 Act.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

See Note 3. Investments, for further discussion relating to investments.

**Collateralized agreements or repurchase financings** — The Company follows the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 860, *Transfers and Servicing* — *Secured Borrowing and Collateral*, ("ASC 860") when accounting for transactions involving the purchases of securities under collateralized agreements to resell (resale agreements). These transactions are treated as collateralized financing transactions and are recorded at their contracted resale or repurchase amounts, as specified in the respective agreements. Interest on collateralized agreements is accrued and recognized over the life of the transaction and included in interest income. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company held one collateralized agreement to resell with a cost basis of \$30,000 and \$30,000, respectively, and a carrying value of \$29,218 and \$29,704, respectively, and collateralized by a second lien bond in Northstar GOM Holdings Group LLC with a fair value of \$29,218 and \$29,704, respectively. The collateralized agreement to resell siguaranteed by a private hedge fund with the most recently reported assets under management of approximately \$690,000 and assets under management of approximately \$716,590 as of December 31, 2015. Pursuant to the terms of the collateralized agreement, the private hedge fund is obligated to repurchase the collateral from the Company at the par value of the collateralized agreement once called upon by the Company or if the private hedge fund's total assets under management fall below the agreed upon thresholds. The collateralized agreement. As of December 31, 2016, litigation is on-going in the state of New York and the Cayman Islands to resolve this matter. The collateralized agreement earned interest at a weighted average rate of 16.0% and 15.0% per annum as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

**Cash and cash equivalents** — Cash and cash equivalents include cash and short-term, highly liquid investments. The Company defines cash equivalents as securities that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and so near maturity that there is insignificant risk of changes in value. These securities have original maturities of three months or less. The Company did not hold any cash equivalents as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

### Revenue recognition

Sales and paydowns of investments: Realized gains and losses on investments are determined on the specific identification method.

Interest and dividend income: Interest income, including amortization of premium and discount using the effective interest method, is recorded on the accrual basis and periodically assessed for collectability. Interest income also includes interest earned from cash on hand. Upon the prepayment of a loan or debt security, any prepayment penalties are recorded as part of interest income. The Company has loans and certain preferred equity investments in the portfolio that contain a payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest or dividend provision. PIK interest and dividends are accrued and recorded as income at the contractual rates, if deemed collectible. The PIK interest

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

and dividends are added to the principal or share balances on the capitalization dates and are generally due at maturity or when redeemed by the issuer.

Dividend income on common equity is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies. Dividend income on preferred securities is recorded as dividend income on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are deemed collectible.

Non-accrual income: Investments are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due for 30 days or more and when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected. Accrued cash and un-capitalized PIK interest or dividends are reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends are not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Previously capitalized PIK interest or dividends are not reversed when an investment is placed on non-accrual status. Interest or dividend payments received on non-accrual investments may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment of the ultimate outcome. Non-accrual investments are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current.

Other income: Other income represents delayed compensation, consent or amendment fees, revolver fees, structuring fees, upfront fees, management fees from a non-controlled/affiliated investment and other miscellaneous fees received and are typically non-recurring in nature. Delayed compensation is income earned from counterparties on trades that do not settle within a set number of business days after trade date. Other income may also include fees from bridge loans. The Company may from time to time enter into bridge financing commitments, an obligation to provide interim financing to a counterparty until permanent credit can be obtained. These commitments are short-term in nature and may expire unfunded. A fee is received by the Company for providing such commitments. Structuring fees and upfront fees are recognized as income when earned, usually when paid at the closing of the investment and are non-refundable.

#### Prior to the Restructuring, NMFC's revenue recognition policies were as follows:

Revenue, expenses, and capital gains (losses): At each quarterly valuation date, the Predecessor Operating Company's investment income, expenses, net realized gains (losses), and net increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) were allocated to NMFC based on its pro-rata interest in the net assets of the Predecessor Operating Company. This was recorded on NMFC's Statements of Operations. Realized gains and losses were recorded upon sales of NMFC's investments in the Predecessor Operating Company. Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. was the difference between the net asset value per share and the closing price per share for shares issued as part of the dividend reinvestment plan on the dividend payment date. This net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investment in New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. included the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) from the IPO. NMFC used the proceeds from its IPO and Concurrent Private Placement to purchase units in the Predecessor Operating Company at \$13.75 per unit (its IPO price per share). At the IPO date, \$13.75 per unit represented a discount to the

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

actual net asset value per unit of the Predecessor Operating Company. As a result, NMFC experienced immediate unrealized appreciation on its investment.

All expenses, including those of NMFC, were paid and recorded by the Predecessor Operating Company. Expenses were allocated to NMFC based on its pro-rata ownership interest. In addition, the Predecessor Operating Company paid all of the offering costs related to the IPO and subsequent offerings. NMFC recorded its portion of the offering costs as a direct reduction to net assets and the cost of its investment in the Predecessor Operating Company.

Interest and other financing expenses — Interest and other financing fees are recorded on an accrual basis by the Company. See Note 7. Borrowings, for details.

**Deferred financing costs** — The deferred financing costs of the Company consists of capitalized expenses related to the origination and amending of the Company's borrowings. The Company amortizes these costs into expense over the stated life of the related borrowing. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details. On January 1, 2016, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03, *Interest* — *Imputation of Interest Subtopic 835-30-Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs* ("ASU 2015-03"). Upon adoption, the Company revised its presentation of deferred financing costs from an asset to a liability, which is a direct deduction to its debt on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, the Company retrospectively revised its presentation of \$13,992 of deferred financing costs that were previously presented as an asset as of December 31, 2015, which resulted in a decrease to total assets and total liabilities as of December 31, 2015.

**Deferred offering costs** — The Company's deferred offering costs consist of fees and expenses incurred in connection with equity offerings and the filing of shelf registration statements. Upon the issuance of shares, offering costs are charged as a direct reduction to net assets. Deferred offering costs are included in other assets on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

*Income taxes* — The Company has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to qualify annually, as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, the Company is not subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of taxable income and gains timely distributed to its stockholders.

To continue to qualify and be subject to tax as a RIC, the Company is required to meet certain income and asset diversification tests in addition to distributing at least 90.0% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code. Since U.S. federal income tax regulations differ from GAAP, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes.

Differences between taxable income and the results of operations for financial reporting purposes may be permanent or temporary in nature. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statements to reflect their tax character. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders of the Company are reported as ordinary income, return of capital, long term capital gains or a combination thereof.

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Company will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless the Company distributes, in a timely manner as required by the Code, an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of its respective net ordinary income earned for the calendar year and (2) 98.2% of its respective capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in the calendar year.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries of the Company are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes. These taxable entities are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may generate income tax liabilities or assets from permanent and temporary differences in the recognition of items for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recognized a total income tax benefit of approximately \$490 for the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company recorded current income tax expense of approximately \$152 and deferred income tax benefit of approximately \$642. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company recognized a total provision for income taxes of \$1,343 for the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company recorded current income tax expense of approximately \$160 and deferred income tax expense of approximately \$1,183. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company recognized a total provision for income taxes of \$929 for the Company's consolidated subsidiaries. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company recorded current income tax expense of approximately \$436 and deferred income tax expense of approximately \$493.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had \$1,034 and \$1,676, respectively, of deferred tax liabilities primarily relating to deferred taxes attributable to certain differences between the computation of income for U.S. federal income tax purposes as compared to GAAP. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had a deferred tax asset of \$520 attributable to one of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries primarily related to net operating losses. The Company determined that it was more likely than not that the subsidiary would have insufficient taxable income to realize some portion or all of the deferred tax asset. As such, as of December 31, 2015, a full valuation allowance of \$520 has been recorded against the deferred tax asset.

The Company has adopted the Income Taxes topic of the Accounting Standards Codification Topic 740 ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 provides guidance for income taxes, including how uncertain income tax positions should be recognized, measured, and disclosed in the financial statements. Based on its analysis, the Company has determined that there were no uncertain income tax positions that do not meet the more likely than not threshold through December 31, 2016. The 2013 through 2016 tax years remain subject to examination by the U.S. federal, state, and local tax authorities.

**Distributions** — Distributions to common stockholders of the Company are recorded on the record date as set by the board of directors. The Company intends to make distributions to its stockholders that will be sufficient to enable the Company to maintain its status as a RIC. The Company intends to distribute approximately all of its adjusted net investment income (see

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Note 5. Agreements) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of its taxable income on an annual basis, except that the Company may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides on behalf of its stockholders for reinvestment of any distributions declared, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash.

The Company applies the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, the Company will use only newly issued shares to implement its dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of the Company's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and ask prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares, the Company will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of the Company's common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of the Company's stockholders have been tabulated.

Share repurchase program — On February 4, 2016, the Company's board of directors authorized a program for the purpose of repurchasing up to \$50,000 worth of the Company's common stock. Under the repurchase program, the Company was permitted, but was not obligated to, repurchase its outstanding common stock in the open market from time to time provided that it complied with the Company's code of ethics and the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 of the Exchange Act, including certain price, market volume and timing constraints. In addition, any repurchases were conducted in accordance with the 1940 Act. On December 23, 2016, the Company's board of directors extended the Company's repurchase program and the Company expects the repurchase program to be in place until the earlier of December 31, 2017 or until \$50,000 of its outstanding shares of common stock have been repurchased. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company repurchased a total of 248,499 shares of the Company's common stock in the open market for \$2,948, including commissions paid.

*Earnings per share* — The Company's earnings per share ("EPS") amounts have been computed based on the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period of computation. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net increase (decrease) in net assets estimates (decrease) in net assets assets

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

resulting from operations by the weighted average number of shares of common stock assuming all potential shares had been issued, and its related net impact to net assets accounted for, and the additional shares of common stock were dilutive. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution, using the as-if-converted method for convertible debt, which could occur if all potentially dilutive securities were exercised.

**Foreign securities** — The accounting records of the Company are maintained in U.S. dollars. Investment securities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of investment securities and income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the rate of exchange of such currencies on the respective dates of the transactions. The Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. Such fluctuations are included with "Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments" and "Net realized gains (losses) on investments" in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies may be negatively affected by movements in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and such foreign currencies. This movement is beyond the control of the Company and cannot be predicted.

Use of estimates — The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Company's consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and other metrics used in determining these estimates could cause actual results to differ from the estimates used, and the differences could be material.

Dividend income recorded related to distributions received from flow-through investments is an accounting estimate based on the most recent estimate of the tax treatment of the distribution. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company adjusted accounting estimates related to the classification of dividend income for distributions received from three of the Company's equity investments. Based on updated tax projections received during the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company decreased dividend income by \$533, which decreased the equity investments cost basis by \$3 and increased the realized gain by \$530 to agree to the tax treatment on the equity investments.

# December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments

At December 31, 2016, the Company's investments consisted of the following:

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type

	Cost	F	air Value
First lien	\$ 706,140	\$	700,580
Second lien	638,347		604,203
Subordinated	68,341		66,559
Equity and other	162,350		187,475
Total investments	\$ 1,575,178	\$	1,558,817

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry

	(	Cost	Fair Value
Business Services	\$ 4	46,008	\$ 461,997
Software	2	124,965	420,896
Consumer Services	1	05,868	106,392
Investment Fund		94,460	94,460
Education		93,651	94,168
Energy		81,390	75,168
Healthcare Services		70,731	71,844
Distribution & Logistics		88,768	61,696
Federal Services		59,881	60,116
Net Lease		27,000	27,000
Business Products		25,613	24,958
Media		21,189	24,162
Retail		21,006	21,016
Healthcare Information Technology		14,648	14,944
Total investments	1,5	575,178	1,558,817

At December 31, 2015, the Company's investments consisted of the following:

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Type

	Cost	Fair Value
First lien	\$ 711,601	\$ 670,023
Second lien	656,165	631,985
Subordinated	95,429	87,005
Equity and other	105,521	123,211
Total investments	\$ 1,568,716	\$ 1,512,224

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December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

# Investment Cost and Fair Value by Industry

	 Cost	F	air Value
Software	\$ 384,805	\$	370,892
Business Services	367,109		368,409
Education	167,222		165,947
Distribution & Logistics	123,053		117,375
Federal Services	95,459		95,477
Consumer Services	69,250		68,269
Energy	96,717		65,521
Healthcare Services	66,923		63,255
Media	43,489		47,804
Healthcare Products	38,664		37,648
Business Products	35,188		33,420
Manufacturing	29,852		29,850
Investment Fund	23,000		21,914
Retail	21,032		21,000
Industrial Services	6,953		5,443
Total investments	\$ 1,568,716	\$	1,512,224

During the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company placed a portion of its first lien position in Sierra Hamilton LLC / Sierra Hamilton Finance, Inc. ("Sierra") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of December 31, 2016, the portion of Sierra first lien placed on non-accrual status represented an aggregate cost basis of \$8,169, an aggregate fair value of \$5,315 and total unearned interest income of \$553 for the year then ended.

During the third quarter of 2016, the Company placed its entire second lien position in Transtar Holding Company ("Transtar") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's investment in Transtar had an aggregate cost basis of \$31,166, an aggregate fair value of \$3,865 and total unearned interest income of \$3,963 for the year then ended.

During the second quarter of 2016, the Company placed a portion of its first lien position in Permian Tank & Manufacturing, Inc. ("Permian") on nonaccrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of September 30, 2016, the Company's investment in Permian had an aggregate cost basis of \$24,444, an aggregate fair value of \$7,064 and total unearned interest income of \$1,273 for the nine months then ended. In October 2016, Permian completed a restructuring which resulted in a material modification of the original terms and an extinguishment of the Company's original investment in Permian. Prior to the extinguishment in October 2016, the Company's original investment in Permian had an aggregate cost of \$25,047, an aggregate fair value of \$7,064 and total unearned interest income of \$1,422 for the year ended December 31, 2016. The extinguishment resulted in a realized loss of \$17,983. Post restructuring, the Company's investments in Permian have been restored to full accrual status. As of December 31, 2016, the

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Company's investments in Permian have an aggregate cost basis of \$8,965 and an aggregate fair value of \$11,193.

During the third quarter of 2016, the Company received notice that there would be no recovery of the outstanding principal and interest owed on its two super priority first lien positions in ATI Acquisition Company ("ATI"). As of June 30, 2016, the Company's first lien positions in ATI had an aggregate cost of \$1,528 and an aggregate fair value of \$0 and no unearned interest income for the period then ended. The Company wrote off its first lien positions in ATI and recognized an aggregate realized loss of \$1,528 during the three months ended September 30, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's preferred shares and warrants in Ancora Acquisition LLC, which were received as a result of the Company's first lien positions in ATI, had an aggregate cost basis of \$83 and an aggregate fair value of \$393.

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company placed a portion of its second lien position in Edmentum, Inc. ("Edmentum") on non-accrual status due to its ongoing restructuring. As of March 31, 2015, the Company's investment in Edmentum had an aggregate cost basis of \$30,771, an aggregate fair value of \$15,575 and total unearned interest income of \$438 for the three months then ended. In June 2015, Edmentum completed a restructuring which resulted in a material modification of the original terms and an extinguishment of the Company's original investment in Edmentum. Prior to the extinguishment in June 2015, the Company's original investment in Edmentum had an aggregate fair value of \$16,437 and total unearned interest income of \$851 for the six months ended June 30, 2015. The extinguishment resulted in a realized loss of \$15,199. Post restructuring, the Company's investments in Edmentum have been restored to full accrual status. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's investments in Edmentum have an aggregate cost basis of \$23,031 and an aggregate fair value of \$23,247.

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company's first lien position in Education Management LLC ("EDMC") was non-income producing as a result of the portfolio company undergoing a restructuring. As of December 31, 2014, the Company's investment in EDMC had an aggregate cost basis of \$2,987, an aggregate fair value of \$1,376 and no unearned interest income for the three months then ended. In January 2015, EDMC completed a restructuring which resulted in a material modification of the original terms and an extinguishment of the Company's original investment in EDMC. Prior to the extinguishment in January 2015, the Company's original investment in EDMC had an aggregate cost of \$2,987, an aggregate fair value of \$1,376 and no unearned interest income for the period then ended. The extinguishment resulted in a realized loss of \$1,611. Post restructuring, the Company's investments in EDMC are income producing. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's investments in EDMC have an aggregate cost basis of \$1,495 and an aggregate fair value of \$160.

During the third quarter of 2014, the Company placed a portion of its first lien position in UniTek Global Services, Inc. ("UniTek") on non-accrual status in anticipation of a voluntary petition for a "Pre-Packaged" Chapter 11 Bankruptcy in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware which was filed on November 3, 2014. As of December 31, 2014, the Company's investments in UniTek had an aggregate cost basis of \$47,357, an aggregate fair value of \$35,227 and total unearned interest income of \$975 for the year then ended. In January 2015, UniTek

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

emerged from "Pre-Packaged" Chapter 11 Bankruptcy and completed its restructuring. The restructuring resulted in a material modification of the original terms and an extinguishment of the Company's original investments in UniTek. Prior to the extinguishment in January 2015, the Company's original investments in UniTek had an aggregate cost of \$52,902, an aggregate fair value of \$40,137 and total unearned interest income of \$68 for the period then ended. The extinguishment resulted in a realized loss of \$12,765. Post restructuring, the Company's investments in UniTek have been restored to full accrual status. As of December 31, 2016, the Company's investments in UniTek have an aggregate cost basis of \$42,119 and an aggregate fair value of \$56,361.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$27,915 and \$0, respectively. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments in the form of delayed draws or other future funding commitments of \$16,368. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and delayed draws are disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2016.

As of December 31, 2015, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and bridge facilities of \$17,576 and \$0, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had unfunded commitments in the form of delayed draws or other future funding commitments of \$8,678. The unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities and delayed draws are disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2015.

### NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC

NMFC Senior Loan Program I LLC ("SLP I") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on May 27, 2014 and commenced operations on June 10, 2014. SLP I is a portfolio company held by the Company. SLP I is structured as a private investment fund, in which all of the investors are qualified purchasers, as such term is defined under the 1940 Act. Transfer of interests in SLP I is subject to restrictions, and as a result, such interests are not readily marketable. SLP I operates under a limited liability company agreement (the "SLP I Agreement") and will continue in existence until June 10, 2019, subject to earlier termination pursuant to certain terms of the SLP I Agreement. The term may be extended for up to one year pursuant to certain terms of the SLP I Agreement. SLP I has a three year re-investment period. SLP I invests in senior secured loans issued by companies within the Company's core industry verticals. These investments are typically broadly syndicated first lien loans.

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

SLP I is capitalized with \$93,000 of capital commitments and \$275,000 of debt from a revolving credit facility and is managed by the Company. The Company's capital commitment is \$23,000, representing less than 25.0% ownership, with third party investors representing the remaining capital commitment. As of December 31, 2016, SLP I had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$348,672, debt outstanding of \$256,517 and capital that had been called and funded of \$93,000. As of December 31, 2015, SLP I had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$348,672, debt outstanding of \$256,517 and capital that had been called and funded of \$93,000. As of December 31, 2015, SLP I had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$349,704, debt outstanding of \$267,617 and capital that had been called and funded of \$93,000. The Company's investment in SLP I is disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedules of Investments as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

The Company, as an investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act, acts as the collateral manager to SLP I and is entitled to receive a management fee for its investment management services provided to SLP I. As a result, SLP I is classified as an affiliate of the Company. No management fee is charged on the Company's investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. For the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company earned approximately \$1,163, \$1,215 and \$468, respectively, in management fees related to SLP I which is included in other income. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, approximately \$286 and \$311, respectively, of management fees related to SLP I was included in receivable from affiliates. For the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, and December 31, 2016, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in dividend income. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, and S3, 619 and \$1,066, respectively, of dividend income related to SLP I, which is included in interest and dividend receivable.

#### New Mountain Net Lease Corporation

New Mountain Net Lease Corporation ("NMNLC") was formed as a Maryland corporation on April 18, 2016 and commenced operations on August 12, 2016. NMNLC was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code. As of December 31, 2016, NMNLC had assets of approximately \$75,544 and non-recourse asset level debt outstanding of approximately \$47,936. The Company has contributed \$27,000 to NMNLC as of December 31, 2016. The Company's investment in NMNLC is disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2016.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Below is certain summarized property information for NMNLC as of December 31, 2016:

	Lease Expiration		Total Square Feet	 uity as of cember 31,
Tenant	Date	Location		2016
A.P. Plasman, Inc.	9/30/2031	Ontario, Canada	436	\$ 7,294
Plasman Corp, LLC / A-Brite LP	9/30/2033	Fort Payne, AL	261	5,132
		Cleveland, OH		
FMH Conveyors, LLC	10/31/2031	Jonesboro, AR	195	5,136
J.R. Automation Technologies, LLC	1/31/2031	Holland, MI	88	2,061
Kirlin Group, LLC	6/30/2029	Rockville, MD	95	7,547
				\$ 27,170

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company earned approximately \$540 of dividend income related to NMNLC, which is included in dividend income. For the year ended December 31, 2016, New Mountain Capital reimbursed NMNLC approximately \$189 in non-recurring organizational expenses incurred in connection with the formation and organization of NMNLC. As of December 31, 2016, approximately \$540 of dividend income related to NMNLC was included in interest and dividend receivable.

#### **Unconsolidated Significant Subsidiaries**

In accordance with Regulation S-X Rules 3-09 and 4-08(g), the Company evaluates its unconsolidated controlled portfolio companies as significant subsidiaries under the respective rules. As of December 31, 2016, the following portfolio companies were considered significant unconsolidated subsidiaries under Regulation S-X Rule 4-08(g). Based on the requirements under Regulation S-X Rule 4-08(g), the summarized consolidated financial information of these portfolio companies is shown below:

#### NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC

NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC ("SLP II") was formed as a Delaware limited liability company on March 9, 2016 and commenced operations on April 12, 2016. SLP II is structured as a private joint venture investment fund between the Company and SkyKnight Income, LLC ("SkyKnight") and operates under a limited liability company agreement (the "SLP II Agreement"). The purpose of the joint venture is to invest primarily in senior secured loans issued by portfolio companies within the Company's core industry verticals. These investments are typically broadly syndicated first lien loans. All investment decisions must be unanimously approved by the board of managers of SLP II, which has equal representation from the Company and SkyKnight. SLP II has a three year investment period and will continue in existence until April 12, 2021. The term may be extended for up to one year pursuant to certain terms of the SLP II Agreement.

SLP II is capitalized with equity contributions which are called from its members, on a pro-rata basis based on their equity commitments, as transactions are completed. Any decision by SLP II to

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

call down on capital commitments requires approval by the board of managers of SLP II. The Company and SkyKnight have committed to provide \$79,400 and \$20,600 of equity to SLP II, respectively. As of December 31, 2016 the Company and SkyKnight have contributed \$71,460 and \$18,540, respectively. The Company's investment in SLP II is disclosed on the Company's Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2016.

On April 12, 2016, SLP II closed its \$275,000 revolving credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association which matures on April 12, 2021 and bears interest at a rate of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 1.75% per annum. As of December 31, 2016, SLP II had total investments with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$361,719 and debt outstanding under its credit facility of \$249,960.

# December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

The following table is a listing of the individual loans in SLP II's portfolio as of December 31, 2016:

Portfolio Company and Type	Industry	Interest Rate(1)	Maturity Date	Principal Amount or Par Value	Cost	Fair Value <sup>(2)</sup>
of Investment	industry	Rate(1)	Date	Par value	Cost	value(2)
First lien:						
	Healthcare		0/00/0000	<b>• • • • • • • • • •</b>	<b>•</b> • <b>-</b> • • •	<b>•</b> • <b>-</b> • • • •
ADG, LLC	Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	9/28/2023	\$ 17,207	\$ 17,040	\$ 17,121
AssuredPartners, Inc.	Business Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/21/2022	11,862	11,847	12,058
	Healthcare	0.000( (1	0/04/0000	44.000		44.000
Beaver-Visitec International Holdings, Inc.	Products	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	8/21/2023	14,962	14,819	14,963
Coinstar, LLC	Consumer Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	9/27/2023	4,987	4,963	5,054
Cvent, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/29/2023	10,000	9,901	10,125
DigiCert Holdings, Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	10/21/2021	14,900	14,814	14,881
Eiger Acquisition B.V. (Eiger Co-						
Borrower, LLC)	Software	6.25% (L + 5.25%)	2/18/2022	10,507	10,350	10,402
Emerald 2 Limited	Business Services	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/14/2021	1,277	1,206	1,174
		5.81%				
Engility Corporation (fka TASC, Inc.)	Federal Services	(Base + 4.72%)	8/14/2023	13,860	13,793	14,080
Evo Payments International, LLC	Business Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/22/2023	17,500	17,413	17,602
	Healthcare					
Explorer Holdings, Inc.	Services	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	5/2/2023	4,975	4,929	5,028
Globallogic Holdings Inc.	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	6/20/2022	10,000	9,900	10,013
GOBP Holdings Inc.	Retail	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	10/21/2021	14,955	14,816	14,985
Hyperion Insurance Group Limited	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	4/29/2022	14,401	14,179	14,476
J.D. Power and Associates	Business Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	9/7/2023	9,975	9,927	10.075
Kronos Incorporated	Software	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	11/1/2023	10.000	9,951	10,105
Masergy Holdings, Inc.	Business Services	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	12/15/2023	7,500	7,463	7,563
McGraw-Hill Global Education Holdings, LLC	Education	5.00% (L + 4.00%)	5/4/2022	9,950	9,905	9,971
Ministry Brands, LLC	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	12/2/2022	7.846	7,807	7.807
Mister Car Wash Holdings, Inc.	Consumer Services	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/20/2021	8.312	8,250	8.354
Navex Global, Inc.	Software	5.99% (L + 4.75%)	11/19/2021	14,933	14,718	14,858
	Healthcare		11/10/2021	1,000	,	1 1,000
nThrive, Inc. (fka Precyse Acquisition Corp.)	Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/20/2022	9.950	9,813	10.083
Poseidon Intermediate, LLC	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	8/15/2022	14,962	14,962	15,055
Quest Software US Holdings Inc.	Software	7.00% (L + 6.00%)	10/31/2022	10.000	9.853	10,153
Rocket Software. Inc.	Software	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	10/14/2023	14,962	14.817	15,129
SolarWinds Holdings, Inc.	Software	5.50% (L + 4.50%)	2/3/2023	14,688	14,697	14,852
TTM Technologies, Inc.	Business Products	5.25% (L + 4.25%)	5/31/2021	13,548	13,444	13,599
Vencore, Inc. (fka SI Organization, Inc., The)	Federal Services	5.75% (L + 4.75%)	11/23/2019	10,801	10,780	10,942
veneore, me. (ina or organization, inc., the)		7.50%	11/20/2019	10,001	10,700	10,342
Vision Solutions. Inc.	Software	(Base + 6.50%)	6/16/2022	9.938	9.845	9.919
Vision Solutions, Inc.	Business Services	6.75% (L + 5.75%)	10/12/2022	4,000	3,922	3,985
VIVIU SEAIS LEG	Healthcare	0.1370 (L + 0.1370)	10/12/2022	4,000	5,922	5,965
WD Wolverine Holdings, LLC	Services	6.50% (L + 5.50%)	10/17/2023	10,200	9,900	9.894
Zvwave. Inc.	Software	6.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/17/2023	17,500		
Zywave, mc.	Sollware	0.00% (L + 5.00%)	11/17/2022		17,414	17,413
				\$ 360,458	\$ 357,438	\$ 361,719

(1) All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate debt investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the LIBOR (L), the Prime Rate (P) and the alternative base rate (Base). For each investment, the current interest rate provided reflects the rate in effect as of December 31, 2016.

(2) Represents the fair value in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820"). The Company's board of directors does not determine the fair value of the investments held by SLP II.

# December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

December 31, 2016

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Below is certain summarized financial information for SLP II as of December 31, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2016:

Selected Balance Sheet Information:	
Investments at fair value (cost of \$357,438)	\$ 361,719
Receivable from unsettled securities sold	1,007
Cash and other assets	10,138
Total assets	\$ 372,864
Credit facility	\$ 249,960
Deferred financing costs	(2,565)
Payable for unsettled securities purchased	24,862
Distribution payable	3,000
Other liabilities	3,350
Total liabilities	278,607
Members' capital	\$ 94,257
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$ 372,864

	Year Ended December 31 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Selected Statement of Operations Information:		
Interest income	\$	7,463
Other income		572
Total investment income		8,035
Interest and other financing expenses		3,558
Other expenses		650
Total expenses		4,208
Net investment income		3,827
Net realized gains on investments		599
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments		4,281
Net increase in members' capital	\$	8,707

<sup>(1)</sup> For the year ended December 31, 2016, amounts reported relate to the period from April 12, 2016 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company earned approximately \$3,533 of dividend income related to SLP II, which is included in dividend income. As of December 31, 2016,

### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

approximately \$2,382 of dividend income related to SLP II was included in interest and dividend receivable.

The Company has determined that SLP II is an investment company under ASC 946, however, in accordance with such guidance the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a wholly-owned investment company subsidiary. Furthermore, Accounting Standards Codification Topic 810, *Consolidation*, concludes that in a joint venture where both members have equal decision making authority, it is not appropriate for one member to consolidate the joint venture since neither has control. Accordingly, the Company does not consolidate SLP II.

# UniTek Global Services, Inc.

UniTek Global Services, Inc. ("UniTek") is a full service provider of technical services to customers in the wireless telecommunications, public safety, satellite television and broadband cable industries in the U.S. and Canada. UniTek's customers are primarily satellite television, broadband cable and other telecommunications companies, their contractors, and municipalities and related agencies. UniTek's customers utilize its services to build and maintain their infrastructure and networks and to provide residential and commercial fulfillment services, which is critical to their ability to deliver voice, video and data services to end users.

Below is certain summarized financial information for UniTek:

	Decen	ibel 31, 2010	Decei	ilber 51, 2015
Balance Sheet:				
Current assets	\$	94,499	\$	78,202
Noncurrent assets		114,116		125,241
Total assets	\$	208,615	\$	203,443
Current liabilities		47,105		36,167
Noncurrent liabilities		113,781		123,361
Total liabilities	\$	160,886	\$	159,528
Total equity	\$	47,729	\$	43,915

December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015

	Years Ended December 31							
Summary of Operations:	2016 2015 2014							
Net sales	\$ 286,748 \$ 269,893 \$ 334,139							
Cost of goods sold	224,800 218,331 291,672							
Gross profit	61,948 51,562 42,467							
Other expenses	58,965 58,863 116,612							
Net income (loss) from continuing operations before extraordinary items	2,983 (7,301) (74,145							
Net income (loss)	\$    2,983   \$   (7,301)  \$  (74,145							

#### December 31, 2016

# (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 3. Investments (Continued)

Investment risk factors — First and second lien debt that the Company invests in is entirely, or almost entirely, rated below investment grade or may be unrated. Debt investments rated below investment grade are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. These debt investments are considered speculative because of the credit risk of the issuers. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce the net asset value and income distributions of the Company. In addition, some of the Company's debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. First and second lien debt may also lose significant market value before a default cocurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these first and second lien debt investments. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value the debt.

Subordinated debt is generally subject to similar risks as those associated with first and second lien debt, except that such debt is subordinated in payment and /or lower in lien priority. Subordinated debt is subject to the additional risk that the cash flow of the borrower and the property securing the debt, if any, may be insufficient to meet scheduled payments after giving effect to the senior secured and unsecured obligations of the borrower.

The Company may directly invest in the equity of private companies or, in some cases, equity investments could be made in connection with a debt investment. Equity investments may or may not fluctuate in value resulting in recognized realized gains or losses upon disposition.

# Note 4. Fair Value

Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the inputs to valuation techniques used in measuring investments at fair value. The hierarchy classifies the inputs used in measuring fair value into three levels as follows:

Level I — Quoted prices (unadjusted) are available in active markets for identical investments and the Company has the ability to access such quotes as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level I include active exchange-traded equity securities and exchange-traded derivatives. As required by ASC 820, the Company, to the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these investments, even in situations where the Company holds a large position and a sale could reasonably impact the quoted price.

Level II — Pricing inputs are observable for the investments, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level I. Level II inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets (examples include corporate and municipal bonds, which trade infrequently);
- Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (examples include most over-the-counter derivatives, including foreign exchange forward contracts); and
- Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level III — Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels. In all instances when the inputs fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. As such, a Level III fair value measurement may include inputs that are both observable and unobservable. Gains and losses for such assets categorized within the Level III table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs and unobservable inputs.

The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by management and consideration of factors specific to each investment. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in the transfer of certain investments within the fair value hierarchy from period to period. Reclassifications impacting the fair value hierarchy are reported as transfers in/out of the respective leveling categories as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occur.

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Company's portfolio investments fall into as of December 31, 2016:

	 Total	Le	vel I	_	Level II	 Level III
First lien	\$ 700,580	\$	_	\$	169,979	\$ 530,601
Second lien	604,203		—		280,026	324,177
Subordinated	66,559		—		41,906	24,653
Equity and other	 187,475		28		_	 187,447
Total investments	\$ 1,558,817	\$	28	\$	491,911	\$ 1,066,878

# December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The following table summarizes the levels in the fair value hierarchy that the Company's portfolio investments fall into as of December 31, 2015:

	Total	Level I	Level II	Level III
First lien	\$ 670,023	\$ —	\$ 329,133	\$ 340,890
Second lien	631,985		449,227	182,758
Subordinated	87,005		33,546	53,459
Equity and other	123,211	316	15	122,880
Total investments	\$ 1,512,224	\$ 316	\$ 811,921	\$ 699,987

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the year ended December 31, 2016, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Company at December 31, 2016:

	T(	otal	First Lien	S	Second Lien	Suboro	dinated	a	quity and ther
Fair value, December 31, 2015	\$ 69	99,987	\$ 340,890	\$	182,758	\$	53,459	\$12	2,880
Total gains or losses included in earnings:									
Net realized gains (losses) on investments		2,259	(482)		113		119		2,509
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments		9,491	16,016		(16,049)		1,802		7,722
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and revolver									
fundings <sup>(1)</sup>	41	11,500	157,164		140,089		4,273	10	9,974
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments <sup>(1)</sup>	(20	03,431)	(102,308)		(10,469)		(35,000)	(5	5,654)
Transfers into Level III <sup>(2)</sup>	15	56,122	119,321		36,785		_		16
Transfers out of Level III <sup>(2)</sup>		(9,050)	_		(9,050)		_		_
Fair value, December 31, 2016	\$ 1,06	6,878	\$ 530,601	\$ 3	324,177	\$	24,653	\$18	7,447
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the Company at the end of the period:	\$	7,657	\$ 13,205	\$	(16,049)	\$	1,351	\$	9,150

(1) Includes reorganizations and restructurings.

(2) As of December 31, 2016, the portfolio investments were transferred into Level III from Level II and out of Level III into Level II at fair value as of the beginning of the period in which the reclassifications occurred.

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value of Level III portfolio investments for the year ended December 31, 2015, as well as the portion of appreciation (depreciation) included in income attributable to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) related to those assets and liabilities still held by the Company at December 31, 2015:

		Total	First Lien	 Second Lien	Subor	dinated	Equity and other
Fair value, December 31, 2014	\$ 4	419,681	\$ 169,180	\$ 134,406	\$	35,470	\$ 80,625
Total gains or losses included in earnings:							
Net realized (losses) gains on investments		(12,730)	(10,895)	(14,542)		—	12,707
Net change in unrealized appreciation(depreciation) of investments		12,348	7,048	6,575		(4,797)	3,522
Purchases, including capitalized PIK and revolver							
fundings	4	418,208	237,731	116,135		23,709	40,633
Proceeds from sales and paydowns of investments	(2	205,103)	(84,346)	(105,227)		(923)	(14,607)
Transfers into Level III <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		95,190	49,779	45,411		_	_
Transfers out of Level III <sup>(1)</sup>		(27,607)	(27,607)	_		_	_
Fair value, December 31, 2015	\$6	699,987	\$ 340,890	\$ 182,758	\$	53,459	\$122,880
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation for the period relating to those Level III assets that were still held by the Company at the end of the period:	\$	(999)	\$ (4,332)	\$ (7,384)	\$	(4,797)	\$ 15,514

(1) Includes reorganizations and restructurings.

(2) As of December 31, 2015, the portfolio investments were transferred into Level III from Level II or Level I and out of Level III into Level II at fair value as of the beginning of the quarter in which the reclassifications occurred.

Except as noted in the tables above, there were no other transfers in or out of Level I, II, or III during the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. Transfers into Level III occur as quotations obtained through pricing services are not deemed representative of fair value as of the balance sheet date and such assets are internally valued. As quotations obtained through pricing services are substantiated through additional market sources, investments are transferred out of Level III. In addition, transfers out of Level III and transfers into Level III occur based on the increase or decrease in the availability of certain observable inputs.

The Company invests in revolving credit facilities. These investments are categorized as Level III investments as these assets are not actively traded and their fair values are often implied by the term loans of the respective portfolio companies.

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The Company generally uses the following framework when determining the fair value of investments where there are little, if any, market activity or observable pricing inputs. The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing debt investments utilizing an income approach. Additional consideration is given using a market based approach, as well as reviewing the overall underlying portfolio company's performance and associated financial risks. The following outlines additional details on the approaches considered:

**Company Performance, Financial Review, and Analysis:** Prior to investment, as part of its due diligence process, the Company evaluates the overall performance and financial stability of the portfolio company. Post investment, the Company analyzes each portfolio company's current operating performance and relevant financial trends versus prior year and budgeted results, including, but not limited to, factors affecting its revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") growth, margin trends, liquidity position, covenant compliance and changes to its capital structure. The Company also attempts to identify and subsequently track any developments at the portfolio company, within its customer or vendor base or within the industry or the macroeconomic environment, generally, that may alter any material element of its original investment thesis. This analysis is specific to each portfolio company. The Company leverages the knowledge gained from its original due diligence process, augmented by this subsequent monitoring, to continually refine its outlook for each of its portfolio companies and ultimately form the valuation of its investment in each portfolio company. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent sale occurs, the Company will consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate the private valuation.

For debt investments, the Company may employ the Market Based Approach (as described below) to assess the total enterprise value of the portfolio company, in order to evaluate the enterprise value coverage of the Company's debt investment. For equity investments or in cases where the Market Based Approach implies a lack of enterprise value coverage for the debt investment, the Company may additionally employ a discounted cash flow analysis based on the free cash flows of the portfolio company to assess the total enterprise value.

After enterprise value coverage is demonstrated for the Company's debt investments through the method(s) above, the Income Based Approach (as described below) may be employed to estimate the fair value of the investment.

*Market Based Approach:* The Company may estimate the total enterprise value of each portfolio company by utilizing market value cash flow (EBITDA) multiples of publicly traded comparable companies and comparable transactions. The Company considers numerous factors when selecting the appropriate companies whose trading multiples are used to value its portfolio companies. These factors include, but are not limited to, the type of organization, similarity to the business being valued, and relevant risk factors, as well as size, profitability and growth expectations. The Company may apply an average of various relevant comparable company EBITDA multiples to the portfolio company's latest twelve month ("LTM") EBITDA or projected EBITDA to calculate the enterprise value of the portfolio company. Significant increases or decreases in the EBITDA multiple will result in an increase or decrease in enterprise value, which

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

may result in an increase or decrease in the fair value estimate of the investment. In applying the market based approach as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company used the relevant EBITDA multiple ranges set forth in the table below to determine the enterprise value of its portfolio companies. The Company believes this was a reasonable range in light of current comparable company trading levels and the specific portfolio companies involved.

*Income Based Approach:* The Company also may use a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the investment. Projected cash flows represent the relevant security's contractual interest, fee and principal payments plus the assumption of full principal recovery at the investment's expected maturity date. These cash flows are discounted at a rate established utilizing a yield calibration approach, which incorporates changes in the credit quality (as measured by relevant statistics) of the portfolio company, as compared to changes in the yield associated with comparable credit quality market indices, between the date of origination and the valuation date. Significant increases or decreases in the discount rate would result in a decrease or increase in the fair value measurement. In applying the income based approach as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company used the discount ranges set forth in the table below to value investments in its portfolio companies.

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# (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level III investments as of December 31, 2016 were as follows:

					Range	e
Туре	Fair Value as of December 31, 2016	Approach	Unobservable Input	Low	High	Weighted Average
First lien	\$ 417,464	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	2.0x	15.0x	10.2x
i list liefi	ψ -17,-04	Market & meone approach	Revenue multiple	0.5x	8.0x	3.0x
			Discount rate	7.2%		9.7%
	86,801	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	26,336	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Second lien	191,419	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	5.3x	16.0x	11.7x
			Discount rate	8.7%	13.0%	11.3%
	96,315	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	36,443	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subordinated	24,653	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	4.5x	8.5x	7.1x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	1.0x	0.8x
			Discount rate	8.7%	15.8%	13.6%
Equity and other	158,947	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple	2.5x	13.0x	5.9x
			Revenue multiple	0.5x	1.0x	0.8x
			Discount rate	8.0%	18.9%	14.5%
	1,498	Black Scholes analysis	Expected life in years	8.8	9.3	9.1
			Volatility	32.2%	43.8%	36.4%
			Discount rate	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
	2	Market quote	Broker quote	N/A	N/A	N/A
	27,000	Other	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A
	\$ 1,066,878					

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value was determined based on transaction pricing or recent acquisition or sale as the best measure of fair value with no material changes in operations of the related portfolio company since the transaction date.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

The unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level III investments as of December 31, 2015 were as follows:

					nge	
Туре	Fair Value as of December 31, 2015	Approach	Unobservable Input	Low	High	Weighted Average
First lien	\$ 292,507 30,719 17,664	Market & income approach Market quote Other	EBITDA multiple Discount rate Broker quote N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	4.5x 7.3% N/A N/A	15.5x 13.9% N/A N/A	10.0x 11.0% N/A N/A
Second lien	88,977 41,544 52,237	Market & income approach Market quote Other	EBITDA multiple Discount rate Broker quote N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	6.5x 10.0% N/A N/A	16.0x 14.2% N/A N/A	12.3x 12.7% N/A N/A
Subordinated	38,459 15,000	Market & income approach Other	EBITDA multiple Discount rate N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	4.5x 10.0% N/A	9.0x 19.4% N/A	7.6x 17.7% N/A
Equity and other	121,453	Market & income approach	EBITDA multiple Discount rate Expected life in	2.5x 8.0%	12.0x 21.3%	6.3x 14.6%
	1,427	Black Scholes analysis	years Volatility Discount rate	9.8 27.0% 2.1%	10.3 30.3% 2.1%	10 28.9% 2.1%

(1) Fair value was determined based on transaction pricing or recent acquisition or sale as the best measure of fair value with no material changes in operations of the related portfolio company since the transaction date.

Based on a comparison to similar BDC credit facilities, the terms and conditions of the Holdings Credit Facility and the NMFC Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*) are representative of market. The carrying values of the Holdings Credit Facility and NMFC Credit Facility approximate fair value as of December 31, 2016, as the facilities are continually monitored and examined by both the borrower and the lender. The carrying value of the SBA-guaranteed debentures approximate fair value as of December 31, 2016 based on a comparison of market interest rates for the Company's borrowings and similar entities. On September 30, 2016, additional Unsecured Notes (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*) were issued and, as such, the carrying value approximates fair value as of December 31, 2016. The fair value of the Holdings Credit Facility, NMFC Credit Facility, SBA-guaranteed debentures and Unsecured Notes are considered Level III. The fair value of the Convertible Notes (as defined in Note 7. *Borrowings*) as of December 31, 2016 was \$159,034, which was based on quoted prices and considered Level II. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details. The carrying value of the collateralized agreement approximates fair value as of December 31, 2016 and is considered Level III. The fair value of other financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying value based on the short-term nature of these items.

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 4. Fair Value (Continued)

*Fair value risk factors* — The Company seeks investment opportunities that offer the possibility of attaining substantial capital appreciation. Certain events particular to each industry in which the Company's portfolio companies conduct their operations, as well as general economic and political conditions, may have a significant negative impact on the operations and profitability of the Company's investments and/or on the fair value of the Company's investments. The Company's investments are subject to the risk of non-payment of scheduled interest or principal, resulting in a reduction in income to the Company and their corresponding fair valuations. Also, there may be risk associated with the concentration of investments in one geographic region or in certain industries. These events are beyond the control of the Company and cannot be predicted. Furthermore, the ability to liquidate investments and realize value is subject to uncertainties.

### Note 5. Agreements

NMF Holdings entered into an investment advisory and management agreement, as amended and restated with the Investment Adviser on May 19, 2011. Until May 8, 2014, under the investment advisory and management agreement, the Investment Adviser managed the day-to-day operations of, and provided investment advisory services to, NMF Holdings. For providing these services, the Investment Adviser received a fee from NMF Holdings, consisting of two components—a base management fee and an incentive fee.

On May 6, 2014, the stockholders of NMFC approved a new investment advisory and management agreement (the "Investment Management Agreement") with the Investment Adviser which became effective on May 8, 2014 and was most recently re-approved by the Company's board of directors on February 8, 2017. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Investment Adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory services to, the Company. For providing these services, the Investment Adviser receives a fee from the Company, consisting of two components—a base management fee and an incentive fee.

Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, the base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of the Company's gross assets, which equals the Company's total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility (as defined in Note 7, *Borrowings*) and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of the Company's gross assets, which equals the Company's total assets, as determined in accordance with GAAP, less the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. The Company has not invested, and currently is not invested, in derivatives. To the extent the Company invests in derivatives in the future, the Company will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating its base management fee.

Since the IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to the Company's existing credit facilities

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014 (as defined in Note 7, *Borrowings*). Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since the IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility, which as of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was approximately \$297,323, \$304,899 and \$313,455, respectively. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. For the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, management fees waived were approximately \$4,824, \$5,219 and \$686, respectively.

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of the Company's "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature. "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees (other than fees for providing managerial assistance), such as commitment, origination, structuring, upfront, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that the Company receives from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, expenses payable under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"), with the Administrator, and any interest expense and distributions paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock (of which there are none as of December 31, 2016), but excluding the incentive fee). Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with PIK interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company has not yet received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital lappreciation or depreciation.

Under GAAP, NMFC's IPO did not step-up the cost basis of the Predecessor Operating Company's existing investments to fair market value at the IPO date. Since the total value of the Predecessor Operating Company's investments at the time of the IPO was greater than the investments' cost basis, a larger amount of amortization of purchase or original issue discount, as well as different amounts in realized gain and unrealized appreciation, may be recognized under GAAP in each period than if the step-up had occurred. This will remain until such predecessor investments are sold, repaid or mature in the future. The Company tracks the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO and, for purposes of the incentive fee calculation, adjusts Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income to reflect the amortization of purchase or original issue discount on the Company's investments as if each investment was purchased at the date of the IPO, or stepped up to fair market value. This is defined as "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income". The Company also uses the transferred (or fair market) value of each of its investments as of the time of the IPO to adjust capital gains ("Adjusted Realized Capital Gains") or losses ("Adjusted Realized Capital Losses") and unrealized capital appreciation ("Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation").

#### December 31, 2016

### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, will be compared to a "hurdle rate" of 2.0% per quarter (8.0% annualized), subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. The hurdle rate is appropriately pro-rated for any partial periods. The calculation of the Company's incentive fee with respect to the Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income for each quarter is as follows:

- No incentive fee is payable to the Investment Adviser in any calendar quarter in which the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income does not exceed the hurdle rate of 2.0% (the "preferred return" or "hurdle").
- 100.0% of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income with respect to that portion of such Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser. This portion of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than or equal to 2.5%) is referred to as the "catch-up". The catch-up provision is intended to provide the Investment Adviser with an incentive fee of 20.0% on all of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter.
- 20.0% of the amount of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income, if any, that exceeds 2.5% in any calendar quarter (10.0% annualized) is payable to the Investment Adviser once the hurdle is reached and the catch-up is achieved.

The second part of the incentive fee will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of the Company's Adjusted Realized Capital Gains, if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year, computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee.

In accordance with GAAP, the Company accrues a hypothetical capital gains incentive fee based upon the cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains and Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and the cumulative net Adjusted Unrealized Capital Appreciation and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on investments held at the end of each period. Actual amounts paid to the Investment Adviser are consistent with the Investment Management Agreement and are based only on actual Adjusted Realized Capital Gains computed net of all Adjusted Realized Capital Losses and Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of each calendar year as if the entire portfolio was sold at fair value.

# December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

# Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The following table summarizes the management fees and incentive fees incurred by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	Years Ended December					er 31,
		2016		2015		2014
Management fee	\$	27,551	\$	25,858	\$	13,593
Management fee allocated from NMF Holdings		_				5,983
Less: management fee waiver		(4,824)		(5,219)		(686)
Total management fee		22,727		20,639	_	18,890
Incentive fee, excluding accrued capital gains incentive fees	\$	22,011	\$	20,591	\$	12,070
Incentive fee, excluding accrued capital gains incentive fees allocated from NMF Holdings		—		_		6,248
Total incentive fee		22,011		20,591		18,318
Accrued capital gains incentive fees <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	_	\$		\$	(8,573)
Accrued capital gains incentive fees allocated from NMF Holdings <sup>(1)</sup>		_		_		2,024
Total accrued capital gains incentive fees		_		_		(6,549)

(1) As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, no actual capital gains incentive fee was owed under the Investment Management Agreement by the Company, as cumulative net Adjusted Realized Capital Gains did not exceed cumulative Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation.

December 31, 2016

(in thousands, except share data)

## Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations below are adjusted as if the step-up in cost basis to fair market value had occurred at the IPO date, May 19, 2011.

The following Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	Dec	ar Ended ember 31, 2016	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Adjusted Year Ended December 31, 2016
Investment income				
Interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	147,425	\$ (65)	\$ 147,360
Dividend income <sup>(2)</sup>		11,200	_	11,200
Other income		9,459		9,459
Total investment income <sup>(3)</sup>		168,084	(65)	168,019
Total expenses pre-incentive fee <sup>(4)</sup>		57,965		57,965
Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income		110,119	(65)	110,054
Incentive fee <sup>(5)</sup>		22,011		22,011
Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income		88,108	(65)	88,043
Net realized losses on investments <sup>(6)</sup>		(16,717)	(151)	(16,868)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments <sup>(6)</sup>		40,131	216	40,347
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities				
purchased under collateralized agreements to resell		(486)	—	(486)
Benefit for taxes		642	_	642
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	111,678		\$ 111,678

(1) Includes \$4,270 in PIK interest from investments.

(2) Includes \$3,178 in PIK dividends from investments.

(3) Includes income from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$725 and management fee waivers of \$4,824.

(5) For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company incurred total incentive fees of \$22,011, of which none was related to the capital gains incentive fee accrual on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

(6) Includes net realized gains and losses on investments and net change in unrealized (deprecation) appreciation of investments from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The following Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2015 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	 ear Ended cember 31, 2015	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Adjusted Year Ended December 31, 2015
Investment income			
Interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 140,074	\$ (131)	\$ 139,943
Dividend income <sup>(2)</sup>	5,771	_	5,771
Other income	 8,010		8,010
Total investment income <sup>(3)</sup>	 153,855	(131)	153,724
Total expenses pre-incentive fee <sup>(4)</sup>	 50,769		50,769
Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	103,086	(131)	102,955
Incentive fee <sup>(5)</sup>	 20,591		20,591
Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	82,495	(131)	82,364
Net realized losses on investments <sup>(6)</sup>	(12,789)	(78)	(12,867)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments <sup>(6)</sup>	(35,272)	209	(35,063)
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities			
purchased under collateralized agreements to resell	(296)	_	(296)
Provision for taxes	 (1,183)	_	(1,183)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 32,955		\$ 32,955

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$3,942 in PIK interest from investments.

(2) Includes \$2,559 in PIK dividends from investments

(3) Includes income from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$733 and management fee waivers of \$5,219.

(5) For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company incurred total incentive fees of \$20,591, of which none was related to the capital gains incentive fee accrual on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

(6) Includes net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments, non-controlled/affiliated investments and controlled investments.

## December 31, 2016

## (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The following Consolidated Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 is adjusted to reflect this step-up to fair market value.

	 ear Ended cember 31, 2014	Stepped-up Cost Basis Adjustments	Adjusted Year Ended December 31, 2014
Investment income			
Interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 85,123	\$ (193)	\$ 84,930
Dividend income	2,309		2,309
Other income	4,491	_	4,491
Investment income allocated from NMF Holdings			
Interest income <sup>(1)</sup>	40,515	_	40,515
Dividend income	2,368	_	2,368
Other income	 795		795
Total investment income <sup>(2)</sup>	 135,601	(193)	135,408
Total expenses pre-incentive fee <sup>(3)</sup>	 43,766		43,766
Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	 91,835	(193)	91,642
Incentive fee <sup>(4)</sup>	 11,769		11,769
Post-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income	80,066	(193)	79,873
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	357	(456)	(99)
Net realized gains on investment allocated from NMF Holdings	8,568	_	8,568
Net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments <sup>(5)</sup>	(43,863)	649	(43,214)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments			
allocated from NMF Holdings	940	—	940
Provision for taxes	 (493)	_	(493)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 45,575		<u>\$ 45,575</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$4,644 in PIK interest from investments.

(2) Includes income from non-controlled/non-affiliated investments.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes expense waivers and reimbursements of \$1,145 and management fee waivers of \$686.

<sup>(4)</sup> For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company and the Predecessor Operating Company incurred total incentive fees of \$11,769, of which \$(6,549) is related to a decrease of the capital gains incentive fee accrual on a hypothetical liquidation basis.

(5) Includes net change in unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of investments from non-controlled/non-affiliated and non-controlled/affiliated investments.

## December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The Company has entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator under which the Administrator provides administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees the performance of, the Company's consolidated financial records, prepares reports filed with the SEC, generally monitors the payment of the Company's expenses and watches the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. The Company will reimburse the Administrator for the Company's allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to the Company under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement and further restricted by the Company, expenses payable to the Administrator by the Company as well as other direct and indirect expenses (excluding interest, other financing expenses, trading expenses and management and incentive fees) had been capped at \$4,250 for the time period from April 1, 2013 to March 31, 2014. The expense cap expired on March 31, 2014. Thereafter, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to the Company for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on behalf of the Company during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which the Company will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to the Company for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of the expense burden of the Company in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived. For the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, approximately \$1,641, \$1,431 and \$1,395, respectively, of indirect administrative expenses were included in administrative expenses of which \$725, \$733 and \$770, respectively, of indirect administrative expenses were waived by the Administrator. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$0 and \$374, respectively, of indirect administrative expenses were included in payable to affiliates as the expenses were payable to the Administrator.

The Company incurred the following expenses, which were waived by the Administrator or were in excess of the expense cap, for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

		'ears En ecembe	
	2016	2015	2014
Administrative expenses	\$ 725	\$ 733	\$ 380
Administrative expenses allocated from NMF Holdings	—	_	390
Professional fees	_	_	
Professional fees allocated from NMF Holdings	—		375
Total expense reimbursement	\$ 725	\$ 733	\$ 1,145

As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, no expense waivers and reimbursements were receivable from an affiliate.

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#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 5. Agreements (Continued)

The Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have also entered into a Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the "New Mountain" and the "New Mountain Finance" names. Under the Trademark License Agreement, as amended, subject to certain conditions, the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have a right to use the "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance" names, for so long as the Investment Adviser or one of its affiliates remains the investment adviser of the Company. Other than with respect to this limited license, the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator will have no legal right to the "New Mountain" or the "New Mountain Finance" names.

#### Note 6. Related Parties

The Company has entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties.

The Company has entered into the Investment Management Agreement with the Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. Therefore, New Mountain Capital is entitled to any profits earned by the Investment Adviser, which includes any fees payable to the Investment Adviser under the terms of the Investment Management Agreement, less expenses incurred by the Investment Adviser in performing its services under the Investment Management Agreement.

The Company has entered into an Administration Agreement with the Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. The Administrator arranges office space for the Company and provides office equipment and administrative services necessary to conduct their respective day-today operations pursuant to the Administration Agreement. The Company reimburses the Administrator for the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations to the Company under the Administration Agreement which includes the fees and expenses associated with performing administrative, finance and compliance functions, and the compensation of the Company's chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs.

The Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator have entered into a royalty-free Trademark License Agreement, as amended, with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant the Company, the Investment Adviser and the Administrator, a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance".

The Company has adopted a formal code of ethics that governs the conduct of its officers and directors. These officers and directors also remain subject to the duties imposed by the 1940 Act, the Delaware General Corporation Law and the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act.

The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may also manage other funds in the future that may have investment mandates that are similar, in whole and in part, to the Company's investment mandates. The Investment Adviser and its affiliates may determine that an investment is appropriate for the Company or for one or more of those other funds. In such event, depending on the

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 6. Related Parties (Continued)

availability of such investment and other appropriate factors, the Investment Adviser or its affiliates may determine that the Company should invest side-by-side with one or more other funds. Any such investments will be made only to the extent permitted by applicable law and interpretive positions of the SEC and its staff and consistent with the Investment Adviser's allocation procedures. On September 12, 2016, the Company filed an exemptive application with the SEC to permit the Company to co-invest with funds or entities managed by the Investment Adviser or its affiliates in certain negotiated transactions where co-investing would otherwise be prohibited under the 1940 Act. Any such order, if granted by the SEC, will be subject to certain terms and conditions. Furthermore, there is no assurance when, or if, this application for exemptive relief will be granted by the SEC.

## Note 7. Borrowings

Holdings Credit Facility — On December 18, 2014 the Company entered into the Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Holdings Credit Facility"), among the Company, as the Collateral Manager, NMF Holdings as the Borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Lender and Collateral Custodian, which is structured as a revolving credit facility and matures on December 18, 2019.

Immediately prior to amending the Holdings Credit Facility, NMF SLF merged with and into NMF Holdings. The Holdings Credit Facility effectively amended and restated the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility (as defined below), merged with the SLF Credit Facility (as defined below), and combined the amount of borrowings previously available.

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility is \$495,000, which is the aggregate of the \$280,000 previously available under the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility (as defined below) and the \$215,000 previously available under the SLF Credit Facility (as defined below). Under the Holdings Credit Facility, NMF Holdings is permitted to borrow up to 25.0%, 45.0% or 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged assets, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Securities, LLC. The Holdings Credit Facility is non-recourse to the Company and is collateralized by all of the investments of NMF Holdings on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Holdings Credit Facility are capitalized on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the Holdings Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. The covenants are generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF Holdings investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Holdings Credit Facility bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum for all other investments. Previously, the Holdings Credit Facility bore interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for Broadly Syndicated Loans (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement) and LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum for all other investments. The



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## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

Holdings Credit Facility also charges a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement).

Prior to December 18, 2014, the Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated May 19, 2011 (the "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility") among NMF Holdings as the Borrower and Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, was structured as a revolving credit facility and would mature on October 27, 2016.

The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility was \$280,000. Until December 18, 2014, NMF Holdings was permitted to borrow up to 45.0% or 25.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien or non-first lien debt securities, respectively, and up to 70.0% and 45.0% of the purchase price of specified first lien debt securities and specified non-first lien debt securities, respectively, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association. The Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility was amended and restated on May 6, 2014 and as a result, it was non-recourse to the Company and was collateralized by all of the investments of NMF Holdings on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility were capitalized on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility. The Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility contained certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. In addition, the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility required the Company to maintain a minimum asset coverage ratio. However, the covenants were generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF Holdings' investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies.

The Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility bore interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum and charged a non-usage fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement).

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred, together, on the Holdings Credit Facility and the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	 Years Ended December 31, 2016 2015 2014 9 0.546 9 10.512 9 7.147						
	 2016	_	2015		2014		
Interest expense	\$ 9,546	\$	10,512	\$	7,147		
Non-usage fee	\$ 772	\$	500	\$	243		
Amortization of financing costs	\$ 1,615	\$	1,612	\$	893		
Weighted average interest rate	2.8%		2.6%		2.9%		
Effective interest rate	3.5%		3.2%		3.4%		
Average debt outstanding	\$ 341,055	\$	394,945	\$	244,598		

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#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance on the Holdings Credit Facility was \$333,513, \$419,313 and \$468,108, respectively, and NMF Holdings was in compliance with the applicable covenants in the Holdings Credit Facility on such dates.

SLF Credit Facility — NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement, as amended and restated, dated October 27, 2010 (the "SLF Credit Facility") among NMF SLF as the Borrower, NMF Holdings as the Collateral Administrator, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as the Collateral Custodian, was structured as a revolving credit facility and was set to mature on October 27, 2016. The maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the SLF Credit Facility was \$215,000. The SLF Credit Facility was non-recourse to the Company and secured by all assets of NMF SLF on an investment by investment basis. All fees associated with the origination or upsizing of the SLF Credit Facility were capitalized on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility contained certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control. The covenants were generally not tied to mark to market fluctuations in the prices of NMF SLF's investments, but rather to the performance of the underlying portfolio companies. NMF SLF was not restricted from the purchase or sale of loans with an affiliate. Therefore, specified loans could be moved as collateral between the Holdings Credit Facility and the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility merged with the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014.

Until December 18, 2014, the SLF Credit Facility permitted borrowings of up to 70.0% of the purchase price of pledged first lien debt securities and up to 25.0% of the purchase price of specified second lien loans, of which, up to 25.0% of the aggregate outstanding loan balance of all pledged debt securities in the SLF Credit Facility was allowed to be derived from second lien loans, subject to approval by Wells Fargo Bank, National Association.

The SLF Credit Facility bore interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.00% per annum for first lien loans and LIBOR plus 2.75% per annum for second lien loans. A non-usage fee was paid, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by the Non-Usage Fee Rate (as defined in the Loan and Security Agreement).

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred on the SLF Credit Facility for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	 Years Ended December 31,							
	2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	2015 <sup>(1)</sup>	2014 <sup>(2)</sup>					
Interest expense	\$ — \$	— \$	4,549					
Non-usage fee	\$ — \$	— \$	28					
Amortization of financing costs	\$ — \$	— \$	846					
Weighted average interest rate	—%	—%	2.2%					
Effective interest rate	—%	—%	2.6%					
Average debt outstanding	\$ — \$	— \$	209,333					

<sup>(1)</sup> Not applicable, as the SLF Credit Facility merged with and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014.

(2) For the year ended December 31, 2014, amounts reported relate to the period from January 1, 2014 to December 17, 2014 (date of merger).

As of December 31, 2014, the SLF Credit Facility had merged with the Holdings Credit Facility.

*NMFC Credit Facility* — The Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, as amended, dated June 4, 2014 (together with the related guarantee and security agreement, the "NMFC Credit Facility"), among the Company as the Borrower, Goldman Sachs Bank USA as the Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust as Lenders, is structured as a senior secured revolving credit facility and matures on June 4, 2019. The NMFC Credit Facility is guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries of the Company and proceeds from the NMFC Credit Facility may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

As of December 31, 2016, the maximum amount of revolving borrowings available under the NMFC Credit Facility was \$122,500. The Company is permitted to borrow at various advance rates depending on the type of portfolio investment, as outlined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement. All fees associated with the origination of the NMFC Credit Facility are capitalized on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities and charged against income as other financing expenses over the life of the NMFC Credit Facility. The NMFC Credit Facility contains certain customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default, including certain financial covenants related to asset coverage and liquidity and other maintenance covenants.

The NMFC Credit Facility generally bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.50% per annum or the prime rate plus 1.50% per annum, and charges a commitment fee, based on the unused facility amount multiplied by 0.375% per annum (as defined in the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement).

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## (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The following table summarizes the interest expense, non-usage fees and amortization of financing costs incurred on the NMFC Credit Facility for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	Years Ended December 31,						
	2016			2015		2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	
Interest expense	\$	2,011	\$	1,653	\$	175	
Non-usage fee	\$	183	\$	104	\$	86	
Amortization of financing costs	\$	378	\$	360	\$	121	
Weighted average interest rate		3.0%		2.7%		2.7%	
Effective interest rate		3.8%		3.5%		3.4%	
Average debt outstanding	\$	66,876	\$	60,477	\$	11,227	

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2014, amounts reported relate to the period from June 4, 2014 (commencement of the NMFC Credit Facility) to December 31, 2014.

As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance on the NMFC Credit Facility was \$10,000, \$90,000 and \$50,000, respectively, and NMFC was in compliance with the applicable covenants in the NMFC Credit Facility on such dates.

**Convertible Notes** — On June 3, 2014, the Company closed a private offering of \$115,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes (the "Convertible Notes"), pursuant to an indenture, dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"). The Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). As of the first anniversary, June 3, 2015, of the Convertible Notes, the restrictions under Rule 144A under the Securities Act were removed, allowing the Convertible Notes to be eligible and freely tradable without restrictions for resale pursuant to Rule 144(b)(1) under the Securities Act. On September 30, 2016, the Company closed a public offering of an additional \$40,250 aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes. These additional Convertible Notes to a further issuance of, rank equally in right of payment with, and form a single series with the \$115,000 aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes that the Company issued on June 3, 2014.

The Convertible Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.0%, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, which commenced on December 15, 2014. The Convertible Notes will mature on June 15, 2019 unless earlier converted or repurchased at the holder's option.

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#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The following table summarizes certain key terms related to the convertible features of the Company's Convertible Notes as of December 31, 2016.

	Decen	nber 31, 2016
Initial conversion premium		12.5%
Initial conversion rate <sup>(1)</sup>		62.7746
Initial conversion price	\$	15.93
Conversion premium at December 31, 2016		11.7%
Conversion rate at December 31, 2016 <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		63.2794
Conversion price at December 31, $2016^{(2)(3)}$	\$	15.80
Last conversion price calculation date		June 3, 2016

(1) Conversion rates denominated in shares of common stock per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes converted.

(2) Represents conversion rate and conversion price, as applicable, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.

(3) The conversion price in effect at December 31, 2016 was calculated on the last anniversary of the issuance and will be calculated again on the next anniversary, unless the exercise price shall have changed by more than 1.0% before the anniversary.

The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment upon certain events, such as stock splits and combinations, mergers, spin-offs, increases in dividends in excess of \$0.34 per share per quarter and certain changes in control. Certain of these adjustments, including adjustments for increases in dividends, are subject to a conversion price floor of \$14.05 per share. In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 71.1893 per \$1 principal amount of the Convertible Notes. The Company has determined that the embedded conversion option in the Convertible Notes is not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under GAAP.

The Convertible Notes are unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to the Company's existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Notes; equal in right of payment to the Company's existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of the Company's secured indebtedness (including existing unsecured indebtedness that the Company later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company's subsidiaries and financing vehicles. As reflected in Note 12. *Earnings Per Share*, the issuance is considered part of the if-converted method for calculation of diluted earnings per share.

The Company may not redeem the Convertible Notes prior to maturity. No sinking fund is provided for the Convertible Notes. In addition, if certain corporate events occur, holders of the Convertible Notes may require the Company to repurchase for cash all or part of their Convertible Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest through, but excluding, the repurchase date.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to provide financial information to the holders of the Convertible Note and the Trustee if the Company ceases to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the Indenture.

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the Convertible Notes for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	 Years Ended December 31,								
	 2016		2015		2014 <sup>(1)</sup>				
Interest expense	\$ 6,259	\$	5,750	\$	3,322				
Amortization of financing costs	\$ 859	\$	743	\$	432				
Amortization of premium	\$ (28)	\$	_	\$	_				
Effective interest rate	5.7%		5.6%		5.6%				
Average debt outstanding	\$ 125,227	\$	115,000	\$	115,000				

<sup>(1)</sup> For the year ended December 31, 2014, amounts reported relate to the period from June 3, 2014 (issuance of the Convertible Notes) to December 31, 2014.

As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance on the Convertible Notes was \$155,250, \$115,000 and \$115,000, respectively, and NMFC was in compliance with the terms of the Indenture on such dates.

Unsecured Notes — On May 6, 2016, the Company issued \$50,000 in aggregate principal amount of five-year unsecured notes that mature on May 15, 2021 (the "Unsecured Notes"), pursuant to a note purchase agreement, dated May 4, 2016, to an institutional investor in a private placement. On September 30, 2016, the Company entered into an amended and restated note purchase agreement (the "NPA") and issued an additional \$40,000 in aggregate principal amount of Unsecured Notes to institutional investors in a private placement. The NPA provides for future issuances of Unsecured Notes in separate series or tranches. The Unsecured Notes are equal in priority with the Company's other unsecured indebtedness, including the Company's Convertible Notes.

The Unsecured Notes bear interest at an annual rate of 5.313%, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year, which commenced on November 15, 2016. This interest rate is subject to increase in the event that: (i) subject to certain exceptions, the Unsecured Notes or the Company cease to have an investment grade rating or (ii) the aggregate amount of the Company's unsecured debt falls below \$150,000. In each such event, the Company has the option to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par, in which case holders of the Unsecured Notes who accept the offer would not receive the increased interest rate. In addition, the Company is obligated to offer to prepay the Unsecured Notes at par if the Investment Adviser, or an affiliate thereof, ceases to be the Company's investment adviser or if certain change in control events occur with respect to the Investment Adviser.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

The NPA contains customary terms and conditions for unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, an option to offer to prepay all or a portion of the Unsecured Notes at par (plus a make-whole amount, if applicable), affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of the Company's status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and a RIC under the Code, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum asset coverage ratio, and prohibitions on certain fundamental changes at the Company or any subsidiary guarantor, as well as customary events of default with customary cure and notice, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness of the Company or certain significant subsidiaries, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy.

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the Unsecured Notes for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

		Years Ended December 31,								
		2016 <sup>(1)</sup>			2014 <sup>(2)</sup>					
Interest expense	\$	2,271	\$		\$					
Amortization of financing costs	\$	202	\$	_	\$	_				
Effective interest rate		5.8%	, D	—%		—%				
Average debt outstanding	\$	65,500	\$	_	\$	_				

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2016, amounts reported relate to the period from May 6, 2016 (issuance of the Unsecured Notes) to December 31,

(2) Not applicable, as the Unsecured Notes were issued on May 6, 2016.

As of December 31, 2016, the outstanding balance on the Unsecured Notes was \$90,000 and the Company was in compliance with the terms of the NPA.

SBA-guaranteed debentures — On August 1, 2014, SBIC LP received an SBIC license from the SBA.

The SBIC license allows SBIC LP to obtain leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment by the SBA and other customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures are non-recourse to the Company, interest only debentures with interest payable semi-annually and have a ten year maturity. The principal amount of SBA-guaranteed debentures is not required to be paid prior to maturity but may be prepaid at any time without penalty. The interest rate of SBA-guaranteed debentures is fixed on a semi-annual basis at a market-driven spread over U.S. Treasury Notes with ten year maturities. The SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to the assets of SBIC LP over the Company's stockholders in the event SBIC LP is liquidated or the SBA exercises remedies upon an event of default.

The maximum amount of borrowings available under current SBA regulations for a single licensee is \$150,000 as long as the licensee has at least \$75,000 in regulatory capital, receives a

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

capital commitment from the SBA and has been through an examination by the SBA subsequent to licensing.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, SBIC LP had regulatory capital of approximately \$75,000 and \$72,402, respectively, and SBAguaranteed debentures outstanding of \$121,745 and \$117,745, respectively. The SBA-guaranteed debentures incur upfront fees of 3.425%, which consists of a 1.00% commitment fee and a 2.425% issuance discount, which are amortized over the life of the SBA-guaranteed debentures.

The following table summarizes the Company's SBA-guaranteed debentures as of December 31, 2016.

		De	ebenture	Interest	SBA Annual
Issuance Date	Maturity Date	Α	mount	Rate	Charge
Fixed SBA-guaranteed debentures:					
March 25, 2015	March 1, 2025	\$	37,500	2.517%	6 0.355%
September 23, 2015	September 1, 2025		37,500	2.829%	6 0.355%
September 23, 2015	September 1, 2025		28,795	2.829%	6 0.742%
March 23, 2016	March 1, 2026		13,950	2.507%	6 0.742%
September 21, 2016	September 1, 2026		4,000	2.051%	6 0.742%
Total SBA-guaranteed debentures		\$	121,745		

Prior to pooling, the SBA-guaranteed debentures bear interest at an interim floating rate of LIBOR plus 0.30%. Once pooled, which occurs in March and September each year, the SBA-guaranteed debentures bear interest at a fixed rate that is set to the current 10-year treasury rate plus a spread at each pooling date.

The following table summarizes the interest expense and amortization of financing costs incurred on the SBA-guaranteed debentures for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

		Years Ended December 31,							
	_	2016	2015			2014 <sup>(1)</sup>			
Interest expense	\$	3,758	\$	1,701	\$	34			
Amortization of financing costs	\$	403	\$	240	\$	12			
Weighted average interest rate		3.1%	,	2.4%	5	0.9%			
Effective interest rate		3.5%	,	2.7%	)	1.3%			
Average debt outstanding	\$	119,819	\$	71,921	\$	29,167			

(1) For the year ended December 31, 2014, amounts reported relate to the period from August 1, 2014 (receipt of the SBIC license) to December 31, 2014. The initial SBA-guaranteed debenture borrowing occurred on November 17, 2014.

The SBIC program is designed to stimulate the flow of private investor capital into eligible small businesses, as defined by the SBA. Under SBA regulations, SBIC LP is subject to regulatory



#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 7. Borrowings (Continued)

requirements, including making investments in SBA-eligible businesses, investing at least 25.0% of its investment capital in eligible smaller businesses, as defined under the 1958 Act, placing certain limitations on the financing terms of investments, regulating the types of financing, prohibiting investments in small businesses with certain characteristics or in certain industries and requiring capitalization thresholds that limit distributions to the Company. SBIC LP is subject to an annual periodic examination by an SBA examiner to determine SBIC LP's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations and an annual financial audit of its financial statements that are prepared on a basis of accounting other than GAAP (such as ASC 820) by an independent auditor. As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, SBIC LP was in compliance with SBA regulatory requirements.

Leverage risk factors — The Company utilizes and may utilize leverage to the maximum extent permitted by the law for investment and other general business purposes. The Company's lenders will have fixed dollar claims on certain assets that are superior to the claims of the Company's common stockholders, and the Company would expect such lenders to seek recovery against these assets in the event of a default. The use of leverage also magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested. Leverage may magnify interest rate risk (particularly on the Company's fixed-rate investments), which is the risk that the prices of portfolio investments will fall or rise if market interest rates for those types of securities rise or fall. As a result, leverage may cause greater changes in the Company's net asset value. Similarly, leverage may cause a sharper decline in the Company's income than if the Company had not borrowed. Such a decline could negatively affect the Company's ability to make dividend payments to its stockholders. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique. The Company's ability to service any debt incurred will depend largely on financial performance and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures.

#### Note 8. Regulation

The Company has elected to be treated, and intends to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. In order to continue to qualify and be subject to tax as a RIC, among other things, the Company is required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90.0% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. The Company, among other things, intends to make and will continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders, which will generally relieve the Company from U.S. federal, state, and local income taxes (excluding excise taxes which may be imposed under the Code).

Additionally, as a BDC, the Company must not acquire any assets other than "qualifying assets" specified in the 1940 Act unless, at the time the acquisition is made, at least 70.0% of its total assets are qualifying assets (with certain limited exceptions). In addition, the Company must offer to make available to all eligible portfolio companies managerial assistance.

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## (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Company may also enter into future funding commitments such as revolving credit facilities, bridge financing commitments or delayed draw commitments. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had unfunded commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$27,915, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments of \$16,368. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had unfunded commitments of \$17,576, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments on revolving credit facilities of \$17,576, no outstanding bridge financing commitments and other future funding commitments on revolving credit facilities and delayed draws are disclosed on the Company's respective Consolidated Schedules of Investments.

The Company also has revolving borrowings available under the Holdings Credit Facility and the NMFC Credit Facility as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. See Note 7. *Borrowings*, for details.

The Company may from time to time enter into financing commitment letters. As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had commitment letters to purchase investments in the aggregate par amount of \$14,818 and \$0, respectively, which could require funding in the future.

As of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had unfunded commitments related to an equity investment in SLP II of \$7,940 and \$0, respectively, which may be funded at the Company's discretion.

## Note 10. Distributions

Differences between taxable income and the results of operations for financial reporting purposes may be permanent or temporary in nature. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statements to reflect their tax character. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes. During the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company's reclassifications of amounts for book purposes arising from permanent book/tax differences related to return of capital distributions were as follows:

	Y	Years Ended December 31,						
		2016	2015	2014				
Undistributed net investment income	\$	(1,435)	\$ 141	\$ (6,171)				
Distributions in excess of net realized gains		(21,572)	_	6,397				
Additional paid-in-capital		23,007	(141)	(226)				

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders of the Company are reported as ordinary income, return of capital, long term capital gains or a combination thereof. The

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 10. Distributions (Continued)

tax character of distributions paid by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were estimated to be as follows:

	Years En	Years Ended December 31,							
	2016	2015	2014						
Ordinary income (non-qualified)	\$ 79,415	\$ 80,967	\$ 73,968						
Ordinary income (qualified)	_	_	664						
Capital gains	_	_	2,754						
Return of capital	9,349	35	226						
Total	\$ 88,764	\$ 81,002	\$ 77,612						

As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the costs of investments for the Company for tax purposes were \$1,602,607, \$1,587,189 and \$1,474,075, respectively.

	Dec	ember 31, 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	D	ecember 31, 2015 <sup>(1)</sup>
Tax cost	\$	1,602,607	\$	1,587,189
Gross unrealized appreciation on investments		42,335		40,294
Gross unrealized depreciation on investments		(56,907)		(85,555)
Total investments at fair value	\$	1,588,035	\$	1,541,928

(1) Includes securities purchased under collateralized agreement to resell.

At December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the components of distributable earnings on a tax basis differ from the amounts reflected per the Company's Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities by temporary book/tax differences primarily arising from differences between the tax and book basis of the Company's investment in securities held directly as well as through the Predecessor Operating Company and undistributed income.

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 10. Distributions (Continued)

As of December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company's components of accumulated earnings (deficit) on a tax basis were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,							
		2016	2015	2014				
Accumulated capital gains (capital loss carryforwards)	\$	(39,517)	\$ (19,081)	\$ —				
Other temporary differences		2,072	2,991	4,775				
Undistributed ordinary income		_	_					
Unrealized (appreciation) depreciation		(26,093)	(57,424)	(30,383) <sup>(1)</sup>				
Total	\$	(63,538)	\$ (73,514)	\$ (25,608)				

(1) Prior to the Restructuring, the Company's only investment was its investment in the Predecessor Operating Company. After the Restructuring, the Company directly holds the Predecessor Operating Company's investments. As a result, included in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation is \$(10,069) of timing differences attributable to deferred offering costs, built-in gains and other book/tax differences impacting the tax basis of the Predecessor Operating Company's investments. These differences were carried over to the Company, as the new operating company, from the Predecessor Operating Company.

The Company is subject to a 4.0% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless the Company distributes, in a timely manner as required by the Code, an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of its net ordinary income earned for the calendar year and (2) 98.2% of its capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in the calendar year. For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company does not expect to incur any excise taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company did not incur any excise taxes.

The following information is hereby provided with respect to distributions declared during the calendar years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	Years Ended December 31,						
(unaudited)		2016	1	2015	20	14	
Distributions per share	\$	1.36	\$	1.36	\$ ´	1.48	
Ordinary dividends		89.46%		99.96%	96	6.16%	
Long-term capital gains		—%		—%	3	3.55%	
Qualified dividend income		—%		%	(	0.89%	
Dividends received deduction		—%		—%		%	
Interest-related dividends <sup>(1)</sup>		89.78%		90.71%	89	9.11%	
Qualified short-term capital gains <sup>(1)</sup>		—%		—%	(	0.47%	
Return of capital		10.54%		0.04%	(	0.29%	

(1) Represents the portion of the taxable ordinary dividends eligible for exemption from U.S. withholding tax for nonresident aliens and foreign corporations.

Dividends and distributions that were reinvested through the Company's dividend reinvestment plan are treated, for tax purposes, as if they had been paid in cash. Therefore, stockholders who participated in the dividend reinvestment plan should also refer to the information as provided in the table above.

## December 31, 2016

## (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 11. Net Assets

The table below illustrates the effect of certain transactions on the net asset accounts of the Company:

	Common		ck Par nount	Treasury Stock at Cost			Accumulated Undistributed Net Investment Income		Accumulated Jndistributed Net Realized Gains (Losses)	Ap	Net Unrealized opreciation epreciation)	Δ	Total Net ssets	
Balance at December 31,		-			_				-	(100000)	_		-	
2013	45,224,755	\$	452	\$ —	\$	633,383	ę	\$ —	\$	5,056	\$	11,216	\$	650,107
lssuances of common stock	12,773,135		128	_		184,698		_		_		_		184,826
Deferred offering costs allocated from New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C.	_		_	_		(250)		_		_		_		(250)
Deferred offering costs			_			(476)				_		_		(476)
Distributions declared	_		_	_				(71,365)		(6,247)		_		(77,612)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	_		_	_		_		80,066		8,925		(43,416)		45,575
Tax reclassifications related to return of capital distributions										·		(40,410)		-0,010
(See Note 10)						(226)	-	(6,171)	_	6,397			_	
Balance at December 31, 2014 Issuances of common	57,997,890	\$	580	\$ —	\$	817,129	ę	\$ 2,530	\$	14,131	\$	(32,200)	\$	802,170
stock Deferred offering costs	6,007,497		60	_		83,010 (285)		_		_		_		83,070 (285)
Distributions declared			_			(200)		(81,002)		_		_		(81,002)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	_		_	_		_		82,495		(12,789)		(36,751)		32,955
Tax reclassifications related to return of capital distributions														
(See Note 10)		_			_	(141)	-	141	_				_	_
Balance at December 31, 2015 Issuances of common	64,005,387	\$	640	\$ —	\$	899,713	ç	\$ 4,164	\$	1,342	\$	(68,951)	\$	836,908
stock	5,750,000		58	_		79,005		_		_		_		79,063
Repurchases of common stock	(248,499)		_	(2,948)		_		_		_		_		(2,948)
Reissuance of common stock	210,926		_	2,488		465		_		_		_		2,953
Deferred offering costs	—		—	_		(328)				_		—		(328)
Distributions declared	—		—	—		—		(88,764)		—		—		(88,764)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	_		_	_		_		88,108		(16,717)		40,287		111,678
Tax reclassifications related to return of capital distributions												-,		,
(See Note 10)		_			_	23,007		(1,435)	_	(21,572)			_	
Balance at December 31, 2016	69,717,814	\$	698	<u>\$ (460</u> )	\$	1,001,862	0	\$ 2,073	\$	(36,947)	\$	(28,664)	\$	938,562
						F-157								

## December 31, 2016

## (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 12. Earnings Per Share

The following information sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase in the Company's net assets per share resulting from operations for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	Years Ended December 31,								
		2016	16 2015			2014			
Earnings per share — basic	_				_				
Numerator for basic earnings per share:	\$	111,678	\$	32,955	\$	45,575			
Denominator for basic weighted average share:		64,918,191		59,715,290		51,846,164			
Basic earnings per share:	\$	1.72	\$	0.55	\$	0.88			
Earnings per share — diluted <sup>(1)</sup>									
Numerator for increase in net assets per share	\$	111,678	\$	32,955	\$	45,575			
Adjustment for interest on Convertible Notes and incentive fees, net		5,007		4,600		2,658			
Numerator for diluted earnings per share:	\$	116,685	\$	37,555	\$	48,233			
Denominator for basic weighted average share		64,918,191		59,715,290		51,846,164			
Adjustment for dilutive effect of Convertible Notes		7,945,196		7,252,799		4,311,671			
Denominator for diluted weighted average share	_	72,863,387		66,968,089		56,157,835			
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.60	\$	0.55	\$	0.86			

<sup>(1)</sup> In applying the if-converted method, conversion is not assumed for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share if the effect would be anti-dilutive. For the year ended December 31, 2015, there was anti-dilution. For the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2014, there was no anti-dilution.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 13. Financial Highlights

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for the Company for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, December 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

			Years	Er	ded Decemi	ber	<sup>.</sup> 31,		
	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Per share data <sup>(1)</sup> :						_			
Net asset value at the beginning of the period	\$ 13.08	\$	13.83	\$	14.38	\$	14.06	\$	13.60
Net investment income	1.36		1.38		1.10		_		_
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) <sup>(2)</sup>	0.38		(0.77)		(0.80)		_		_
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations allocated from NMF Holdings:									
Net investment income <sup>(3)</sup>	—		—		0.44		1.45		1.33
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	_		_		0.19		0.35		0.84
Total net increase	 1.74		0.61		0.93	_	1.80		2.17
Distributions declared to stockholders from net investment income	(1.36)		(1.36)		(1.36)		(1.45)		(1.28)
Distributions declared to stockholders from net realized gains	 				(0.12)	_	(0.03)		(0.43)
Net asset value at the end of the period	\$ 13.46	\$	13.08	\$	13.83	\$	14.38	\$	14.06
Per share market value at the end of the period	\$ 14.10	\$	13.02	\$	14.94	\$	15.04	\$	14.90
Total return based on market value <sup>(4)</sup>	19.68%	,	(4.00)%	6	9.66%	)	11.62%		24.84%
Total return based on net asset value <sup>(5)</sup>	13.98%		4.32%	)	6.56%	)	13.27%		16.61%
Shares outstanding at end of period	 69,717,814		64,005,387		57,997,890		45,224,755	2	24,326,251
Average weighted shares outstanding for the period	 64,918,191		59,715,290		51,846,164		35,092,722	1	4,860,838
Average net assets for the period	\$ 863,193	\$	832,805	\$	749,732	\$	502,822	\$	196,312
Ratio to average net assets <sup>(6)</sup> :									
Net investment income	10.21%		9.91%		10.68%		10.10%		9.53%
Total expenses, before waivers/reimbursements	9.91%		9.28%		7.65%		8.53%		9.61%
Total expenses, net of waivers/reimbursements	9.27%	)	8.57%	)	7.41%	)	8.13%		8.55%

<sup>(1)</sup> Per share data is based on weighted average shares outstanding for the respective period (except for distributions declared to stockholders which is based on actual rate per share).

(2) Includes the accretive effect of common stock issuances per share, which for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015, December 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were \$0.02, \$0.06, \$0.05, \$0.04 and \$0.03, respectively.

(3) For the years ended December 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, per share data is based on the summation of the per share results of operations items over the outstanding shares for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned.

(4) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the opening of the first day of the period and a sale on the closing of the last business day of the respective period ends. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan.

## December 31, 2016

## (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 13. Financial Highlights (Continued)

- (5) Total return is calculated assuming a purchase at net asset value on the opening of the first day of the period and a sale at net asset value on the last day of the period. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of this calculation, to be reinvested at the net asset value on the last day of the respective quarter.
- (6) Ratio to average net assets for the years ended December 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 is based on the summation of the results of operations items over the net assets for the period in which the respective line items were realized or earned. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company is reflecting its net investment income and expenses as well as its proportionate share of the Predecessor Operating Company's net investment income and expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company is reflecting its proportionate share of the Predecessor Operating Company's net investment income and expenses.

The following information sets forth the financial highlights for the Company for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and NMF Holdings for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

			C Inded per 31,					
	2016		2015	2014	_	2013	_	2012
Average debt outstanding — Holdings Credit Facility <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 341,0	55 \$	394,945	\$ 243,69	3 \$	\$ 184,124	\$	133,600
Average debt outstanding — SLF Credit Facility <sup>(2)</sup>			_	208,37	7	214,317		181,395
Average debt outstanding — Convertible Notes <sup>(3)</sup>	125,2	27	115,000	115,00	0	_		_
Average debt outstanding — SBA-guaranteed debentures <sup>(4)</sup>	119,8	19	71,921	29,16	7	_		_
Average debt outstanding — Unsecured Notes <sup>(5)</sup>	65,5	00	_	-	_	_		_
Average debt outstanding — NMFC Credit Facility <sup>(6)</sup>	66,8	76	60,477	11,22	7	_		_
Asset coverage ratio <sup>(7)</sup>	259.	34%	234.05%	6 226.7	0%	257.739	%	235.31%
Portfolio turnover <sup>(8)</sup>	36.	07%	33.93%	6 29.5	1%	40.52%	%	52.02%

- (1) For the year ended December 31, 2014, average debt outstanding represents the Company's average debt outstanding as well as the Company's proportionate share of the Predecessor Operating Company's average debt outstanding. The average debt outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2014 at the Holdings Credit Facility was \$244.598.
- (2) For the year ended December 31, 2014, average debt outstanding represents the Company's average debt outstanding as well as the Company's proportionate share of the Predecessor Operating Company's average debt outstanding for the period January 1, 2014 to December 17, 2014 (date of SLF Credit Facility merger with and into the Holdings Credit Facility). The average debt outstanding for the period January 1, 2014 to December 17, 2014 at the SLF Credit Facility was \$209.333.
- (3) For the year ended December 31, 2014, average debt outstanding represents the period from June 3, 2014 (issuance of the Convertible Notes) to December 31, 2014.
- (4) For the year ended December 31, 2014, average debt outstanding represents the period from November 17, 2014 (date of initial SBA-guaranteed debenture borrowing) to December 31, 2014.

#### December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 13. Financial Highlights (Continued)

- (5) For the year ended December 31, 2016, average debt outstanding represents the period from May 6, 2016 (issuance of the Unsecured Notes) to December 31, 2016.
- (6) For the year ended December 31, 2014, average debt outstanding represents the period from June 4, 2014 (commencement of the NMFC Credit Facility) to December 31, 2014.
- (7) On November 5, 2014, the Company received exemptive relief from the SEC allowing the Company to modify the asset coverage requirement to exclude the SBA-guaranteed debentures from this calculation.
- (8) For the year ended December 31, 2014, portfolio turnover represents the investment activity of the Predecessor Operating Company and the Company.

## Note 14. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)

The below selected quarterly financial data is for the Company.

(in thousands except for per share data)

	Total lı In	nvesti come			ives	tment 1e		Total Ne Gains (L Net Ch Unre Appro (Depree	osse ang ealize eciat ciatio	es) and es in ed ion on) of	Net lı (Decrea Assets from O	ase) i Res	in Net ulting
		Per	Share		Pe	r Share			Per	Share		Per	Share
Quarter Ended	Total			Total			_	Total			 Total		
December 31, 2016	\$ 43,784	\$	0.64	\$ 22,980	\$	0.34	\$	10,875	\$	0.16	\$ 33,855	\$	0.50
September 30, 2016	41,834		0.66	21,729		0.34		3,350		0.05	25,079		0.39
June 30, 2016	41,490		0.65	21,832		0.34		22,861		0.36	44,693		0.70
March 31, 2016	40,976		0.64	21,567		0.34		(13,516)		(0.21)	8,051		0.13
December 31, 2015	\$ 41,967	\$	0.66	\$ 22,521	\$	0.35	\$	(42,548)	\$	(0.66)	\$ (20,027)	\$	(0.31)
September 30, 2015	37,447		0.64	20,659		0.35		(10,855)		(0.18)	9,804		0.17
June 30, 2015	37,905		0.65	20,253		0.35		11		—	20,264		0.35
March 31, 2015	36,536		0.63	19,062		0.33		3,852		0.07	22,914		0.40
December 31, 2014	\$ 36,748	\$	0.65	\$ 25,919	\$	0.46	\$	( ) /	\$	(0.62)	\$ (8,946)	\$	(0.16)
September 30, 2014	34,706		0.67	20,800		0.40		(13,389)		(0.26)	7,411		0.14
June 30, 2014	33,708		0.65	17,289		0.34		6,373		0.12	23,662		0.46
March 31, 2014	30,439		0.65	16,058		0.34		7,390		0.16	23,448		0.50

(1) Includes securities purchased under collateralized agreements to resell, benefit (provision) for taxes and the accretive effect of common stock issuances per share, if applicable.

#### December 31, 2016

## (in thousands, except share data)

#### Note 15. Recent Accounting Standards Updates

In August 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements* — *Going Concern Subtopic 205-*40 — *Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern* ("ASU 2014-15"). ASU 2014-15 will explicitly require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosure in certain circumstances. The new standard will be effective for all entities in the first annual period ending after December 15, 2016. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2014-15 and the adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures as of December 31, 2016.

In February 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-02, *Consolidation Topic 810 — Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis* ("ASU 2015-02"), which modifies the consolidation analysis in determining if limited partnerships or similar type entities fall under the variable interest model or voting interest model, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships. ASU 2015-02 was effective for all public entities for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. On January 1, 2016, the Company adopted ASU 2015-02. The adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2015-03, Interest — Imputation of Interest Subtopic 835-30 — Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs ("ASU 2015-03"), which changes the presentation of debt issuance costs in financial statements. Under ASU 2015-03, an entity presents such costs on the statement of assets and liabilities as a direct deduction from the related debt liability rather than as an asset. Amortization of the costs is reported as interest expense. The new standard was effective for all public entities for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. On January 1, 2016, the Company adopted ASU 2015-03. Upon adoption, the Company revised its presentation of deferred financing costs from an asset to a liability, which is a direct deduction to its debt on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. In addition, the Company retrospectively revised its presentation of \$13,992 of deferred financing costs that were previously presented as an asset as of December 31, 2015, which resulted in a decrease to total assets and total liabilities as of December 31, 2015.

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-01, *Financial Instruments* — Overall Subtopic 825-10 — Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ("ASU 2016-01"). ASU 2016-01 amends certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial assets and liabilities. ASU 2016-01 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The new guidance must be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The amendments related to equity securities without readily determinable fair values (including disclosure requirements) should be applied prospectively to equity investments that exist as of the date of adoption of ASU 2016-01. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact that this guidance will have on the Company's consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

December 31, 2016

#### (in thousands, except share data)

## Note 16. Subsequent Events

On January 12, 2017, the SBA issued a "green light" letter inviting the Company to continue its application process to obtain a second license to form and operate a second SBIC subsidiary. If approved, the additional SBIC license would provide the Company with an incremental source of attractive long-term capital. Receipt of a green light letter from the SBA does not assure an applicant that the SBA will ultimately issue an SBIC license and the Company has received no assurance or indication from the SBA that it will receive an additional SBIC license, or of the timeframe in which it would receive an additional license, should one ultimately be granted.

On February 23, 2017, the Company's board of directors declared a first quarter 2017 distribution of \$0.34 per share payable on March 31, 2017 to holders of record as of March 17, 2017.

## \$500,000,000

# **New Mountain Finance Corporation**

Common Stock Preferred Stock Subscription Rights Warrants Debt Securities

## PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS

, 2017

## PART C Other Information

## Item 25. Financial Statements And Exhibits

## (1) Financial Statements

The following financial statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Registrant", "we", "us" and "our") are included in Part C of this Registration Statement.

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(2) Exhibits

- (a)(1) Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of New Mountain Finance Corporation <sup>(2)</sup>
- (a)(2) Certificate of Change of Registered Agent and/or Registered Office of New Mountain Finance Corporation <sup>(3)</sup>
  - (b) Amended and Restated Bylaws of New Mountain Finance Corporation <sup>(2)</sup>
- (d)(1) Form of Stock Certificate of New Mountain Finance Corporation<sup>(1)</sup>
- (d)(2) Form of Indenture<sup>(6)</sup>
- (d)(3) Indenture by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Issuer, and U.S. National Bank Association, as Trustee, dated June 3, 2014<sup>(9)</sup>
- (d)(4) Form of Global Note 5.00% Convertible Note Due 2019 (included as part of Exhibit (d)(3)) <sup>(9)</sup>
- (d)(5) Statement of Eligibility of Trustee on Form T-1<sup>(19)</sup>
  - (e) Dividend Reinvestment Plan<sup>(2)</sup>
- (f)(1) Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of December 18, 2014, by and among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as the collateral manager, New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as the borrower, Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as administrative agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as lender and custodian<sup>(11)</sup>
- (f)(2) Form of Variable Funding Note of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., as the Borrower <sup>(1)</sup>
- (f)(3) Form of Amended and Restated Account Control Agreement, among New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Securities Intermediary<sup>(1)</sup>
- (f)(4) Form of Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as Administrative Agent and Syndication Agent, dated June 4, 2014<sup>(10)</sup>
- (f)(5) Form of Guarantee and Security Agreement dated June 4, 2014, among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as Administrative Agent<sup>(10)</sup>
- (f)(6) Amendment No. 1, dated December 31, 2014, to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 4, 2014, by and among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Bank USA, as Administrative Agent and Syndication Agent<sup>(12)</sup>
- (f)(7) Amendment No. 2, dated June 26, 2015, to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 4, 2014, by and among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Bank USA, as Administrative Agent and Syndication Agent<sup>(14)</sup>
- (f)(8) Commitment Increase Agreement, dated March 23, 2016, to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 4, 2014, by and among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Bank USA, as Administrative Agent and Syndication Agent<sup>(16)</sup>
- (f)(9) Commitment Increase Agreement, dated May 4, 2016, to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated June 4, 2014, by and among New Mountain Finance Corporation, as Borrower, and Goldman Bank USA, as Administrative Agent and Syndication Agent<sup>(17)</sup>

- (f)(10) Form of Amended and Restated Note Purchase Agreement relating to 5.313% Notes due 2021, dated September 30, 2016, by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and the purchasers party thereto<sup>(18)</sup>
  - (g) Investment Advisory and Management Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, LLC<sup>(8)</sup>
  - (h) Form of Underwriting Agreement<sup>(5)</sup>
- (j)(1) Form of Safekeeping Agreement among New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., Wells Fargo Securities, LLC as the Administrative Agent and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Safekeeping Agent<sup>(1)</sup>
- (j)(2) Custody Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association (7)
- (k)(1) Second Amended and Restated Administration Agreement <sup>(13)</sup>
- (k)(2) Form of Trademark License Agreement<sup>(1)</sup>
- (k)(3) Amendment No. 1 to Trademark License Agreement <sup>(4)</sup>
- (k)(5) Form of Indemnification Agreement by and between New Mountain Finance Corporation and each director <sup>(1)</sup>
- (k)(6) Limited Liability Company Agreement of NMFC Senior Loan Program II LLC, dated March 9, 2016 (17)
  - (I) Opinion and Consent of Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP
- (n)(1) Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP
- (n)(2) Report of Deloitte & Touche LLP<sup>(19)</sup>
- (n)(3) Awareness Letter of Deloitte & Touche LLP
  - (r) Code of Ethics<sup>(1)</sup>
- 99.1 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Common Stock Offerings
- 99.2 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Preferred Stock Offerings
- 99.3 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Rights Offerings
- 99.4 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Warrants Offerings
- 99.5 Form of Prospectus Supplement Retail Notes Offerings
- 99.6 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Institutional Notes Offerings
- 99.7 Form of Prospectus Supplement for Convertible Notes Offerings
- 99.8 Supplemental Financial Information<sup>(15)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 (File Nos. 333-168280 and 333-172503) filed on May 9, 2011.

<sup>(2)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on August 11, 2011.

<sup>(3)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation and New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation report on Form 8-K filed on August 25, 2011.

<sup>(4)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on November 14, 2011.

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- (5) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 (File Nos. 333-180689 and 333-180690) filed on July 10, 2012.
- (6) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 (File Nos. 333-189706 and 333-189707) filed on November 20, 2013.
- (7) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 Post-Effective Amendment No. 2 (File Nos. 333-189706 and 333-189707) filed on April 11, 2014.
- (8) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on May 8, 2014.
- <sup>(9)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on June 4, 2014.
- (10) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on June 10, 2014.
- (11) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2014.
- <sup>(12)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on January 5, 2015.
- (13) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on May 5, 2015.
- (14) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on June 30, 2015.
- (15) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's annual report on Form 10-K filed on February 29, 2016.
- <sup>(16)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on March 29, 2016.
- <sup>(17)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2016.
- <sup>(18)</sup> Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's report on Form 8-K filed on October 3, 2016.
- (19) Previously filed in connection with New Mountain Finance Corporation's registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-218040) filed on May 16, 2017.

#### Item 26. Marketing Arrangements

The information contained under the heading "Plan of Distribution" in this Registration Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 27. Other Expenses Of Issuance And Distribution

SEC registration fee	\$ 57,950*
FINRA filing fee	\$ 75,500**
New York Stock Exchange listing fee	\$ 130,000
Accounting fees and expenses	\$ 250,000
Legal fees and expenses	\$ 400,000
Printing and engraving	\$ 250,000
Miscellaneous fees and expenses	\$ 5,000
Total	\$ 1,168,450

Note: All listed amounts, except the SEC registration fee and the FINRA filing fee, are estimates.

- \* \$16,655 of this amount has been offset against filing fees associated with unsold securities registered under a previous registration statement.
- \*\* \$18,819.47 of this amount has been offset against filing fees associated with unsold securities registered under a previous registration statement.

## Item 28. Persons Controlled By Or Under Common Control

The following list sets forth each of our subsidiaries, the state under whose laws the subsidiary is organized and the voting securities owned by us, directly or indirectly, in such subsidiary:

New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
NMF Ancora Holdings, Inc. (Delaware)	100.0%
NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. (Delaware)	100.0%
NMF YP Holdings, Inc. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Net Lease Corporation (Maryland)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P., L.L.C. (Delaware)	100.0%
New Mountain Finance SBIC, L.P. (Delaware)	100.0%

Each of our subsidiaries is consolidated for financial reporting purposes.

In addition, we may be deemed to control certain portfolio companies. See "Portfolio Companies" in the prospectus.

## Item 29. Number Of Holders Of Securities

The following table sets forth the number of record holders of our common stock as of June 20, 2017.

	Number of
Title of Class	Record Holders
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	17

#### Item 30. Indemnification

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law empowers a Delaware corporation to indemnify its officers and directors and specific other persons to the extent and under the circumstances set forth therein.

Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law allows a Delaware corporation to eliminate the personal liability of a director to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liabilities arising (a) from any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders; (b) from acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (c) under Section 174 of the Delaware General Corporation Law; or (d) from any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Subject to the 1940 Act or any valid rule, regulation or order of the SEC thereunder, NMFC's amended and restated bylaws provide that it will indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened action, suit or proceeding whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director or officer of NMFC, or is or was serving at the request of NMFC as a director or officer of another corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, in accordance with provisions corresponding to Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law. The 1940 Act provides that a company may not indemnify any director or officer against liability to it or its security holders to which he or she might otherwise be subject by reason of his or her willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office unless a determination is made by final decision of a court, by vote of a majority of a quorum of directors who are disinterested, non-party directors or by independent legal counsel that the liability for which indemnification is sought did not arise out of the foregoing conduct. In addition, NMFC's amended and restated bylaws provide that the indemnification described therein is not exclusive and shall not exclude any other rights to which the person seeking to be indemnified may be entitled under statute, any bylaw, agreement, vote of stockholders or directors who are not interested persons, or otherwise, both as to action in his or her official capacity and to his or her action in another capacity while holding such office.

The above discussion of Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law and NMFC's amended and restated bylaws is not intended to be exhaustive and is respectively qualified in its entirety by such statute and NMFC's amended and restated bylaws.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is again public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

The Registrant has obtained primary and excess insurance policies insuring our directors and officers against some liabilities they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers. Under such policies, the insurer, on the Registrant's behalf, may also pay amounts for which the Registrant has granted indemnification to the directors or officers.

The Investment Management Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., or the Investment Adviser, and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members (or their owners) and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from NMFC for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of the Investment Adviser's services under the Investment Management Agreement or otherwise as investment adviser of NMFC.

The Administration Agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their respective duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their respective duties and obligations, New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C. and its officers, managers, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from the Registrant for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of services under the Administration Agreement or otherwise as administrator for the Registrant.

## Item 31. Business And Other Connections Of Investment Adviser

A description of any other business, profession, vocation, or employment of a substantial nature in which the Investment Adviser, and each director or executive officer of the Investment Adviser, is or has been during the past two fiscal years, engaged in for his or her own account or in the capacity of director, officer, employee, partner or trustee, is set forth in Part A of this Registration Statement in the sections entitled "Management — Biographical Information — Directors", "Portfolio Management — Investment Personnel", "Management — Biographical Information —

Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors" and "Investment Management Agreement". Additional information regarding the Investment Adviser and its officers and directors is set forth in its Form ADV, as filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC File No. 801-71948), and is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 32. Location Of Accounts And Records

All accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained by Section 31(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, and the rules thereunder are maintained at the offices of:

- (1) the Registrant, New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019;
- (2) the Transfer Agent, American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, LLC, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219;
- (3) the Safekeeping Agent, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, 9062 Old Annapolis Road, Columbia, Maryland 21045;
- (4) the Custodian, U.S. Bank National Association, One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110;
- (5) the Investment Adviser, New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019; and
- (6) the Administrator, New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019.

#### Item 33. Management Services

Not Applicable.

### Item 34. Undertakings

- (1) Registrant undertakes to suspend the offering of the shares of common stock covered hereby until it amends its prospectus contained herein if (a) subsequent to the effective date of this Registration Statement, its net asset value per share of common stock declines more than 10.0% from its net asset value per share of common stock as of the effective date of this Registration Statement, or (b) its net asset value per share of common stock increases to an amount greater than its net proceeds as stated in the prospectus contained herein.
- (2) Not applicable.
- (3) Registrant undertakes in the event that the securities being registered are to be offered to existing stockholders pursuant to warrants or rights, and any securities not taken by shareholders are to be reoffered to the public, to supplement the prospectus, after the expiration of the subscription period, to set forth the results of the subscription offer, the transactions by the underwriters during the subscription period, the amount of unsubscribed securities to be purchased by underwriters, and the terms of any subsequent underwriting thereof. Registrant further undertakes that if any public offering by the underwriters of the securities being registered is to be made on terms differing from those set forth on the cover page of the prospectus, the Registrant shall file a post-effective amendment to set forth the terms of such offering.

## (4) The Registrant hereby undertakes:

- (a) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to the registration statement:
  - (i) to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the 1933 Act;
  - to reflect in the prospectus any facts or events after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement; and
  - to include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement.
- (b) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the 1933 Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered herein, and the offering of those securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof; and
- (c) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering; and
- (d) That, for the purpose of determining liability under the 1933 Act to any purchaser, if the Registrant is subject to Rule 430C: Each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 497(b), (c), (d) or (e) under the 1933 Act as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A under the 1933 Act, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness; Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.
- (e) That, for the purpose of determining liability of the Registrant under the 1933 Act to any purchaser in the initial distribution of securities, the undersigned Registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned Registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned Registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to the purchaser:
  - (i) any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned Registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 497 under the 1933 Act;
  - the portion of any advertisement pursuant to Rule 482 under the 1933 Act relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned Registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned Registrant; and
  - (iii) any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned Registrant to the purchaser.
- (f) To file a post-effective amendment to the registration statement, and to suspend any offers or sales pursuant the registration statement until such post-effective amendment



has been declared effective under the 1933 Act, in the event the shares of the Registrant is trading below its net asset value and either (i) Registrant receives, or has been advised by its independent registered accounting firm that it will receive, an audit report reflecting substantial doubt regarding the Registrant's ability to continue as a going concern or (ii) Registrant has concluded that a material adverse change has occurred in its financial position or results of operations that has caused the financial statements and other disclosures on the basis of which the offering would be made to be materially misleading.

- (g) To not seek to sell shares under a prospectus supplement to the registration statement, or a post-effective amendment to the registration statement, of which the prospectus forms a part (the "current registration statement") if the cumulative dilution to the Registrant's net asset value ("NAV") per share arising from offerings from the effective date of the current registration statement through and including any follow-on offering would exceed 15% based on the anticipated pricing of such follow-on offering. This limit would be measured separately for each offering pursuant to the current registration statement by calculating the percentage dilution or accretion to aggregate NAV from that offering and then summing the anticipated percentage dilution from each subsequent offering. If the Registrant files a new post-effective amendment, the threshold would reset.
- (5) (a) For the purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of a registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in the form of prospectus filed by the Registrant under Rule 497 (h) under the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of the Registration Statement as of the time it was declared effective.
  - (b) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of the securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (6) The Registrant undertakes to send by first class mail or other means designed to ensure equally prompt delivery within two business days of receipt of a written or oral request, any Statement of Additional Information.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 to be signed on their behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of New York, in the State of New York, on the 22th day of June, 2017.

## NEW MOUNTAIN FINANCE CORPORATION

By: /s/ ROBERT A. HAMWEE

Robert A. Hamwee Chief Executive Officer

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant, and in the capacities indicated, on the 22th day of June, 2017.

Signature	Title
/s/ ROBERT A. HAMWEE	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), and
Robert A. Hamwee	Director
/s/ SHIRAZ Y. KAJEE	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) and
Shiraz Y. Kajee	Treasurer
*	
Steven B. Klinsky	Chairman of the Board of Directors
*	Executive Vice President, Chief Administrative Officer and
Adam B. Weinstein	Director
*	
Rome G. Arnold III	—— Director
*	
Alfred F. Hurley Jr.	—— Director
*	
David Ogens	—— Director
*	
Kurt J. Wolfgruber	——— Director

\* Signed by Robert A. Hamwee pursuant to a power of attorney signed by each individual and filed with this Registration Statement on May 16, 2017.

C-11

# [Letterhead of Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP]

#### June 22, 2017

New Mountain Finance Corporation 787 Seventh Avenue, 48<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, NY 10019

#### Re: New Mountain Finance Corporation Registration Statement on Form N-2

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as counsel to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the preparation and filing by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") of a registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-218040) on May 16, 2017 (as amended from time to time, the "Registration Statement") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), with respect to the offer, issuance and sale from time to time pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act, of up to \$500,000,000 in aggregate offering amount of (a) shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), (b) shares of the Company's preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), (c) subscription rights to purchase Common Stock ("Rights"), (d) debt securities of the Company ("Debt Securities"), and (e) warrants representing rights to purchase Common Stock, Preferred Stock or Debt Securities ("Warrants" and together with the Common Stock, the Preferred Stock, the Rights and the Debt Securities"). The Registration Statement provides that the Securities may be sold from time to time in amounts, at prices, and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements (each, a "Prospectus Supplement") to the final prospectus included in the Registration Statement at the time it becomes effective (the "Prospectus").

The Debt Securities are to be issued under an indenture (the *Indenture*") to be entered into by and between the Company and the trustee named therein (the "*Trustee*"). The Warrants will be issued under warrant agreements (each a "*Warrant Agreement*") to be entered into by and between the Company and the purchasers thereof or a warrant agent to be identified in the applicable agreement (the "*Warrant Agent*").

As counsel to the Company, we have participated in the preparation of the Registration Statement and have examined the originals or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction as being true copies, of the following:

- (i) The Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, certified as of a recent date by the Delaware Secretary of State (the "Certificate of Incorporation");
- (ii) The Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company, certified as of the date hereof by an officer of the Company (the "Bylaws");
- (iii) A form of Indenture pertaining to the Debt Securities, to be entered into by and between the Company and the Trustee, in the form filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement;
- (iv) A Certificate of Good Standing with respect to the Company issued by the Delaware Secretary of State as of a recent date (the"*Certificate of Good Standing*"); and
- (v) The resolutions of the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") relating to, among other things, (a) the authorization and approval of the preparation and filing of the Registration Statement and (b) the authorization of the issuance, offer and sale of the Securities pursuant to the Registration Statement, certified as of the date hereof by an officer of the Company (collectively, the "Resolutions").

With respect to such examination and our opinions expressed herein, we have assumed, without any independent investigation or verification, (i) the genuineness of all signatures on all documents submitted to us for examination, (ii) the legal capacity of all natural persons, (iii) the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, (iv) the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as conformed or reproduced copies and the authenticity of the originals of such copied documents, (v) that all certificates issued by public officials have been properly issued, and (vi) the Warrant Agreements will be governed by the laws of the State of New York. We also have assumed without independent investigation or verification the accuracy and completeness of all corporate records made available to us by the Company.

As to certain matters of fact relevant to the opinions in this opinion letter, we have relied on certificates of officers of the Company. We have also relied on certificates of public officials (which we have assumed remain accurate as of the date of this opinion). We have not independently established the facts, or in the case of certificates of public officials, the other statements, so relied upon.

The opinions set forth below are limited to the effect of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the"*DGCL*"), and, as to the Debt Securities and Warrants constituting valid and legally binding obligations of the Company, the laws of the State of New York, and we express no opinion as to the applicability or effect of any other laws of Delaware or the laws of any other jurisdictions. Without limiting the preceding sentence, we express no opinion as to any state securities or broker-dealer laws or regulations thereunder relating to the offer, issuance and sale of the Securities pursuant to the Registration Statement. This opinion letter has been prepared, and should be interpreted, in accordance with customary practice followed in the preparation of opinion letters by lawyers who regularly give, and such customary practice followed by lawyers who on behalf of their clients regularly advise opinion recipients regarding, opinion letters of this kind.

The opinions expressed in paragraphs 4 and 5 below are subject to the following qualifications and exceptions: (i) the effect of applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, receivership, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance, and other similar laws affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally and (ii) general principles of equity (including without limitation the availability of specific performance or injunctive relief and the application of concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing), regardless of whether considered in a proceeding at law or in equity.

On the basis of and subject to the foregoing, and subject to the assumptions, limitations and qualifications set forth in this opinion letter, and further assuming that (i) the Certificate of Designation classifying and designating the number of shares and the terms of any class or series of the Preferred Stock to be issued by the Company (the *"Certificate of Designation"*) have been duly authorized and determined or otherwise established by proper action of the Board of the Company or a duly authorized committee thereof in accordance with the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws and have been filed with and accepted for record by the Delaware Secretary of State prior to the issuance of any such Preferred Stock, and such Certificate of Designation complies with the applicable requirements with respect thereto under the DGCL and the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, (ii) the Indenture and each supplemental indenture containing the specific terms and conditions for each issuance of the Debt Securities (each a "Supplemental Indenture") have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by each of the Company and the Trustee in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, (iii) each Supplemental Indenture constitutes a valid and legally binding obligation of each of the Company and the Trustee, (iv) the Debt Securities will not include any provision that is unenforceable against the Company, (v) the Warrant Agreement pertaining to the Warrants and the Warrants, including any amendments or supplements thereto, have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by each of the Company and the Warrant Agent in accordance with the terms of the Warrant Agreement, (vi) the Warrant Agreement constitutes a valid and legally binding obligation of each of the Company and the Warrant Agent, (vii) the issuance, offer and sale of the Securities from time to time and the final terms of such issuance, offer and sale, including those relating to price and amount of the Securities to be issued, offered and sold, and certain terms thereof, have been duly authorized and determined or otherwise established by proper action of the Board or a duly authorized committee thereof in accordance with the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, if applicable, the Certificate of Designation, if applicable, the Indenture, if applicable, the Warrant Agreement, if applicable, and the Company's Bylaws, if applicable, and are consistent with the terms and conditions for such issuance, offer and sale set forth in the Resolutions and the descriptions thereof in the Registration Statement, the Prospectus and the applicable Prospectus Supplement (such authorization or action being hereinafter referred to as the "Corporate Proceedings"), (viii) the terms of the Debt Securities and the Warrants as established and the issuance thereof (a) do not violate any applicable law, (b) do not violate or result in a default under or breach of any agreement, instrument or other document binding upon the Company, and (c) comply with all requirements or restrictions imposed by any court or governmental body having jurisdiction over the Company, (ix) each issuance of the Debt Securities has been duly executed by the Company and duly authenticated by the Trustee in accordance with the Indenture, as modified by the applicable Supplemental Indenture, and delivered to, and the agreed consideration has been fully paid at the time of such delivery by, the purchasers thereof, (x) the Warrants have been duly executed by the Company and duly authenticated by the Warrant Agent in accordance with the Warrant Agreement, and delivered to, and the agreed consideration has been fully paid at the time of such delivery by, the purchasers thereof, (xi) any Common Stock, Preferred Stock or Warrants issued and sold pursuant to the Registration Statement, including upon the exercise of any Securities convertible into or exercisable for Common Stock or Preferred Stock, have been delivered to, and the agreed consideration has been fully paid at the time of such delivery by, the purchasers thereof, (xii) upon the issuance of any Common Stock or Preferred Stock by the Company pursuant to the Registration Statement, including upon the exercise of any Securities convertible into or exercisable for Common Stock or Preferred Stock, the total number of shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock, as applicable, issued and outstanding does not exceed the total number of shares of Common Stock or Preferred Stock, as applicable, that the Company is then authorized to issue under the Certificate of Incorporation, and (xiii) the Certificate of Good Standing remains accurate, the Resolutions and the applicable Corporate Proceedings remain in effect, without amendment, and the Registration Statement has become effective under the Securities Act and remains effective at the time of the issuance, offer and/or sale of the Securities, we are of the opinion that:

 Upon completion of all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the issuance of the Common Stock by the Company will be duly authorized and, when issued and paid for in accordance with the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Resolutions and all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the Common Stock will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

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- 2. Upon completion of all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the issuance of the Preferred Stock will be duly authorized and, when issued and paid for in accordance with the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Resolutions and all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the Preferred Stock will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
- 3. Upon completion of all Corporate Proceedings relatings thereto, the issuance of the Rights will be duly authorized.
- 4. Upon completion of all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the issuance of the Debt Securities will be duly authorized and, when issued and paid for in accordance with the Indenture, the applicable Supplemental Indenture, the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Resolutions and all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, each issuance of the Debt Securities will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Company.
- 5. Upon completion of all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the issuance of the Warrants will be duly authorized and, when issued and paid for in accordance with the Registration Statement, the Prospectus, the applicable Prospectus Supplement, the Resolutions and all Corporate Proceedings relating thereto, the Warrants will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the Company.

The opinions expressed in this opinion letter (i) are strictly limited to the matters stated in this opinion letter, and without limiting the foregoing, no other opinions are to be implied and (ii) are only as of the date of this opinion letter, and we are under no obligation, and do not undertake, to advise the Company or any other person or entity either of any change of law or fact that occurs, or of any fact that comes to our attention, after the date of this opinion letter, even though such change or such fact may affect the legal analysis or a legal conclusion in this opinion letter.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the reference of our firm in the "Legal Matters" section of the Registration Statement. We do not admit by giving this consent that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ EVERSHEDS SUTHERLAND (US) LLP

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use in this Pre-effective Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 333-218040 on Form N-2 of our reports dated February28, 2017, relating to the consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Corporation and subsidiaries and the effectiveness of New Mountain Finance Corporation's internal control over financial reporting, appearing in the Prospectus, which is part of this Registration Statement, and of our report dated February 28, 2017, relating to information of New Mountain Finance Corporation set forth under the heading "Senior Securities" appearing in the Registration Statement.

We also consent to the reference to us under the headings "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Senior Securities" and "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in such Prospectus.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

New York, New York June 22, 2017

# Deloitte.

June 22, 2017

The Board of Directors of New Mountain Finance Corporation New York, New York

We have reviewed, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the unaudited interim financial information of New Mountain Finance Corporation and subsidiaries for the three-month period ended March 31, 2017 and have issued our report dated May 8, 2017. As indicated in such report, because we did not perform an audit, we expressed no opinion on that information.

We are aware that our report referred to above, which was included in your Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, is being used in this reference of the statement No. 1 to Registration Statement No. 333-218040 on Form N-2.

We also are aware that the aforementioned report, pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, is not considered a part of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant or a report prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of that Act.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

**Deloitte & Touche LLP** 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10112 USA

Tel: 212 436 2000 Fax: 212 436 5000 www.deloitte.com

# [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE COMMON STOCK OFFERINGS](1)

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20)

#### ] Shares

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#### **New Mountain Finance Corporation**

#### **Common Stock**

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

We are offering for sale shares of NMFC's common stock. We have granted the underwriters a [ ]-day option to purchase up to additional shares of NMFC's common stock at the public offering price, less the underwriting discounts and commissions.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC". On [ ], the last reported sales price on the New York Stock Exchange for our common stock was \$[ ] per share.

(1) In addition to the sections outlined in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached, and is not intended to and does not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

An investment in NMFC's common stock is very risky and highly speculative. Shares of closed-end investment companies, including business development companies, frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. In addition, the companies in which NMFC invests are subject to special risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page [] of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in NMFC's common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor should know before investing in NMFC's common stock. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	Per Share	Total
Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)	\$	\$

<sup>(1)</sup> All expenses of the offering, including the sales load, will be borne by NMFC. NMFC will incur approximately \$[ in connection with this offering. Stockholders will indirectly bear such expenses, including the sales load.

] of estimated expenses, excluding the sales load,

<sup>(2)</sup> To the extent that the underwriters sell more than [ ] shares of NMFC's common stock, the underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional [ ] shares of NMFC's common stock at the public offering price, less the sales load, within [] days of the date of this prospectus. If the underwriters exercise this option in full, the total public offering price, sales load and proceeds to us will be \$ , \$ and \$ , respectively.

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares against payment in New York, New York on or about , 20 .

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#### PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from the base prospectus]

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# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any shares of our common stock by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our common stock. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of common stock and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- · "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- · "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;
- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- · "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- · "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;

- · "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended
- \* "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;
- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and

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"Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016, to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

# Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$[10], which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or

losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

#### **Recent Developments**

# [Insert Recent Developments at the Time of the Offering]

## The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] istaff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by

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issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

#### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

# Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- 1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

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#### **Experienced Management Team and Established Platform**

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distessed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

# Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and

industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

#### Risk Management through Various Cycles

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;

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- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong
  management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

#### Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the accompanying prospectus.

#### **Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist.
   While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either
  exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other
  services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent
  primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase
  common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

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#### **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

#### Risks

An investment in our common stock involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our common stock. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our shares, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- · We may suffer credit losses;
- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value;

- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;

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- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;
- · Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- · We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;
- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;
- We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;
- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a
  return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- · Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- · The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- · The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly; and
- Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our preferred stock.

#### **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at http://www.newmountainfinance.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into

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this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

#### Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

#### Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

# Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

#### THE OFFERING

Common Stock Offered by NMFC	shares, excluding shares granted to the underwriters.	shares of common stock issuable pursuant to the option to purchase additional
Common Stock Outstanding Prior to This Offering	shares.	
Common Stock Outstanding After This Offering	shares, excluding	shares of common stock issuable pursuant to the option to purchase additional

Use of Proceeds

New York Stock Exchange Symbol

Investment Advisory Fees

We intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our common stock for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses and distributions to our stockholders/unit holders and for general corporate purposes. Pending such use, We will invest the net proceeds primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of the investment. These securities may have lower yields than the types of investments we would typically make in accordance with our investment objective and, accordingly, may result in lower distributions, if any, during such period. See "Use of Proceeds" in this prospectus supplement.

"NMFC"

ended [

We pay the Investment Adviser a fee for its services under an investment advisory and management agreement (the "Investment Management Agreement") consisting of two components — a base management fee and an incentive fee. Pursuant to the Investment Management Agreement, the base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.75% of our gross assets, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the

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borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, which equals our total assets, as determined in accordance with GAAP, less the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and cash and cash equivalents at the end of each of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, and appropriately adjusted on a pro rata basis for any equity capital raises or repurchases during the current calendar quarter. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears and equals 20.0% of our "Pre-Incentive Fee Adjusted Net Investment Income" for the immediately preceding quarter, subject to a "preferred return", or "hurdle", and a "catch-up" feature each as described in the Investment Management Agreement. The second part will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Investment Management Agreement) and will equal 20.0% of our "Adjusted Realized Capital Gains", if any, on a cumulative basis from inception through the end of the year, computed net of all "Adjusted Realized Capital Losses" and "Adjusted Unrealized Capital Depreciation" on a cumulative basis, less the aggregate amount of any previously paid capital gain incentive fee each as described in the Investment Management Agreement. See "Investment Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

The Administrator serves as our administrator and arranges our office space and provides us with office equipment and administrative services. The Administrator performs, or oversees the performance of, our financial records, prepares reports to our stockholders and reports filed by us with the SEC, monitors the payment of our expenses, and oversees the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. We reimburse the Administrator for our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under an administration agreement, as amended and restated (the "Administration Agreement"). For the [

indirect administrative expenses were waived by the Administrator. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses

], we incurred approximately [ ] million of indirect administrative expenses, of which [ ] million of

1

Administrator

Distributions

that the Administrator has previously waived. For the [ ] ended [ ], we did not reimburse the Administrator for any indirect administrative expenses. See "Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally

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available for distribution. The quarterly distributions, if any, will be determined by our board of directors. The distributions we pay to our stockholders in a year may exceed our taxable income for that year and, accordingly, a portion of such distributions may constitute a return of capital which is a return of a portion of a shareholder's original investment in our common stock, for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Generally, a return of capital will reduce an investor's basis in our stock for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which will result in a higher tax liability when the stock is sold. The specific tax characteristics of our distributions will be reported to stockholders after the end of the calendar year. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions" in the accompanying prospectus.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that are timely distributed to our stockholders as dividends. To maintain our RIC status, we must meet specified source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and distribute annually to our stockholders at least 90.0% of our net ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses, if any. See "Price Range of Common Stock and Distributions" and "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus.

Taxation of NMFC

Dividend Reinvestment Plan	We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our stockholders. As a result, if we declare a distribution, then your cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless you specifically "opt out" of the dividend reinvestment plan so as to receive cash distributions. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal income tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. We will use only newly issued shares to implement the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of our shares. We reserve the right to either issue new shares or purchase shares of our common stock in the open market in connection with our implementation of the plan if the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts does not exceed 110.0% of the last determined net asset value of the shares. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus.			
Trading at a Discount	Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. The possibility that our common stock may trade at a discount to our net asset value per share is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade above, at or below net asset value.			
License Agreement	We have entered into a royalty-free license agreement with New Mountain Capital, pursuant to which New Mountain Capital has agreed to grant us a non-exclusive license to use the names "New Mountain" and "New Mountain Finance". See "License Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.			
Leverage	We expect to continue to use leverage to make investments. As a result, we may continue to be exposed to the risks of leverage, which include that leverage may be considered a speculative investment technique. The use of leverage magnifies the potential for gain and loss on amounts we invest and therefore, indirectly, increases the risks associated with investing in shares of our common stock. See "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus.			
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Anti-Takeover Provisions	Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms. This structure is intended to provide us with a greater likelihood of continuity of management, which may be necessary for us to realize the full value of our investments. A staggered board of directors also may serve to deter hostile takeovers or proxy contests, as may certain other measures that we may adopt. These measures may delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change in control that might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders. See "Description of NMFC's Capital Stock—Delaware Law and Certain Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions; Anti-Takeover Measures" in the accompanying prospectus.			
Available Information	We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2 together with all amendments and related exhibits under the Securities Act. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.			
	We are required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). This information is available at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, District of Columbia 20549 and on the SEC's website at <i>http://www.sec.gov</i> . The public may obtain information on the operation of the SEC's public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. This information is also available free of charge by contacting us at New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at <i>http://www.newmountainfinance.com</i> . Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.			
FEES AND EXPENSES				

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we", "NMFC", or the "Company" will pay fees or expenses, we will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in us. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	%(1)
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	%
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Base management fees	%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	%(6)
Other expenses	%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	%(8)
Total annual expenses	%(9)
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# Example

The following example, required by the SEC, demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

Year 3 Years 5 Years	10	
Teal 5 Teals 5 Teals	3 Years 5 Years Years	

You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

# The example and the expenses in the tables above should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5.0% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the above example. The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investors would be higher. For example, if we assumed that we received our 5.0% annual return completely in the form of net realized capital gains on our investments, computed net of all cumulative unrealized depreciation on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

	1			10
	Year	3 Years	5 Years	Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,				
assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

The example assumes no sales load. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of our common stock may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

- (3) The de minimus expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses".
- (4) The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of []% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base

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management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee reflected in the table above is based on the [1] ended [1] and is calculated without deducting any management fees waived. The annual base management fee after deducting the management fee waiver as a percentage of net assets would be []% based on the [1] ended [1]. See "Investment Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

- (5) Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the [ ] ended [ ] and includes accrued capital gains incentive fee. These accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by us if we ceased operations on [ ] and liquidated our investments at the [ ] valuation. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the thresholds for incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement, the incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the [ ] ended [ ]. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of the accompanying prospectus.
- (6) We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of [], we had \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million and \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the [] amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, Convertible Notes, Unsecured Notes and SBA-guaranteed debentures, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of []% for the Holdings Credit Facility, []% for the NMFC Credit Facility, []% for the Convertible Notes, []% for the Unsecured Notes and []% for the SBA-guaranteed debentures, which were the rates payable as of []. See "Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (7) "Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator as a percentage of net assets would be []%. For the [ ] ended [], we reimbursed our Administrator approximately \$[] million, which represents approximately []% of our net assets on an annualized basis. See "Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (8) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the expenses of our investment in NMFC Senior Loan Program I, LLC ("SLP I") and NMFC Senior Loan Program II, LLC ("SLP II"). No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. As SLP II is structured as a private joint venture, no management fees are paid by SLP II. Future expenses for SLP I and SLP II may be substantially higher or lower because certain expenses may fluctuate over time.

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the commission with respect to the shares of our common stock being sold in this offering, which we will pay to in connection with sales of shares of our common stock effected by in this offering. There is no guaranty that there will be any sales of our common stock pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

<sup>(2)</sup> The offering expenses of this offering are estimated to be approximately \$

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

· our future operating results;

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- · ours business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- · the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- · the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- · the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- · the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- · interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20, December 31, 20, December 31, 20 and December 31, 20 has been derived from our

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financial statements that were audited by [ ], an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the [ ] months ended [ ], 20 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities", which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying in this prospectus, for more information.

[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of [ ], 20[ ]:

· on an actual basis; and

 on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the sale of reported closing price of our common stock on estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ shares of our common stock in this offering at an assumed public offering price of \$ per share (the last , 20), after deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions of approximately \$ and payable by us.

You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	Actua	As of [ ], 20[ ] As Adjusted (unaudited)
		(in thousands)
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
Investments at fair value		
Other assets		
Total assets	\$	\$
Liabilities:		
Credit facilities payable	\$	\$
Other liabilities		
Total liabilities	\$	\$
Net assets	\$	\$
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, shares outstanding		\$
Capital in excess of par value		\$
Total stockholders' equity		\$

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds from the sale of the shares of our common stock in this offering of approximately \$ million, or approximately \$ million, or

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We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders/unit holders and for general corporate purposes. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with its investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments.

We estimate that it will take to months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds of this offering, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities and market conditions. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These temporary investments are expected to provide a lower net return than we hope to achieve from our target investments.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

## PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "NMFC". The following table sets forth, for each fiscal quarter during the last two fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date, the net asset value ("NAV") per share of our common stock, the high and low closing sale price for our common stock, the closing sale price as a percentage of NAV and the quarterly distributions per share.

[Insert Price Range of Common Stock at the time of offering.]

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On [], the last reported sales price of our common stock was \$[]] per share. As of [], we had approximately [] stockholders of record and approximately one beneficial owner whose shares are held in the names of brokers, funds, trusts and clearing agencies.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV will decrease. Since our initial public offering on May 19, 2011, our shares of common stock have traded at times at both a discount and a premium to the net assets attributable to those shares. As of [], our shares of common stock traded at a premium of approximately []% of the NAV attributable to those shares as of []. It is not possible to predict whether the shares offered hereby will trade at, above, or below NAV.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders in amounts sufficient to maintain our status as a RIC. We intend to distribute approximately our entire Adjusted Net Investment Income (defined as net investment income adjusted to reflect income as if the cost basis of investments held at the IPO date had stepped-up to

fair market value as of the IPO date) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of our taxable income on an annual basis, except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

We maintain an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan on behalf of our stockholders, pursuant to which each of our stockholders' cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless the stockholder elects to receive cash.

We apply the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will use only newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and ask prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

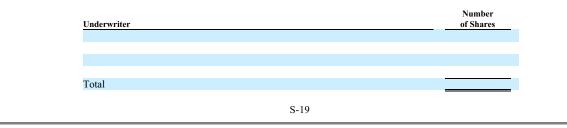
The following table reflects the cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per share that have been declared by our board of directors for the two most recent fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date:

[Insert Distributions at the time of offering.]

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#### UNDERWRITING

We and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the shares being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of shares indicated in the following table. [ ] are the representatives of the underwriters.



The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the shares being offered, if any are taken, other than the shares covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised.

If the underwriters sell more shares than the total number set forth in the table above, the underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional [\_\_\_] shares from us. They may exercise that option for [\_\_] days. If any shares are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase shares in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions (sales load) to be paid to the underwriters by us. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase [ ] additional shares. This offering will conform with the requirements set forth in Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Rule 2310. In compliance with such requirements, the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with the sale of securities will not exceed 10% of gross proceeds of this offering.

	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per share from the public offering price. If all the shares are not sold at the initial offering price, the representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

We, each of our officers and directors, and each of the members of the Investment Adviser's investment committee have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock during the period from the date of this prospectus supplement continuing through the date [1] days after the date of this prospectus supplement, except with the prior written consent of [1].

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC".

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering. "Covered" short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares from us in the offering. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional shares or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of common stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased shares sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own account, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the company's stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the common stock. As a result, the price of the common stock may be higher than the price that otherwise

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might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected on the New York Stock Exchange, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

The underwriters do not expect sales to discretionary accounts to exceed five percent of the total number of shares offered.

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$[ ]. We will pay all of the expenses incurred by us in connection with this offering.

We have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full-service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates may, from time to time, perform various financial advisory and investment banking services for the company, for which they will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

The principal business address of [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ].

Each of the underwriters may arrange to sell common shares offered hereby in certain jurisdictions outside the United States, either directly or through affiliates, where they are permitted to do so.

[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

# LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia. Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by

# INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

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The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

## AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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#### ] Shares

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New Mountain Finance Corporation

Common Stock

# PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

[Underwriters]

# [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE PREFERRED STOCK OFFERINGS](1)

#### PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20 )

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# ] Shares

#### New Mountain Finance Corporation Series [·] Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference \$ Per Share

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien ad subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

We are offering for sale shares of NMFC's preferred stock. We have granted the underwriters a []-day option to purchase up to additional shares of NMFC's preferred stock at the public offering price, less the underwriting discounts and commissions.

[Add relevant disclosure depending on whether preferred shares are listed or not.]

(1) In addition to the sections outlined in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached, and is not intended to and does not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

An investment in NMFC's preferred stock is very risky and highly speculative. Shares of closed-end investment companies, including business development companies, frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. In addition, the companies in which NMFC invests are subject to special risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page [] of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in NMFC's preferred stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor should know before investing in NMFC's preferred stock. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	Per Share	Total
Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)	\$	\$

(1) All expenses of the offering, including the sales load, will be borne by NMFC. NMFC will incur approximately \$[] of estimated expenses, excluding the sales load, in connection with this offering. Stockholders will indirectly bear such expenses, including the sales load.

(2) To tl	e extent that the underwriters sell more than [	] shares of NMFC's preferred stock	, the underwriters	s have the option	on to purchase up to an ad	lditional
[	] shares of NMFC's preferred stock at the public of	offering price, less the sales load, within [	] days of the date	e of this prospe	ectus supplement. If the un	nderwriters
exercise	this option in full, the total public offering price, sale	es load and proceeds to us will be \$	, \$	and \$	, respectively.	

The underwriters expect to deliver the shares against payment in New York, New York on or about , 20 .

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#### PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from the base prospectus]

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# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any shares of our preferred stock by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our preferred stock. This prospectus supplement suppresedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of preferred stock and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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# PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred.

- In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:
- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;

- · "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;
- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- · "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- . "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended
- "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;

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- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and
- "Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016, to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

# Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closedend, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$[10], which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidate wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of [ ], as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

# **Recent Developments**

#### [Insert Recent Developments at the Time of the Offering]

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

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The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

#### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

#### Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- 1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

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#### **Experienced Management Team and Established Platform**

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry

specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

#### Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

#### Risk Management through Various Cycles

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

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#### Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the accompanying prospectus.

#### **Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist.
   While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either
  exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other
  services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent
  primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common
  stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

# **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

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We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

#### Risks

An investment in our preferred stock involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our preferred stock. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our shares, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- We may suffer credit losses;
- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value;
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;
- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;
- Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;

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- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;
- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;
- We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;
- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- · Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- · The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- · Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- · The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly;
- Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our preferred stock;
- · If we issue preferred stock, the net asset value and market value of our common stock will likely become more volatile; and
- Holders of any preferred stock we might issue would have the right to elect members of our board of directors and class voting rights on certain matters.
- · [Insert any additional risk factors applicable to preferred stock.]

#### **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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#### Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

#### Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

#### Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

# SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE PREFERRED STOCK AND THE OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of our preferred stock that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to the back of this prospectus supplement. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of our preferred stock. You should read this section together with the more general description of our preferred stock in this prospectus supplement under the heading "Description of Preferred Stock" and in the accompanying prospectus under the headings "Description of NMFC's Capital Stock — Preferred Stock" and "Description of NMFC's Preferred Stock" before investing in our preferred stock. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert material terms of the preferred stock in tabular form to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

#### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we", "NMFC", or the "Company" will pay fees or expenses, we will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in us. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	%(1)
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	0/0
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to preferred stock):	
Base management fees	%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	%(6)
Other expenses	%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	%(8)
Total annual expenses	%(9)
-	

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# Example

The following example, required by the SEC, demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our preferred stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 1	ears	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,					
assuming a 5% annual return	\$	\$	\$		\$

# The example and the expenses in the tables above should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5.0% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the above example. The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investors would be higher. For example, if we assumed that we received our 5.0% annual return completely in the form of net realized capital gains on our investments, computed net of all cumulative unrealized depreciation on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

		3		10	
	1 Year	Years	5 Years	Years	
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,					
assuming a 5% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$	

The example assumes no sales load. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in NMFC's dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of NMFC's preferred stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of NMFC's preferred stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of NMFC's preferred stock may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the commission with respect to the shares of NMFC's preferred stock being sold in this offering, which we will pay to in connection with sales of shares of NMFC's preferred stock effected by in this offering. There is no guaranty that there will be any sales of NMFC's preferred stock pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

<sup>(2)</sup> The offering expenses of this offering are estimated to be approximately \$

<sup>(3)</sup> The de minimus expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses".

<sup>(4)</sup> The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of []% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility

merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility onDecember 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee reflected in the table above is based on the [1] ended [1] and is calculated without deducting any management fees waived. The annual base management fee after deducting the management fee waiver as a percentage of net assets would be []% based on the [1] ended [1]. See "Investment Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

- (5) Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the [ ] ended [ ] and includes accrued capital gains incentive fee. These accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by us if we ceased operations on [ ] and liquidated our investments at the [ ] valuation. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the thresholds for incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement, the incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the [ ] ended [ ]. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of the accompanying prospectus.
- (6) We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of [], we had \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million ad \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the [] amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, Convertible Notes, Unsecured Notes and SBA-guaranteed debentures, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of []% for the Holdings Credit Facility, []% for the NMFC Credit Facility, []% for the Convertible Notes, []% for the Unsecured Notes and []% for the SBA-guaranteed debentures, which were the rates payable as of []. See "Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (7) "Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator cannot recoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived. This expense ratio is calculated without deducting any expenses waived or reimbursed by the Administrator as a percentage of net assets would be []%. For the [] ended [], we reimbursed our Administrator approximately \$[] million, which represents approximately []% of our net assets on an annualized basis. See "Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (8) The holders of shares of our preferred stock indirectly bear the expenses of our investment in NMFC Senior Loan Program I, LLC ("SLP I") and NMFC Senior Loan Program II, LLC ("SLP II"). No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. As SLP II is structured as a private joint venture, no management fees are paid by SLP II. Future expenses for SLP I and SLP II may be substantially higher or lower because certain expenses may fluctuate over time.
- (9) The holders of shares of our preferred stock indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.

# CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- our future operating results;
- · ours business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;

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- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and

 the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act.

# SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20, December 31, 20, December 31, 20 and December 31, 20 has been derived from our financial statements that were audited by [\_\_\_], an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the [\_] months ended [\_\_\_], 20 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities", which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying in this prospectus, for more information.

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[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

# RISK FACTORS

Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. Before you invest in our securities, you should be aware of various risks, including those described below and those set forth in the accompanying prospectus. You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. The risk factors described below, together with those set forth in the accompanying prospectus, capital structure or trading markets similar to ours.

#### If we issue preferred stock, the net asset value and market value of our common stock will likely become more volatile.

We cannot assure you that the issuance of preferred stock would result in a higher yield or return to the holders of our common stock. The issuance of preferred stock would likely cause the net asset value and market value of the common stock to become more volatile. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock were to approach the net rate of return on our investment portfolio, the benefit of leverage to the holders of the common stock would be reduced. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock were to exceed the net rate of return on our portfolio, the leverage would result in a lower rate of return to the holders of common stock than if we had not issued preferred stock. Any decline in the net asset value of our investments would be borne entirely by the holders of common stock. Therefore, if the market value of the our portfolio were to decline, the leverage would result in a greater decrease in net asset value to the holders of common stock than if we were not leveraged through the issuance of preferred stock. This greater net asset value decrease would also tend to cause a greater decline in the market price for the common stock. We might be in danger of failing to maintain the required asset coverage of the preferred stock. In order to counteract such an event, we might need to liquidate investments in order to fund a redemption of some or all of the preferred stock, in addition, we would pay (and the holders of common stock would bear) all costs and expenses relating to the issuance and ongoing maintenance of the preferred stock, including higher advisory fees if our total return exceeds the dividend rate on the preferred stock may have different interests than holders of common stock and may at times have disproportionate influence over our affairs.

# Holders of any preferred stock we might issue would have the right to elect members of our board of directors and class voting rights on certain matters.

Holders of any preferred stock we might issue, voting separately as a single class, would have the right to elect two members of our board of directors at all times and in the event dividends become two full years in arrears would have the right to elect a majority of the directors until such arrearage is completely eliminated. In addition, preferred stockholders have class voting rights on certain matters, including changes in fundamental investment restrictions and conversion to open-end status, and accordingly can veto any such changes. Restrictions imposed on the declarations and payment of dividends or other distributions to the holders of our common stock and preferred stock, both by the 1940 Act and by requirements imposed by rating agencies, if any, or the terms of our credit facilities, if any, might impair our ability to

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maintain our qualification as a RIC for federal income tax purposes. While we would intend to redeem our preferred stock to the extent necessary to enable us to distribute our income as required to maintain our qualification as a RIC, there can be no assurance that such actions could be effected in time to meet the tax requirements.

# [Insert risk factors applicable to the preferred stock and any additional relevant risk factors not included in the base prospectus to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of [ ], 20[]:

· on an actual basis; and

on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the sale of shares of NMFC's preferred stock in this offering at an assumed public offering price of \$ per share (the last reported closing price of NMFC's preferred stock on approximately \$ and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ payable by NMFC.

You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and

		As of [ ], 20[ ]		
	Actual	As Adjusted (unaudited)		
		(in thousands)		
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$		
Investments at fair value				
Other assets				
Total assets	\$	\$		
Liabilities:				
Credit facilities payable	\$	\$		
Other liabilities				
Total liabilities	\$	\$		
Net assets	\$	S		
	·			
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000 shares authorized, shares outstanding		\$		
Capital in excess of par value		\$		
Total stockholders' equity		\$		
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#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds from the sale of theshares of ourpreferred stock in this offering of approximately \$million, orapproximately \$million if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional shares in full (in each case using the last reported closing price of our preferredstock on, 20 of \$per share), after deducting estimated offering expenses of approximately \$payable by us.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders/unit holders and for general corporate purposes, and other working capital needs. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with its investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments.

We estimate that it will take less than months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds of this offering, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities and market conditions. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These temporary investments are expected to provide a lower net return than we hope to achieve from our target investments.

# **RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES AND PREFERRED DIVIDENDS**

[Insert information required by Item 503(d) of Regulation S-K at time of offering.]

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

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#### DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED STOCK

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of our preferred stock that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of the preferred stock. You should read this section together with the more general descriptions of the preferred stock in the accompanying prospectus under the headings "Description of Capital Stock — Preferred stock" and "Description of Preferred Stock" in the accompanying prospectus before investing in our preferred stock. This summary is not necessarily complete and is subject to and entirely qualified by reference to our charter and bylaws.

[Insert material terms of the preferred stock to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

#### UNDERWRITING

NMFC and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the shares being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of shares indicated in the following table. [1] are the representatives of the underwriters.

Number of Shares	Underwriter
	Total
of Shares	

The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the shares being offered, if any are taken, other than the shares covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised.

If the underwriters sell more shares than the total number set forth in the table above, the underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional [\_\_\_] shares from NMFC. They may exercise that option for [\_] days. If any shares are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase shares in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions (sales load) to be paid to the underwriters by NMFC. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase [ ] additional shares. This offering will conform to the requirements set forth in Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Rule 2310. In compliance with such requirements, the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with the sale of securities will not exceed 10% of gross proceeds of this offering.

	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Share	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

Shares sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any shares sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per share from the public offering price. If all the shares are not sold at the initial offering price, the

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representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the shares by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

NMFC, each of its officers and directors, and each of the members of the Investment Adviser's investment committee have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any shares of NMFC's preferred stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of NMFC's preferred stock during the period from the date of this prospectus supplement continuing through the date [1] days after the date of this prospectus supplement, except with the prior written consent of [2].

[Add relevant disclosure depending on whether preferred shares are listed or not.]

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell shares of preferred stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of shares than they are required to purchase in the offering. "Covered" short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional shares from us in the offering. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional shares or purchasing shares in the open market. In determining the source of shares to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of shares available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional shares pursuant to the option granted to them. "Naked" short sales are sales in excess of such option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing shares in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the preferred stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of preferred stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased shares sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own account, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the company's stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the preferred stock. As a result, the price of the preferred stock may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected on the New York Stock Exchange, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

The underwriters do not expect sales to discretionary accounts to exceed five percent of the total number of shares offered.

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately [ ]. NMFC will pay all of the expenses incurred by us in connection with this offering.

NMFC has agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full-service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management,

investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates may, from time to time, perform various financial advisory and investment banking services for the company, for which they will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that

they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

# The principal business address of [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ].

Each of the underwriters may arrange to sell preferred shares offered hereby in certain jurisdictions outside the United States, either directly or through affiliates, where they are permitted to do so.

[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

#### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia. Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by

# INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

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The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

# AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the shares of preferred stock offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the shares of preferred stock being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information file delectronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinf@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available for charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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] Shares

New Mountain Finance Corporation

ſ

Series [ ] Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference \$ Per Share

# PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

[Underwriters]

#### [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE RIGHTS OFFERINGS](1)

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20 )

Up to [ ] Shares

New Mountain Finance Corporation

Common Stock

#### **Issuable Upon**

#### **Exercise of Rights**

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

We are issuing [transferable/non-transferable] rights to our stockholders of record, or record date stockholders, as of [] p.m., New York City time, on \_, 20, or the record date. The rights entitle holders of rights, or rights holders, to subscribe for an aggregate of up to [] shares of our common stock. Record date stockholders will receive [] right(s) for each share of common stock owned on the record date. The rights entitle the holder to purchase [] new share(s) of common stock for every [] rights held, which we refer to as the basic subscription right[, and record date stockholders who fully exercise their rights will be entitled to subscribe, subject to certain limitations and pro-rata allocation, for additional shares that remain unsubscribed as a result of any unexercised rights.] [In addition, any non-record date stockholder who exercises rights will be entitled to subscribe, subject to certain limitations and pro-rata allocation, for any remaining shares that are not otherwise subscribed for by record date stockholders.]

The subscription price per share will be [describe means of computing subscription price]. Because the subscription price will be determined on the expiration date, stockholders who elect to exercise their rights will not know the subscription price per share at the time they exercise such rights. The rights will expire if they are not exercised by [] p.m., New York City time, on \_\_\_\_\_, 20, the expiration date of this offering, unless extended. We, in our sole discretion, may extend the period for exercising the rights. You will have no right to rescind your subscription after receipt of your payment of the estimated subscription price or a notice of guaranteed delivery except as described in this prospectus supplement or accompanying prospectus.

This offering will dilute the ownership interest and voting power of the common stock owned by stockholders who do not fully exercise their subscription rights. Stockholders who do not fully exercise their subscription rights should expect, upon completion of the offering, to own a smaller proportional interest in us than before the offering. Further, if the net proceeds per share from the offering are at a discount to our net asset value per share, this offering will reduce our net asset value per share.

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC". On [ ], the last reported sales price on the New York Stock Exchange for our common stock was \$[ ] per share.

An investment in NMFC's common stock is very risky and highly speculative. Shares of closed-end investment companies, including business development companies, frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. In addition, the companies in which NMFC invests are subject to special risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page [] of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in NMFC's common stock.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor should know before investing in NMFC's common stock. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the sections outlined in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached, and is not intended to and does not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)(2)(3)	\$ \$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)(1)(3)	\$ \$

(1) Estimated on the basis of [describe means of computing subscription price]. See "The Offer-Subscription Price.".

(2) [In connection with this offering, , the dealer manager for this offering, will receive a fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services equal to % of the subscription price per share for each share issued pursuant to the exercise of rights[, including pursuant to the over-subscription privilege.]

(3) We estimate that we will incur offering expenses of approximately \$ in connection with this offering. We estimate that net proceeds to us after expenses will be \$ assuming

all of the rights are exercised at the estimated subscription price.

(4) Assumes all rights are exercised at the estimated subscription price.

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# PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from the base prospectus]

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# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any shares of our common stock by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our common stock. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of [transferable/non-transferable] rights to our stockholders of record and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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# PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- \* "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- · "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;

- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- · "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- · "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- · "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended
- "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;
- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and

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"Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016 to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

# Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closedend, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$[ [1], which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

], as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

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Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of [

exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

# **Recent Developments**

[Insert Recent Developments at the Time of the Offering]

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori

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was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

#### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

#### Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- 1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

#### **Experienced Management Team and Established Platform**

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly

President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We

believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

#### Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

## **Risk Management through Various Cycles**

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong
  management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

#### Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed

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discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the accompanying prospectus.

## **Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to
  exist. While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become
  more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have
  either exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and
  providing other services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the
  companies we target.
- *Conservative loan to value.* As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders.
   Recent primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

## **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

An investment in our common stock involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our common stock. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our shares, will

Risks

fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- · We may suffer credit losses;
- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value;
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key
  investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- · The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- · We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;
- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;
- · Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;
- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;
- We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;

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- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- · Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- · The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- · Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- · The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly;
- · Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our preferred stock;
- · If we issue preferred stock, the net asset value and market value of our common stock will likely become more volatile; and
- · Your interest in us may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in this offering.
- · [Insert any additional risk factors applicable to rights offerings.]

#### **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

## Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

#### Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

#### Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements

contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

#### THE RIGHTS OFFERING

## The Offer

We are issuing to stockholders of record, or record date stockholders, on \_\_\_\_\_\_, or the record date, [] [transferable/non-transferable] right(s) for each share of our common stock held on the record date. Each holder of the rights, or rights holder, is entitled to subscribe for [] share(s) of our common stock for every rights held [, which we refer to as the primary subscription right]. We will not issue fractional shares of our common stock upon the exercise of rights; accordingly, rights may be exercised only in multiples of \_\_\_\_\_.

[The rights are transferable and will be listed for trading on [] under the symbol " "during the course of this offer. See "The Offer."]

#### **Subscription Price**

The subscription price per share will be [describe means of computing subscription price]. [Because the subscription price will be determined on the expiration date, rights holders who decide to acquire shares pursuant to the primary subscription right or pursuant to the over-subscription privilege will not know the actual purchase price of those shares when they make that decision.] See "The Offer—Subscription Price."

## [Over-Subscription Privilege

Record date stockholders who fully exercise all rights issued to them (other than those rights which cannot be exercised because they represent the right to acquire less than [] share(s)) are entitled to subscribe for additional shares of our common stock which were not subscribed for by other stockholders, which we refer to as the remaining shares. If sufficient remaining shares of our common stock are available, all record date stockholders' over-subscription requests will be honored in full. In addition, any non-record date stockholder who exercises rights is entitled to subscribe for remaining shares that are not otherwise subscribed for by record date stockholders. Shares acquired pursuant to the over-subscription privilege are subject to certain limitations and pro-rata allocations. See "The Offer—Over-Subscription Privilege."]

## **Purpose of the Offer**

[Our Board of Directors has determined that it would be in the best interest of NMFC and its stockholders to increase the capital available for making additional investments, as well as to pay operating expenses, temporarily repay debt and generally enhance our liquidity. We believe that we must have sufficient liquidity available to remain a credible source of capital. This offering will increase the capital available for us to make additional investments.] This offering gives existing stockholders the right to purchase additional shares at a price that is expected to be below market without incurring any commission or charge, while providing us access to additional capital resources. In connection with the approval of this rights offering, our board of directors considered, among other things, the following factors:

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- the subscription price relative to the market price and to our net asset value per share, including the likelihood that the subscription price will be below our net asset value per share;
- the increased capital to be available upon completion of this rights offering for us to make additional investments consistent with our investment objective;
- the dilution to be experienced by non-exercising stockholders;
- the dilutive effect the offering will have on the dividends per share we distribute subsequent to completion of the offering;
- [the terms and expenses in connection with the offering relative to other alternatives for raising capital, including fees payable to the dealer manager;]
- the size of the offering in relation to the number of shares outstanding;
- [the fact that the rights will be listed on [ ] during the subscription period;]
- the market price of our common stock, both before and after the announcement of the rights offering;
- the general condition of the securities markets; and
- any impact on operating expenses associated with an increase in capital, including an increase in fees payable to the Investment Adviser.

There can be no assurance of the amount of dilution that a stockholder will experience or that the rights offering will be successful.

[The purpose of setting the determination of the subscription price upon the expiration of the offer is to attract the maximum participation of stockholders in the offer, with minimum dilution to non-participating stockholders.]

[The transferable rights will allow non-participating stockholders the potential of receiving cash payment upon the sale of the rights, receipt of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the dilution of their interests.]

We cannot assure you that this offering will be successful, or that by increasing the amount of our available capital, our aggregate expenses and, correspondingly, our expense ratio will be lowered. In addition, the management fee we pay to the Investment Adviser is based upon our gross assets, which include any cash or cash equivalents that we have not yet invested in the securities of portfolio companies.

[In determining that this offer is in our best interest and in the best interests of our stockholders, we have retained, the dealer manager for this offer, to provide us with financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services relating to this offer, including advice with respect to the structure, timing and terms of the offer. In this regard, our board of directors considered, among other things, using a fixed pricing versus variable pricing mechanism, the benefits and drawbacks of conducting a non-transferable versus a transferable rights offering, the effect on us if this offer is not fully subscribed and the experience of the dealer manager in conducting rights offerings.]

[Although we have no present intention to do so, we may, in the future and in our discretion, choose to make additional rights offerings from time to time for a number of shares and on terms which may or may not be similar to this offer, provided that our Board of Directors must determine that each subsequent rights offering is in the best interest of our stockholders. Any such future rights offering will be made in accordance with the 1940 Act.]

## [Sale of Rights

The rights are evidenced by a subscription certificate and are transferable until, (or if the offer is extended, until the extended expiration date). The rights will be listed for trading on [] under the symbol "". We and the dealer manager will use our best efforts to ensure that an adequate trading market for the rights will exist. However, no assurance can be

given that a market for the rights will develop. Trading in the rights on [ ] may be conducted until close of trading on [ ] on , (or, if the offer is extended, until the extended expiration date). See "The Offer—Sale of Rights."]

## **Use of Proceeds**

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders/unit holders and for general corporate purposes. See "Use of Proceeds."

#### Amendments and Termination

We reserve the right to amend the terms and conditions of this offering, whether the amended terms are more or less favorable to you. We will comply with all applicable laws, including the federal securities laws, in connection with any such amendment. In addition, we may, in our sole discretion, terminate the rights offering at any time prior to delivery of the shares of our common stock offered hereby, if the subscription price is less than []% of the net asset value attributable to a share of common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report we filed with the SEC. If this rights offering is terminated, all rights will expire without value and the subscription agent will return as soon as practicable all exercise payments, without interest. [No amounts paid to acquire rights on [insert name of any applicable exchange on which rights are listed] or otherwise will be returned.]

## **Dilutive Effects**

Any stockholder who chooses not to participate in the offering should expect to own a smaller interest in us upon completion of the offering. The offering will dilute the ownership interest and voting power of stockholders who do not fully exercise their basic subscription rights. Further, because the net proceeds per share from the offering may be lower than our net asset value per share, the offering may reduce our net asset value per share. The amount of dilution that a stockholder will experience could be substantial.

## How to Obtain Subscription Information

- · Contact your broker-dealer, trust company, bank or other nominee where your rights are held, or
- · Contact the information agent, , at . Broker-dealers and nominees may call .

#### How to Subscribe

- · Deliver a completed subscription certificate and payment to the subscription agent by the expiration date of the rights offering, or
- If your shares are held in an account with your broker-dealer, trust company, bank or other nominee, which qualifies as an Eligible Guarantor Institution under Rule 17Ad-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), have your Eligible Guarantor Institution deliver a notice of guaranteed delivery to the subscription agent by the expiration date of the rights offering.

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## Subscription Agent

will act as the subscription agent in connection with this offer.

## **Information Agent**

will act as the information agent in connection with this offer. You may contact toll-free with questions at . Broker-dealers and nominees may call

## [Distribution Arrangements

will act as dealer manager for the offer. Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in the dealer manager agreement, the dealer manager will provide financial advisory services and marketing assistance in connection with the offer and will solicit the exercise of rights and participation in the over-subscription privilege by our stockholders. The offer is not contingent upon any number of rights being exercised. We have agreed to pay the dealer manager a fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services equal to % of the subscription price per share for shares issued pursuant to the exercise of rights, including pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. The dealer manager may reallow a portion of its fees to other broker-dealers that have assisted in soliciting the exercise of rights.]

## Important Dates to Remember

Record Date	
Subscription Period	(1)
Measurement Period for Subscription Price(2)	(1)
Expiration Date	(1)
Deadline for Delivery of Subscription Certificates and Payment for Shares(3)	(1)
Deadline for Delivery of Notice of Guaranteed Delivery(3)	(1)
Deadline for Delivery of Subscription Certificates and Payment for Shares pursuant to Notice of Guaranteed	
Delivery	(1)
Confirmations Mailed to Participants	(1)
Final Payment for Shares	(1)

(1) Unless the offer is extended.

(2) The subscription price will be [describe means of computing subscription price].

(3) Participating rights holders must, by the expiration date of the offer (unless the offer is extended), either (a) deliver a subscription certificate and payment for shares or (b) cause to be delivered on their behalf a notice of guaranteed delivery.

### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we", "NMFC", or the "Company" will pay fees or expenses, we will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in us. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:	
Sales load (as a percentage of offering price)	%(1)
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	0/0
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Base management fees	%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	%(6)
Other expenses	%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	%(8)
Total annual expenses	%(9)

## Example

The following example, required by the SEC, demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0%				
annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

# The example and the expenses in the tables above should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5.0% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the above example. The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investors would be higher. For example, if we assumed that we received our 5.0% annual return completely in the form of net realized capital gains on our investments, computed net of all cumulative unrealized depreciation on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

		1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Yo	ou would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment, assuming a 5.0%				
	annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

The example assumes no sales load. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of our common stock may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

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<sup>(1)</sup> NMFC has agreed to pay the dealer manager a fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services equal to []% of the aggregate subscription price for the shares issued pursuant to the offer. See "The Offer — Distribution Arrangements."

<sup>(2)</sup> Amount reflects estimated offering expenses of approximately [], which assumes that the offer is fully subscribed. This amount excludes the fee that we have agreed to pay to the subscription agent, but includes reimbursement for its out-of-pocket expenses related to the offer, estimated to be []. See "The Offer — Distribution Arrangements."

<sup>(3)</sup> The de minimis expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."

<sup>(4)</sup> The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of []% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee after deducting the management fee waiver as a percentage of net assets would be []% based on the [] ended []]. See "Investment Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

<sup>(5)</sup> Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the [ ] ended [ ] and includes accrued capital gains incentive fee. These accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by us if we ceased operations on [ ] and liquidated our investments at the [ ] valuation. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the thresholds for incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement, the incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the [ ] ended [ ]. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of the accompanying prospectus.

<sup>(6)</sup> We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of [], we had \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million and \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the

NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the [] amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, Convertible Notes, Unsecured Notes and SBA-guaranteed debentures, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of []% for the Holdings Credit Facility, []% for the NMFC Credit Facility, []% for the Convertible Notes, []% for the Unsecured Notes and []% for the SBA-guaranteed debentures, which were the rates payable as of []. See "Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

- (7) "Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator racoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived. This expense ratio is calculated without deducting any expenses waived or reimbursed by the Administrator as a percentage of net assets would be []%. For the [ ] ended [], we reimbursed our Administrator approximately \$[] million, which represents approximately []% of our net assets on an annualized basis. See "Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (8) The holders of shares of our preferred stock indirectly bear the expenses of our investment in NMFC Senior Loan Program I, LLC ("SLP I") and NMFC Senior Loan Program II, LLC ("SLP II"). No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. As SLP II is structured as a private joint venture, no management fees are paid by SLP II. Future expenses for SLP I and SLP II may be substantially higher or lower because certain expenses may fluctuate over time.
- (9) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.

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## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- · our future operating results;
- · ours business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- · the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- · the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- · interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act.

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20 , December 31, 20 , December 31, 20 and December 31, 20 has been derived from our financial statements that were audited by [\_\_\_\_], an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the [\_] months ended [\_\_\_], 20 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities", which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying in this prospectus, for more information.

[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

## **RISK FACTORS**

Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. Before you invest in our securities, you should be aware of various risks, including those described below and those set forth in the accompanying prospectus. You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. The risk factors described below, together with those set forth in the accompanying risk factors associated with an investment in us as well as those factors generally associated with an investment company with investment objectives, investment policies, capital structure or trading markets similar to ours.

# Your interest in NMFC may be diluted if you do not fully exercise your subscription rights in this offering.

Stockholders who do not fully exercise their rights should expect that they will, at the completion of the offer, own a smaller proportional interest in NMFC than would otherwise be the case if they fully exercised their rights. We cannot state precisely the amount of any such dilution in share ownership because we do not know at this time what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of the offer.

In addition, if the subscription price is less than NMFC's net asset value per share, then NMFC's stockholders would experience an immediate dilution of the aggregate net asset value of their shares as a result of the offer. The amount of any decrease in net asset value is not predictable because it is not known at this time what the subscription price and net asset value per share will be on the expiration date of the rights offering or what proportion of the shares will be purchased as a result of the offer. Such dilution could be substantial.

[Insert risk factors applicable to the rights offering and any additional relevant risk factors not included in the base prospectus to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

## CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of [ ], 20[]:

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· our actual capitalization at , 20 ; and

our pro forma capitalization to give effect to the sale of shares of our common stock in this offering, assuming all rights are exercised at the estimated subscription price of \$ and our receipt of the estimated net proceeds from that sale.

You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

		As of [ ], 20[ ]
	Actual	As Adjusted (unaudited )(1)
		(in thousands)
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
Investments at fair value		
Other assets		
Total assets	\$	\$
Liabilities:		
Credit facilities payable	\$	\$
Other liabilities		
Total liabilities	\$	\$
Net assets	\$	S
	<u>.</u>	<u>·</u> _
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, shares outstanding		\$
Capital in excess of par value		\$
Total stockholders' equity		\$

<sup>(1)</sup> We may change the size of this offering based on demand and market conditions. A \$0.50 increase (decrease) in the assumed offering price per right would increase (decrease) net proceeds to us from this offering by \$[] million, assuming the number of rights offered by us as set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement remains the same, after deducting the underwriting discount and estimated expenses payable by us. Any additional proceeds to us resulting from an increase in the public offering price or the number of rights offered pursuant to this prospectus supplement will increase our cash and cash equivalents on an as adjusted basis and will be used as described in "Use of Proceeds."

If shares of our common stock are sold at the estimated subscription price of \$[], the net proceeds of the offer will be approximately \$[], after deducting dealer manager fees of approximately \$[] and other expenses related to this offer payable by us estimated at approximately \$[]. There can be no assurance that all the rights will be exercised in full.

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We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders/unit holders and for general corporate purposes, and other working capital needs. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with its investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments.

We estimate that it will take [] to [] months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds of this offering, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities and market conditions. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These temporary investments are expected to provide a lower net return than we hope to achieve from our target investments.

#### DILUTION

As of , , our net assets were \$ million, or approximately \$ per share. After giving effect to the sale of shares of our common stock in this offering, assuming all rights are exercised at the estimated subscription price of \$ per share, and our receipt of the estimated net proceeds from that sale, our pro forma net asset value would have been approximately \$ million, or approximately \$ per share, representing an immediate dilution of approximately \$ per share to our existing stockholders.

The following table illustrates the dilutive effects of this offering on a per share basis, assuming all rights are exercised at the estimated subscription price of \$ per share:

		As of ,		
		Actual	٨٨	As
Net asset value per common share		\$	\$	justeu
		Months E	dod	
		Wontins Er	As	
	Ac	ctual	Adjusted	
Net increase in net assets resulting from net investment income per common share	\$	(1)	\$	(2)
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations per common share	\$	(1)	\$	(2)
Distributions per common share	\$		\$	(3)

(1) Basic and diluted, weighted average number of shares outstanding is .

(2) Assumes that on , , the beginning of the indicated period, (a) all rights were exercised at the estimated subscription price of \$ per share and (b) shares of our common stock were issued upon exercise of such rights.

(3) Assumes actual cash distributions divided by adjusted shares, including shares issued upon exercise of rights.

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## PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "NMFC". The following table sets forth, for each fiscal quarter during the last two fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date, the net asset value ("NAV") per share of our common stock, the high and low closing sale price for our common stock, the closing sale price as a percentage of NAV and the quarterly distributions per share.

[Insert Price Range of Common Stock at the time of offering.]

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On [], the last reported sales price of our common stock was \$[]] per share. As of [], we had approximately [] stockholders of record and approximately one beneficial owner whose shares are held in the names of brokers, dealers, funds, trusts and clearing agencies.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV will decrease. Since our initial public offering on May 19, 2011, our shares of common stock have traded at times at both a discount and a premium to the net assets attributable to those shares. As of [], our shares of common stock traded at a premium of approximately []% of the NAV attributable to those shares as of []. It is not possible to predict whether the shares offered hereby will trade at, above, or below NAV.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders in amounts sufficient to maintain our status as a RIC. We intend to distribute approximately our entire Adjusted Net Investment Income (defined as net investment income adjusted to reflect income as if the cost basis of investments held at the IPO date had stepped-up to fair market value as of the IPO date) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of our taxable income on an annual basis, except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

We maintain an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan on behalf of our stockholders, pursuant to which each of our stockholders' cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless the stockholder elects to receive cash.

We apply the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will use only newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the

NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and ask prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan

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administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

The following table reflects the cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per share that have been declared by our board of directors for the two most recent fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date:

[Insert Distributions at the time of offering.]

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

## THE OFFER

## **Purpose of the Offer**

[Our Board of Directors has determined that it would be in the best interests of NMFC and its stockholders to increase the capital available for making additional investments, as well as to pay operating expenses and generally enhance our liquidity. We believe that we must have sufficient liquidity available to remain a credible source of capital. The offering will increase the capital available for us to make additional investments. The current offering gives existing stockholders the right to purchase additional shares at a price that is expected to be below market without incurring any commission or charge, while providing us access to such additional capital resources. In connection with the approval of this rights offering, our Board of Directors considered, among other things, the following factors:]

- the subscription price relative to the market price and to our net asset value per share, including the likelihood that the subscription price will be below our net asset value per share;
- the increased capital to be available upon completion of the rights offering for us to make additional investments consistent with our investment objective;
- the dilution to be experienced by non-exercising stockholders;
- the dilutive effect the offering will have on the dividends per share we distribute subsequent to completion of the offering;
- [the terms and expenses in connection with the offering relative to other alternatives for raising capital, including fees payable to the dealer manager;]
- the size of the offering in relation to the number of shares outstanding;
- · [the fact that the rights will be listed on [] during the subscription period;]
- the market price of our common stock, both before and after the announcement of the rights offering;
- the general condition of the securities markets; and
- any impact on operating expenses associated with an increase in capital, including an increase in fees payable to the Investment Adviser.

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There can be no assurance of the amount of dilution that a stockholder will experience or that the rights offering will be successful.

The purpose of setting the determination of the subscription price upon the expiration of the offer is to attract the maximum participation of stockholders in the offer, with minimum dilution to non-participating stockholders.

[The transferable rights will allow non-participating stockholders the potential of receiving cash payment upon the sale of the rights, receipt of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the dilution of their interests.]

We cannot assure you that the current offering will be successful, or that by increasing the size of our available equity capital, our aggregate expenses and, correspondingly, our expense ratio will be lowered. In addition, the management fee we pay to the Investment Adviser is based upon our gross assets, which include any cash or cash equivalents that we have not yet invested in the securities of portfolio companies.

[In determining that this offer was in our best interest and in the best interests of our stockholders, we have retained, the dealer manager for this offering, to provide us with financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services relating to this offer, including advice with respect to the structure, timing and terms of the offer. In this regard, our Board of Directors considered, among other things, using a fixed pricing versus variable pricing mechanism, the benefits and drawbacks of conducting a non-transferable versus a transferable rights offering, the effect on us if this offer is not fully subscribed and the experience of the dealer manager in conducting rights offerings.]

[Although we have no present intention to do so, we may, in the future and in our discretion, choose to make additional rights offerings from time to time for a number of shares and on terms which may or may not be similar to this offer, provided that our board of directors must determine that each subsequent rights offering is in the best interest of our stockholders. Any such future rights offering will be made in accordance with the 1940 Act.]

## Terms of the Offer

We are issuing to record date stockholders [transferable/non-transferable] rights to subscribe for up to approximately shares. Each record date stockholder is being issued [] [transferable/non-transferable] right(s) for each whole share owned on the record date. The rights entitle each holder, or rights holder, to acquire at the subscription price [] share(s) for every rights held [, which we refer to as the primary subscription right]. Rights may be exercised at any time during the subscription period, which commences on , , the record date, and ends at []p.m., New York City time, on , , the expiration date, unless extended by us.

The rights are [transferable and will be listed for trading on [] under the symbol " " during the course of the offer/non-transferable]. The shares of our common stock issued pursuant to an exercise of rights will be listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC." The rights will be evidenced by subscription certificates which will be mailed to stockholders, except as discussed below under "—Foreign Stockholders."

We will not issue fractional shares upon the exercise of rights; accordingly, rights may be exercised only in multiples of .

The rights are [transferable/non-transferable]. [Rights holders who are not record date stockholders may purchase shares as described above, which we refer to as the primary subscription, and may be entitled to subscribe for shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege (as described below).]

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[Shares for which there is no subscription during the primary subscription will be offered, by means of the over-subscription privilege, first to record date stockholders who fully exercise the rights issued to them pursuant to this offering (other than those rights that cannot be exercised because they represent in the aggregate the right to acquire less than [] share(s)) and who wish to acquire more than the number of shares they are entitled to purchase pursuant to the exercise of their rights. In addition, any non-record date rights holder who exercises rights is entitled to subscribe for remaining shares that are not otherwise subscribed for by record date stockholders. Shares acquired pursuant to the over-subscription privilege are subject to certain limitations and pro-rata allocations. See "—Over-Subscription Privilege" below.]

For purposes of determining the number of shares a record date stockholder may acquire pursuant to the offer, broker-dealers, trust companies, banks or others whose shares are held of record by [] ("[]") or by any other depository or nominee will be deemed to be the holders of the rights that are issued to [] or the other depository or nominee on their behalf.

There is no minimum number of rights which must be exercised in order for the offer to close.

## [Over-Subscription Privilege

Shares not subscribed for by rights holders, which we refer to as remaining shares, will be offered, by means of the over-subscription privilege, first to record date stockholders who have fully exercised the rights issued to them and who wish to acquire more than the number of shares they are entitled to purchase pursuant to the basic subscription. Rights holders should indicate on the subscription certificate that they submit with respect to the exercise of the rights issued to them how many additional shares they are willing to acquire pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. If there are sufficient remaining shares, all record date stockholders' over-subscription requests will be honored in full. If record date stockholder requests for shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege exceed the remaining shares available remaining shares will be allocated pro-rata among record date stockholders who over-subscription be added on the number of shares. The allocation process may involve a series of allocations to assure that the total number of remaining shares available for over-subscriptions is distributed on a pro-rata basis. The formula to be used in allocating the remaining shares is as follows:

Stockholder's Record Date Position	×	Remaining Shares
Total Record Date Position of All Over-Subscribers		

Any rights holder, other than a record date stockholder, who exercises rights is entitled to subscribe for remaining shares that are not otherwise over-subscribed for by record date stockholders. These non-record date rights holders should indicate in the subscription certificate submitted with respect to the exercise of any rights how many shares they are willing to acquire pursuant to the over-subscription privilege. We cannot assure non-record date rights holders that they will receive shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege.

If sufficient remaining shares are available after the over-subscription privileges for the record date stockholders have been allotted, then all over-subscriptions by non-record date rights holders will be honored in full. If the remaining shares are insufficient to permit such allocation, the remaining shares will be allocated pro-rata among the non-record date rights holders who wish to exercise their over-subscription privilege, based on the number of rights held by such rights

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holders on the expiration date. However, if this pro-rata allocation results in any holder being allocated a greater number of shares than the holder subscribed for pursuant to the exercise of the over-subscription privilege, then such holder will be allocated only such number of shares pursuant to the over-subscription privilege as such holder subscribed for. The formula to be used in allocating the shares available to non-record date rights holders exercising their over-subscription privilege is as follows:

Non-Record Date Rights Holder's Rights
Ownership as of the Expiration Date
Total Rights Ownership as of the Expiration
Date of Non-Record
Date Rights Holders Exercising Their Over-
Subscription Privilege

Shares Available for Non-Record Date Rights Holders Exercising Their Over-Subscription Privilege

Banks, brokers, trustees and other nominee holders of rights will be required to certify to the subscription agent, before any over-subscription privilege may be exercised with respect to any particular beneficial owner, as to the aggregate number of rights exercised pursuant to the primary subscription and the number of shares subscribed for pursuant to the over-subscription privilege by such beneficial owner and that such beneficial owner's primary subscription was exercised in full. We will not offer or sell in connection with this offer any shares that are not subscribed for pursuant to the primary subscription privilege.]

## **Subscription Price**

The subscription price for the shares to be issued pursuant to the offer will be [describe means of computing subscription price]. [Since the expiration date will be, (unless we extend the subscription period), rights holders will not know the subscription price at the time of exercise and will be required initially to pay for both the shares subscribed for pursuant to the primary subscription right and, if eligible, any additional shares subscribed for pursuant to the over-subscription privilege at the estimated subscription price of \$ per share.] See "—Payment for Shares" below. Rights holders who exercise their rights will have no right to rescind a purchase after receipt of their completed subscription certificates together with payment for shares by the subscription agent. We do not have the right to withdraw the rights or cancel this offer after the

# **Expiration of the Offer**

The offer will expire at [ ] p.m., New York City time, on , 20, the expiration date, unless extended by us. The rights will expire on the expiration date of the rights offering and may not be exercised thereafter.

Our Board of Directors may determine to extend the subscription period, and thereby postpone the expiration date, to the extent our board of directors determines that doing so is in the best interest of our stockholders. For example, our Board of Directors may elect to extend the subscription period in the event there is substantial instability or volatility in the trading price of our common stock or the rights on [] at or near the expiration date, or if any event occurs which causes trading to cease or be suspended on [] or the financial markets generally. The foregoing are not the only circumstances under which this offer may be extended, and our Board of Directors is free to extend the subscription period at its discretion, provided it determines that doing so is in the best interests of our stockholders.

Any extension of the offer will be followed as promptly as practicable by announcement thereof, and in no event later than [] a.m., New York City time, on the next business day following the previously scheduled expiration date. Without limiting the manner in which we may choose to make such announcement, we will not, unless otherwise required

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by law, have any obligation to publish, advertise or otherwise communicate any such announcement other than by issuing a press release or such other means of announcement as we deem appropriate.

#### Amendments and Waivers; Termination

We reserve the right to amend the terms and conditions of the offering, whether the amended terms are more or less favorable to you. We will comply with all applicable laws, including the federal securities laws, in connection with any such amendment.

We will decide all questions as to the validity, form and eligibility (including times of receipt, beneficial ownership and compliance with other procedural matters) in our sole discretion, and our determination shall be final and binding. The acceptance of subscription certificates and the subscription price also will be determined by us. Alternative, conditional or contingent subscriptions will not be accepted. We reserve the right to reject any exercise if such exercise is not in accordance with the terms of the offering or not in proper form or if the acceptance thereof or the issuance of shares of our common stock thereto could be deemed unlawful. We, in our sole discretion, may waive any defect or irregularity, or permit a defect or irregularity to be corrected within such time as we may determine, or reject the purported exercise of any right. Subscriptions will not be deemed to have been received or accepted until all irregularities have been waived or cured within such time as we determine in our sole discretion.

We will not be under any duty to give notification of any defect or irregularity in connection with the submission of subscription certificates or incur any liability for failure to give such notification.

We may, in our sole discretion, terminate the rights offering at any time prior to delivery of the shares of our common stock offered hereby if the subscription price is less than []% of the net asset value attributable to a share of common stock disclosed in the most recent periodic report we filed with the SEC by giving oral or written notice thereof to the subscription agent and making a public announcement thereof. If the offering is terminated, all rights will expire without value and we will promptly arrange for the refund, without interest, of all funds received from holders of rights. All monies received by the subscription agent in connection with the offering will be held by the subscription agent, on our behalf, in a segregated interest-bearing account at a negotiated rate. All such interest shall be payable to us even if we determine to terminate the offering and return your subscription payment. [In addition, no amounts paid to acquire rights on [insert name of any applicable exchange on which rights are listed] or otherwise will be returned.]

## **Dilutive Effects**

Any stockholder who chooses not to participate in the offering should expect to own a smaller interest in us upon completion of the offering. The offering will dilute the ownership interest and voting power of stockholders who do not fully exercise their basic subscription rights. Further, because the net proceeds per share from the offering may be lower than our net asset value per share, the offering may reduce our net asset value per share. The amount of dilution that a stockholder will experience could be substantial.

Shares of closed-end investment companies have in the past frequently traded at discounts to their net asset values. This characteristic of closed-end investment companies is separate and distinct from the risk that our net asset value per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our shares will trade above, at or below our net asset value.

[The transferable feature of the rights will afford non-participating stockholders the potential of receiving cash payment upon the sale of rights, receipt of which may be viewed as partial compensation for the dilution of their interests.]

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#### Information Agent

will act as the information agent in connection with the offering. The information agent will receive for its services a fee estimated to be approximately \$ plus can be contacted at the below address:

#### Subscription Agent

will act as the subscription agent in connection with this offer. The subscription agent will receive for its administrative, processing, invoicing and other services a fee estimated to be approximately \$\\$, plus reimbursement for all out-of-pocket expenses related to the offer.

Completed subscription certificates must be sent together with full payment of the subscription price for all shares subscribed for in the primary subscription and pursuant to over-subscription privilege to the subscription agent by one of the methods described below. Alternatively, an Eligible Guarantor Institution may send notices of guaranteed delivery by facsimile to which must be received by the subscription agent at or prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the rights offering. Facsimiles should be confirmed by telephone at . We will accept only properly completed and duly executed subscription certificates actually received at any of the addresses listed below, at or prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date of the rights offering of the rights offering following timely receipt of a notice of guaranteed delivery. See "—Payment for Shares" below. In this prospectus supplement, close of business means [] p.m., New York City time, on the relevant date.

Contact an Eligible Guarantor Institution, which may include a commercial bank or trust company, a member firm of a domestic stock exchange or a savings bank or credit union, to notify us of your intent to exercise the rights.

## By First Class Mail Only (Not Overnight /Express Mail):

## By Overnight Delivery:

#### Delivery to an address other than one of the addresses listed above will not constitute valid delivery.

Any questions or requests for assistance concerning the method of subscribing for shares or for additional copies of this prospectus or subscription certificates or notices of guaranteed delivery may be directed to the information agent at its telephone number and address listed below:

Stockholders may also contact their broker-dealers or nominees for information with respect to the offer.

## [Sale of Rights

## The Rights are Transferable

The rights will be listed for trading on [] under the symbol " subject to notice of issuance. We and the dealer manager will use our best efforts to ensure that an adequate trading market for the rights will exist, although no assurance

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can be given that a market for the rights will develop. Trading in the rights on [] is expected to be conducted beginning on or about , , and continuing until , (or if the offer is extended, until the extended expiration date). Rights holders are encouraged to contact their broker-dealer, bank, trustee or other nominees for more information about trading of the rights.

#### Sales Through Subscription Agent and Dealer Manager

Stockholders who do not wish to exercise any or all of their rights may instruct the subscription agent to sell any rights they do not intend to exercise themselves through or to the dealer manager. Subscription certificates representing the rights to be sold through or to the dealer manager must be received by the subscription agent on or before , (or if the offer is extended, on or before two business days prior to the extended expiration date). Upon the timely receipt by the subscription agent of appropriate instructions to sell rights, the subscription agent will ask the dealer manager either to purchase or to use its best efforts to complete the sale and the subscription agent will remit the proceeds of the sale to the selling stockholders. If the rights can be sold, sales of such rights will be dealer manager will be based upon the then current market price for the rights. The dealer manager will also attempt to sell all rights which remain unclaimed as a result of subscription agent will hold the proceeds from those sales for the benefit of such non-claiming stockholders until such proceeds are either claimed or revert to the state pursuant to applicable state law. There can be no assurance that the dealer manager will purchase or be able to complete the sale of any such rights, and neither we nor the dealer manager has guaranteed any minimum sales price for the rights. If a stockholder does not utilize the services of the subscription agent and chooses to use another broker-dealer or other financial institution to sell rights, then the other broker-dealer or financial institution may charge a fee to sell the rights.

### **Other Transfers**

The rights evidenced by a subscription certificate may be transferred in whole by endorsing the subscription certificate for transfer in accordance with the accompanying instructions. A portion of the rights evidenced by a single subscription certificate (but not fractional rights) may be transferred by delivering to the subscription agent a subscription certificate properly endorsed for transfer, with instructions to register such portion of the rights evidenced thereby in the name of the transferee and to issue a new subscription certificate to the transferee evidencing such transferred rights. In such event, a new subscription certificate evidencing the balance of the rights, if any, will be issued to the stockholder or, if the stockholder so instructs, to an additional transferee. The signature on the subscription certificate must be provided by an service upon the face of the subscription certificate in every particular, without alteration or enlargement, or any change. A signature guarantee must be provided by an Eligible Guarantor Institution as that term is defined in Rule 17Ad-15 under the Exchange Act, subject to the standards and procedures adopted by us.

Stockholders wishing to transfer all or a portion of their rights should allow at least five business days prior to the expiration date of the rights offering for (1) the transfer instructions to be received and processed by the subscription agent, (2) a new subscription certificate to be issued and transmitted to the transferee or transferees with respect to transferred rights, and to the transferror with respect to retained rights, if any, and (3) the rights evidenced by such new subscription certificate to be exercised or sold by the recipients thereof. Neither we nor the subscription agent nor the dealer manager shall have any liability to a transferee or transferror of rights if subscription certificates are not received in time for exercise or sale prior to the expiration date (or if the offer is extended, on or before two business days prior to the extended expiration date) of the rights offering.

Except for the fees charged by the subscription agent [and dealer manager], which will be paid by us, all commissions, fees and other expenses (including brokerage commissions and transfer taxes) incurred or charged in

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connection with the purchase, sale or exercise of rights will be for the account of the transferor of the rights, and none of those commissions, fees or expenses will be paid by us, the subscription agent or the dealer manager.

We anticipate that the rights will be eligible for transfer through, and that the exercise of the primary subscription and the over-subscription privilege may be effected through, the facilities of the [] ("[]"). Holders of [] exercised rights may exercise the over-subscription privilege in respect of such [] exercised rights by properly completing and duly executing and delivering to the subscription agent, at or prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on the day prior to the expiration date of the rights offering, a nominee holder over-subscription certificate or a substantially similar form satisfactory to the subscription agent, together with payment of the subscription prive for the number of shares for which the over-subscription privilege is to be exercised.]

## Methods for Exercising Rights

Rights are evidenced by subscription certificates that, except as described below under "—Foreign Stockholders," will be mailed to record date stockholders or, if a record date stockholder's shares are held by [] or any other depository or nominee on their behalf, to [] or such depository or nominee. Rights may be exercised by completing and signing the subscription certificate that accompanies this prospectus and mailing it in the envelope provided, or otherwise delivering the completed and duly

executed subscription certificate to the subscription agent, together with payment in full for the shares at the estimated subscription price by the expiration date of the rights offering. Rights may also be exercised by contacting your broker, trustee or other nominee, who can arrange, on your behalf, to guarantee delivery of payment and delivery of a properly completed and duly executed subscription certificate pursuant to a notice of guaranteed delivery by the close of business on the third business day after the expiration date. A fee may be charged for this service. Completed subscription certificates and related payments must be received by the subscription agent prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on or before the expiration date (unless payment is effected by means of a notice of guaranteed delivery as described below under "—Payment for Shares") at the offices of the subscription agent at the address set forth above. Fractional shares will not be issued upon the exercise of rights.

# [Exercise of the Over-Subscription Privilege

Record date stockholders who fully exercise all rights issued to them and rights holders other than record date stockholders, may both participate in the oversubscription privilege by indicating on their subscription certificate the number of shares they are willing to acquire. If sufficient remaining shares are available after the primary subscription, all over-subscriptions will be honored in full; otherwise remaining shares will be allocated first to record date stockholders and then (if any remaining shares are still available) to non-record date rights holders, and the number of remaining shares issued to some or all rights holders participating in the over-subscription privilege may be reduced as described under "—Over-Subscription Privilege" above. ]

## Record Date Stockholders Whose Shares Are Held By a Nominee

Record date stockholders whose shares are held by a nominee, such as a bank, broker-dealer or trustee, must contact that nominee to exercise their rights. In that case, the nominee will complete the subscription certificate on behalf of the record date stockholder and arrange for proper payment by one of the methods set forth under "— Payment for Shares" below.

#### Nominees

Nominees, such as brokers, trustees or depositories for securities, who hold shares for the account of others, should notify the respective beneficial owners of the shares as soon as possible to ascertain the beneficial owners' intentions and to obtain instructions with respect to the rights. If the beneficial owner so instructs, the nominee should complete the subscription certificate and submit it to the subscription agent with the proper payment as described under "—Payment for Shares" below.

All questions as to the validity, form, eligibility (including times of receipt and matters pertaining to beneficial ownership) and the acceptance of subscription forms and the subscription price will be determined by us, which determinations will be final and binding. No alternative, conditional or contingent subscriptions will be accepted. We reserve the right to reject any or all subscriptions not properly submitted or the acceptance of which would, in the opinion of our counsel, be unlawful.

We reserve the right to reject any exercise if such exercise is not in accordance with the terms of this rights offering or not in proper form or if the acceptance thereof or the issuance of shares of our common stock thereto could be deemed unlawful. We reserve the right to waive any deficiency or irregularity with respect to any subscription certificate. Subscriptions will not be deemed to have been received or accepted until all irregularities have been waived or cured within such time as we determine in our sole discretion. We will not be under any duty to give notification of any defect or irregularity in connection with the submission of subscription certificates or incur any liability for failure to give such notification.

#### **Foreign Stockholders**

Subscription certificates will not be mailed to foreign stockholders. Foreign stockholders will receive written notice of this offer. The subscription agent will hold the rights to which those subscription certificates relate for these stockholders' accounts until instructions are received to exercise the rights, subject to applicable law. If no instructions have been received by the expiration date, such rights will expire.

## **Payment for Shares**

Participating rights holders may choose between the following methods of payment:

- (1) A participating rights holder may send the subscription certificate together with payment for the shares acquired in the primary subscription and any additional shares subscribed for pursuant to the over-subscription privilege to the subscription agent based on the estimated subscription price of \$ per share [(% of \$, the last reported sale price of a share on [] on,]]. To be accepted, the payment, together with a properly completed and executed subscription certificate, must be received by the subscription agent at one of the subscription agent's offices set forth above, at or prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date.
- (2) A participating rights holder may request an Eligible Guarantor Institution as that term is defined in Rule 17Ad-15 under the Exchange Act to send a notice of guaranteed delivery by facsimile or otherwise guaranteeing delivery of (a) payment of the full subscription price for the shares subscribed for in the primary subscription and any additional shares subscribed for pursuant to the over-subscription privilege and (b) a properly completed and duly executed subscription certificate. The subscription agent will not honor a notice of guaranteed delivery unless a properly completed and duly executed subscription certificate and full payment for the shares is received by the subscription agent at or prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on , (or, if the offer is extended, by the close of business on the third business day after the extended expiration date).

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All payments by a participating rights holder must be in U.S. dollars by money order or check or bank draft drawn on a bank or branch located in the U.S. and payable to []. The subscription agent will deposit all funds received by it prior to the final payment date into a segregated account pending pro-ration and distribution of the shares.

The method of delivery of subscription certificates and payment of the subscription price to us will be at the election and risk of the participating rights holders, but if sent by mail it is recommended that such certificates and payments be sent by registered mail, properly insured, with return receipt requested, and that a sufficient number of days be allowed to ensure delivery to the subscription agent and clearance of payment prior to [] p.m., New York City time, on the expiration date or the date guaranteed payments are due under a notice of guaranteed delivery (as applicable). Because uncertified personal checks may take at least five business days to clear, you are strongly urged to pay, or arrange for payment, by means of certified or cashier's check or money order.

On a date within business days following the expiration date, the subscription agent will send to each participating rights holder (or, if rights are held by [] or any other depository or nominee, to [] or such other depository or nominee) a confirmation showing (1) the number of shares purchased pursuant to the primary subscription, (2) the number of shares, if any, acquired pursuant to the over-subscription privilege, (3) the per share and total purchase price for the shares, and (4) any additional amount payable to us by the participating rights holder or any excess to be refunded by us to the participating rights holder, in each case based on the subscription price as determined on the expiration date. Any additional payment required from a participating rights holder must be received by the subscription agent within ten business days after the confirmation date. Any excess payment to be refunded by us to a participating rights holder will be mailed by the subscription agent to the rights holder as promptly as practicable. No interest will be paid on any amounts refunded.

Whichever of the two methods described above is used, issuance of the shares purchased is subject to collection of checks and actual payment. If a participating rights holder who subscribes for shares pursuant to the primary subscription or over-subscription privilege does not make payment of any amounts due by the expiration date, the date guaranteed payments are due under a notice of guaranteed delivery or within ten business days of the confirmation date, as applicable, the subscription agent reserves the right to take any or all of the following actions: (1) reallocate the shares to other participating rights holders in accordance with the oversubscription privilege; (2) apply any payment actually received by it from the participating rights holder toward the purchase of the greatest whole number of shares which could be acquired by such participating rights holder upon exercise of the primary subscription and/or the over-subscription privilege; and/or (3) exercise any and all other rights or remedies to which it may be entitled, including the right to set off against payments actually received by it with respect to such subscribed for shares.

All questions concerning the timeliness, validity, form and eligibility of any exercise of rights will be determined by us, whose determinations will be final and binding. We in our sole discretion may waive any defect or irregularity, or permit a defect or irregularity to be corrected within such time as we may determine, or reject the purported exercise of any right. Subscriptions will not be deemed to have been received or accepted until all irregularities have been waived or cured within such time as we determine in our sole discretion. The subscription agent will not be under any duty to give notification of any defect or irregularity in connection with the submission of subscription certificates or incur any liability for failure to give such notification.

# Participating rights holders will have no right to rescind their subscription after receipt of their payment for shares by the subscription agent, except as provided below under "—Notice of Net Asset Value Decline."

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## Notice of Net Asset Value Decline

We will suspend the offer until we amend this prospectus if, subsequent to the effective date of this prospectus, our net asset value declines more than 10% from our net asset value as of that date. Accordingly, the expiration date would be extended and we would notify record date stockholders of the decline and permit participating rights holders to cancel their exercise of rights.

## **Delivery of Stock Certificates**

Participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will have any shares that they acquire pursuant to the offer credited to their stockholder dividend reinvestment accounts in the plan. Stockholders whose shares are held of record by [] or by any other depository or nominee on their behalf or their broker-dealers' behalf will have any shares that they acquire credited to the account of [] or the other depository or nominee. With respect to all other stockholders, stock certificates for all shares acquired will be mailed after payment for all the shares subscribed for has cleared, which may take up to 15 days from the date of receipt of the payment.

#### Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Offer

For federal income tax purposes, neither the receipt nor the exercise of the rights by record date stockholders will result in taxable income to such stockholders, and no loss will be realized if the rights expire without exercise.

A record date stockholder's basis in a right will be zero unless either (1) the fair market value of the right on the date of distribution is 15% or more of the fair market value of the shares with respect to which the right was distributed or (2) the record date stockholder elects, in his or her federal income tax return for the taxable year in which the right is received, to allocate part of the basis of the shares to the right. If either of clauses (1) or (2) is applicable, then if the right is exercised, the record date stockholder will allocate his or her basis in the shares with respect to which the right was distributed between the shares and the right in proportion to the fair market values of each on the date of distribution.

The holding period of a right received by a record date stockholder includes the holding period of the shares with regard to which the right is issued. If the right is exercised, the holding period of the shares acquired begins on the date the right is exercised.

[If a right is sold, a gain or loss will be realized by the rights holder in an amount equal to the difference between the basis of the right sold and the amount realized on its disposition.]

A record date stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of a share acquired upon the exercise of a right will be equal to the sum of the record date stockholder's basis in the right, if any, and the subscription price per share. A record date stockholder's gain or loss recognized upon a sale of a share acquired upon the exercise of a right will be capital gain or loss (assuming the share was held as a capital asset at the time of sale) and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the share is held for more than one year.

The foregoing is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of the offer under the provisions of the Code and Treasury regulations in effect as of the date of the prospectus that are generally applicable to record date stockholders who are U.S. persons within the meaning of the Code, and does not address any foreign, state or local tax consequences. The Code and Treasury regulations are subject to change or differing interpretations by legislative or administrative action, which may be retroactive. Participating rights holders should consult their tax advisors regarding specific questions as to foreign, state or local taxes.

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## ERISA Considerations

Stockholders who are employee benefit plans subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, or ERISA (including corporate savings and 401(k) plans), Keogh or H.R. 10 plans of self-employed individuals and individual retirement accounts should be aware that additional contributions of cash to a retirement plan (other than rollover contributions or trustee-to-trustee transfers from other retirement plans) in order to exercise rights would be treated as contributions to the retirement plan and, when taken together with contributions previously made, may result in, among other things, excise taxes for excess or nondeductible contributions. In the case of retirement plans qualified under Section 401(a) of the Code and certain other retirement plans, additional cash contributions could cause the maximum contribution limitations of Section 415 of the Code or other qualification rules to be violated. It may also be a reportable distribution and there may be other adverse tax and ERISA consequences if rights are sold or transferred by a retirement plan.

Retirement plans and other tax exempt entities, including governmental plans, should also be aware that if they borrow in order to finance their exercise of rights, they may become subject to the tax on unrelated business taxable income under Section 511 of the Code. If any portion of an individual retirement account is used as security for a loan, the portion so used is also treated as distributed to the IRA depositor. ERISA contains fiduciary responsibility requirements, and ERISA and the Code contain prohibited transaction rules that may impact the exercise of rights. Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties for noncompliance, retirement plans should consult with their counsel and other advisers regarding the consequences of their exercise of rights under ERISA and the Code.

, which is a broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, will act as dealer manager for this offer. Under the terms and subject to the conditions contained in the dealer management agreement, the dealer manager will provide financial advisory and marketing services in connection with this offer and will solicit the exercise of rights and participation in the over-subscription privilege. This offer is not contingent upon any number of rights being exercised. We have agreed to pay the dealer manager a fee for its financial advisory, marketing and soliciting services equal to % of the aggregate subscription price for shares issued pursuant to this offer. In addition, we have agreed to reimburse the dealer manager an aggregate amount up to \$ for its expenses incurred in connection with this offer.

The dealer manager will reallow to other broker-dealers that have executed and delivered a soliciting dealer agreement and have solicited the exercise of rights, solicitation fees equal to % of the subscription price per share for each share issued pursuant to the exercise of rights as a result of their soliciting efforts, subject to a maximum fee based on the number of shares held by each broker-dealer through [] on the record date. Fees will be paid by us to the broker-dealer designated on the applicable portion of the subscription certificates or, in the absence of such designation, to the dealer manager.

We have agreed to indemnify the dealer manager for, or contribute to losses arising out of, certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. The dealer manager agreement also provides that the dealer manager will not be subject to any liability to us in rendering the services contemplated by the dealer manager agreement except for any act of bad faith, willful misfeasance, or gross negligence of the dealer manager or reckless disregard by the dealer manager of its obligations and duties under the dealer manager agreement. We have also agreed not to directly or indirectly sell, offer to sell, enter into any agreement to sell, or otherwise dispose of, any of our equity or equity related securities or securities convertible into such securities, other than the rights, the shares and the common stock issued in connection with the reinvestment of dividends or distributions, for a period of days from the date hereof without the prior consent of the dealer manager.

The principal business address of the dealer manager is

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Prior to the expiration of this offer, the dealer manager may independently offer for sale shares, including shares acquired through purchasing and exercising the rights, at prices it sets. The dealer manager may realize profits or losses independent of any fees described in this prospectus.

This offering is being conducted in compliance with Rule 5110 of the Conduct Rules of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority.]

## Additional Dealer Manager Compensation

The dealer manager and/or its affiliates have from time to time performed and may in the future perform various commercial banking, financial advisory and investment banking services for us and our affiliates for which they have received or will receive customary compensation. [Describe any specific transactions and compensation related thereto required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

## Certain Effects of this Offer

the Investment Adviser will benefit from this offer because a portion of the investment advisory fee we pay to the Investment Adviser is based on our gross assets. See "Management—Investment Advisory Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus. It is not possible to state precisely the amount of additional compensation the Investment Adviser will receive as a result of this offer because it is not known how many shares will be subscribed for and because a substantial portion of the proceeds of the offer are expected to be used to repay outstanding indebtedness. However, assuming (1) all rights are exercised, (2) the average value of our gross assets, excluding proceeds from this offer, remains at approximately \$ million, (3) the estimated subscription price is \$ per share, and (4) all of the proceeds from the offer are invested in additional portfolio companies, and after giving effect to dealer manager fees and other expenses related to this offer, the Investment Adviser would receive additional annualized advisory fees of approximately \$ , and the amount of the administrative fee received by the Investment Adviser would not change. of our directors who voted to authorize this offer are interested persons of the Investment Adviser. The other directors who approved this offer are not affiliated with the Investment Adviser.

As a result of the terms of this offer, stockholders who do not fully exercise their rights will own, upon completion of this offer, a smaller proportional interest in us than they owned prior to the offer, including with respect to voting rights. [In addition, because the subscription price per share will likely be less than the net asset value per share, based on our current market price, the offer will likely result in an immediate dilution of net asset value per share for all of our stockholders. If the subscription price per share is substantially less than the current net asset value per share, such dilution could be substantial. Any such dilution will disproportionately affect non-exercising stockholders. If the subscription price is less than our net asset value per share, then all stockholders will experience a decrease in the net asset value per share held by them, irrespective of whether they exercise all or any portion of their rights. This offering will also cause dilution in the dividends per share we are able to distribute subsequent to completion of the offering. See "Dilution."]

## LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia. Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by

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## INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

## AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the shares of common stock offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider

information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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# \$[ ]

# New Mountain Finance Corporation

# Subscription Rights

# PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

, 20

[Dealer Manager]

## [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE WARRANT OFFERINGS](1)

#### PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20)

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### ] Shares

New Mountain Finance Corporation Warrants to Purchase Up to [Type of Security]

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

We are offering for sale warrants to purchase up to

[type of security]. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase

[type of security].

(1) In addition to the sections outlined in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached, and is not intended to and does not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

The exercise price will be \$per warrant. The warrants will be exercisable beginning on, 20 , and will expire on, 20 , or earlier upon redemption.Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC". On, 20 , the last reported sales price on the New York Stock Exchange for

our common stock was \$ per share.

An investment in NMFC's warrants is very risky and highly speculative. Shares of closed-end investment companies, including business development companies, frequently trade at a discount to their net asset value. In addition, the companies in which NMFC invests are subject to special risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page [ ] of the accompanying prospectus to read about factors you should consider, including the risk of leverage, before investing in NMFC's warrants.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor should know before investing in NMFC's warrants. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

Public Offering Price\$Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)\$Proceeds to us (before expenses)\$		Per Share	Total
	Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses) \$	Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)	\$	\$
	Proceeds to us (before expenses)	\$	\$

(1) All expenses of the offering, including the sales load, will be borne by us. We will incur approximately \$[ ] of estimated expenses, excluding the sales load, in connection with this offering.

(2) To the extent that the underwriters sell more than [ ] of our warrants, the underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional [ ] of our warrants at the public offering price, less the sales load, within [] days of the date of this prospectus. If the underwriters exercise this option in full, the total public offering price, sales load and proceeds to us will be \$ , \$ and \$ , respectively.

The underwriters expect to deliver the warrants against payment in New York, New York on or about , 20 .

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#### **PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT**

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#### PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from the base prospectus]

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## ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of our warrants by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our warrants. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of the warrants and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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### PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- · "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;
- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- · "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);

- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended
- · "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;
- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and

• "Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016, to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

#### Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closedend, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$[10], which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

(1)	Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of [	

], as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

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Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

#### **Recent Developments**

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

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The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

#### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

## Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- 1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

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#### Experienced Management Team and Established Platform

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's disterssed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

#### Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

## Risk Management through Various Cycles

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on

macro-economic cycles;

- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

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#### Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the accompanying prospectus.

#### **Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist.
   While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either
  exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other
  services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent
  primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common
  stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

## **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

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We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

## Risks

An investment in our warrants involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our warrants. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our shares, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- We may suffer credit losses;
- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value;
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key
  investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;
- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;

- Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- · We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;
- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;

- We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;
- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- · Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- · The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- · The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly; and
- Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our preferred stock.
- · [Insert any additional risk factors applicable to warrants.]

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page [] of the accompanying prospectus and the other information included in the accompanying prospectus, for additional discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the warrants.

## **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

## Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

## Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

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#### Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

#### SPECIFIC TERMS OF OUR WARRANTS AND THE OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of our warrants that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to the back of this prospectus supplement. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of our warrants. You should read this section together with the more general description of our warrants in this prospectus supplement under the heading "Description of Our Warrants" and in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Warrants" before investing in our warrants. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert material terms of our warrants in tabular form to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

## FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we", "NMFC", or the "Company" will pay fees or expenses, we will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in us. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	%
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Base management fees	%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	%(6)
Other expenses	%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	%(8)
Total annual expenses	%(9)

## Example

The following example, required by the SEC, demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our warrants. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the

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levels set forth in the table above. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,				
assuming a 5% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$

# The example and the expenses in the tables above should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the example. This illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investors would be higher. For example, if we assumed that we received our 5% annual return completely in the form of net realized capital gains on our investments, computed net of all cumulative unrealized depreciation on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

		3		10	
	1 Year	Years	5 Years	Years	
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,					
assuming a 5% annual return	\$	\$	\$	\$	

The example assumes no sales load. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in NMFC's dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of NMFC's warrants determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of NMFC's warrants at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of NMFC's warrants may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

- (1) Represents the commission with respect to NMFC's warrants being sold in this offering, which we will pay to in connection with sales of shares of NMFC's warrants effected by in this offering. There is no guaranty that there will be any sales of NMFC's warrants pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.
- (2) The offering expenses of this offering are estimated to be approximately \$
- (3) The de minimis expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses."
- (4) The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of []% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under

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the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and cash equivalents. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility. The Investment Adviser cannot recoup management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee reflected in the table above is based on the [] ended [] and is calculated without deducting any management fees waived. The annual base management fee after deducting the management fee waiver as a percentage of net assets would be []% based on the [] ended []. See "Investment Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

- (5) Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the [ ] ended [ ] and includes accrued capital gains incentive fee. These accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by us if we ceased operations on [ ] and liquidated our investments at the [ ] valuation. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the thresholds for incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement, the incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the [ ] ended [ ]. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of the accompanying prospectus.
- (6) We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of [], we had \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million and \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the

NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the [], amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, Convertible Notes, Unsecured Notes and SBA-guaranteed debentures, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of []% for the Holdings Credit Facility, []% for the NMFC Credit Facility, []% for the Convertible Notes, []% for the Unsecured Notes and []% for the SBA-guaranteed debentures, which were the rates payable as of []. See "Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

- (7) "Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expense burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator ranot recoup any expenses that the Administrator has previously waived. This expense ratio is calculated without deducting any expenses waived or reimbursed by the Administrator as a percentage of net assets would be []%. For the [] ended [], we reimbursed our Administrator approximately \$[] million, which represents approximately []% of our net assets on an annualized basis. See "Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (8) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the expenses of our investment in NMFC Senior Loan Program I, LLC ("SLP I") and NMFC Senior Loan Program II, LLC ("SLP II"). No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. As SLP II is structured as a private joint venture, no management fees are paid by SLP II. Future expenses for SLP I and SLP II may be substantially higher or lower because certain expenses may fluctuate over time.
- (9) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

• our future operating results;

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- · ours business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- · the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- · the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- · interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act.

## SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20, December 31, 20, December 31, 20 and December 31, 20 has been derived from our financial statements that were audited by [ ], an

independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the [ ] months ended [ ], 20 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not

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be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities", which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying in this prospectus, for more information.

[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

## **RISK FACTORS**

Investing in our warrants involves a number of significant risks. Before you invest in our warrants, you should be aware of various risks, including those described below and those set forth in the accompanying prospectus. You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before you decide whether to make an investment in our warrants. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. The risk factors described below, together with those set forth in the accompanying prospectus, are the principal risk factors associated with an investment in us as well as those factors generally associated with an investment company with investment objectives, investment policies, capital structure or trading markets similar to ours.

#### [If you exercise your warrants, you may be unable to sell any [type of security] you purchase at a profit.

The public trading market price of our [type of security] may decline after you elect to exercise your warrants. If that occurs, you will have committed to buy [type of security] at a price above the prevailing market price and you will have an immediate unrealized loss. Moreover, we cannot assure you that following the exercise of warrants you will be able to sell your [type of security] at a price equal to or greater than the exercise price.

# The exercise price is not necessarily an indication of our value.

The exercise price of the warrants does not necessarily bear any relationship to any established criteria for valuation of business development companies. You should not consider the exercise price an indication of our value or any assurance of future value. After the date of this prospectus supplement, our [type of security] may trade at prices above or below the subscription price.]

[Insert any additional relevant risk factors not included in the base prospectus to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of [ ], 20[]:

- · on an actual basis; and
- on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the sale of our warrants in this offering at an assumed public offering price of \$ per share (the last reported closing price of our warrants on , 20 ), after

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deducting the estimated underwriting discounts and commissions of approximately \$ and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ payable by us.

You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

		As of [ ], 20[ ]	
	Actu	As Adjusted al (unaudited)	
		(in thousands)	
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	
Investments at fair value			
Other assets			
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Liabilities:			
Credit facilities payable	\$	\$	
Other liabilities			
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Net assets	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, shares outstanding		S	
Capital in excess of par value		¢ S	
		ψ	
Total stockholders' equity		\$	

We estimate that we will receive net proceeds from the sale of the shares of our warrants in this offering of approximately \$ million, or approximately \$ million if the underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional warrants in full, after deducting estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ payable by us.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering for new investments in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, to temporarily repay indebtedness (which will be subject to reborrowing), to pay our operating expenses, to pay distributions to our stockholders/unit holders and for general corporate purposes. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with its investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments.

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We estimate that it will take up to months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds of this offering, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities and market conditions. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for new investments or the temporary repayment of debt will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These temporary investments are expected to provide a lower net return than we hope to achieve from our target investments.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

## DESCRIPTION OF OUR WARRANTS

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of our warrants that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of our warrants. You should read this section together with the more general description of our warrants in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Warrants" before investing in our warrants. This summary is not necessarily complete and is subject to and entirely qualified by reference to [insert relevant documents].

[Insert material terms of our warrants to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

#### UNDERWRITING

We and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the warrants being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of warrants indicated in the following table. [11] are the representatives of the underwriters.

Underwriter	Number of Warrants
Total	
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The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the warrants being offered, if any are taken, other than the warrants covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised.

If the underwriters sell more warrants than the total number set forth in the table above, the underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional [ ] warrants from us. They may exercise that option for [] days. If any warrants are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase warrants in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions (sales load) to be paid to the underwriters by us. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase [1] additional warrants. This offering will conform with the requirements set forth in Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Rule 2310. In compliance with such requirements, the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with the sale of securities will not exceed 10% of gross proceeds of this offering.

	No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Warrant	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

Warrants sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any warrants sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per warrant from the public offering price. If all the warrants are not sold at the initial offering price, the representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the warrants by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

We, each of our officers and directors, and each of the members of the Investment Adviser's investment committee have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of our warrants or securities convertible into or exchangeable for our warrants during the period from the date of this prospectus supplement continuing through the date [12] adva after the date of this prospectus supplement, except with the prior written consent of [12].

[Our warrants are listed on the [ ] under the symbol "[ ]".]

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell warrants in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of warrants than they are required to purchase in the offering. "Covered" short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional warrants from us in the offering. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional warrants or purchasing warrants in the open market. In determining the source of warrants to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of warrants available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional warrants in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the warrants in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of warrants made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased warrants sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own account, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the company's stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the warrants. As a result, the price of the warrants may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected on the New York Stock Exchange, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

The underwriters do not expect sales to discretionary accounts to exceed five percent of the total number of warrants offered.

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$[ ]. We will pay all of the expenses incurred by us in connection with this offering.

We have agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full-service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates may, from time to time, perform various financial advisory and investment banking services for the company, for which they will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

The principal business address of [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ].

Each of the underwriters may arrange to sell warrants offered hereby in certain jurisdictions outside the United States, either directly or through affiliates, where they are permitted to do so.

[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

[Describe if underwriters receiving proceeds of offering, if required by FINRA.]

[Insert principal business addresses of underwriters.]

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[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

## LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia. Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by

## INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

## AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the warrants offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the warrants being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinf@esc.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*.

Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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**New Mountain Finance Corporation** 

Warrants to Purchase Up to [Type of Security]

# PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

[Underwriters]

## [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE RETAIL NOTES OFFERINGS](1)

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20 )

**\$**[

## New Mountain Finance Corporation % [Senior](2) Notes due

1

We are offering \$in aggregate principal amount of % [senior] notes due, which we refer to as the Notes. The Notes will mature onWe will pay interest on the Notes onandof each year, beginning. We may redeem the Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at<br/>the redemption price discussed under the caption "Specific Terms of the Notes and the Offering—Optional Redemption" in this prospectus supplement. The Notes will be<br/>in excess thereof.

The Notes will be our direct senior unsecured obligations and rank pari passu, or equally, with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC").

We intend to apply to list the Notes on . If the application is approved, we expect trading in the Notes on to begin within days of the date the Notes are first issued. The Notes are expected to trade "flat." This means that purchasers will not pay, and sellers will not receive, any accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes that is not included in the trading price. Currently, there is no public market for the Notes.

(2) Notes will be denominated as "senior notes" if we have subordinated debt outstanding at issuance.

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans Unitranche loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

# Investing in the Notes involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page [] of this prospectus supplement and page [] of the accompanying prospectus, including the risk of leverage.

# THE NOTES ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF A BANK AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

# Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor should know before investing in the Notes. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	Per Note	Total
Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)(1)	\$	\$

#### (1) Before deducting expenses payable by NMFC related to this offering, estimated at \$

[To the extent that the underwriters sell more than [ ] Notes, the underwriters have the option to purchase up to an additional [ ] Notes at the public offering price, less the sales load, within [] days of the date of this prospectus. If the underwriters exercise this option in full, the total public offering price, sales load and

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the information provided in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, additional information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any additional related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. The terms of the Notes or the provisions of the indenture governing the Notes may differ from the information provided in this form of prospectus supplement. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached and, accordingly, the terms and description of the retail notes for which this form of prospectus supplement. This form of prospectus supplement is not intended to and does not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

proceeds to us will be \$ , \$ and \$ , respectively. ]

Delivery of the Notes in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company will be made on or about , 20

[Underwriters]

The date of this prospectus supplement is , 20.

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## PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from the base prospectus]

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## ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of our Notes by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our Notes. This prospectus. Supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of Notes and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Prospectus Supplement Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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## PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- · "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- · "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;

- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- · "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- · "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- · "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended
- . "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;
- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and

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"Unsecured Notes" refers to our unsecured notes issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016, to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

## Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closedend, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$[ ](1), which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

<ol> <li>Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of</li> </ol>	ave been drawn down and invested to-date, as of [
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], as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

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Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also loss significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

### **Recent Developments**

[Insert Recent Developments at the Time of the Offering]

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The

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Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

## **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

## Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

## Experienced Management Team and Established Platform

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of

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dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

## Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

## Risk Management through Various Cycles

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong
  management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- · Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

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## Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the accompanying prospectus.

#### **Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist.
   While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either
  exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other
  services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent
  primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase common
  stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

#### **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

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We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

## Risks

An investment in the Notes involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the Notes. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of the Notes, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment in us. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value;
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key
  investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;
- The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;
- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;
- · Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;

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- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;
- · We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;
- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- · Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- · The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- · The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly;
- · Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our preferred stock;
- The Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future;
- · The Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries;
- The indenture under which the Notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes; and
- An active trading market for the Notes may not develop, which could limit the market price of the Notes or your ability to sell them. If a rating agency assigns the Notes a non-investment grade rating, the Notes may be subject to greater price volatility than similar securities without such a rating.
- [Insert any additional risk factors applicable to Notes.]

## **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

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#### Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

#### Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

## Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements

contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

## SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE NOTES AND THE OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of the Notes that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to this prospectus supplement. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of the Notes. You should read this section together with the more general description of the Notes in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities" before investing in the Notes. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus or in the indenture governing the Notes.

Issuer	New Mountain Finance Corporation
Title of the Securities	% Notes due
Initial Aggregate Principal Amount Being Offered	\$
Overallotment Option	The underwriters may also purchase from us up to an additional \$ aggregate principal amount of Notes within days of the date of this prospectus supplement.
Initial Public Offering Price	% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes
Principal Payable at Maturity	% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes; the principal amount of each Note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the office of the Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent for the Notes or at such other office in New York City as we may designate.
Type of Note	Fixed rate note
Listing	We intend to apply to list the Notes on . If the application is approved, we
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	expect trading in the Notes on to begin within days of the date the Notes are first is:	sued.
Interest Rate	%	
Day Count Basis	360-day year of twelve 30-day months	
Date Notes Are First Issued	, 20	
Stated Maturity Date	, 20	
Date Interest Starts Accruing	, 20	
Interest Payment Dates	and , commencing , 20 . If an interest payment date falls on a non-business d payment will be made on the next business day and no additional interest will accrue as a rest	
Interest Periods	The initial interest period will be the period from and including $, 20$ , to, but excluding date of $, 20$ , and the subsequent interest periods will be the periods from and including but excluding, the next interest payment date or the stated maturity date, as the case may be.	
Regular Record Dates for Interest	Every , , , and , commencing , 20	
Specified Currency	U.S. Dollars	
Place of Payment	New York City	
Ranking of Notes	The Notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and will rank:	
	• <i>pari passu</i> , or equally, with our other outstanding and future senior unsecured ind limitation, [ ];	ebtedness, including without
	· senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated,	or junior, to the Notes;
	effectively subordinated, or junior, to all of our existing and future secured indebte that is initially unsecured in respect of which we subsequently grant security), to the assets securing such indebtedness, including without limitation, [20];	

 structurally subordinated, or junior, to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries or financing vehicles, if any, including, without limitation, [\_\_\_].

As of , 20, our total consolidated indebtedness was approximately \$ principal amount, of which approximately \$ was secured indebtedness at the NMFC level, and of which an aggregate of approximately \$ was indebtedness of our subsidiaries. After giving effect to the issuance of the Notes and [assuming the proceeds therefrom are used to repay outstanding borrowings

	under our [ ], our total consolidated indebtedness would have been approximately \$ principal amount as of , 20 . See "Capitalization."
Denominations	We will issue the Notes in denominations of \$ and integral multiples of \$ in excess thereof.
Business Day	Each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are authorized or required by law or executive order to close.
Optional Redemption	The Notes may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option on or after , 20, upon not less than days nor more than days written notice by mail prior to the date fixed for redemption thereof, at a redemption price of \$ per Note plus accrued and unpaid interest payments otherwise payable for the then-current quarterly interest period accrued to the date fixed for redemption.
	You may be prevented from exchanging or transferring the Notes when they are subject to redemption. In case any Notes are to be redeemed in part only, the redemption notice will provide that, once you return such Notes to us, you will receive, without a charge, a new Note or Notes of authorized denominations representing the principal amount of your remaining unredeemed Notes.
	Any exercise of our option to redeem the Notes will be done in compliance with the 1940 Act, to the extent applicable.
	If we redeem only some of the Notes, the Trustee will determine the method for selection of the particular Notes to be redeemed, in accordance with the Investment Company Act to the extent applicable. Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, on and after the date of redemption, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes called for redemption.
Sinking Fund	The Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund. A sinking fund is a reserve fund accumulated over a period of time for the retirement of debt.
Repayment at Option of Holders	Holders will not have the option to have the Notes repaid prior to the stated maturity date.
Legal Defeasance	The Notes are subject to legal defeasance by us, which means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the Notes.
Covenant Defeasance	The Notes are subject to covenant defeasance by us, which means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates, we will be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture.
Form of Notes	The Notes will be represented by global securities that will be deposited and
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	registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee. This means that, except in limited circumstances, you will not receive certificates for the Notes. Beneficial interests in the Notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the Notes through either DTC, if they are a participant, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in DTC.
Trustee, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent	[ ]
Events of Default	If an event of default (as described herein under "Description of Notes") on the Notes occurs, the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, may be declared immediately due and payable, subject to conditions set forth in the indenture. These amounts automatically become due and payable in the case of certain types of bankruptcy or insolvency events involving us. [Add any other negotiated events of default.]
Other Covenants	In addition to the covenants described in the accompanying prospectus, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes:
	• We agree that for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, we will not violate, whether or not we are subject to, Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions.
	<ul> <li>If, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") to file any periodic reports with the SEC, we agree to furnish to holders of the Notes and the trustee, for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, our audited annual consolidated financial statements, within 90 days of our fiscal year end, and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, within 45 days of our fiscal quarter end (other than our fourth fiscal quarter). All such financial statements will be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").</li> </ul>
Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures	Interests in the Notes will trade in DTC's Same Day Funds Settlement System, and any permitted secondary market trading activity in such Notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. None of the Company, the trustee or the paying agent will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.
Governing Law	The Notes and the indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.
	es to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation ]

[Update for any other terms applicable to the Notes to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- · our future operating results;
- · ours business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- · the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- · the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- · the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act

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# SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20, December 31, 20, December 31, 20 and December 31, 20 has been derived from our financial statements that were audited by [\_\_\_\_], an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the [\_] months ended [\_\_\_], 20 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities", which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying in this prospectus, for more information.

[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

# **RISK FACTORS**

You should carefully consider the risk factors described below and under the caption "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, before you decide whether to make an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

# The Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future.

The Notes will not be secured by any of our assets or any of the assets of our subsidiaries. As a result, the Notes are effectively subordinated, or junior, to any secured indebtedness we or our subsidiaries have currently incurred and may incur in the future (or any indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our

existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors, including the holders of the Notes. As of , 20, we had \$ aggregate principal amount of outstanding indebtedness under [ ]. [Update to describe existing debt and credit facilities].

### The Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The Notes are obligations exclusively of New Mountain Finance Corporation and not of any of our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries is a guarantor of the Notes and the Notes are not required to be guaranteed by any subsidiaries we may acquire or create in the future. A significant portion of the indebtedness required to be consolidated on our balance sheet is held through subsidiary financing vehicles and secured by certain assets of such subsidiaries. For example, the secured indebtedness with respect to [ ] are held through our wholly owned subsidiaries, [ ]. The assets of such subsidiaries are not directly available to satisfy the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes. [Update to describe any SBIC facility or any existing debt and credit facilities of subsidiaries].

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# The indenture under which the Notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes.

The indenture under which the Notes will be issued offers limited protection to holders of the Notes. The terms of the indenture and the Notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the Notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the Notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

- issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the Notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, whether or not we are subject to such provisions of the 1940 Act, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC;
- · pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Notes;
- · sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);
- create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;
- · enter into transactions with affiliates;
- · make investments; or
- create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

[In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the Notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.]

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the Notes do not protect holders of the Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings,

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as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Notes.

[Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the Notes. Add references to risk factor disclosure re secured credit facility, etc] In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the Notes.

# An active trading market for the Notes may not develop, which could limit the market price of the Notes or your ability to sell them. If a rating agency assigns the Notes a non-investment grade rating, the Notes may be subject to greater price volatility than similar securities without such a rating.

The Notes are a new issue of debt securities for which there currently is no trading market. We intend to apply to list the Notes on [\_\_\_\_]. If the application is approved, we expect trading in the Notes on [\_\_\_\_] to begin within days of the date they are first issued. Although we expect the Notes to be listed on [\_\_\_\_], we cannot provide any assurances that an active trading market will develop for the Notes or that you will be able to sell your Notes. If the Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, our credit ratings, general economic conditions, our financial condition, performance and prospects and other factors. If a rating agency assigns the Notes a non-investment grade rating, the Notes may be subject to greater price volatility than securities of similar maturity without such a non-investment grade rating. The underwriters have advised us that they intend to make a market in the Notes, but they are not obligated to do so. The underwriters may discontinue any market-making in the Notes at any time at their sole discretion. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid trading market will develop for the Notes, that you will be able to sell your Notes at a particular time or that the price you receive when you sell will be favorable. To the extent an active trading market does not develop, the liquidity and trading price for the Notes may be harmed. Accordingly, you may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the Notes for an indefinite period of time.

# We may default under the Credit Facilities or any future borrowing facility we enter into or be unable to amend, repay or refinance any such facility on commercially reasonable terms, or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In the event we default under the Credit Facilities or any other future borrowing facility, our business could be adversely affected as we may be forced to sell a portion of our investments quickly and prematurely at what may be disadvantageous prices to us in order to meet our outstanding payment obligations and/or support working capital requirements under the Credit Facilities or such future borrowing facility, any of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, following any such default, the agent for the lenders under the Credit Facilities or such future borrowing facility could assume control of the disposition of any or all of our assets, including the selection of such assets.

[Update for any other risk factors applicable to the Notes, e.g., any impact of default in payment of other outstanding indebtedness, and any additional relevant risk factors not included in the base prospectus to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

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# CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth (a) our capitalization at , 20 and (b) our pro forma capitalization to reflect the effects of the sale of \$ aggregate principal amount of Notes assuming a public offering price of 100% of par, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions of \$ and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ payable by us. You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and our most recent balance sheet included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

	As of [ ], 20[ ] <u>Actual</u> (in thousands)	Pro Forma (unaudited)
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
Investments at fair value		
Other assets		
Total assets	\$	\$
Liabilities:		
Credit facilities payable	\$	\$
Covertible Notes	\$	\$
Notes	\$	\$
[Other debt outstanding as of period reported]	\$	\$
Other liabilities	\$	\$
Total liabilities	\$	
Net assets	\$	\$
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, shares outstanding		\$
Capital in excess of par value		\$
Total stockholders' equity		\$

# USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from the sale of the \$ million aggregate principal amount of Notes in this offering will be approximately \$ million (or approximately \$ million if the underwriters fully exercise their option to purchase additional Notes), in each case assuming a public offering price of 100% of par, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions of \$ million (or approximately \$ million if the underwriters fully exercise their option to purchase additional Notes) payable by us and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ million payable by us.

[Describe use of proceeds and include any other relevant information to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

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# **RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

For the ended , 20 and the years ended December 31, 20, 20, 20, 20 and 20, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of NMFC, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

	For the Ended	For the Year Ended				
	,	December 31,				
	20	20	20	20	20	20
Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)						

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

(1) Earnings include net realized and unrealized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP. Net realized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP can vary substantially from period to period.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors

discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

# CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

[Insert disclosure regarding federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Notes to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# UNDERWRITING

NMFC and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the Notes being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of Notes indicated in the following table. [1] are the representatives of the underwriters.

Underwriter	Principal Amount
Total	
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The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the Notes being offered, if any are taken, other than the Notes covered by the option described below unless and until this option is exercised.

If the underwriters sell more Notes than the total number set forth in the table above, the underwriters have an option to buy up to an additional [ ] Notes from NMFC. They may exercise that option for [ ] days. If any Notes are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase Notes in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions (sales load) to be paid to the underwriters by NMFC. Such amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase [1] additional Notes. This offering will conform with the requirements set forth in Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Rule 2310. In compliance with such requirements, the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with the sale of securities will not exceed 10% of gross proceeds of this offering.

	Per Note	[Without Option	With Option]
Public offering price			
Underwriting discount			
Proceeds, before expenses, to us			
Total			

Notes sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any Notes sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per Note from the public offering price. If all the Notes are not sold at the initial offering price, the representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the Notes by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

[NMFC, each of its officers and directors, and each of the members of the Investment Adviser's investment committee have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of the Notes or securities convertible into or exchangeable for the Notes during the period from the date of this prospectus supplement continuing through the date [1] days after the date of this prospectus supplement, except with the prior written consent of [1].]

The Notes are listed on the [ ] under the symbol "[]".

[In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell Notes in the open market. These transactions may include short sales, stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater number of Notes than they are required to purchase in the offering. "Covered" short sales are sales made in an amount not greater than the underwriters' option to purchase additional Notes from us in the offering. The underwriters may close out any covered short position by either exercising their option to purchase additional Notes or purchasing Notes in the open market. In determining the source of Notes to close out the covered short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of Notes available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase additional Notes pursuant to the option granted to them.

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"Naked" short sales are any sales in excess of such option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing Notes in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the common stock in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of various bids for or purchases of common stock made by the underwriters in the open market prior to the completion of the offering.]

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased Notes sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own account, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the company's stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the Notes. As a result, the price of the Notes may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected on the [\_\_\_\_\_], in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

The underwriters do not expect sales to discretionary accounts to exceed five percent of the total number of Notes offered.

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$[ ]. We will pay all of the expenses incurred by us in connection with this offering.

NMFC has agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full-service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the underwriters and their respective affiliates may, from time to time, perform various financial advisory and investment banking services for the company, for which they will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

The principal business address of [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ].

Each of the underwriters may arrange to sell the Notes offered hereby in certain jurisdictions outside the United States, either directly or through affiliates, where they are permitted to do so.

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[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

[Describe if underwriters receiving proceeds of offering, if required by FINRA.]

[Insert principal business addresses of underwriters.]

[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

#### LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia. Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by

# INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

# AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the Notes offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the Notes being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that

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contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website athttp://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Insert financial statements and notes thereto from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

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\$

New Mountain Finance Corporation

# % [Senior](3) Notes Due

# [Underwriters]

(3) Notes will be denominated as "senior notes" if we have subordinated debt outstanding at issuance.

# [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE INSTITUTIONAL NOTES OFFERINGS](1)

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT (to Prospectus dated , 20 )

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#### \$[ ] New Mountain Finance Corporation % [Senior](2) Notes due

We are offering \$in aggregate principal amount of % [senior] notes due, which we refer to as the Notes. The Notes will mature on.We will pay interest on the Notes onandof each year, beginning. We may redeem the Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at<br/>the redemption price discussed under the caption "Description of the Notes—Optional Redemption" in this prospectus supplement. In addition, holders of the Notes can<br/>require us to repurchase the Notes at<br/>% of their principal amount upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Repurchase Event (as defined herein). The Notes will be<br/>in excess thereof.

The Notes will be our direct senior unsecured obligations and rank pari passu, or equally, with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC").

New Mountain Finance Corporation ("NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our") is a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also loss significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

(2) Notes will be denominated as "senior notes" if we have subordinated debt outstanding at issuance.

Investing in the Notes involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page [ ] of this prospectus supplement and page [] of the accompanying prospectus, including the risk of leverage.

THE NOTES ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF A BANK AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities, or determined if this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about NMFC that a prospective investor should know before investing in the Notes. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. NMFC files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (*http://www.sec.gov*), which is available free of charge by contacting NMFC by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

	Per Note	Total
Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Sales Load (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)	\$	\$
Proceeds to us (before expenses)(1)	\$	\$

(1) Before deducting expenses payable by NMFC related to this offering, estimated at \$

Delivery of the Notes in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company will be made on or about , 20 .

# [Underwriters]

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the information provided in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, additional information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any additional related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. The terms of the Notes or the provisions of the indenture governing the Notes may differ from the information provided in this form of prospectus supplement. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached and, accordingly, the terms and description of the institutional notes for which this form of prospectus supplement. This form of prospectus supplement is not intended to and oses not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

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# PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from the base prospectus]

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# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any of our Notes by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of our Notes. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering of Notes and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information" and in the "Prospectus Supplement Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections before you make an investment decision.

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# PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- · "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- · "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;
- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- · "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- · "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- · "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;

- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended;
- . "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;
- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and

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"Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016, to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

#### Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately \$[10], which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

(1) Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of [

], as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

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Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Since structure, such as self. LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]%. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

#### **Recent Developments**

#### [Insert Recent Developments at the Time of the Offering]

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] istaff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Mathew J. Lori

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was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

#### **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

#### Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

- A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;
- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

#### Experienced Management Team and Established Platform

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly

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President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

#### Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

#### **Risk Management through Various Cycles**

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong
  management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

# Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed

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discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources' in the accompanying prospectus.

#### **Market Opportunity**

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to
  leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by
  companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist.
   While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.
- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either
  exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other
  services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent
  primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase
  common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

#### **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation — Senior Securities" in the accompanying prospectus.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

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#### Risks

An investment in the Notes involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice to our stockholders or prior stockholder approval. See "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the Notes. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of the Notes, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment in us. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

- · We may suffer credit losses;
- We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;
- There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at fair value;
- Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key
  investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;

- · The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;
- · We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;
- Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;
- · Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- · We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;
- · Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;
- Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;

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- We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;
- Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;
- We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;
- We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;
- · Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;
- · The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;
- · Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;
- · The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly;
- · Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our preferred stock;
- The Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future.
- The Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.
- The indenture under which the Notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes.
- · We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event.
- · If an active market does not develop for the Notes, you may not be able to resell them.
- · [Insert any additional risk factors applicable to Notes.]

# **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *http://www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

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# Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

# Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

# Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements".

# SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE NOTES AND THE OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of the Notes that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to this prospectus supplement. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of the Notes. You should read this section together with

the more general description of the Notes under the heading "Description of the Notes" in this prospectus supplement and in the accompanying prospectus under the heading "Description of Debt Securities" before investing in the Notes. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the accompanying prospectus or in the indenture governing the Notes.

Issuer Title of the Securities Initial Aggregate Principal Amount Being	New Mountain Finance Corporation % Notes due
Offered Overallotment Option	S The underwriters may also purchase from us up to an additional s within days of the date of this prospectus supplement. aggregate principal amount of Notes
Initial Public Offering Price Principal Payable at Maturity	% of the aggregate principal amount of Notes % of the aggregate principal amount of Notes; the principal amount of each Note will be payable on its stated maturity date at the office of the Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent for the Notes or at such other office in New York City as we may designate.
Type of Note	Fixed rate note
Interest Rate Day Count Basis	% 360-day year of twelve 30-day months
Trade Date Maturity Date Date Interest Starts Accruing	, 20 , 20 , 20
Interest Payment Dates	and , commencing , 20. If an interest payment date falls on a non-business day, the applicable interest payment will be made on the next business day and no additional interest will accrue as a result of such delayed payment.
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Interest Periods	The initial interest period will be the period from and including $, 20$ , to, but excluding, the initial interest payment date of $, 20$ , and the subsequent interest periods will be the periods from and including an interest payment date to, but excluding, the next interest payment date or the stated maturity date, as the case may be.
Specified Currency	U.S. Dollars
Place of Payment	New York City
Ranking of Notes	The Notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and will rank:
	• <i>pari passu,</i> or equally, with our other outstanding and future senior unsecured indebtedness, including without limitation, [ ];
	• senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated, or junior, to the Notes;
	• effectively subordinated, or junior, to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness (including indebtedness that is initially unsecured in respect of which we subsequently grant security), to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including without limitation, [ ];
	<ul> <li>structurally subordinated, or junior, to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries or financing vehicles, if any, including, without limitation, [].</li> </ul>
Denominations	As of , 20 , our total consolidated indebtedness was approximately \$ principal amount, of which approximately \$ was secured indebtedness at the NMFC level, and of which an aggregate of approximately \$ was indebtedness of our subsidiaries. After giving effect to the issuance of the Notes and [assuming the proceeds therefrom are used to repay outstanding borrowings under our [ ], our total consolidated indebtedness would have been approximately \$ principal amount as of , 20. See "Capitalization." We will issue the Notes in denominations of \$ and integral multiples of \$ in excess thereof.
Business Day	Each Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday that is not a day on which banking institutions in New York City are authorized or required by law or executive order to close.
Optional Redemption	The Notes may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) % of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus basis points, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.
Sinking Fund	The Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund. A sinking fund is a reserve fund accumulated over a period of time for the retirement of debt.
[Offer to Purchase upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event]	[If a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs prior to maturity, holders will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase for cash some or all of the Notes at a repurchase price equal to % of the principal amount of the Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the repurchase date.]
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Legal Defeasance

The Notes are subject to legal defeasance by us, which means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the Notes.

Covenant Defeasance	The Notes are subject to covenant defeasance by us, which means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments
Form of Notes	on the Notes on their various due dates, we will be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture. The Notes will be represented by global securities that will be deposited and registered in the name of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") or its nominee. This means that, except in limited circumstances, you will not receive certificates for the Notes. Beneficial interests in the Notes will be represented through book-entry accounts of financial institutions acting on behalf of beneficial owners as direct and indirect participants in DTC. Investors may elect to hold interests in the Notes through either DTC, if they are a participant, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in DTC.
Trustee, Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer	
Agent	
Events of Default	If an event of default (as described herein under "Description of Notes") on the Notes occurs, the principal amount of the Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, may be declared immediately due and payable, subject to conditions set forth in the indenture. These amounts automatically become due and payable in the case of certain types of bankruptcy or insolvency events involving us. [Add any other negotiated events of default.]
Other Covenants	In addition to the covenants described in the accompanying prospectus, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes: We agree that for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, we will not violate Section 18(a)(1) (A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, whether or not we are subject to such provisions of the 1940 Act, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC. If, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") to file any periodic reports with the SEC, we agree to furnish to holders of the Notes and the trustee, for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, our audited annual consolidated financial statements, within 90 days of our fiscal year end, and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, within 45 days of our fiscal quarter end (other than our fourth fiscal quarter). All such financial statements will be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with applicable United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").
No Established Trading Market	The Notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange or quoted on any automated dealer quotation system. Although the underwriters have informed us that they intend to make a market in the Notes, they are not obligated to do so, and may discontinue any such market making at any time without notice. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid market for the Notes will develop or be maintained.
Global Clearance and Settlement Procedures	Interests in the Notes will trade in DTC's Same Day Funds Settlement System, and any permitted secondary market trading activity in such Notes will, therefore, be required by DTC to be settled in immediately available funds. None of the Company, the trustee or the paying agent will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the
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Governing Law

rules and procedures governing their operations.

The Notes and the indenture will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

[Update for any other terms applicable to the Notes to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

- · our future operating results;
- · ours business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- · the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- · the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- · the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;
- · a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;
- · interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;
- currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and

 the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Risk

Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act

# SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20, December 31, 20, December 31, 20 and December 31, 20 has been derived from our financial statements that were audited by [\_\_\_\_], an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the [\_] months ended [\_\_\_], 20 was derived from our unaudited financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities", which are included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying in this prospectus, for more information.

[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

# **RISK FACTORS**

You should carefully consider the risk factors described below and under the caption "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, before you decide whether to make an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

# The Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future.

The Notes will not be secured by any of our assets or any of the assets of our subsidiaries. As a result, the Notes are effectively subordinated, or junior, to any secured indebtedness we or our subsidiaries have currently incurred and may incur in the future (or any indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors, including the holders of the Notes. As of , 20 , we had \$ aggregate principal amount of outstanding indebtedness under [ ]. [Update to describe existing debt and credit facilities].

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# The Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The Notes are obligations exclusively of New Mountain Finance Corporation and not of any of our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries is a guarantor of the Notes and the Notes are not required to be guaranteed by any subsidiaries we may acquire or create in the future. A significant portion of the indebtedness required to be consolidated on our balance sheet is held through subsidiary financing vehicles and secured by certain assets of such subsidiaries. For example, the secured indebtedness with respect to [\_\_\_\_\_] are held through our wholly owned subsidiaries, [\_\_\_\_\_]. The assets of such subsidiaries are not directly available to satisfy the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes. [Update to describe any SBIC facility or any existing debt and credit facilities of subsidiaries].

Except to the extent we are a creditor with recognized claims against our subsidiaries, all claims of creditors (including trade creditors) and holders of preferred stock, if any, of our subsidiaries will have priority over our equity interests in such subsidiaries (and therefore the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes) with respect to the assets of such subsidiaries. Even if we are recognized as a creditor of one or more of our subsidiaries, our claims would still be effectively subordinated to any security interests in the assets of any such subsidiary and to any indebtedness or other liabilities of any such subsidiaries and any subsidiaries and any subsidiaries that we may in the future acquire or establish as financing vehicles or otherwise. As of , 20 , we had \$ aggregate principal amount of outstanding indebtedness under the [ ] and \$ aggregate principal amount of outstanding indebtedness in the future, all of which would be structurally senior to the Notes.

# The indenture under which the Notes will be issued will contain limited protection for holders of the Notes.

The indenture under which the Notes will be issued offers limited protection to holders of the Notes. The terms of the indenture and the Notes do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the Notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the Notes will not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

- issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the Notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, whether or not we are subject to such provisions of the 1940 Act, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC;
- · pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Notes;
- sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

· create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

- · enter into transactions with affiliates;
- make investments; or
- · create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

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[In addition, the indenture will not require us to offer to purchase the Notes in connection with a change of control or any other event.]

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the Notes do not protect holders of the Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Notes.

[Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the Notes. Add references to risk factor disclosure re secured credit facility, etc.] In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the Notes.

#### [We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event.

Upon the occurrence of a Change of Control Repurchase Event, as defined in the indenture that governs the Notes, as supplemented, subject to certain conditions, we will be required to offer to repurchase all outstanding Notes at % of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The source of funds for that purchase of Notes will be our available cash or cash generated from our operations or other potential sources, including borrowings, investment repayments, sales of assets or sales of equity. We cannot assure you that sufficient funds from such sources will be available at the time of any Change of Control Repurchase Event to make required repurchases of Notes tendered. [The terms of our credit facilities provide that certain change of control events will constitute an event of default thereunder entitling the lenders to accelerate any indebtedness outstanding under the credit facilities at that time and to terminate the credit facilities. In addition, the indenture governing our Convertible Notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change. A failure to purchase any tendered Convertible Notes would constitute an event of default under the indenture for the Convertible Notes, as applicable, which would, in turn, constitute a default under our credit facilities and the indenture governing the Notes.] Our future debt instruments also may contain similar restrictions and provisions. If the holders of the Notes exercise their right to require us to repurchase Event itself would not cause a default. It is possible that we will not have sufficient funds at the time of the Change of Control Repurchase Event."]

# If an active trading market does not develop for the Notes, you may not be able to resell them.

The Notes are a new issue of debt securities for which there currently is no trading market. We do not intend to apply for listing of the Notes on any securities exchange or for quotation of the Notes on any automated dealer quotation system. If no active trading market develops, you may not be able to resell your Notes at their fair market value or at all. If the Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, our credit ratings, general economic conditions, our financial condition, performance and prospects and other factors. The underwriters have advised us that they intend to make a market

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in the Notes, but they are not obligated to do so. The underwriters may discontinue any market-making in the Notes at any time at their sole discretion. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid trading market will develop for the Notes, that you will be able to sell your Notes at a particular time or that the price you receive when you sell will be favorable. To the extent an active trading market does not develop, the liquidity and trading price for the Notes may be harmed. Accordingly, you may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the Notes for an indefinite period of time.

# We may default under the Credit Facilities or any future borrowing facility we enter into or be unable to amend, repay or refinance any such facility on commercially reasonable terms, or at all, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In the event we default under the Credit Facilities or any other future borrowing facility, our business could be adversely affected as we may be forced to sell a portion of our investments quickly and prematurely at what may be disadvantageous prices to us in order to meet our outstanding payment obligations and/or support working capital requirements under the Credit Facilities or such future borrowing facility, any of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, following any such default, the agent for the lenders under the Credit Facilities or such future borrowing facility could assume control of the disposition of any or all of our assets, including the selection of such assets.

[Update for any other risk factors applicable to the Notes, e.g., any impact of default in payment of other outstanding indebtedness, and any additional relevant risk factors not included in the base prospectus to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth (a) our capitalization at , 20 and (b) our pro forma capitalization to reflect the effects of the sale of \$ aggregate principal amount of Notes assuming a public offering price of 100% of par, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions of \$ and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ payable by us. You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and our most recent balance sheet included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

	As of	
	[ ], 20[ ] Actual	Pro Forma
	(in	 (unaudited)
	thousands)	(unauuneu)
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$
Investments at fair value		
Other assets		

Total assets	\$	S
Liabilities:	-	*
Credit facilities payable	\$	\$
Covertible Notes	\$	\$
Notes	\$	\$
[Other debt outstanding as of period reported]	\$	\$
Other liabilities	\$	\$
Total liabilities	\$	
Net assets	\$	\$
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, shares outstanding	\$	
Capital in excess of par value	\$	
Total stockholders' equity	\$	
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# USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from the sale of the \$ million aggregate principal amount of Notes in this offering will be approximately \$ million, in each case assuming a public offering price of 100% of par, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions of \$ million payable by us and estimated offering expenses of approximately \$ million payable by us.

[Describe use of proceeds and include any other relevant information to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# **RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

For the ended , 20 and the years ended December 31, 20 , 20 , 20 , and 20 , the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of NMFC, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

	For the Ended	For the Year Ended				
	,	December 31,				
	20	20	20	20	20	20
Earnings to Fixed Charges(1)						

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

(1)

Earnings include net realized and unrealized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP. Net realized and unrealized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP can vary substantially from period to period.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement. For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

# **DESCRIPTION OF NOTES**

The following description of the particular terms of the % [Senior] Notes due supplements and, to the extent inconsistent with, replaces the description of the general terms and provisions of the debt securities set forth in the accompanying prospectus.

We will issue the Notes under a base indenture dated as of , between us and [ ], as trustee (the "trustee"), as supplemented by a separate supplemental indenture to be dated as of the settlement date for the Notes. As used in this section, all references to the indenture mean the base indenture as supplemented by the supplemental indenture. The terms of the Notes include those expressly set forth in the indenture and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, or the TIA.

The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the Notes and the indenture and does not purport to be complete. This summary is subject to and is qualified by reference to all the provisions of the Notes and the indenture, including the definitions of certain terms used in the indenture. We urge you to read these documents because they, and not this description, define your rights as a holder of the Notes.

For purposes of this description, references to "we," "our" and "us" refer only to NMFC and not to any of its current or future subsidiaries and references to "subsidiaries" refer only to our consolidated subsidiaries and exclude any investments held by NMFC in the ordinary course of business which are not, under GAAP, consolidated on the financial statements of NMFC and its subsidiaries.

# General

will be our general unsecured, senior obligations;

will initially be issued in an aggregate principal amount of \$

- will mature on , 20 , unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, as discussed below;
- , 20 at an annual rate of % payable on and of each year, beginning on will bear cash interest from . 20
  - [will be subject to redemption at our option as described under "-Optional Redemption;"]
- will be subject to repurchase by us at the option of the holders following a Change of Control Repurchase Event (as defined below under "-Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event"), at a repurchase price equal to % of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of repurchase;]

:

- will be issued in denominations of \$ and integral multiples of \$ thereof; and
- will be represented by one or more registered Notes in global form, but in certain limited circumstances may be represented by Notes in definitive form. See "-Book-Entry, Settlement and Clearance."
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The indenture does not limit the amount of debt that may be issued by us or our subsidiaries under the indenture or otherwise. The indenture does not contain any financial covenants and does not restrict us from paying dividends or issuing or repurchasing our other securities. Other than restrictions described under "-Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event" and "-Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets" below, the indenture does not contain any covenants or other provisions designed to afford holders of the Notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving us or in the event of a decline in our credit rating as the result of a takeover, recapitalization, highly leveraged transaction or similar restructuring involving us that could adversely affect such holders.

We may, without the consent of the holders, issue additional Notes under the indenture with the same terms and with the same CUSIP numbers as the Notes offered hereby in an unlimited aggregate principal amount; provided that such additional Notes must be part of the same issue as the Notes offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

We do not intend to list the Notes on any securities exchange or any automated dealer quotation system.

# Payments on the Notes; Paying Agent and Registrar; Transfer and Exchange

We will pay the principal of, and interest on, Notes in global form registered in the name of or held by DTC or its nominee in immediately available funds to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such Global Note (as defined below).

Payment of principal of (and premium, if any) and any such interest on the Notes will be made at the corporate trust office of the trustee in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts; provided, however, that at our option payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the person entitled thereto as such address shall appear in the security register.

A holder of Notes may transfer or exchange Notes at the office of the registrar in accordance with the indenture. The registrar and the trustee may require a holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents. No service charge will be imposed by us, the trustee or the registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes, but we may require a holder to pay a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax or other similar governmental charge required by law or permitted by the indenture

The registered holder of a Note will be treated as its owner for all purposes.

#### Interest

The Notes will bear cash interest at a rate of % per year until maturity. Interest on the Notes will accrue from .20 or from the most recent date on which interest has been paid or duly provided for. Interest will be payable in arrears on and of each year, beginning on .20

Interest will be paid to the person in whose name a Note is registered at 5:00 p.m. New York City time (the "close of business") on or , as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date (each, a "regular record date"). Interest on the Notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months.

If any interest payment date, the maturity date or any earlier required repurchase date upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event (defined below) of a Note falls on a day that is not a business day, the required payment will be made on the next succeeding business day and no interest on such payment will accrue in respect of the delay. The term "business

day" means, with respect to any Note, any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in New York are authorized or obligated by law or executive order to close.

# Ranking

The Notes will be our general unsecured obligations that rank senior in right of payment to all of our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated, or junior, in right of payment to the Notes. The Notes will rank pari passu, or equally, in right of payment with all of our existing and future liabilities that are not so subordinated, or junior. The Notes will effectively rank subordinated, or junior, to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The Notes will rank structurally subordinated, or junior, to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities. In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, our assets that secure debt will be available to pay obligations on the Notes only after all indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all the Notes then outstanding.

, 20 , our total consolidated indebtedness was approximately \$ As of aggregate principal amount outstanding, of which approximately \$ was secured indebtedness at the NMFC level, and of which an aggregate of approximately \$ was indebtedness of our subsidiaries. After giving effect to the issuance of the Notes and [assuming the proceeds therefrom are used to repay outstanding borrowings under [ ], our total consolidated indebtedness would have been approximately \$ , 20 .] See "Capitalization." aggregate principal amount outstanding as of

# **[Optional Redemption**

We may redeem some or all of the Notes at any time, or from time to time. If we choose to redeem any Notes prior to maturity, we will pay a redemption price equal to the greater of the following amounts, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date:

- · % of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed, or
- the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest (exclusive of accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption) on the Notes to be redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) using the applicable Treasury Rate plus basis points.

If we choose to redeem any Notes, we will deliver a notice of redemption to holders of Notes not less than nor more than days before the redemption date. If we are redeeming less than all of the Notes, the particular Notes to be redeemed will be selected in accordance with the applicable procedures of the trustee and, so long as the Notes are registered to DTC or its nominee, DTC; *provided, however*, that no such partial redemption shall reduce the portion of the principal amount of a Note not redeemed to less than \$\\$ . Unless we default in payment of the redemption price, on and after the redemption date, interest will cease to accrue on the Notes or portions of the Notes called for redemption.

For purposes of calculating the redemption price in connection with the redemption of the Notes, on any redemption date, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

"Treasury Rate" means, with respect to any redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalent yield-to-maturity of the Comparable Treasury Issue (computed as of the third business day immediately

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preceding the redemption), assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for such redemption date. The redemption price and the Treasury Rate will be determined by us.

"Comparable Treasury Issue" means the United States Treasury security selected by the Reference Treasury Dealer as having a maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Notes to be redeemed that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financing practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the Notes being redeemed.

"Comparable Treasury Price" means (1) the average of the remaining Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for the redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, or (2) if the Quotation Agent obtains fewer than four such reference treasury dealer quotations, the average of all such quotations.

"Quotation Agent" means a Reference Treasury Dealer selected by us.

"Reference Treasury Dealer" means each of (1), (2) and (3), or their respective affiliates which are primary U.S. government securities dealers and their respective successors; provided, however, that if any of the foregoing or their affiliates shall cease to be a primary U.S. government securities dealer in the United States (a "Primary Treasury Dealer"), we shall select another Primary Treasury Dealer.

"Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations" means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and any redemption date, the average, as determined by the Quotation Agent, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Quotation Agent by such Reference Treasury Dealer at 3:30 p.m. New York time on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

All determinations made by any Reference Treasury Dealer, including the Quotation Agent, with respect to determining the redemption price will be final and binding absent manifest error.]

#### [Offer to Repurchase Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event

If a Change of Control Repurchase Event occurs, unless we have exercised our right to redeem the Notes in full, we will make an offer to each holder of Notes to repurchase all or any part (in minimum denominations of \$ and integral multiples of \$ principal amount) of that holder's Notes at a repurchase price in cash equal to % of the aggregate principal amount of Notes repurchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes repurchased to the date of purchase. Within days following any Change of Control Repurchase Event or, at our option, prior to any Change of Control, but after the public announcement of the Change of Control, we will mail a notice to each holder describing the transaction or transactions that constitute or may constitute the Change of Control Repurchase Event and offering to repurchase Notes on the payment date specified in the notice, which date will be no earlier than days and no later than days from the date such notice is mailed. The notice shall, if mailed prior to the date of consummation of the Change of Control, state that the offer to purchase is conditioned on the Change of Control Repurchase Event occurring on or prior to the eavent those laws and regulations are applicable in connection with the repurchase of the Notes as a result of a Change of Control Repurchase Event. To the applicable securities laws or regulations conflict with the Change of Control Repurchase Event provisions of the Notes, we will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached our obligations under the Change of Control Repurchase Event provisions of the Notes we will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached our obligations under the Change of Control Repurchase Event provisions of the Notes we will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached our obligations under the Change of Control Repurchase Event provisions of the Notes by virtue of

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On the Change of Control Repurchase Event payment date, subject to extension if necessary to comply with the provisions of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Investment Company Act"), we will, to the extent lawful:

- (1) accept for payment all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered pursuant to our offer;
- (2) deposit with the paying agent an amount equal to the aggregate purchase price in respect of all Notes or portions of Notes properly tendered; and
- (3) deliver or cause to be delivered to the trustee the Notes properly accepted, together with an officers' certificate stating the aggregate principal amount of Notes being purchased by us.

The paying agent will promptly remit to each holder of Notes properly tendered the purchase price for the Notes, and the trustee will promptly authenticate and mail (or cause to be transferred by book-entry) to each holder a new Note equal in principal amount to any unpurchased portion of any Notes returned to us; *provided* that each new Note will be in a minimum principal amount of \$\$ or an integral multiple of \$\$ in excess thereof.

We will not be required to make an offer to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event if a third party makes an offer in the manner, at the times and otherwise in compliance with the requirements for an offer made by us and such third party purchases all Notes properly tendered and not withdrawn under its offer.

The source of funds that will be required to repurchase Notes in the event of a Change of Control Repurchase Event will be our available cash or cash generated from our operations or other potential sources, including funds provided by a purchaser in the Change of Control transaction, borrowings, sales of assets or sales of equity. We

cannot assure you that sufficient funds from such sources will be available at the time of any Change of Control Repurchase Event to make required repurchases of Notes tendered. [The terms of our credit facilities provide that certain change of control events will constitute an event of default thereunder entitling the lenders to accelerate any indebtedness outstanding under the credit facilities at that time and to terminate the credit facilities. In addition, the indenture governing our Convertible Notes contains a provision that would require us to offer to purchase the Convertible Notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change. A failure to purchase any tendered Convertible Notes would constitute an event of default under the indenture for the Convertible Notes, as applicable, which would, in turn, constitute a default under our credit facilities and the indenture governing the Notes.] Our future debt instruments may contain similar restrictions and provisions. If the holders of the Notes exercise their right to require us to repurchase Event, the financial effect of this repurchase could cause a default under our future debt instruments, even if the Change of Control Repurchase Event itself would not cause a default. It is possible that we will not have sufficient funds at the time of the Change of Control Repurchase function and/or our other debt. See "Risk Factors—We may not be able to repurchase the Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event."

The definition of "Change of Control" includes a phrase relating to the direct or indirect sale, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of "all or substantially all" of our properties or assets and those of our subsidiaries taken as a whole. Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all," there is no precise, established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of Notes to require us to repurchase the Notes as a result of a sale, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of our assets and the assets of our subsidiaries taken as a whole to another person or group may be uncertain.

[For purposes of the Notes:

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"Below Investment Grade Rating Event" means the Notes are downgraded below Investment Grade by both Rating Agencies on any date from the date of the public notice of an arrangement that results in a Change of Control until the end of the 60-day period following public notice of the occurrence of a Change of Control (which period shall be extended so long as the rating of the Notes is under publicly announced consideration for possible downgrade by either of the Rating Agencies); *provided* that a Below Investment Grade Rating Event otherwise arising by virtue of a particular reduction in rating shall not be deemed to have occurred in respect of a particular Change of Control (and thus shall not be deemed a Below Investment Grade Rating Event for purposes of the definition of Change of Control Repurchase Event hereunder) if the Rating Agencies making the reduction in rating to which this definition would otherwise apply do not announce or publicly confirm or inform the trustee in writing at its request that the reduction was the result, in whole or in part, of any event or circumstance comprised of or arising as a result of, or in respect of, the applicable Change of Control (whether or not the applicable Change of Control shall have occurred at the time of the Below Investment Grade Rating Event).

"Change of Control" means the occurrence of any of the following:

- (1) the direct or indirect sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (other than by way of merger or consolidation) in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of the assets of NMFC and its Controlled Subsidiaries taken as a whole to any "person" or "group" (as those terms are used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act), other than to any Permitted Holders; *provided* that, for the avoidance of doubt, a pledge of assets pursuant to any secured debt instrument of NMFC or its Controlled Subsidiaries shall not be deemed to be any such sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or disposition;
- (2) the consummation of any transaction (including, without limitation, any merger or consolidation) the result of which is that any "person" or "group" (as those terms are used in Section 13(d)(3) of the Exchange Act) (other than any Permitted Holders) becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the outstanding Voting Stock of NMFC, measured by voting power rather than number of shares; or
- (3) the approval by NMFC's stockholders of any plan or proposal relating to the liquidation or dissolution of NMFC.

"Change of Control Repurchase Event" means the occurrence of a Change of Control and a Below Investment Grade Rating Event.

"Controlled Subsidiary" means any subsidiary of NMFC, 50% or more of the outstanding equity interests of which are owned by NMFC and its direct or indirect subsidiaries and of which NMFC possesses, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies, whether through the ownership of voting equity interests, by agreement or otherwise.

"Fitch" means Fitch, Inc., also known as Fitch Ratings, or any successor thereto.

"Investment Grade" means a rating of BBB- or better by Fitch (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of Fitch) and BBB- or better by S&P (or its equivalent under any successor rating categories of S&P) (or, in each

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case, if such Rating Agency ceases to rate the Notes for reasons outside of our control, the equivalent investment grade credit rating from any Rating Agency selected by us as a replacement Rating Agency).

"Permitted Holders" means (i) us, (ii) one or more of our Controlled Subsidiaries and (iii) the Investment Adviser or any affiliate of the Investment Adviser that is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction located in the United States of America and in the business of managing or advising clients.

"Rating Agency" means:

- (1) each of Fitch and S&P; and
- (2) if either of Fitch or S&P ceases to rate the Notes or fails to make a rating of the Notes publicly available for reasons outside of our control, a "nationally recognized statistical rating organization" as defined in Section (3)(a)(62) of the Exchange Act selected by us as a replacement agency for Fitch or S&P, or both, as the case may be.

"S&P" means Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of McGraw-Hill, Inc., or any successor thereto.

"Voting Stock" as applied to stock of any person, means shares, interests, participations or other equivalents in the equity interest (however designated) in such person having ordinary voting power for the election of a majority of the directors (or the equivalent) of such person, other than shares, interests, participations or other equivalents having such power only by reason of the occurrence of a contingency.]

Covenants

In addition to the covenants described in the base indenture, the following covenants shall apply to the Notes. To the extent of any conflict or inconsistency

between the base indenture and the following covenants, the following covenants shall govern:

# Merger, Consolidation or Sale of Assets

The indenture will provide that we will not merge or consolidate with or into any other person (other than a merger of a wholly owned subsidiary into us), or sell, transfer, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all our property (*provided* that, for the avoidance of doubt, a pledge of assets pursuant to any secured debt instrument of NMFC or its Controlled Subsidiaries shall not be deemed to be any such sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or disposition) in any one transaction or series of related transactions unless:

- we are the surviving person (the "Surviving Person") or the Surviving Person (if other than us) formed by such merger or consolidation or to which such sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or disposition is made shall be a corporation or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America or any state or territory thereof;
- the Surviving Person (if other than us) expressly assumes, by supplemental indenture in form reasonably satisfactory to the trustee, executed and delivered to the trustee by such Surviving Person, the due and punctual

payment of the principal of, and premium, if any, and interest on, all the Notes outstanding, and the due and punctual performance and observance of all the covenants and conditions of the indenture to be performed by us;

- immediately before and immediately after giving effect to such transaction or series of related transactions, no default or event of default shall have occurred and be continuing; and
- we shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the trustee, an officers' certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that such transaction and the supplemental indenture, if any, in respect thereto, comply with this covenant and that all conditions precedent in the indenture relating to such transaction have been complied with.

For the purposes of this covenant, the sale, transfer, lease, conveyance or other disposition of all the property of one or more of our subsidiaries, which property, if held by us instead of such subsidiaries, would constitute all or substantially all of our property on a consolidated basis, shall be deemed to be the transfer of all or substantially all of our property.

Although there is a limited body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all", there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, in certain circumstances there may be a degree of uncertainty as to whether a particular transaction would involve "all or substantially all" of the properties or assets of a person. As a result, it may be unclear as to whether the merger, consolidation or sale of assets covenant would apply to a particular transaction as described above absent a decision by a court of competent jurisdiction. Although these types of transactions are permitted under the indenture, certain of the foregoing transactions could constitute a Change of Control that results in a Change of Control Repurchase Event permitting each holder to require us to repurchase the Notes of such holder as described above.

An assumption by any person of obligations under the Notes and the indenture might be deemed for U.S. federal income tax purposes to be an exchange of the Notes for new Notes by the holders thereof, resulting in recognition of gain or loss for such purposes and possibly other adverse tax consequences to the holders. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of such an assumption.

# **Other Covenants**

- We agree that for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, we will not violate Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the Investment Company Act or any successor provisions, whether or not we are subject to such provisions of the 1940 Act, but giving effect, in either case, to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC.
- If, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act to file any periodic reports with the SEC, we agree to furnish to holders of the Notes and the trustee, for the period of time during which the Notes are outstanding, our audited annual consolidated financial statements, within 90 days of our fiscal year end, and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements, within 45 days of our fiscal quarter end (other than our fourth fiscal quarter). All such financial statements will be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with GAAP, as applicable.

# **Events of Default**

Each of the following is an event of default:

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- (1) default in the payment of any interest upon any Note when due and payable and the default continues for a period of []days;
- (2) default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) any Note when it becomes due and payable at its maturity including upon any redemption date or required repurchase date;
- (3) our failure for [] consecutive days after written notice from the trustee or the holders of at least []% in principal amount of the Notes then outstanding has been received to comply with any of our other agreements contained in the Notes or indenture;
- (4) default by us or any of our significant subsidiaries, as defined in Article 1, Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act (but excluding any subsidiary which is (a) a non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiary, (b) a bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicle or (c) is not consolidated with NMFC for purposes of GAAP), with respect to any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any indebtedness for money borrowed in excess of \$ million in the aggregate of us and/or any such subsidiary, whether such indebtedness now exists or shall hereafter be created (i) resulting in such indebtedness becoming or being declared due and payable or (ii) constituting a failure to pay the principal or interest of any such debt when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required repurchase, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise, unless, in either case, such indebtedness is discharged, or such acceleration is rescinded, stayed or annulled, within a period of calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to us by the trustee or to us and the trustee by the holders of at least % in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding;
- (5) Pursuant to Section 18(a)(1)(c)(ii) and Section 61 of the Investment Company Act, on the last business day of each of 24 consecutive calendar months, any class of securities shall have an asset coverage (as such term is used in the Investment Company Act) of less than 100%; or

### (6) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency, or reorganization involving us occur and remain undischarged or unstayed for a period of days.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing, then and in every such case (other than an event of default specified in item (6) above) the trustee or the holders of % in principal amount of the outstanding Notes may declare the entire principal amount of Notes to be due and immediately payable, by a notice in writing to us (and to the trustee if given by the holders), and upon any such declaration such principal or specified portion thereof shall become immediately due and payable. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of the events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization described in item (6) above, 100% of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes will automatically become due and payable.

At any time after a declaration of acceleration with respect to the Notes has been made and before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the trustee, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes, by written notice to us and the trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration and its consequences if (i) we have paid or deposited with the trustee a sum sufficient to pay all overdue installments of interest, if any, on all outstanding Notes, the principal of (and premium, if any, on) all outstanding Notes that have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration and interest thereon at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Notes, to the extent

that payment of such interest is lawful interest upon overdue installments of interest at the rate or rates borne by or provided for in such Notes, and all sums paid or advanced by the trustee and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the trustee, its agents and counsel, and (ii) all events of default with respect to the Notes, other than the nonpayment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) or interest on such Notes that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived. No such rescission will affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

No holder of Notes will have any right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to the indenture, or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy under the indenture, unless

- (i) such holder has previously given written notice to the trustee of a continuing event of default with respect to the Notes,
- (ii) the holders of not less than % in principal amount of the outstanding Notes shall have made written request to the trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such event of default;
- (iii) such holder or holders have offered to the trustee reasonable indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities to be incurred in compliance with such request;
- (iv) the trustee for [ ] days after its receipt of such notice, request and offer of indemnity has failed to institute any such proceeding; and
- (v) no direction inconsistent with such written request has been given to the trustee during such 60-day period by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes.

Notwithstanding any other provision in the indenture, the holder of any Note shall have the right, which is absolute and unconditional, to receive payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such Note on the stated maturity or maturity expressed in such Note (or, in the case of redemption, on the redemption date or, in the case of repayment at the option of the holders, on the repayment date) and to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment, and such rights shall not be impaired without the consent of such holder.

The trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by the indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders of the Notes unless such holders shall have offered to the trustee reasonable security or indemnity against the costs, expenses and liabilities which might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction. Subject to the foregoing, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee with respect to the Notes, *provided* that (i) such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with this indenture, (ii) the trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the trustee that is not inconsistent with such direction and (iii) the trustee need not take any action that it determines in good faith may involve it in personal liability or be unjustly prejudicial to the holders of Notes not consenting.

The holders of not less than a majority in principal amount of the outstanding Notes may on behalf of the holders of all of the Notes waive any past default under the indenture with respect to the Notes and its consequences, except a default (i) in the payment of (or premium, if any, on) or interest, if any, on any Note, or (ii) in respect of a covenant or provision of the indenture which cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holder of each outstanding Note affected. Upon any such waiver, such default shall cease to exist, and any event of default arising therefrom shall be deemed

to have been cured, for every purpose, but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default or event of default or impair any right consequent thereto.

We are required to deliver to the trustee, within days after the end of each fiscal year, an officers' certificate stating that to the knowledge of the signers whether we are in default in the performance of any of the terms, provisions or conditions of the indenture.

Within days after the occurrence of any default under the indenture with respect to the Notes, the trustee shall transmit notice of such default known to the trustee, unless such default shall have been cured or waived; *provided*, *however*, that, except in the case of a default in the payment of the principal of (or premium, if any, on) or interest, if any, on any Note, the trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the board of directors, the executive committee or a trust committee of directors of the trustee in good faith determines that withholding of such notice is in the interest of the holders of the Notes.

# Satisfaction and Discharge; Defeasance

We may satisfy and discharge our obligations under the indenture by delivering to the securities registrar for cancellation all outstanding Notes or by depositing with the trustee or delivering to the holders, as applicable, after the Notes have become due and payable, or otherwise, moneys sufficient to pay all of the outstanding Notes and paying all other sums payable under the indenture by us. Such discharge is subject to terms contained in the indenture.

In addition, the Notes are subject to defeasance and covenant defeasance, in each case, in accordance with the terms of the indenture. Defeasance means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the Notes. Covenant defeasance means that, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including depositing in trust for the benefit of the holders of the Notes a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the Notes on their various due dates, we will be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture.

#### Trustee

[ ] is the trustee, security registrar and paying agent. [ ], in each of its capacities, including without limitation as trustee, security registrar and paying agent, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information concerning us or our affiliates or any other party contained in this document or the related documents or for any failure by us or any other party to disclose events that may have occurred and may affect the significance or accuracy of such information, or for any information provided to it by us, including but not limited to settlement amounts and any other information.

We may maintain banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the trustee and its affiliates.

# **Governing Law**

The indenture provides that it and the Notes shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, without regard to principles of conflicts of laws that would cause the application of laws of another jurisdiction.

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#### **Book-Entry, Settlement and Clearance**

# **Global Notes**

The Notes will be initially issued in the form of one or more registered Notes in global form, without interest coupons (the "Global Notes"). Upon issuance, each of the Global Notes will be deposited with the trustee as custodian for DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be limited to persons who have accounts with DTC ("DTC participants") or persons who hold interests through DTC participants. We expect that under procedures established by DTC:

- upon deposit of a Global Note with DTC's custodian, DTC will credit portions of the principal amount of the Global Note to the accounts of the DTC participants designated by the underwriters; and
- ownership of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be shown on, and transfer of ownership of those interests will be effected only through, records
  maintained by DTC (with respect to interests of DTC participants) and the records of DTC participants (with respect to other owners of beneficial
  interests in the Global Note).

Beneficial interests in Global Notes may not be exchanged for Notes in physical, certificated form except in the limited circumstances described below.

# **Book-Entry Procedures for Global Notes**

All interests in the Global Notes will be subject to the operations and procedures of DTC. We provide the following summary of those operations and procedures solely for the convenience of investors. The operations and procedures of DTC are controlled by that settlement system and may be changed at any time. Neither we nor the underwriters are responsible for those operations or procedures.

DTC has advised us that it is:

- · a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York;
- a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York State Banking Law;
- · a member of the Federal Reserve System;
- a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a "clearing agency" registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

DTC was created to hold securities for its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants through electronic book-entry changes to the accounts of its participants. DTC's participants include securities brokers and dealers, including the underwriters; banks and trust companies; clearing corporations and other organizations. Indirect access to DTC's system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies; these indirect participants clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC

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participant, either directly or indirectly. Investors who are not DTC participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC only through DTC participants or indirect participants in DTC.

So long as DTC's nominee is the registered owner of a Global Note, that nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of the Notes represented by that Global Note for all purposes under the indenture. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note:

- · will not be entitled to have Notes represented by the Global Note registered in their names;
- will not receive or be entitled to receive physical, certificated Notes; and
- will not be considered the owners or holders of the Notes under the indenture for any purpose, including with respect to the giving of any direction, instruction or approval to the trustee under the indenture.

As a result, each investor who owns a beneficial interest in a Global Note must rely on the procedures of DTC to exercise any rights of a holder of Notes under the indenture (and, if the investor is not a participant or an indirect participant in DTC, on the procedures of the DTC participant through which the investor owns its interest).

Payments of principal and interest with respect to the Notes represented by a Global Note will be made by the trustee to DTC's nominee as the registered holder of the Global Note. Neither we nor the Trustee will have any responsibility or liability for the payment of amounts to owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note, for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of those interests by DTC, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records of DTC relating to those interests.

Payments by participants and indirect participants in DTC to the owners of beneficial interests in a Global Note will be governed by standing instructions and customary industry practice and will be the responsibility of those participants or indirect participants and DTC.

Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected under DTC's procedures and will be settled in same-day funds.

Notes in physical, certificated form will be issued and delivered to each person that DTC identifies as a beneficial owner of the related Notes only if:

- DTC notifies us at any time that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for the Global Notes and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days;
- · DTC ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed within 90 days; or
- an event of default with respect to the Notes has occurred and is continuing and such beneficial owner requests that its Notes be issued in physical, certificated form.

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#### CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

[Insert disclosure regarding federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Notes to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

# UNDERWRITING

NMFC and the underwriters named below have entered into an underwriting agreement with respect to the Notes being offered. Subject to certain conditions, each underwriter has severally agreed to purchase the number of Notes indicated in the following table. [1] are the representatives of the underwriters.

Underwriter	Principal Amount
Total	

The underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the Notes being offered, if any are taken.

The following table shows the per share and total underwriting discounts and commissions (sales load) to be paid to the underwriters by NMFC. This offering will conform with the requirements set forth in Financial Industry Regulatory Authority Rule 2310. In compliance with such requirements, the underwriting discounts and commissions in connection with the sale of securities will not exceed 10% of gross proceeds of this offering.

	Per	
	Note	Total
Public offering price		
Underwriting discount		
Proceeds, before expenses, to us		
Total		

Notes sold by the underwriters to the public will initially be offered at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this prospectus supplement. Any Notes sold by the underwriters to securities dealers may be sold at a discount of up to \$ per Note from the public offering price. If all the Notes are not sold at the initial offering price, the representatives may change the public offering price and the other selling terms. The offering of the Notes by the underwriters is subject to receipt and acceptance and subject to the underwriters' right to reject any order in whole or in part.

[NMFC, each of its officers and directors, and each of the members of the Investment Adviser's investment committee have agreed with the underwriters, subject to certain exceptions, not to dispose of or hedge any of the Notes or securities convertible into or exchangeable for the Notes during the period from the date of this prospectus supplement continuing through the date [1] days after the date of this prospectus supplement, except with the prior written consent of [1].]

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell Notes in the open market. These transactions may include short sales and purchases on the open market to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater principal amount of Notes than they are required to purchase in the offering. The underwriters must close out any short position by purchasing Notes in the open market. A short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the Notes in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering.

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Similar to other purchase transactions, the underwriters' purchases to cover the syndicate short sales may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of the Notes or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Notes. As a result, the price of the Notes may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased Notes sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Purchases to cover a short position and stabilizing transactions, as well as other purchases by the underwriters for their own account, may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the company's stock, and together with the imposition of the penalty bid, may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the Notes. As a result, the price of the Notes may be higher than the price that otherwise might exist in the open market. If these activities are commenced, they may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected on the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

The underwriters do not expect sales to discretionary accounts to exceed five percent of the total number of Notes offered.

We estimate that our share of the total expenses of the offering, excluding underwriting discounts and commissions, will be approximately \$[ ]. We will pay all of the expenses incurred by us in connection with this offering.

NMFC has agreed to indemnify the several underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

The underwriters and their respective affiliates are full-service financial institutions engaged in various activities, which may include securities trading, commercial and investment banking, financial advisory, investment management, investment research, principal investment, hedging, financing and brokerage activities. Certain of the

underwriters and their respective affiliates may, from time to time, perform various financial advisory and investment banking services for the company, for which they will receive customary fees and expenses.

In the ordinary course of their various business activities, the underwriters and their respective affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers and such investment and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the issuer. The underwriters and their respective affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or instruments and may at any time hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

The principal business address of [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ], [ ].

Each of the underwriters may arrange to sell the Notes offered hereby in certain jurisdictions outside the United States, either directly or through affiliates, where they are permitted to do so.

[Describe any other specific transactions and compensation related thereto to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

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[Describe if underwriters receiving proceeds of offering, if required by FINRA.]

[Insert principal business addresses of underwriters.]

[Insert applicable legends for jurisdictions in which offers and sales may be made.]

# LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia. Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the underwriters by

# INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

# AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the Notes offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the Notes being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are

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available on the SEC's website athttp://www.sec.gov. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at http://www.newmountainfinance.com. Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Insert financial statements and notes thereto from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

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New Mountain Finance Corporation

\$

% [Senior](3) Notes Due

# [Underwriters]

(3) Notes will be denominated as "senior notes" if we have subordinated debt outstanding at issuance.

# [FORM OF PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH FUTURE CONVERTIBLE NOTES OFFERINGS](1)

Subject to Completion Preliminary Prospectus Supplement dated [ ], 20[ ]

# \$[ ]

# New Mountain Finance Corporation

[ ]% Convertible Notes due 20[ ]

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010. We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. Our primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance.

The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments that contain interest reset provisions that may make it more difficult for borrowers to make debt repayments to us if interest rates rise. In addition, some of our debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

We are offering { ] million aggregate principal amount of our [ ]% Convertible Notes due 20[ ] (the "Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes will bear interest at a rate of [ ]% per year, payable on [ ] and [ ] of each year, commencing on [ ]. The Convertible Notes will mature on [ ]. We may not redeem the Convertible Notes prior to maturity.

The Convertible Notes will be convertible, at your option, into shares of our common stock initially at a conversion rate of [] shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$[] per share), subject to adjustment as described in this prospectus supplement, at any time on or prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date. In the case of Convertible Notes that are converted in connection with certain types of fundamental changes, we will, in certain circumstances, increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares.

You may require us to repurchase all or a portion of your Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change at a cash repurchase price equal to []% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) through, and including, the maturity date. See "Description of the Notes — Fundamental Change Put".

The Convertible Notes will be our unsecured obligations. As of [], 20[], we had \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding, \$[] million of which was secured indebtedness and \$[] million of which was unsecured indebtedness. The Convertible Notes will be our direct unsecured obligations and rank *pari passu*, or equally in right of payment, with all outstanding and future unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us.

There is no public market for the Convertible Notes, and we do not intend to apply for listing of the Convertible Notes on any securities exchange or for inclusion of the Convertible Notes in any automated quotation system. Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "NMFC". On [], 20[], the last reported sales price on the New York Stock Exchange for our common stock was \$[] per share, and the net asset value per share of our common stock on [], 20[] (the last date prior to the date of this prospectus supplement on which we determined our net asset value per share) was \$[].

The price at issuance of the Convertible Notes will be [ ]% of the principal amount, plus accrued interest from [ ], 20[ ].

# An investment in the Convertible Notes involves risks that are described in the "Supplementary Risk Factors" section beginning on page [] in this prospectus supplement and the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page [] of the accompanying prospectus.

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain important information about us that a prospective investor should know before investing in the Convertible Notes. Please read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus before investing and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (http://www.sec.gov), which is available free of charge by contacting us by mail at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019 or on our website at http://www.newmountainfinance.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider that information to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the information provided in this form of prospectus supplement, each prospectus supplement actually used in connection with an offering conducted pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached will be updated to include such other information as may then be required to be disclosed therein pursuant to applicable law or regulation as in effect as of the date of each such prospectus supplement, including, without limitation, additional information particular to the terms of each security offered thereby and any additional related risk factors or tax considerations pertaining thereto. The terms of the Notes or the provisions of the indenture governing the Notes may differ from the information provided in this form of prospectus supplement. This form of prospectus supplement is intended only to provide a rough approximation of the nature and type of disclosure that may appear in any actual prospectus supplement used for the purposes of offering securities pursuant to the registration statement to which this form of prospectus supplement is attached and, accordingly, the terms and description of the retail notes for which this form of prospectus supplement is not intended to and does not contain all of the information that would appear is any such actual prospectus supplement, and should not be used or relied upon in connection with any offer or sale of securities.

	Per Note	Total
Public Offering Price	[]%	\$[]
Sales Load paid by us (Underwriting Discounts and Commissions)(1)	[]%	\$[]
Proceeds to us (before expenses)(2)	[]%	\$[]

(1) See "Underwriting" for details of compensation to be received by the underwriters.

(2) All expenses of the offering will be borne by us. We will incur approximately \$[ ] million of estimated expenses in connection with this offering.

We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to an additional [] aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes on the same terms and conditions as set forth above, exercisable within [] days from the date of this prospectus supplement. If the underwriters exercise this option in full, the total public offering price will be [], plus accrued interest from [], 20[], the total sales load (discounts and commissions) paid by us will be [], and total proceeds, before expenses, will be [].

# THE CONVERTIBLE NOTES ARE NOT DEPOSITS OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS OF A BANK AND ARE NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

Delivery of the Convertible Notes in book-entry form only through The Depository Trust Company will be made on or about [], 20[].

Joint-Lead Bookrunners

[Underwriters]

Prospectus Supplement dated [ ], 20[ ]

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# PROSPECTUS

[Insert table of contents from base prospectus]

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# ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different information from that contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, these securities by any person in any jurisdiction where it is unlawful for that person to make such an offer or solicitation or to any person in any jurisdiction to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is complete and accurate only as of their respective dates, regardless of the time of their delivery or sale of these securities. This prospectus supplement supersedes the accompanying prospectus to the extent it contains information different from or additional to the information in that prospectus.

This document is in two parts. The first part is this prospectus supplement, which describes the terms of this offering and also adds to and updates information contained in the accompanying prospectus. The second part is the accompanying prospectus, which gives more general information and disclosure. To the extent the information contained in this prospectus supplement differs from the information contained in the accompanying prospectus, the information in this prospectus supplement shall control. Please carefully read this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus together with any exhibits and the additional information described under "Available Information", "Prospectus Supplement Summary" and "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and the "Available Information", "Summary" and "Risk Factors" sections of the accompanying prospectus before you make an investment decision. Unless otherwise indicated, all information included in this prospectus supplement assumes no exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase up to an additional \$[] aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes.

The figures in this prospectus supplement relating to the conversion rate of the Convertible Notes have been updated to give effect to the \$[] per share special dividend that was declared in the fiscal year ended December 31, 20[]; however, please refer to the indenture governing the Convertible Notes for the exact terms relating to the conversion rate of the Convertible Notes.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. It may not contain all the information that is important to you. For a more complete understanding, we encourage you to read this entire prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the documents to which we have referred in this prospectus supplement, together with the accompanying prospectus, including the risks set forth under "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus, and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

In this prospectus supplement, unless the context otherwise requires, references to:

- "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" refers to New Mountain Finance Corporation, a Delaware corporation, which was incorporated on June 29, 2010, including, where appropriate, its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries;
- · "NMF Holdings" and "Predecessor Operating Company" refers to New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "NMF SLF" refers to New Mountain Finance SPV Funding, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC GP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC G.P. L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
- · "SBIC LP" refers to New Mountain Finance SBIC L.P., a Delaware limited partnership;
- · "Guardian AIV" refers to New Mountain Guardian AIV, L.P.;
- "AIV Holdings" refers to New Mountain Finance AIV Holdings Corporation, a Delaware corporation which was incorporated on March 11, 2011, of which Guardian AIV was the sole stockholder;
- · "Investment Adviser" refers to New Mountain Finance Advisers BDC, L.L.C., our investment adviser;
- . "Administrator" refers to New Mountain Finance Administration, L.L.C., our administrator;
- "New Mountain Capital" refers to New Mountain Capital Group, L.L.C. and its affiliates;
- "Predecessor Entities" refers to New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C. and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P., together with their respective direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries prior to our initial public offering;
- "NMFC Credit Facility" refers to our Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement with Goldman Sachs Bank USA, Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. and Stifel Bank & Trust, dated June 4, 2014, as amended (together with the related guarantee and security agreement);
- "Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated December 18, 2014;
- "Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility" refers to NMF Holdings' Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated May 19, 2011, as amended;
- . "SLF Credit Facility" refers to NMF SLF's Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, dated October 27, 2010, as amended;
- "Convertible Notes" refers to our 5.00% convertible notes due 2019 issued on June 3, 2014 and September 30, 2016 under an indenture dated June 3, 2014 (the "Indenture"), between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee; and
- "Unsecured Notes" refers to our 5.313% unsecured notes due May 15, 2021 issued on May 6, 2016 and September 30, 2016, to institutional investors in a private placement.

For the periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus reflect our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company.

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#### Overview

We are a Delaware corporation that was originally incorporated on June 29, 2010 and completed our initial public offering ("IPO") on May 19, 2011. We are a closedend, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). As such, we are obligated to comply with certain regulatory requirements. We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (the "Code"). We are also registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act").

The Investment Adviser is a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital. New Mountain Capital is a firm with a track record of investing in the middle market and with assets under management of approximately [[]](1), which includes total assets held by us. New Mountain Capital focuses on investing in defensive growth companies across its private equity, public equity and credit investment vehicles. The Investment Adviser manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. The Administrator, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, provides the administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMF Holdings, is a Delaware limited liability company whose assets are used to secure NMF Holdings' credit facility. For additional information about our organizational structure prior to May 8, 2014, see "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus. NMF Ancora Holdings Inc. ("NMF Ancora"), NMF QID NGL Holdings, Inc. ("NMF QID") and NMF YP Holdings Inc. ("NMF YP"), our wholly-owned subsidiaries, are structured as Delaware entities that serve as tax blocker corporations which hold equity or equity-like investments in portfolio companies organized as limited liability companies (or other forms of pass-through entities). We consolidate our tax blocker corporations for accounting purposes. The tax blocker corporations are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may incur income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. Additionally, our wholly-owned subsidiary, New Mountain Finance Servicing, L.L.C. ("NMF Servicing"), serves as the administrative agent on certain investment transactions. SBIC LP, and its general partner, SBIC GP, were organized in Delaware as a limited partnership and limited liability company, respectively. SBIC LP and SBIC GP are our consolidated wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries. SBIC LP received a license from the United States ("U.S.") Small Business Administration (the "SBA") to operate as a small business investment company ("SBIC") under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "1958 Act"). Our wholly-owned subsidiary, NMNLC, a Maryland corporation, was formed to acquire commercial real properties that are subject to "triple net" leases and intends to qualify as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, within the meaning of Section 856(a) of the Code.

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Our investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation through the sourcing and origination of debt securities at all levels of the capital structure, including first and second lien debt, notes, bonds and mezzanine securities. Our first lien debt may include traditional first lien senior secured loans or unitranche loans. Unitranche loans combine characteristics of traditional first lien senior secured loans as well as second lien and subordinated loans. Unitranche loans will expose us to the risks associated with second lien and subordinated loans to the extent we invest in the "last out" tranche. In some cases, our investments may also include equity interests. The primary focus is in the debt of defensive growth companies, which are defined as generally exhibiting the following characteristics: (i) sustainable secular growth drivers, (ii) high barriers to competitive entry, (iii) high free cash flow after capital expenditure and working capital needs, (iv) high returns on assets and (v) niche market dominance. Similar to us, SBIC LP's investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation under our investment criteria. However, SBIC LP's investments must be in SBA eligible companies. Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of industries.

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The investments that we invest in are almost entirely rated below investment grade or may be unrated, which are often referred to as "leveraged loans", "high yield" or "junk" debt investments, and may be considered "high risk" or speculative compared to debt investments that are rated investment grade. Such issuers are considered more likely than investment grade issuers to default on their payments of interest and principal and such risk of default could reduce our net asset value and income distributions. Our investments are also primarily floating rate debt investments will not fully amortize during their lifetime, which could result in a loss or a substantial amount of unpaid principal and interest due upon maturity. Our debt investments may also lose significant market value before a default occurs. Furthermore, an active trading market may not exist for these securities. This illiquidity may make it more difficult to value our investments.

As of [ ], our net asset value was \$[ ] million and our portfolio had a fair value of approximately \$[ ] million in [ ] portfolio companies, with a weighted average yield to maturity at cost ("Yield to Maturity at Cost") of approximately [ ]%. This Yield to Maturity at Cost calculation assumes that all investments, including secured collateralized agreements, not on non-accrual are purchased at cost on the quarter end date and held until their respective maturities with no prepayments or losses and exited at par at maturity. Adjusted cost reflects the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") cost for post-IPO investments and a stepped up cost basis of pre-IPO investments (assuming a step-up to fair market value occurred on the IPO date). This calculation excludes the impact of existing leverage. Yield to Maturity at Cost uses the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curves at each quarter's end date. The actual yield to maturity may be higher or lower due to the future selection of the LIBOR contracts by the individual companies in our portfolio or other factors.

# **Recent Developments**

[Insert Recent Developments at the time of the offering]

#### The Investment Adviser

The Investment Adviser, a wholly-owned subsidiary of New Mountain Capital, manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory and management services. In particular, the Investment Adviser is responsible for identifying attractive investment opportunities, conducting research and due diligence on prospective investments, structuring our investments and monitoring and servicing our investments. We currently do not have, and do not intend to have, any employees. The Investment Adviser also manages New Mountain Guardian Partners II, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership, and New Mountain Guardian Partners II Offshore, L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership, (together "Guardian II"), which commenced operations in April 2017. As of [\_\_\_\_], the Investment Adviser was supported by approximately [\_\_\_\_] staff members of New Mountain Capital, including approximately [\_\_\_\_] investment professionals.

The Investment Adviser is managed by a five member investment committee (the "Investment Committee"), which is responsible for approving purchases and sales of our investments above \$10.0 million in aggregate by issuer. The Investment Committee currently consists of Steven B. Klinsky, Robert A. Hamwee, Adam B. Weinstein and John R. Kline. The fifth and final member of the Investment Committee will consist of a New Mountain Capital Managing Director who will hold the position on the Investment Committee on an annual rotating basis. Beginning in August 2016, Matthew J. Lori was appointed to the Investment Committee for a one year term. In addition, our executive officers and certain investment professionals of the Investment Adviser are invited to all Investment Committee meetings. Purchases and dispositions below \$10.0 million may be approved by our Chief Executive Officer. These approval thresholds are subject to change over time. We expect to benefit from the extensive and varied relevant experience of the investment professionals serving on the Investment Committee, which includes expertise in private equity, primary and secondary leveraged credit, private mezzanine finance and distressed debt.

# **Competitive Advantages**

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle market companies:

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# Proven and Differentiated Investment Style With Areas of Deep Industry Knowledge

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser applies New Mountain Capital's long-standing, consistent investment approach that has been in place since its founding more than 15 years ago. We focus on companies in defensive growth niches of the middle market space where we believe few debt funds have built equivalent research and operational size and scale.

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes amounts committed, not all of which have been drawn down and invested to-date, as of [], 20[], as well as amounts called and returned since inception.

We benefit directly from New Mountain Capital's private equity investment strategy that seeks to identify attractive investment sectors from the top down and then works to become a well positioned investor in these sectors. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies and industries with sustainable strengths in all economic cycles, particularly ones that are defensive in nature, that have secular tailwinds and can maintain pricing power in the midst of a recessionary and/or inflationary environment. New Mountain Capital focuses on companies within sectors in which it has significant expertise (examples include software, education, niche healthcare, business services, federal services and distribution & logistics) while typically avoiding investments in companies with products or services that serve markets that are highly cyclical, have the potential for long-term decline, are overly-dependent on consumer demand or are commodity-like in nature.

In making its investment decisions, the Investment Adviser has adopted the approach of New Mountain Capital, which is based on three primary investment principles:

1. A generalist approach, combined with proactive pursuit of the highest quality opportunities within carefully selected industries, identified via an intensive and structured ongoing research process;

- 2. Emphasis on strong downside protection and strict risk controls; and
- 3. Continued search for superior risk adjusted returns, combined with timely, intelligent exits and outstanding return performance.

# Experienced Management Team and Established Platform

The Investment Adviser's team members have extensive experience in the leveraged lending space. Steven B. Klinsky, New Mountain Capital's Founder, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director and Chairman of our board of directors, was a general partner of Forstmann Little & Co., a manager of debt and equity funds totaling multiple billions of dollars in the 1980s and 1990s. He was also a co-founder of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s Leverage Buyout Group in the period from 1981 to 1984. Robert A. Hamwee, our Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, was formerly President of GSC Group, Inc. ("GSC"), where he was the portfolio manager of GSC's distressed debt funds and led the development of GSC's CLOs. John R. Kline, our President and Chief Operating Officer and Managing Director of New Mountain Capital, worked at GSC as an investment analyst and trader for GSC's control distressed and corporate credit funds and at Goldman, Sachs & Co. in the Credit Risk Management and Advisory Group.

Many of the debt investments that we have made to date have been in the same companies with which New Mountain Capital has already conducted months of intensive acquisition due diligence related to potential private equity investments. We believe that private equity underwriting due diligence is usually more robust than typical due diligence for loan underwriting. In its underwriting of debt investments, the Investment Adviser is able to utilize the research and hands-on operating experience that New Mountain Capital's private equity underwriting teams possess regarding the individual companies and industries. Business and industry due diligence is led by a team of investment professionals of the Investment Adviser that generally consists of three to seven individuals, typically based on their relevant company and/or industry specific knowledge. Additionally, the Investment Adviser is also able to utilize its relationships with operating management teams and other private equity sponsors. We believe this differentiates us from many of our competitors.

#### Significant Sourcing Capabilities and Relationships

We believe the Investment Adviser's ability to source attractive investment opportunities is greatly aided by both New Mountain Capital's historical and current reviews of private equity opportunities in the business segments

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we target. To date, a significant majority of the investments that we have made are in the debt of companies and industry sectors that were first identified and reviewed in connection with New Mountain Capital's private equity efforts, and the majority of our current pipeline reflects this as well. Furthermore, the Investment Adviser's investment professionals have deep and longstanding relationships in both the private equity sponsor community and the lending/agency community which they have and will continue to utilize to generate investment opportunities.

# **Risk Management through Various Cycles**

New Mountain Capital has emphasized tight control of risk since its inception and long before the recent global financial distress began. To date, New Mountain Capital has never experienced a bankruptcy of any of its portfolio companies in its private equity efforts. The Investment Adviser seeks to emphasize tight control of risk with our investments in several important ways, consistent with New Mountain Capital's historical approach. In particular, the Investment Adviser:

- · Emphasizes the origination or purchase of debt in what the Investment Adviser believes are defensive growth companies, which are less likely to be dependent on macro-economic cycles;
- · Targets investments in companies that are preeminent market leaders in their own industries, and when possible, investments in companies that have strong management teams whose skills are difficult for competitors to acquire or reproduce; and
- · Targets investments in companies with significant equity value in excess of our debt investments.

# Access to Non Mark to Market, Seasoned Leverage Facility

The amount available under the Holdings Credit Facility is generally not subject to reduction as a result of mark to market fluctuations in our portfolio investments. None of our credit facilities mature prior to June 2019. For a detailed discussion of our credit facilities, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources" in this prospectus supplement.

#### Market Opportunity

We believe that the size of the market for investments that we target, coupled with the demands of middle market companies for flexible sources of capital at competitive terms and rates, create an attractive investment environment for us.

- Large pool of uninvested private equity capital available for new buyouts. We expect that private equity firms will continue to pursue acquisitions and will seek to leverage their equity investments with mezzanine loans and/or senior loans (including traditional first and second lien, as well as unitranche loans) provided by companies such as ours.
- The leverage finance market has a high level of financing needs over the next several years due to significant bank debt maturities. We believe that the large dollar volume of loans that need to be refinanced will present attractive opportunities to invest capital in a manner consistent with our stated objectives.
- Middle market companies continue to face difficulties in accessing the capital markets. We believe opportunities to serve the middle market will continue to exist. While many middle market companies were formerly able to raise funds by issuing high-yield bonds, we believe this approach to financing has become more difficult as institutional investors have sought to invest in larger, more liquid offerings.

- Increased regulatory scrutiny of banks has reduced middle market lending. We believe that many traditional bank lenders to middle market businesses have either
  exited or de-emphasized their service and product offerings in the middle market. These traditional lenders have instead focused on lending and providing other
  services to large corporate clients. We believe this has resulted in fewer key players and the reduced availability of debt capital to the companies we target.
- Conservative loan to value. As a result of the credit crisis, many lenders are requiring larger equity contributions from financial sponsors. Larger equity contributions create an enhanced margin of safety for lenders because leverage is a lower percentage of the implied enterprise value of the company.
- Attractive pricing. Reduced access to, and availability of, debt capital typically increases the interest rates, or pricing, of loans for middle market lenders. Recent
  primary debt transactions in this market often include upfront fees, original issue discount, prepayment protections and, in some cases, warrants to purchase
  common stock, all of which should enhance the profitability of new loans to lenders.

#### **Operating and Regulatory Structure**

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and are required to maintain an asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, of at least 200.0%. We include the assets and liabilities of our consolidated subsidiaries for purposes of satisfying the requirements under the 1940 Act. See "Regulation" in the accompanying prospectus.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to comply with the requirements to continue to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. See "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that we timely distribute to our stockholders as dividends if it meets certain source-of-income, distribution and asset diversification requirements. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our annual taxable income except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

#### Risks

An investment in the Convertible Notes involves risk, including the risk of leverage and the risk that our operating policies and strategies may change without prior notice. See "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus, and the other information included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in the Convertible Notes. The value of our assets, as well as the market price of our securities, will fluctuate. Our investments may be risky, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Investing in us involves other risks, including the following:

• Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Convertible Notes and our other debt;

· If we default on our obligations to pay our other indebtedness, we may not be able to make payments on the Convertible Notes;

• The Convertible Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future;

• The Convertible Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries;

• The indenture governing the Convertible Notes does not contain restrictive covenants and provides only limited protection in the event of a change of control;

• The conversion rate of the Convertible Notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events that may adversely affect the trading price of the Convertible Notes or the common stock issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes;

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· We may be unable to repurchase the Convertible Notes following a fundamental change;

· Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the Convertible Notes;

· Provisions of the Convertible Notes could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party;

• The adjustment to the conversion rate upon the occurrence of certain types of fundamental changes may not adequately compensate you for the lost option time value of your Convertible Notes as a result of such fundamental change;

• There is currently no public market for the Convertible Notes, and an active trading market may not develop for the Convertible Notes. The failure of a market to develop for the Convertible Notes could adversely affect the liquidity and value of your Convertible Notes;

· Recent regulatory actions may adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes;

· The accounting for convertible debt securities is subject to uncertainty;

• The price of our common stock and of the Convertible Notes may fluctuate significantly, and this may make it difficult for you to resell the Convertible Notes or common stock issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes when you want or at prices you find attractive;

• Future sales of our common stock in the public market or the issuance of securities senior to our common stock could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock and the value of the Convertible Notes and our ability to raise funds in new stock offerings;

· Holders of the Convertible Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock;

· You may be deemed to receive a taxable distribution without the receipt of any cash or property;

· We may suffer credit losses;

• We do not expect to replicate the Predecessor Entities' historical performance or the historical performance of other entities managed or supported by New Mountain Capital;

· There is uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments because most of our investments are, and may continue to be in private companies and recorded at

fair value;

• Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on key investment personnel of the Investment Adviser. If the Investment Adviser were to lose any of its key investment personnel, our ability to achieve our investment objective could be significantly harmed;

· The Investment Adviser has limited experience managing a BDC or a RIC, which could adversely affect our business;

• We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities and may not be able to compete effectively;

• Our investments in securities rated below investment grade are speculative in nature and are subject to additional risk factors such as increased possibility of default, illiquidity of the security, and changes in value based on changes in interest rates;

· Our business, results of operations and financial condition depends on our ability to manage future growth effectively;

· We borrow money, which could magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us and increase the risk of investing in us;

· Changes in interest rates may affect our cost of capital and net investment income;

• Regulations governing the operations of BDCs will affect our ability to raise additional equity capital as well as our ability to issue senior securities or borrow for investment purposes, any or all of which could have a negative effect on our investment objectives and strategies;

· We may experience fluctuations in our annual and quarterly results due to the nature of our business;

• Our board of directors may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse to your interests;

• We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on all of our income if we are unable to maintain RIC status under Subchapter M of the Code, which would have a material adverse effect on our financial performance;

• We may not be able to pay you distributions on our common stock, our distributions to you may not grow over time and a portion of our distributions to you may be a return of capital for U.S. federal income tax purposes;

· Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of any of our investments;

· The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business;

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· Economic recessions, downturns or government spending cuts could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results;

· The market price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly; and

· Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

[Insert any additional risk factors applicable to Convertible Notes.]

# **Company Information**

Our administrative and executive offices are located at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, and our telephone number is (212) 720-0300. We maintain a website at *www.newmountainfinance.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus, and you should not consider information contained on our website to be part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

#### Presentation of Historical Financial Information and Market Data

# Historical Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, historical references contained in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus for periods prior to and as of December 31, 2013 in "Selected Financial and Other Data", "Selected Quarterly Data", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", "Senior Securities" and "Portfolio Companies" relate to NMF Holdings. The consolidated financial statements of New Mountain Finance Holdings, L.L.C., formerly known as New Mountain Guardian (Leveraged), L.L.C., and New Mountain Guardian Partners, L.P. are NMF Holdings' historical consolidated financial statements.

#### Market Data

Statistical and market data used in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus has been obtained from governmental and independent industry sources and publications. We have not independently verified the data obtained from these sources, and we cannot assure you of the accuracy or completeness of the data. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications and the additional uncertainties regarding the other forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and accompanying prospectus. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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# SPECIFIC TERMS OF THE NOTES AND THE OFFERING

This prospectus supplement sets forth certain terms of the Convertible Notes that we are offering pursuant to this prospectus supplement and supplements the accompanying prospectus that is attached to the back of this prospectus supplement. On June [], 20[], we and the Trustee entered into the indenture relating to our issuance, offer and sale of the Convertible Notes. This section outlines the specific legal and financial terms of the Convertible Notes. You should read this section before investing in the Convertible Notes. Capitalized terms used in this prospectus supplement and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the indenture governing the Convertible Notes.

Title of the Securities	[]% Convertible Notes due 20[]				
Aggregate Principal Amount Being Offered	\$[]				
Overallotment Option	We have granted the underwriters an option to purchase up to an additional \$[] aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes to cover overallotments, if any, exercisable within [] days from the date of this prospectus supplement.				
Initial Public Offering Price	[]% of the aggregate principal amount, plus accrued interest from June [], 20[]				
Maturity	[], 20[], unless earlier converted or repurchased				
Principal Payable at Maturity	]% of the aggregate principal amount; the principal amount of each Convertible Note will be payable on its tated maturity date				
Interest Rate	[]% per year				
Interest Payment Dates	Interest will be payable in cash on [], and [] of each year, beginning [].				
Interest Periods	The initial interest period will be the period from and including [], 20[] to, but excluding, the next interest payment date, and the subsequent interest periods will be the periods from and including an interest payment date to, but excluding, the next interest payment date.				
Ranking	The Convertible Notes will be our general, unsecured obligations and will rank:				
	• equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured indebtedness, including \$[] million and \$[] million in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes and Unsecured Notes, respectively;				
	$\cdot$ senior in right of payment to all of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Notes;				
	$\cdot$ effectively subordinated to our existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including $[]$ million outstanding under the NMFC Credit Facility; and				
	• structurally subordinated to any existing and future liabilities and other indebtedness of our subsidiaries, including \$[] million outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility and \$[]million outstanding under the SBA-guaranteed debentures.				
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	As of [], 20[], we had \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding, \$[] million of which was secured indebtedness and \$[] million of which was unsecured indebtedness.				
Denominations	We will issue the Convertible Notes in book-entry form only in denominations of \$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples thereof.				
Business Day	Any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the Trustee is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.				
Redemption	We may not redeem the Convertible Notes prior to maturity.				
Sinking Fund	The Convertible Notes will not be subject to any sinking fund.				
Defeasance	The Convertible Notes are not subject to defeasance.				
Conversion Rights	You may convert your Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock at any time on or prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date.				
	The Convertible Notes will be convertible at an initial conversion rate of [] shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$[] per share). The conversion rate, and thus the conversion price, may be adjusted under certain circumstances as described under "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights — Conversion Rate Adjustments".				
	Upon any conversion, unless you convert after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, you will receive a cash payment representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date. See "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights".				
Limitation on Beneficial Ownership	Notwithstanding the foregoing, no holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a "beneficial owner" (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than []% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time (the "Limitation"). Any purported delivery of shares of our common stock upon conversion of Convertible Notes shall be void and have no effect to the extent (but only to the extent) that such delivery would result in the converting holder becoming the beneficial owner of more than []% of the shares of common stock outstanding at such time. If any delivery of shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. If any delivery of shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. If any delivery of shares of our common stock outstanding at such time. If any delivery of shares of our common stock delivery shall not be extinguished and we shall deliver such shares as promptly as practicable after any such converting holder gives notice to us that such delivery would not result in it being the beneficial owner of more than []% of the shares of common stock outstanding at such time. The Limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any Fundamental Change, as defined in "Description of the Notes — Fundamental Change Put".				

Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control	If and only to the extent holders elect to convert the Convertible Notes in connection with a transaction described under clause (1), (2) or (4) of the definition of fundamental change as described in "Description of the Notes — Fundamental Change Put" and determined after giving effect to any exceptions to or exclusions from such definition, but without regard to the provision in clause (2) of the definition thereof, pursuant to which more than 10.0% of the consideration for our common stock (other than cash payments for fractional shares and cash payments made in respect of dissenters' appraisal rights) consists of cash or securities (or other property) that are not shares of common stock traded or scheduled to be traded immediately following such transaction on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE"), the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Global Select Market (or any of their respective successors), which we refer to as a "non-stock change of control", we will increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares determined by reference to the table in "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights — Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control", based on the effective date and the price paid per share of our common stock in the fundamental change is less than \$[] or more than \$[] (subject to adjustment), there will be no such adjustment. If holders of our common stock receive only cash in the type of transaction described above, the price paid per share of our common stock as a price of our common stock over the five trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the effective date of the non-stock change of control.
Fundamental Change Repurchase Right of Holders	If we undergo a fundamental change (as defined in this prospectus supplement) prior to maturity, you will have the right, at your option, to require us to repurchase for cash some or all of your Convertible Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the repurchase date. See "Description of the Notes — Fundamental Change Put".
Events of Default	If an event of default on the Convertible Notes occurs, the principal amount of the Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) may be declared immediately due and payable, subject to certain conditions set forth in the indenture. These amounts automatically become due and payable in the case of certain types of bankruptcy or insolvency events of default involving NMFC.
No Established Trading Market	We cannot assure you that any active or liquid market will develop for the Convertible Notes. See "Underwriting".
No Listing	We do not intend to apply to have the Convertible Notes listed on any securities exchange or for inclusion of the Convertible Notes in an automated quotation system. Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the symbol "NMFC".
Use of Proceeds	We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from the sale of the \$[] million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes in this offering will be approximately \$[] million (or approximately \$[] million if the underwriters fully exercise their overallotment option), plus \$[] of accrued interest (per \$1,000 principal amount) from [], 20[], after deducting the discounts, commissions and expenses payable by us.
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	We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to repay outstanding indebtedness under our credit facilities. However, through re-borrowing under our credit facilities, we also intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to make new investments in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and use available capital for other general corporate purposes, including working capital requirements. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with our investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments. We expect that it will take up to three months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds from this offering, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities and market conditions. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal. Proceeds not immediately used for the temporary repayment of debt under our credit facilities or for new investments will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality invest that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These temporary investments are expected to provide a lower net return than we hope to achieve from our target investments. See "Use of Proceeds".
Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences	You should consult your tax advisor with respect to the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the purchase ownership, disposition and conversion of the Convertible Notes, our qualification and taxation as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes and the ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock and with respect to any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local, foreign or other taxing jurisdiction. See "Additional Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in this prospectus supplement and "Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the accompanying prospectus.
Book-Entry Form	The Convertible Notes will be issued in book-entry form and will be represented by permanent global certificates deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Beneficial interests in any of the Convertible Notes will be shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee and any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated securities, except in limited circumstances.
Trustee, Paying Agent and Conversion Agent	[].
Available Information	We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2 together with all amendments and related exhibits under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The registration statement contains additional information about us and the securities being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC under the Exchange Act. This information is available at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, District of Columbia 20549 and on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. The public may obtain information on the operation of the SEC's public reference room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. This information is also available free of charge by contacting us at New Mountain Finance Corporation, 787 Seventh Avenue,

48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website at *www.newmountainfinance.com.* Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

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#### FEES AND EXPENSES

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that you will bear directly or indirectly on an as-converted basis. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "you", "NMFC", or "us" or that "we", "NMFC", or the "Company" will pay fees or expenses, we will pay such fees and expenses out of our net assets and, consequently, you will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as an investor in us. However, you will not be required to deliver any money or otherwise bear personal liability or responsibility for such fees or expenses.

Stockholder transaction expenses:	
Sales load borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	[]%(1)
Offering expenses borne by us (as a percentage of offering price)	[]%(2)
Dividend reinvestment plan fees	N/A(3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price)	[]%
Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):	
Base management fees	[]%(4)
Incentive fees payable under the Investment Management Agreement	[]%(5)
Interest payments on borrowed funds (other than the Convertible Notes offered hereby)	[ ]%(6)
Interest payments on the Convertible Notes offered hereby	[]%
Other expenses	[]%(7)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	[]%(8)
Total annual expenses	[]%(9)

# Example

The following example, required by the SEC, demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that our borrowings and annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above. See Note 6 below for additional information regarding certain assumptions regarding our level of leverage.

	1 Ye	ar		3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,			_			
assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$	[]	\$	[]	\$	\$ []

#### The example should not be considered a representation of future expenses, and actual expenses may be greater or less than those shown.

While the example assumes, as required by the applicable rules of the SEC, a 5.0% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5.0%. The incentive fee under the Investment Management Agreement, which, assuming a 5.0% annual return, would either not be payable or would have an insignificant impact on the expense amounts shown above, is not included in the above example. The above illustration assumes that we will not realize any capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation) in any of the indicated time periods. If we achieve sufficient returns on our investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, our expenses and returns to our investors would be higher. For example, if we assumed that we received our 5.0% annual return completely in the form of net realized capital gains on our investments, computed net of all cumulative

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unrealized depreciation on our investments, the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses set forth in the above illustration would be as follows:

	1 Year		3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment,					 
assuming a 5.0% annual return	\$	[]	\$ []	\$ []	\$ []

The example assumes a sales load borne by us of []%. In addition, while the examples assume reinvestment of all distributions at net asset value, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to a participant by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of trading on the dividend payment date. The market price per share of our common stock may be at, above or below net asset value. See "Dividend Reinvestment Plan" in the accompanying prospectus for additional information regarding the dividend reinvestment plan.

Represents the commission with respect to the Convertible Notes being sold in this offering, which we will pay to the underwriters in connection with sales of Convertible Notes effected by the underwriters in this offering.

<sup>(2)</sup> The offering expenses of this offering are estimated to be approximately \$[] million.

<sup>(3)</sup> The de minimis expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in "other expenses".

<sup>(4)</sup> The base management fee under the Investment Management Agreement is based on an annual rate of 1.75% of our average gross assets for the two most recent quarters, which equals our total assets on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, less (i) the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility and (ii) cash and

cash equivalents. We have not invested, and currently do not invest, in derivatives. To the extent we invest in derivatives in the future, we will use the actual value of the derivatives, as reported on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, for purposes of calculating our base management fee. Since our IPO, the base management fee calculation has deducted the borrowings under the SLF Credit Facility. The SLF Credit Facility had historically consisted of primarily lower yielding assets at higher advance rates. As part of an amendment to our existing credit facilities with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, the SLF Credit Facility merged with the Predecessor Holdings Credit Facility and into the Holdings Credit Facility on December 18, 2014. Post credit facility merger and to be consistent with the methodology since our IPO, the Investment Adviser will continue to waive management fees on the leverage associated with those assets that share the same underlying yield characteristics with investments leveraged under the legacy SLF Credit Facility. The Investment Adviser recomp management fees that the Investment Adviser has previously waived. The base management fee reflected in the table above is based on the [] ended [], 20[] and is calculated without deducting any management fees waived. The annual base management fee after deducting the management fee waiver as a percentage of net assets would be []% based on the [] ended [], 20[]. See "Investment Management Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.

- (5) Assumes that annual incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser remain consistent with the incentive fees earned by the Investment Adviser during the [] ended [], 20[] and includes accrued capital gains incentive fee. These accrued capital gains incentive fees would be paid by us if we ceased operations on [], 20[] and liquidated our investments at the [], 20[] valuation. As we cannot predict whether we will meet the thresholds for incentive fees under the Investment Management Agreement, the incentive fees paid in subsequent periods, if any, may be substantially different than the fees incurred during the [] ended [], 20[]. For more detailed information about the incentive fee calculations, see the "Investment Management Agreement" section of the accompanying prospectus.
- (6) We may borrow funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that additional capital would allow us to take advantage of additional investment opportunities or if the economic situation is otherwise conducive to doing so. The costs associated with these borrowings are indirectly borne by our stockholders. As of [], 20[], we had \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million, \$[] million and \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding under the Holdings Credit Facility, the NMFC Credit Facility, the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed the [], 20[] amounts outstanding under the credit facilities, Convertible Notes, Unsecured Notes and SBA-guaranteed debentures, and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of []% for the Holdings Credit Facility, []% for the NMFC Credit Facility, []% for the Convertible Notes, []% for the Unsecured Notes and []% for the SBA-guaranteed debentures, which were the rates payable as of [], 20[]. See "Senior Securities" in this prospectus supplement. Furthermore, we may issue additional Unsecured Notes before the end of the current fiscal year. For purposes of this calculation, we have assumed an additional §[] million of Unsecured Notes to be outstanding and have computed interest expense using an assumed interest rate of []%.
- (7) "Other expenses" include our overhead expenses, including payments by us under the Administration Agreement based on the allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations to us under the Administration Agreement. Pursuant to the Administration Agreement, the Administrator may, in its own discretion, submit to us for reimbursement some or all of the expenses that the Administrator has incurred on our behalf during any quarterly period. As a result, the amount of expenses for which we will have to reimburse the Administrator may fluctuate in future quarterly periods and there can be no assurance given as to when, or if, the Administrator may determine to limit the expenses that the Administrator submits to us for reimbursement in the future. However, it is expected that the Administrator will continue to support part of our expenses burden in the near future and may decide to not calculate and charge through certain overhead related amounts as well as continue to cover some of the indirect costs. The Administrator ranot recoup any expenses that the Administrator. Assuming the expenses waived or reimbursed by the Administrator at [], 20[], the annual expense ratio after deducting the expenses waived or reimbursed by the Administrator as a percentage of net assets would be []%. For the [\_\_\_] ended [], 20[], we reimbursed our Administrator approximately \$[]

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- million, which represents approximately []% of our net assets on an annualized basis. See "Administration Agreement" in the accompanying prospectus.
- (8) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the expenses of our investment in NMFC Senior Loan Program I, LLC ("SLP I") and NMFC Senior Loan Program II, LLC ("SLP II"). No management fee is charged on our investment in SLP I in connection with the administrative services provided to SLP I. As SLP II is structured as a private joint venture, no management fees are paid by SLP II. Future expenses for SLP I and SLP II may be substantially higher or lower because certain expenses may fluctuate over time.
- (9) The holders of shares of our common stock indirectly bear the cost associated with our annual expenses.

#### SELECTED FINANCIAL AND OTHER DATA

The selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the respective consolidated financial statements and related consolidated notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Financial information for the years ended December 31, 20[], December 31, 20[], December 31, 20[], December 31, 20[] and December 31, 20[] has been derived from the Predecessor Operating Company and our financial statements and the related notes thereto that were audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm. The financial information at and for the []] ended [], 20[] was derived from our unaudited consolidated financial statements and related consolidated notes. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim periods, have been included. Our results for the interim periods may not be indicative of our results for any future interim period or the full year. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities" in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus for more information.

#### The below selected financial and other data is for NMFC.

[Insert Selected Financial and Other Data of New Mountain Finance Corporation reflecting most recently filed financials prior to the offering.]

## SUPPLEMENTARY RISK FACTORS

Investing in the Convertible Notes involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in the Convertible Notes. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face and you should read the risks set out in the accompanying prospectus. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline and you may lose all or part of your investment.

## **RISKS RELATING TO THE NOTES**

Our amount of debt outstanding will increase as a result of this offering, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Convertible Notes and our other debt.

As of [], 20[], we had \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding, \$[] million of which was secured indebtedness and \$[] million of which was unsecured indebtedness. The use of debt could have significant consequences on our future operations, including:

· making it more difficult for us to meet our payment and other obligations under the Convertible Notes and our other outstanding debt;

• resulting in an event of default if we fail to comply with the financial and other restrictive covenants contained in our debt agreements, which event of default could result in all of our debt becoming immediately due and payable;

• reducing the availability of our cash flow to fund investments, acquisitions and other general corporate purposes, and limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for these purposes;

• subjecting us to the risk of increased sensitivity to interest rate increases on our indebtedness with variable interest rates, including borrowings under our credit facilities; and

· limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, and increasing our vulnerability to, changes in our business, the industry in which we operate and the general economy.

Any of the above-listed factors could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the Convertible Notes and our other debt. Our ability to meet our payment and other obligations under our debt instruments depends on our ability to generate significant cash flow in the future. This, to some extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors as well as other factors that are beyond our control. We cannot assure you that our business will generate cash flow from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us under our credit facilities or otherwise, in an amount sufficient to enable us to meet our payment obligations under the Convertible Notes and our other leduidity needs. If we are not able to generate sufficient cash flow to raise additional capital. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the Convertible Notes and our other debt.

## If we default on our obligations to pay our other indebtedness, we may not be able to make payments on the Convertible Notes.

Any default under the agreements governing our indebtedness or other indebtedness to which we may be a party that is not waived by the required lenders or holders, and the remedies sought by the holders of such indebtedness could make us unable to pay principal, premium, if any, and interest on the Convertible Notes and substantially decrease the market value of the Convertible Notes. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow and are otherwise unable to obtain funds necessary to meet required payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness, or if we otherwise fail to comply with the various covenants, including financial and operating covenants, in the instruments governing our indebtedness, we could be in default under the terms of the agreements governing such indebtedness. In the event of such default, the holders of such indebtedness could elect to declare all the funds borrowed thereunder to be due and payable, together with accrued and unpaid interest, the lenders under other debt we may incur in the future could elect to terminate their commitments, cease making further loans and institute foreclosure proceedings against our assets, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. If our operating performance declines, we may in the future need to seek to obtain a waiver from the required holders. If this occurs, we would be in default. If we breach our covenants under our debt and seek a waiver, we may not be able to obtain a waiver from the required holders. If this occurs, we would be in default and our lenders or debt holders could exercise their rights as described above, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. If we are unable to repay debt, lenders having secured obligations could proceed against the collateral securing the debt. Because our credit facilities and Unsecured Notes have, and any future credit facilities will likely have, customary cross-default provisions, if the indebtedness thereunder or under any future credit facilitity is acc

# The Convertible Notes will be unsecured and therefore will be effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have currently incurred or may incur in the future.

The Convertible Notes will not be secured by any of our assets or any of the assets of our subsidiaries. As a result, the Convertible Notes are effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we or our subsidiaries have outstanding as of the date of this prospectus supplement or that we or they may incur in the future (or any indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may

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assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors, including the holders of the Convertible Notes. As of [], we had \$[] million of indebtedness outstanding, \$[] million of which was secured indebtedness, and therefore effectively senior to the Convertible Notes to the extent of the value of such assets, and \$[] million of which was unsecured indebtedness.

### The Convertible Notes will be structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The Convertible Notes are obligations exclusively of NMFC and not of any of our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries is a guarantor of the Convertible Notes and the Convertible Notes are not required to be guaranteed by any subsidiaries we may acquire or create in the future. Except to the extent we are a creditor with recognized claims against our subsidiaries, all claims of creditors, including trade creditors, and holders of preferred stock, if any, of our subsidiaries will have priority over our equity interests in such subsidiaries (and therefore the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Convertible Notes) with respect to the assets of such subsidiaries. Even if we were recognized as a creditor of one or more of our subsidiaries, our claims would still be effectively subordinated to any security interests in the assets of any such subsidiary and to any indebtedness or other liabilities of any such subsidiaries and any subsidiaries that we may in the future acquire or establish as financing vehicles or otherwise. All of the existing indebtedness of our subsidiaries would be structurally senior to the Convertible Notes. In addition, our subsidiaries may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, all of which would be structurally senior to the Convertible Notes.

### The indenture governing the Convertible Notes does not contain restrictive covenants and provides only limited protection in the event of a change of control.

The indenture under which the Convertible Notes will be issued does not contain any financial or operating covenants or any other restrictive covenants that would limit our or our subsidiaries' ability to engage in certain transactions that may adversely affect your investment in the Convertible Notes. In particular, without limitation, the indenture does not place any restrictions on our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to:

• incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the Convertible Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Convertible Notes to the extent of the values of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness of ours that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the Convertible Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the Convertible Notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries;

• pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Convertible Notes, including subordinated indebtedness;

· sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);

· enter into transactions with affiliates;

· create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;

· make investments; or

· create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries.

We will only be required to offer to repurchase the Convertible Notes upon a change of control in the case of the transactions specified in the definition of a "fundamental change" under "Description of the Notes — Fundamental Change Put". Similarly, we will only be required to adjust the conversion rate upon the occurrence of a "non-stock change of control" in circumstances where a Convertible Note is converted in connection with such a transaction as set forth under "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights — Adjustment to Conversion Rate

Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control". Accordingly, subject to restrictions contained in our other debt agreements, we will be permitted to engage in certain transactions, such as acquisitions, re-financings or recapitalizations, that could affect our capital structure and the value of the Convertible Notes and our common stock but would not constitute a fundamental change under the Convertible Notes.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the Convertible Notes do not protect holders of the Convertible Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow or liquidity. Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Convertible Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Convertible Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Convertible Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Convertible Notes. Certain of our current debt instruments include more protections for their holders than the indenture and the Convertible Notes. In addition, other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the Convertible Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for and trading levels and prices of the Convertible Notes.

# The conversion rate of the Convertible Notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events that may adversely affect the trading price of the Convertible Notes or the common stock issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes.

The conversion rate of the Convertible Notes is subject to adjustment upon certain events, including the issuance of certain stock dividends on our common stock, certain issuance of rights or warrants, subdivisions, combinations, certain distributions of capital stock, indebtedness or assets, certain cash dividends and certain issuer tender or exchange offers as described under "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights — Conversion Rate Adjustments". The conversion rate will not be adjusted for certain other events, including cash dividends below the dividend threshold amount (as defined in clause (4) of "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rate Adjustments"), which may adversely affect the trading price of the Convertible Notes or the common stock issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes.

## We may be unable to repurchase the Convertible Notes following a fundamental change.

Holders of the Convertible Notes have the right to require us to repurchase the Convertible Notes prior to their maturity upon the occurrence of a fundamental change as described under "Description of the Notes — Fundamental Change Put". Any of our future debt agreements may contain similar provisions. We may not have sufficient funds or the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms at the time we are required to make repurchases of tendered Convertible Notes. In addition, our ability to repurchase the Convertible Notes may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our debt outstanding at the time, including our credit facilities. Under certain of our existing credit facilities, we would be prohibited from making any such repurchase without consent from the lenders thereunder or a waiver or modification of such requirements. If we fail to repurchase the Convertible Notes as required by the indenture, it would constitute an event of default under the indenture governing the Convertible Notes.

# Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the Convertible Notes.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, you have the right to require us to offer to repurchase the Convertible Notes. However, the fundamental change provisions will not afford protection to holders of the Convertible Notes in the event of certain transactions. For example, transactions such as leveraged recapitalizations, refinancings, restructurings or acquisitions initiated by us would not constitute a fundamental change requiring us to repurchase the Convertible Notes. In the event of any such transaction, the holders would not have the right to require us to repurchase the Convertible Notes, even though each of these transactions could increase the amount of

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our indebtedness, or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure or any credit ratings, thereby adversely affecting the holders of the Convertible Notes.

### Provisions of the Convertible Notes could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party.

Certain provisions of the Convertible Notes could make it more difficult or more expensive for a third party to acquire us. Upon the occurrence of certain transactions constituting a fundamental change, holders of the Convertible Notes will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all of their Convertible Notes or any portion of the principal amount of such Convertible Notes in integral multiples of \$1,000. We may also be required to increase the conversion rate or provide for conversion into the acquirer's capital stock in the event of certain fundamental changes. These provisions could discourage an acquisition of us by a third party.

# The adjustment to the conversion rate upon the occurrence of certain types of fundamental changes may not adequately compensate you for the lost option time value of your Convertible Notes as a result of such fundamental change.

If certain types of fundamental changes occur on or prior to the maturity date of the Convertible Notes, we may increase the conversion rate by an additional number of shares for holders that elect to convert their Convertible Notes in connection with the fundamental change. The number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate will be determined based on the date on which the fundamental change becomes effective and the price paid per share of our common stock in the fundamental change as described under "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights — Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control". Although this adjustment is designed to compensate you for the lost option value of your Convertible Notes as a result of certain types of fundamental changes, the adjustment is only an approximation of such lost value based upon assumptions made on the date of this prospectus supplement and may not adequately compensate you for such loss. In addition, if the price paid per share of our common stock in the fundamental change is less than \$[] or more than \$[] (subject to adjustment), there will be no such adjustment.

# There is currently no public market for the Convertible Notes, and an active trading market may not develop. The failure of a market to develop for the Convertible Notes could adversely affect the liquidity and value of your Convertible Notes.

There is currently no public market for the Convertible Notes, and we do not intend to apply for listing of the Convertible Notes on any securities exchange or for quotation of the Convertible Notes on any automated dealer quotation system. We have been advised by the underwriters that, following the completion of the offering, they currently intend to make a market in the Convertible Notes. However, the underwriters are not obligated to do so and any market-making activities with respect to the Convertible Notes may be discontinued at any time without notice. In addition, any market-making activity will be subject to limits imposed by law. A market may not develop for the Convertible Notes, and there can be no assurance as to the liquidity of any market that may develop for the Convertible Notes. If an active, liquid market does not develop for the Convertible Notes, the market price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes may be adversely affected. If any of the Convertible Notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price.

The liquidity of the trading market, if any, and future trading prices of the Convertible Notes will depend on many factors, including, among other things, the market price of our common stock, prevailing interest rates, our operating results, financial performance and prospects, the market for similar securities and the overall securities market, and may be adversely affected by unfavorable changes in these factors. Historically, the market for convertible debt has been subject to disruptions that have caused volatility in prices. It is possible that the market for the Convertible Notes will be subject to disruptions which may have a negative effect on the holders of the Convertible

#### Recent regulatory actions may adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes.

We expect that many investors in the Convertible Notes will employ, or seek to employ, a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the Convertible Notes. Investors that employ a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to convertible debt instruments typically implement that strategy by selling short the common stock underlying the convertible notes and dynamically adjusting their short position while they hold the notes. Investors may also implement this strategy by entering into swaps on the common stock in lieu of or in addition to short selling the common stock. As a result, any specific rules regulating short selling of securities or equity swaps or other governmental action that interfere with the ability of market participants to effect short sales or equity swaps with respect to our common stock could adversely affect the ability of investors in the Convertible Notes to conduct the convertible arbitrage strategy that we believe they will employ, or seek to employ, with respect to the Convertible Notes. This could, in turn, adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes.

The SEC and other regulatory and self-regulatory authorities have implemented various rule changes and are expected to adopt additional rule changes in the future that may impact those engaging in short-selling activity involving equity securities (including our common stock), including Rule 201 of SEC Regulation SHO, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.'s "Limit Up-Limit Down" program, market-wide circuit breaker systems that halt trading of stock for certain periods following specific market declines, and rules stemming from the enactment and implementation of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. Past regulatory actions, including emergency actions or regulations, have had a significant impact on the trading prices and liquidity of equity-linked instruments. Any governmental action that similarly restricts the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the Convertible Notes to effect short sales of our common stock could similarly adversely affect the trading price and the liquidity of the Convertible Notes.

#### The accounting for convertible debt securities is subject to uncertainty.

The accounting for convertible debt securities is subject to frequent scrutiny by the accounting regulatory bodies and is subject to change. We cannot predict if or when any such change could be made and any such change could have an adverse impact on our reported or future financial results. Any such impacts could adversely affect the market price of our common stock and in turn negatively impact the trading price of the Convertible Notes.

# The price of our common stock and of the Convertible Notes may fluctuate significantly, and this may make it difficult for you to resell the Convertible Notes or common stock issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Notes when you want or at prices you find attractive.

The price of our common stock constantly changes, and may fluctuate significantly. We expect that the market price and liquidity of our common stock will continue to fluctuate. In addition, because the Convertible Notes are convertible into our common stock, volatility or depressed prices for our common stock could have a similar effect on the trading price of the Convertible Notes. Our stock price and its liquidity may fluctuate as a result of a variety of factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

- price and volume fluctuations in the overall stock market or in the market for BDCs from time to time;
- · investor demand for shares of our common stock;
- significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of registered closed-end management investment companies, BDCs or other financial services companies, which is not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;
- the inability to raise equity capital;
- our inability to borrow money or deploy or invest our capital;
- fluctuations in interest rates;
- · any shortfall in revenue or net income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;
- · operating performance of companies comparable to us;
- · changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines with respect to RICs or BDCs;
- · our loss of status as or ability to operate as a BDC;

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- · our failure to qualify as a RIC, loss of RIC status or ability operate as a RIC;
- · actual or anticipated changes in our earnings or fluctuations in our operating results;
- $\cdot$  changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;
- $\cdot$  general economic conditions, trends and other external factors;
- $\cdot$  departures of key personnel; or
- · loss of a major source of funding.

In addition, we are required to continue to meet certain listing standards in order for our common stock to remain listed on the NYSE. If we were to be delisted by the NYSE, the liquidity of our common stock would be materially impaired.

# Future sales of our common stock in the public market or the issuance of securities senior to our common stock could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock and the value of the Convertible Notes and our ability to raise funds in new stock offerings.

Future sales of substantial amounts of our common stock or equity-related securities in the public market, or the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect prevailing trading prices of our common stock and the value of the Convertible Notes and could impair our ability to raise capital through future offerings of our securities, should we decide to offer them. We may not, unless otherwise agreed to by the underwriters, commence any sales of shares of our common stock until 15 days following the date of this prospectus supplement. No prediction can be made as to the effect, if any, that future sales of shares of common stock, or the availability of shares of common stock for future sale, will have on the trading price of our common stock or the value of the Convertible Notes.

# Holders of the Convertible Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock.

Holders of the Convertible Notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights or rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock), but will be subject to all changes affecting our common stock. Holders will only be entitled to rights in respect of our common stock if and when we deliver shares of our common stock upon conversion for their Convertible Notes and, to a limited extent, under the conversion rate adjustments applicable to the Convertible Notes. For example, in the event that an amendment is proposed to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to a holder's conversion of Convertible Notes, the holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although the holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes in the powers, preferences or rights of our common stock that result from such amendment.

#### You may be deemed to receive a taxable distribution without the receipt of any cash or property.

The conversion rate of the Convertible Notes will be adjusted in certain circumstances. See the discussion under the headings "Description of the Notes — Conversion Rights — Conversion Rate Adjustments" and "— Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control". Adjustments to the conversion rate of the Convertible Notes that have the effect of increasing your proportionate interest in our assets or earnings may in some circumstances result in a taxable constructive distribution to you for U.S. federal income tax purposes, notwithstanding the fact that you do not receive an actual distribution of cash or property. In addition, if you are a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined in "Additional Material Federal Income Tax Considerations" in this prospectus supplement), you may be subject to U.S. federal withholding taxes in connection with such a constructive distribution. If we pay withholding taxes on your behalf as a result of an adjustment to the conversion rate of the Convertible Notes. You are urged to consult your tax advisors with respect to the U.S. federal income tax consequences resulting from an adjustment to the conversion rate of the Convertible Notes. See the discussions under the headings "Additional Material Federal Income Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders

of Convertible Notes — Constructive distributions" and "— Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders of Convertible Notes — Constructive distributions" in this prospectus supplement.

# [Update for any other risk factors applicable to the Notes, e.g., any impact of default in payment of other outstanding indebtedness, and any additional relevant risk factors not included in the base prospectus to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

## CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "could", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "plan", "potential", "project", "seek", "should", "target", "will", "would" or variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus involve risks and uncertainties, including statements as to:

· the preliminary estimates of our net asset value and adjusted net investment income;

- · our future operating results;
- · our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies;
- the impact of investments that we expect to make;
- · our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties;
- the dependence of our future success on the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
- · the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;
- · our expected financings and investments;
- · the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital; and
- the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements, including without limitation:

• an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies' ability to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in such portfolio companies;

· a contraction of available credit and/or an inability to access the equity markets could impair our lending and investment activities;

· interest rate volatility could adversely affect our results, particularly if we elect to use leverage as part of our investment strategy;

• currency fluctuations could adversely affect the results of our investments in foreign companies, particularly to the extent that we receive payments denominated in foreign currency rather than U.S. dollars; and

the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus, and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate, and as a result, the forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could be inaccurate. Important assumptions include our ability to originate new loans and investments, certain margins and levels of profitability and the availability of additional capital. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and

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objectives will be achieved. These risks and uncertainties include those described or identified in "Supplementary Risk Factors" in this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus, and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this prospectus supplement. However, we will update this prospectus supplement to reflect any material changes to the information contained herein. The forward-looking statements and projections contained in this prospectus supplement are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act.

# CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our capitalization as of [], 20[]:

· on an actual basis; and

 $\cdot$  on an as adjusted basis to give effect to the assumed sale of [ million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes (assuming no exercise of the overallotment option), excluding accrued interest, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions of approximately [ million payable by us and estimated offering expenses of approximately [ million payable by us, and without giving effect to the use of the cash proceeds from such sale as described in "Use of Proceeds".

You should read this table together with "Use of Proceeds" and the financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

As of [	], 20[ ]	
	As	
Actual	Adjusted	
(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
(in thousands)		

Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ [] \$	[]
Investments at fair value	[]	[]
Other assets	[]	[]
Total assets	\$ [] \$	[]
Liabilities:		
Net outstanding borrowings	\$ [] \$	[]
Convertible Notes offered hereby	_	[]
Other liabilities	[]	[]
Total liabilities	\$ [] \$	[]
Net assets	\$ [] \$	[]
Net assets:		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	\$ — \$	_
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, [] and [] shares issued and outstanding, respectively	[]	[]
Paid in capital in excess of par	[]	[]
Treasury stock at cost, []shares held, respectively	[]	[]
Accumulated undistributed net investment income	[]	[]
Accumulated undistributed net realized gains on investments	[]	[]
Net unrealized (depreciation) appreciation (net of provision for taxes)	 []	[]
Total net assets	[]	[]

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## USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the net proceeds we will receive from the sale of the \$[] million aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes in this offering will be approximately \$[] million (or approximately \$[]] million if the underwriters fully exercise their overallotment option), plus \$[] of accrued interest (per \$1,000 principal amount) from [], 20[], after deducting the discounts, commissions and expenses payable by us.

We intend to use the net proceeds from this offering to repay outstanding indebtedness under our credit facilities. However, through re-borrowing under our credit facilities, we intend to make new investments in accordance with our investment objective and strategies described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and use available capital for other general corporate purposes, including working capital requirements. We are continuously identifying, reviewing and, to the extent consistent with our investment objective, funding new investments. As a result, we typically raise capital as we deem appropriate to fund such new investments.

Under the Holdings Credit Facility, which matures in December 2019, we had \$[] million outstanding as of [], 20[]. Under the NMFC Credit Facility, which matures in June 2019, we had \$[] million outstanding as of [], 20[]. As of September [], 20[], we had \$[] million and \$[] million outstanding in connection with the Convertible Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA-guaranteed debentures, respectively. For additional information regarding our outstanding indebtedness, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

[Affiliates of [] are lenders under the Holdings Credit Facility and affiliates of [] are lenders under the NMFC Credit Facility. Accordingly, affiliates of [] may receive more than []% of the net proceeds of this offering to the extent such proceeds are used to temporarily repay outstanding indebtedness under the Holdings Credit Facility or the NMFC Credit Facility.]

We expect that it will take up to [] months for us to substantially invest the net proceeds from this offering, depending on the availability of attractive opportunities and market conditions. However, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to achieve this goal.

Proceeds not immediately used for the temporary repayment of debt under our credit facilities or for new investments will be invested primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality investments that mature in one year or less from the date of investment. These temporary investments are expected to provide a lower net return than we hope to achieve from our target investments.

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### PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "NMFC". The following table sets forth, for each fiscal quarter during the last two fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date, the net asset value ("NAV") per share of our common stock, the high and low closing sale price for our common stock, the closing sale price as a percentage of NAV and the quarterly distributions per share. [To be updated accordingly]

[Insert Price Range of Common Stock at the time of offering.]

On [], 20[], the last reported sales price of our common stock was \$[] per share. As of [], 20[], we had approximately 2[] stockholders of record and approximately one beneficial owner whose shares are held in the names of brokers, dealers, funds, trusts and clearing agencies.

Shares of BDCs may trade at a market price that is less than the value of the net assets attributable to those shares. The possibility that our shares of common stock will trade at a discount from NAV or at premiums that are unsustainable over the long term are separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV will decrease. Since our initial public offering on May 19, 2011, our shares of common stock have traded at times at both a discount and a premium to the net assets attributable to those shares. As of September [], 20[], our shares of common stock traded at a premium of approximately []% of the NAV attributable to those shares as of [], 20[]. It is not possible to predict whether the shares offered hereby will trade at, above, or below NAV.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders in amounts sufficient to maintain our status as a RIC. We intend to distribute approximately our entire Adjusted Net Investment Income (defined as net investment

income adjusted to reflect income as if the cost basis of investments held at the IPO date had stepped-up to fair market value as of the IPO date) on a quarterly basis and substantially all of our taxable income on an annual basis, except that we may retain certain net capital gains for reinvestment.

We maintain an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan on behalf of our stockholders, pursuant to which each of our stockholders' cash distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, unless the stockholder elects to receive cash.

We apply the following in implementing the dividend reinvestment plan. If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is equal to or greater than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will use only newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan. Under such circumstances, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock on the NYSE on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, the average of their electronically reported bid and ask prices.

If the price at which newly issued shares are to be credited to stockholders' accounts is less than 110.0% of the last determined NAV of the shares, we will either issue new shares or instruct the plan administrator to purchase shares in the open market to satisfy the additional shares required. Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the distribution cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

The following table reflects the cash distributions, including dividends and returns of capital, if any, per share that have been declared by our board of directors for the two most recent fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date:

[Insert Distributions at the time of offering.]

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the Selected Financial and Other Data and our Financial Statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. For the periods prior to and as of May 8, 2014, all financial information provided in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus reflects our organizational structure prior to the restructuring on May 8, 2014 described under "Description of Restructuring" in the accompanying prospectus, where NMF Holdings functioned as the operating company. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated by such forward-looking information due to the factors discussed under "Supplementary Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in the accompanying prospectus.

[Insert Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

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## **RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

Our ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the [] ended [], 20[] and years ended December 31, 20[] and 20[], and the Predecessor Operating Company's ratios of earnings to fixed charges for the years ended December 31, 20[], 20[] and 20[], computed as set forth below, were as follows:

## [Insert table ]

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in net assets resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE NOTES

The Convertible Notes will be issued under the indenture (the "indenture") dated as of [], 20[] between New Mountain Finance Corporation, as issuer, and [], as Trustee. The terms of the Convertible Notes include those provided in the indenture.

The following description is only a summary of the material provisions of the Convertible Notes and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture in its entirety because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of the Convertible Notes. You may request copies of these documents as set forth under the captions "Available Information" in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

When we refer to "NMFC", the "Company", "we", "our" or "us" in this section, we refer only to New Mountain Finance Corporation and not its subsidiaries. In addition, all references to interest in this prospectus supplement include additional interest, if any, payable at our election as the sole remedy relating to the failure to comply with our reporting obligations pursuant to the provisions set forth below under the heading "- Events of Default; Notice and Waiver".

#### Brief Description of the Convertible Notes

The Convertible Notes will:

· initially be limited to \$[] million aggregate principal amount (\$[] million if the overallotment option is exercised in full by the underwriters);

bear interest at a rate of []% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears, on [] and [] of each year, commencing on [], 20[];

• be our general unsecured obligations, ranking equally with all of our other unsecured indebtedness, including the Convertible Notes and the Unsecured Notes, and senior in right of payment to any of our existing and future subordinated indebtedness, effectively subordinated in right of payment to our existing and future secured indebtedness and structurally subordinated to all existing and future debt of our subsidiaries;

be convertible by you at any time on or prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, into shares of our common stock (together with cash in lieu of fractional shares) initially at a conversion rate of [] shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (subject to adjustment as set forth in this prospectus supplement), which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$[] per share. In the event of a non-stock change of control, we will, in certain circumstances, increase the conversion rate as described herein;

· not be redeemable prior to maturity;

• be subject to repurchase by us at your option if a fundamental change occurs, at a cash repurchase price equal to 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the repurchase date; and

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· be due on [], 20[], unless earlier converted or repurchased by us at your option.

Neither we nor any of our subsidiaries will be subject to any financial covenants under the indenture. In addition, neither we nor any of our subsidiaries will be restricted under the indenture from paying dividends, incurring debt or issuing or repurchasing our securities. You are not afforded protection under the indenture in the event of a highly leveraged transaction or a change in control of us, except to the extent described below under "— Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control", "— Fundamental Change Put" and "— Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets by the Company".

No sinking fund is provided for the Convertible Notes and the Convertible Notes will not be subject to defeasance.

The Convertible Notes initially will be issued in book-entry form only in denominations of \$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples thereof. Beneficial interests in the Convertible Notes will be shown on, and transfers of beneficial interests in the Convertible Notes will be effected only through, records maintained by The Depository Trust Company, or DTC, or its nominee, and any such interests may not be exchanged for certificated notes except in limited circumstances. For information regarding conversion, registration of transfer and exchange of global notes held in DTC, see "— Form, Denomination and Registration — Global Notes Book-Entry Form".

If certificated notes are issued, you may present them for conversion, registration of transfer and exchange, without service charge, at the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee, which will initially be the office or agency of the Trustee in New York City and/or the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee as may be specified in the indenture or in a notice to holders against surrender of the Convertible Notes.

We do not intend to list the Convertible Notes on any securities exchange or any automated dealer quotation system.

#### Additional Notes

We may, without the consent of the holders of the Convertible Notes, increase the principal amount of the Convertible Notes by issuing additional notes in the future on the same terms and conditions as the Convertible Notes, except for any differences in the issue price and interest accrued prior to the issue date of the additional notes; provided that if any such additional notes are not fungible with the Convertible Notes initially offered hereby for U.S. federal income tax purposes, those additional notes will have a separate CUSIP number. The Convertible Notes offered hereby and any additional notes would rank equally and ratably and would be treated as a single class for all purposes under the indenture. No such additional notes may be issued if any event of default has occurred with respect to the Convertible Notes.

#### Payment at Maturity

On the maturity date, each holder will be entitled to receive on such date \$1,000 in cash for each \$1,000 in principal amount of Convertible Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) to, but not including, the maturity date. With respect to global notes, principal and interest (including additional interest, if any) will be paid to DTC in immediately available funds. With respect to any certificated notes, principal and interest (including additional interest, if any) will be payable at the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee, which will initially be the office or agency of the Trustee in New York City and/or the corporate trust office of the applicable trustee as may be specified in the indenture or in a notice to holders against surrender of the Convertible Notes.

#### Interest

The Convertible Notes will bear interest at a rate of []% per year. Interest will accrue from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for. We will pay interest on the Convertible Notes (including

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additional interest, if any) semi-annually, in arrears on [] and [] of each year, commencing on [], to holders of record at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the preceding [] and [], respectively. However, there are two exceptions to the preceding sentence:

• holders will be entitled to a cash payment representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the conversion date on any Convertible Notes unless the Convertible Notes are converted after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, as described under "— Conversion Rights;" and

 $\cdot$  on the maturity date, we will pay accrued and unpaid interest to the person to whom we pay the principal amount.

We will pay interest on:

 $\cdot$  global notes to DTC in immediately available funds;

• any certificated notes having a principal amount of less than \$[], by check mailed to the holders of those Convertible Notes; provided, however, at maturity, interest will be payable as described under "— Payment at Maturity;" and

• any certificated notes having a principal amount of \$[] or more, by wire transfer in immediately available funds at the election of the holders of these Convertible Notes duly delivered to the Trustee at least five business days prior to the relevant interest payment date; provided, however, at maturity, interest will be payable as described under "— Payment at Maturity".

Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. If a payment date is not a business day, payment will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no additional interest will accrue thereon. The term "business day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the Trustee is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.

To the extent lawful, payments of principal or interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Convertible Notes that are not made when due will accrue interest at the annual rate of []% above the then applicable interest rate from the required payment date.

#### Ranking

The Convertible Notes will be our general unsecured obligations that rank senior in right of payment to all of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Notes. The Convertible Notes will rank equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future liabilities that are not so subordinated, including the Convertible Notes and the Unsecured Notes. The Convertible Notes will effectively rank junior to any of our and our subsidiaries' secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that later becomes secured indebtedness) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The Convertible Notes will rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries and financing vehicles. In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, our assets that secure secured debt will be available to pay obligations on the Convertible Notes only after all

indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets. We advise you that there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding.

As of September [], 20[], we had [] million of indebtedness outstanding, [] million of which was secured indebtedness and [] million of which was unsecured indebtedness. After giving effect to the issuance of the Convertible Notes (assuming no exercise of the underwriters' overallotment option), and the use of the proceeds therefrom, our total consolidated indebtedness as of [], [] would have been [] million principal amount.

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#### **Conversion Rights**

Holders may convert their Convertible Notes prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the business day preceding the maturity date at an initial conversion rate of [] shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$[] per share). The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment as described below. You will have the right to convert any portion of the principal amount of any Convertible Notes that is an integral multiple of \$1,000 at any time on or prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date.

Upon conversion, unless you convert after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, you will receive a separate cash payment representing accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including the conversion date. Any such payment will be made on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion on the Convertible Notes. If you convert after a record date for an interest payment but prior to the corresponding interest payment date, you will receive on the corresponding interest payment date the interest accrued and unpaid on your Convertible Notes for the entire interest period, notwithstanding your conversion of those Convertible Notes prior to the interest payment date, assuming you were the holder of record on the corresponding record date.

Except as described under "- Conversion Rate Adjustments", we will not make any payment or other adjustment for dividends on any common stock issued upon conversion of the Convertible Notes.

#### **Conversion Procedures**

## Procedures to be Followed by a Holder

If you hold a beneficial interest in a global note, to convert you must deliver to DTC the appropriate instruction form for conversion pursuant to DTC's conversion program and, if required, pay all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax, if any.

### If you hold a certificated note, to convert you must:

- · complete and manually sign the conversion notice on the back of the Convertible Notes or a facsimile of the conversion notice;
- deliver the completed conversion notice (which is irrevocable) and the Convertible Notes to be converted to the conversion agent;
- · if required, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents; and
- $\cdot$  if required, pay all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax, if any.

The conversion date will be the date on which you have satisfied all of the foregoing requirements. The Convertible Notes will be deemed to have been converted immediately prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the conversion date.

You will not be required to pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax relating to the issuance or delivery of our common stock if you exercise your conversion rights, but you will be required to pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax that may be payable relating to any transfer involved in the issuance or delivery of the common stock in a name other than your own. Certificates representing common stock will be issued and delivered only after all applicable documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax, if any, payable by you have been paid in full.

We will not issue fractional shares of our common stock upon conversion of the Convertible Notes. Instead, we will pay cash in lieu of fractional shares based on the closing sale price of our common stock on the conversion date.

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## Limitation on Beneficial Ownership

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive shares of our common stock upon conversion to the extent (but only to the extent) that such receipt would cause such converting holder to become, directly or indirectly, a "beneficial owner" (within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder) of more than 5.0% of the shares of our common stock outstanding at such time (the "Limitation"). Any purported delivery of shares of our common stock upon conversion of Convertible Notes shall be void and have no effect to the extent (but only to the extent) that such delivery would result in the converting holder becoming the beneficial owner of more than the Limitation. If any delivery of shares of our common stock owed to a holder upon conversion of Convertible Notes is not made, in whole or in part, as a result of the Limitation, our obligation to make such delivery shall not be extinguished and we shall deliver such shares as promptly as practicable after any such converting holder gives notice to us that such delivery would not result in it being the beneficial owner of more than 5.0% of the shares of common stock dustanding at such time. The Limitation shall no longer apply following the effective date of any Fundamental Change, as defined in "— Fundamental Change Put".

## Conversion Rate Adjustments

We will adjust the conversion rate for the following events:

(1) If we issue shares of our common stock as a dividend or distribution on shares of our common stock, or if we effect a share split or share combination of our common stock, the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

CR<sub>1</sub> = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the record date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such share split or combination, as the case may be;

- $CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such share split or combination, as the case may be;
- $OS_0$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such share split or combination; and
- $OS_1$  = the number of shares of our common stock that would be outstanding immediately after, and solely as a result of, such dividend, distribution, share split or combination, as the case may be.

(2) If we distribute to all or substantially all holders of our common stock any rights or warrants (other than rights issued pursuant to a stockholders' right plan) entitling them for a period of not more than 60 days from the issuance date for such distribution to subscribe for or purchase shares of our common stock, at a price per share less than the last reported sale price of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the declaration date of such distribution, the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula; provided that the conversion rate will be readjusted to the extent that such rights or warrants are not exercised prior to their expiration:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

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where,

Y

 $CR_1$  = conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the record date for such distribution;

- $CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution;
- $OS_0$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding at 5:00 p.m. New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution;

X = the total number of shares of our common stock issuable pursuant to such rights or warrants; and

= the number of shares of our common stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights or warrants, divided by the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution.

(3) (a) If we distribute shares of our capital stock, evidences of our indebtedness or other of our assets or property to all or substantially all holders of our common stock, excluding:

· dividends or distributions as to which adjustment is required to be effected in clause (1) or (2) above;

 $\cdot$  dividends or distributions paid exclusively in cash; and

 $\cdot$  spin-offs described below in clause (3)(b),

then the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

- $CR_1$  = conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the record date for such distribution;
- $CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution;
- SP<sub>0</sub> = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution; and
- FMV = the fair market value (as determined by our board of directors or a committee thereof) of the shares of capital stock, evidences of indebtedness, assets or property distributed, with respect to each outstanding share of our common stock as of the open of business on the record date for such distribution.

(b) With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this clause (3) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on our common stock in shares of capital stock of any class or series, or similar equity interest, of or relating to a subsidiary or other business unit of ours that are listed on a national or regional securities exchange, which is referred to in this prospectus supplement as a "spin-off", the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

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where,

 $CR_1$  = conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the record date for the spin-off;

- $CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for the spin-off;
- FMV = the average of the last reported sale prices of the capital stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of our common stock applicable to one share of our common stock over the first 10 consecutive trading day period immediately following, and including, the third trading day after the record date for such spin-off (such period, the "valuation period"); and

 $MP_0$  = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the valuation period.

Any adjustment to the conversion rate under this clause (3)(b) will be made immediately after the open of business on the day after the last day of the valuation period, but will be given effect as of the open of business on the record date for the spin-off. Because we will make the adjustment to the conversion rate at the end of the valuation period with retroactive effect, we will delay the settlement of any Convertible Notes where the conversion date occurs during the valuation period. In such event, we will deliver shares of our common stock, if any, and any cash in lieu thereof (based on the adjusted conversion rate as described above) on the third business day immediately following the last day of the valuation period.

(4) If we pay any cash dividends or make distributions paid exclusively in cash to all or substantially all holders of our common stock (other than dividends or distributions made in connection with our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up or upon a merger, consolidation or sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition resulting in a change in the conversion consideration as described under "— Change in the Conversion Rights upon Certain Reclassification, Business Combinations, Asset Sales and Corporate Events"), the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula (other than a regular quarterly cash dividend that does not exceed "T" (as defined below)):

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0 - T}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

 $CR_1$  = conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the record date for such dividend or distribution;

- CR0 = the conversion rate in effect at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution;
- SP<sub>0</sub> = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately preceding the record date for such distribution;
- T = the dividend threshold amount, which will initially equal \$0.34 per share in any quarterly period; provided that if the dividend or distribution is not a regular quarterly cash dividend, the initial dividend threshold will be deemed to be zero; and
- C = the amount in cash per share we distribute to holders of our common stock in any dividend

The initial dividend threshold is subject to adjustment in a manner inversely proportional to adjustments to the conversion rate *provided* that no adjustment will be made to the initial dividend threshold for any adjustment to the conversion rate under this clause (4).

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Any increase made under this clause (4) shall become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid, the conversion rate shall be decreased, effective as of the date our board of directors or a committee thereof determines not to make or pay such dividend or distribution, to be the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared.

If "C" (as defined above) is equal to or greater than "SP0" (as defined above), or if the difference between "SP0" and "C" is less than \$0.01, in lieu of the foregoing increase, each holder of a Convertible Note shall receive, in respect of each \$1,000 principal amount thereof, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of shares of our common stock, the amount of cash that such holder would have received as if such holder owned a number of shares of our common stock equal to the conversion rate on the record date for such cash dividend or distribution.

(5) If we or any of our subsidiaries makes a payment in respect of a tender offer or exchange offer for our common stock, to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per share of our common stock exceeds the last reported sale price of our common stock on the trading day next succeeding the last date on which tenders or exchanges may be made pursuant to such tender or exchange offer, the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 x \qquad \frac{AC + (SP_1 x OS_1)}{OS_0 x SP_1}$$

where,

- $CR_1$  = the conversion rate in effect at 5:00 p.m. on the day such tender offer or exchange offer expires;
- $CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the trading day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires;
- AC = the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration (as determined by our board of directors or a committee thereof) paid or payable for shares purchased in such tender or exchange offer;
- SP<sub>1</sub> = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period commencing on, and including, the trading day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires (the "averaging period");
- $OS_1$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after the close of business on the date such tender or exchange offer expires (after giving effect to such tender offer or exchange offer); and
- $OS_0$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the date such tender or exchange offer expires (prior to giving effect to such tender offer or exchange offer).

Any adjustment to the conversion rate under this clause (5) will be made immediately prior to the open of business on the day following the last day of the averaging period, but will be given effect as of the open of business on the trading day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires. Because we will make the adjustment to the conversion rate at the end of the averaging period with retroactive effect, we will delay the settlement of any Convertible Notes where the conversion date occurs during the averaging period. In such event, we will deliver shares of our common stock, if any, and any cash in lieu thereof (based on the adjusted conversion rate as described above) on the third business day immediately following the last day of the averaging period.

To the extent that any future stockholders' rights plan adopted by us is in effect upon conversion of the Convertible Notes into common stock, you will receive, in addition to the common stock, the rights under the

applicable rights agreement unless the rights have separated from our common stock at the time of conversion of the Convertible Notes, in which case, the conversion rate will be adjusted as if we distributed to all holders of our common stock shares of our capital stock, evidences of indebtedness or assets as described above in clause (3), subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

We will not make any adjustment if holders may participate in the transaction at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of our common stock as a result of holding the Convertible Notes, without having to convert their Convertible Notes, as if they had a number of shares of common stock equal to the applicable conversion rate multiplied by the principal amount (expressed in thousands) of Convertible Notes held by such holder, or in certain other cases. Except with respect to a spin-off, in cases where the fair market value of assets, debt securities or certain rights, warrants or options to purchase our securities, applicable to one share of common stock, distributed to stockholders:

• equals or exceeds the average closing price of the common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on the record date for such distribution, or • such average closing price exceeds the fair market value of such assets, debt securities or rights, warrants or options so distributed by less than \$0.01,

rather than being entitled to an adjustment in the conversion price, the holder of Convertible Notes will be entitled to receive upon conversion, in addition to the shares of common stock, the kind and amount of assets, debt securities or rights, warrants or options comprising the distribution that such holder would have received if such holder had converted such Convertible Notes immediately prior to the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to receive the distribution.

To the extent that we are required to make an adjustment pursuant to a distribution that qualifies under two or more of the clauses above, we will adjust the conversion rate pursuant to clause (3)(a) above to the extent it applies.

Except as stated above, we will not adjust the conversion rate for the issuance of our common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock or carrying the right to purchase any of the foregoing.

If a taxable distribution to holders of our common stock or other transaction occurs that results in any adjustment of the conversion rate (including an adjustment at our option), you may, in certain circumstances, be deemed to have received a distribution subject to U.S. federal income tax as a dividend. In certain other circumstances, the absence of an adjustment may result in a taxable dividend to the holders of our common stock. See "Additional Material Federal Income Tax Considerations — Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders of Convertible Notes — Constructive distributions" and "Additional Material Federal Income Tax Considerations — Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders of Convertible Notes — Constructive distributions" in this prospectus supplement.

We will not be required to make an adjustment in the conversion rate unless the adjustment would require a change of at least 1.0% in the conversion rate. However, we will carry forward any adjustment that is less than 1.0% of the conversion rate, take such carried-forward adjustments into account in any subsequent adjustment, and make such carried forward adjustments, regardless of whether the aggregate adjustment is less than 1.0%, (a) annually on the anniversary of the first date of issue of the Convertible Notes, or [], and otherwise (b)(1) 10 business days prior to the maturity date of the Convertible Notes or (2) 10 business days prior to any repurchase date, unless such adjustment has already been made.

Without limiting the foregoing, no adjustment to the conversion rate need be made:

(i) upon the issuance of any shares of common stock pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on our securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in shares of common stock under any plan;

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(ii) upon the issuance of any shares of common stock or options or rights to purchase shares of common stock pursuant to any present or future employee, director or consultant benefit plan or program or employee stock purchase plan of, or assumed by, us or any of our subsidiaries;

(iii) upon the issuance of any shares of common stock pursuant to any option, warrant, right, or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in clause (ii) above and outstanding as of the issue date;

- (iv) for a change in the par value of the common stock; or
- (v) for accrued and unpaid interest (including any additional interest, if applicable).

We will not take any action that would result in an adjustment pursuant to the provisions described in this subsection ("— Conversion Rate Adjustments") without complying with Section 312 of the NYSE's Listed Company Manual (which requires stockholder approval of certain issuances of stock), if applicable.

Change in the Conversion Rights upon Certain Reclassifications, Business Combinations, Asset Sales and Corporate Events

If we:

- · reclassify or change our common stock (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination), or
- · consolidate or merge with or into any person or sell, lease, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of our assets and those of our subsidiaries taken as a whole to another person,

and in either case holders of our common stock receive stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) with respect to or in exchange for their common stock, then from and after the effective date of such transaction, each outstanding Convertible Note will, without the consent of any holders of the Convertible Notes, upon the occurrence of such transaction, become convertible in accordance with the procedures described in "— Conversion Procedures", into the consideration the holders of our common stock received in such reclassification, change, consolidation, merger, sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition (such consideration, the "reference property"). If the transaction causes our common stock to be converted into the right to receive more than a single type of consideration (determined based in part upon any form of stockholder election), the reference property into which the Convertible Notes will become convertible will be deemed to be the kind and amount of consideration elected to be received by a majority of our common stock voted for such an election (if electing between more than two types of consideration), as the case may be. We may not become a party to any such transaction unless its terms are consistent with the foregoing in all material respects.

#### Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control

If and only to the extent you elect to convert your Convertible Notes in connection with a transaction described under clause (1), (2) or (4) under the definition of a fundamental change described below under "— Fundamental Change Put" and determined after giving effect to any exceptions to or exclusions from such definition, but without regard to the proviso in clause (2) of the definition thereof (a "make-whole fundamental change"), pursuant to which 10.0% or more of the consideration for our common stock (other than cash payments for fractional shares and cash payments made in respect of dissenters' appraisal rights) in such make-whole fundamental change transaction consists of cash or securities (or other property) that are not shares of common stock traded or scheduled to be traded immediately following such transaction on the NYSE, the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Global Select Market (or any of their respective successors), which we refer to as a "non-stock change of control"

we will increase the conversion rate as described below (subject to the limitations described below). The number of additional shares by which the conversion is increased (the "additional shares") will be determined by reference to the table below, based on the date on which the non-stock change of control becomes

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effective (the "effective date") and the price (the "stock price") paid per share for our common stock in such non-stock change of control. If holders of our common stock receive only cash in such transaction, the price paid per share will be the cash amount paid per share. Otherwise, the stock price shall be the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the five trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the effective date of the non-stock change of control. We will notify you of the effective date of any make-whole fundamental change no later than such time that the fundamental change occurs.

A conversion of the Convertible Notes by a holder will be deemed for these purposes to be "in connection with" a non-stock change of control if the conversion notice is received by the conversion agent following the effective date of the non-stock change of control but before the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the related repurchase date (as specified in the repurchase notice described under "— Fundamental Change Put").

The number of additional shares will be adjusted in the same manner as and as of any date on which the conversion rate of the Convertible Notes is adjusted as described above under "— Conversion Rate Adjustments". The stock prices set forth in the first row of the table below (i.e., the column headers) will be simultaneously adjusted to equal the stock prices immediately prior to such adjustment, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the conversion rate immediately prior to the adjustment and the denominator of which is the conversion rate as so adjusted.

The following table sets forth the number of additional shares by which the conversion rate shall be increased:

### [Insert conversion table]

The exact stock price and effective dates may not be set forth on the table, in which case, if the stock price is:

• between two stock price amounts on the table or the effective date is between two dates on the table, the number of additional shares will be determined by straightline interpolation between the number of additional shares set forth for the higher and lower stock price amounts and the two dates, as applicable, based on a 360-day year;

· in excess of \$[ ] per share (subject to adjustment), no additional shares will be issued upon conversion; and

· less than \$[] per share (subject to adjustment), no additional shares will be issued upon conversion.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion, exceed [] per \$1,000 principal amount of the Convertible Notes, subject to the same adjustments as the conversion rate as set forth above under "— Conversion Rate Adjustments". Additional shares deliverable as described in this section "— Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Non-Stock Change of Control", will be delivered on the settlement date applicable to the relevant conversion.

#### Fundamental Change Put

If a fundamental change (as defined below) occurs at any time prior to the maturity of the Convertible Notes, you will have the right to require us to repurchase, at the repurchase price described below, all or part of your Convertible Notes for which you have properly delivered and not withdrawn a written repurchase notice. The Convertible Notes submitted for repurchase must be \$1,000 in principal amount or integral multiples thereof.

The repurchase price will be payable in cash and will equal 100.0% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) to, but excluding, the repurchase date. However, if the repurchase date is after a record date and on or prior to the corresponding interest payment date, the interest (including additional interest, if any) will be paid on the repurchase date to the holder of record on the record date.

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We may be unable to repurchase your Convertible Notes in cash upon a fundamental change. Our ability to repurchase the Convertible Notes in cash in the future may be limited by the terms of our then-existing borrowing agreements. Under certain of our existing credit facilities, we would be prohibited from making any such repurchase without consent from the lenders thereunder or a waiver or modification of such requirements. In addition, the occurrence of a fundamental change could cause an event of default under the terms of our then-existing borrowing agreements. We cannot assure you that we would have the financial resources, or would be able to arrange financing, to pay the repurchase price in cash.

A "fundamental change" will be deemed to have occurred when any of the following has occurred:

1. a "person" or "group" within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act, other than us, our subsidiaries and our and their employee benefit plans, has become the direct or indirect beneficial owner of our common equity representing more than 50.0% of the voting power of our common equity and files a Schedule 13D or Schedule TO or any other schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing such beneficial ownership; or

2. the consummation of (A) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of our common stock (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination or a change solely in par value) as a result of which our common stock would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets; (B) any share exchange, consolidation or merger of us pursuant to which our common stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property; or (C) any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of us and our subsidiaries; taken as a whole, to any person other than one of our subsidiaries; provided, however, that a transaction described in clause (A) or (B) in which the holders of all classes of our common equity immediately prior to such transaction own, directly or indirectly, more than 50.0% of all classes of common equity of the continuing or surviving corporation or transferee or the parent thereof immediately after such transaction in substantially the same proportions as such ownership immediately prior to such transaction shall not be a fundamental change pursuant to this clause (2); or

3. our stockholders approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of us; or

4. our common stock (or other common stock underlying the Convertible Notes) ceases to be listed or quoted on any of the NYSE, the NASDAQ Global Select Market or the NASDAQ Global Market (or any of their respective successors) for a period of 20 consecutive trading days.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any transaction or event described in clause (2) above will not constitute a fundamental change if at least 90.0% of the consideration paid for our common stock (excluding cash payments for fractional shares, cash payments made pursuant to dissenters' appraisal rights and cash dividends) consists of shares of common stock (or depositary receipts in respect thereof) traded on the NYSE, the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Global Select Market (or any of their respective successors) (or will be so traded or quoted immediately following the completion of the merger or consolidation or such other transaction) and, as a result of such transaction, the Convertible Notes become convertible into the reference property as described under "— Conversion Rate Adjustment — Change in the Conversion Rights upon Certain Reclassifications, Business Combinations, Asset Sales and Corporate Events" above.

The definition of "fundamental change" includes a phrase relating to the sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition, in one or a series of related transactions, of all or substantially all of our assets and those of our subsidiaries taken as a whole. Although there is a developing body of case law interpreting the phrase "substantially all", there is no precise established definition of the phrase under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of Convertible Notes to require us to repurchase the Convertible Notes as a result of a sale, lease, transfer, conveyance or other disposition of less than all of our assets and those of our subsidiaries taken as a whole to another person or group may be uncertain.

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On or before the fifth calendar day after the occurrence of a fundamental change, we will provide to all record holders of the Convertible Notes on the date of the fundamental change at their addresses shown in the register of the applicable note registrar and to beneficial owners to the extent required by applicable law, the Trustee and the paying agent, a written notice of the occurrence of the fundamental change and the resulting repurchase right. Such notice shall state, among other things, the event causing the fundamental change and the procedures you must follow to require us to repurchase your Convertible Notes.

The repurchase date will be a date specified by us in the notice of a fundamental change that is not less than 20 nor more than 35 calendar days after the date of the notice of a fundamental change.

To exercise your repurchase right, you must deliver, prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the repurchase date, a written notice to the paying agent of your exercise of your repurchase right (together with the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, if certificated notes have been issued). The repurchase notice must state:

· if you hold a beneficial interest in a global note, your repurchase notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures; if you hold certificated notes, the Convertible Notes certificate numbers;

• the portion of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes to be repurchased, which must be \$1,000 or integral multiples thereof; and

• that the Convertible Notes are to be repurchased by us pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Convertible Notes and the indenture.

You may withdraw your repurchase notice at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the repurchase date by delivering a written notice of withdrawal to the paying agent. If a repurchase notice is given and withdrawn during that period, we will not be obligated to repurchase the Convertible Notes listed in the repurchase notice. The withdrawal notice must state:

· if you hold a beneficial interest in a global note, your withdrawal notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures; if you hold certificated notes, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn Convertible Notes;

· the principal amount of the withdrawn Convertible Notes; and

• the principal amount, if any, which remains subject to the repurchase notice.

Payment of the repurchase price for Convertible Notes for which a repurchase notice has been delivered and not withdrawn is conditioned upon book-entry transfer or delivery of the Convertible Notes, together with necessary endorsements, to the paying agent, as the case may be. Payment of the repurchase price for the Convertible Notes will be made promptly following the later of the repurchase date and the time of book-entry transfer or delivery of the Convertible Notes, as the case may be.

If the paying agent holds on the business day immediately following the repurchase date cash sufficient to pay the repurchase price of the Convertible Notes that holders have elected to require us to repurchase, then, as of the repurchase date:

• the Convertible Notes will cease to be outstanding and interest (including additional interest, if any) will cease to accrue, whether or not book-entry transfer of the Convertible Notes has been made or the Convertible Notes have been delivered to the paying agent, as the case may be; and

· all other rights of the holders of Convertible Notes will terminate, other than the right to receive the repurchase price upon delivery or transfer of the Convertible Notes.

In connection with any repurchase, we will, to the extent applicable:

• comply with the provisions of Rule 13e-4 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act that may be applicable at the time of the offer to repurchase the Convertible Notes;

· file a Schedule TO or any other schedule required in connection with any offer by us to repurchase the Convertible Notes; and

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· comply with all other federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by us to repurchase the Convertible Notes.

This fundamental change repurchase right could discourage a potential acquirer of the Company. However, this fundamental change repurchase feature is not the result of management's knowledge of any specific effort to obtain control of us by means of a merger, tender offer, solicitation or otherwise, or part of a plan by management to adopt a series of anti-takeover provisions.

Our obligation to repurchase the Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change would not necessarily afford you protection in the event of a highly leveraged or other transaction involving us that may adversely affect holders. We also could, in the future, enter into certain transactions, including certain recapitalizations, that would not constitute a fundamental change but would increase the amount of our (or our subsidiaries') outstanding debt. The incurrence of significant amounts of additional debt could adversely affect our ability to service our then existing debt, including the Convertible Notes.

### Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets by the Company

The indenture provides that we may not, in a single transaction or a series of related transactions, consolidate with or merge with or into any other person or sell, convey, transfer or lease our property and assets substantially as an entirety to another person, unless:

• either (a) we are the continuing corporation or (b) the resulting, surviving or transferee person (if other than us) is a corporation or limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the United States, any state thereof or the District of Columbia and such person assumes, by a supplemental indenture in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee, all of our obligations under the Convertible Notes, the Convertible Notes and the indenture;

· immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no default or event of default has occurred and is continuing; and

 $\cdot$  we have delivered to the Trustee certain certificates and opinions of counsel satisfactory to it if so requested by the Trustee.

In the event of any transaction described in and complying with the conditions listed in the immediately preceding paragraph in which the Company is not the continuing corporation, the successor person formed or remaining shall succeed, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company, and the Company shall be discharged from its obligations, under the Convertible Notes and the indenture.

This covenant includes a phrase relating to the sale, conveyance, transfer and lease of the property and assets of the Company "substantially as an entirety". There is no precise, established definition of the phrase "substantially as an entirety" under New York law, which governs the indenture and the Convertible Notes, or under the laws of Delaware, the Company's state of incorporation. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of the Convertible Notes to require us to repurchase the Convertible Notes as a result of a sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of less than all of the property and assets of the Company may be uncertain.

#### Events of Default; Notice and Waiver

Each of the following shall be "Events of Default" with respect to the Convertible Notes:

• we fail to pay any interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Convertible Notes or the Convertible Notes when due and such failure continues for a period of 30 calendar days;

• we fail to pay principal of the Convertible Notes or the Convertible Notes when due at maturity, or we fail to pay the repurchase price payable, in respect of any Convertible Notes or Convertible Notes when due;

• we fail to deliver shares of common stock upon the conversion of any Convertible Notes or Convertible Notes and such failure continues for five days following the scheduled settlement date for such conversion;

• we fail to provide notice of the effective date or actual effective date of a fundamental change on a timely basis as required in the indenture;

• we fail to perform or observe any other term, covenant or agreement in the Convertible Notes or the Convertible Notes or the indenture for a period of [] calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to us by the Trustee or to us and the Trustee by the holders of at least []% in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding;

• a failure to pay principal when due (whether at stated maturity or otherwise) or an uncured default that results in the acceleration of maturity, of any indebtedness for borrowed money of the Company or any of our "significant subsidiaries", which term shall have the meaning specified in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X), other than subsidiaries that are non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiaries, bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicles and any subsidiaries that are not consolidated with us for GAAP purposes, in an aggregate principal amount in excess of [] (or its foreign currency equivalent), unless such indebtedness is discharged, or such acceleration is rescinded, stayed or annulled, within a period of 30 calendar days after written notice of such failure is given to us by the Trustee or to us and the Trustee by the holders of at least []% in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding;

• a final judgment for the payment of [] or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance) rendered against us or any of our significant subsidiaries (which term shall have the meaning specified in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X), other than subsidiaries that are non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiaries, bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicles and any subsidiaries that are not consolidated with us for GAAP purposes, which judgment is not discharged or stayed within 60 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished; or  $\cdot$  certain events involving our bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company or any of our "significant subsidiaries", which term shall have the meaning specified in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X), other than subsidiaries that are non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiaries, bankruptcy remote special purposes, which judgment is not discharged or stayed within 60 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal have been extinguished; or  $\cdot$  certain events involving our bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company or any of our "significant subsidiaries", which term shall have the meaning specified in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X), other than subsidiaries that are non-recourse or limited recourse subsidiaries, bankruptcy remote special purpose vehicles and any subsidiaries that are not consolidated with us for GAAP purposes.

We are required to notify the Trustee promptly upon becoming aware of the occurrence of any default under the indenture known to us. The Trustee is then required within [] calendar days of being notified by us of the occurrence of any default to give to the registered holders of the Convertible Notes notice of all uncured defaults known to it. However, the Trustee may withhold notice to the holders of the Convertible Notes of any default, except defaults in payment of principal or interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Convertible Notes, if the Trustee, in good faith, determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interests of the holders. We are also required to deliver to the Trustee, on or before a date not more than [] calendar days after the end of each fiscal year, a written statement as to compliance with the indenture, including whether or not any default has occurred.

If an event of default specified in the last bullet point listed above occurs and continues, the principal amount and accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding will automatically become due and payable. If any other event of default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee or the holders of at least []% in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding may declare the aggregate principal amount and accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding to be due and payable. Thereupon, the Trustee may, in its discretion, proceed to protect and enforce the rights of the holders of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes by appropriate judicial proceedings.

After a declaration of acceleration, but before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the Trustee, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding, by written notice to us and the Trustee, may rescind and annul such declaration if:

 $\cdot$  we have paid (or deposited with the Trustee a sum sufficient to pay) (1) all overdue interest (including additional interest, if any) on all Convertible Notes; (2) the principal amount of any Convertible Notes that have become due otherwise than by such declaration of acceleration; (3) to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful, interest upon overdue interest (including additional interest, if any); and (4) all sums paid

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or advanced by the Trustee under the indenture and the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel; and · all events of default, other than the non-payment of the principal amount and any accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest, if any) that have become due solely by such declaration of acceleration, have been cured or waived.

The holders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding will have the right to direct the time, method and place of any proceedings for any remedy available to the Trustee, subject to limitations specified in the indenture.

No holder of the Convertible Notes may pursue any remedy under the indenture, except in the case of a default in the payment of principal or interest (including additional interest, if any) on the Convertible Notes, unless:

· the holder has given the Trustee written notice of an event of default;

• the holders of at least []% in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding make a written request to the Trustee to pursue the remedy, and offer security or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it against any costs, liability or expense of the Trustee;

• the Trustee fails to comply with the request within [] calendar days after receipt of the request and offer of indemnity; and

• the Trustee does not receive an inconsistent direction from the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the indenture provides, if we so elect, that the sole remedy for an event of default relating to the failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the indenture, and for any failure to comply with the requirements of Section 314(a)(1) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (which also relate to the provision of reports), will, at our option, for the [] days after the occurrence of such an event of default consist exclusively of the right to receive additional interest on the Convertible Notes at an annual rate equal to []% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes and for the [] days beginning on, and including, the []st day after the

occurrence of such an event of default consist exclusively of the right to receive additional interest on the Convertible Notes at an annual rate equal to []% of the principal amount of the Convertible Notes. In the event we do not elect to pay the additional interest upon an event of default in accordance with this paragraph, the Convertible Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above. The additional interest will accrue on all Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding from and including the date on which an event of default relating to a failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the indenture first occurs to but not including the []st day thereafter (or such earlier date on which the event of default relating to the reporting obligations shall have been cured or waived). On such []st day (or earlier, if the event of default relating to the reporting obligational interest will cease to accrue and the Convertible Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above if the event of default is continuing. The provisions of the indenture described in this paragraph will not affect the rights of holders of Convertible Notes in the event of default.

### Waiver

The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding may, on behalf of the holders of all the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes, waive any past default or event of default under the indenture and its consequences, except:

- our failure to pay principal of or interest (including additional interest, if any) on any Convertible Notes or Convertible Notes when due;
- our failure to convert any Convertible Notes or Convertible Notes into common stock as required by the indenture;
- our failure to pay the repurchase price on the repurchase date in connection with a holder exercising its repurchase rights; or
- our failure to comply with any of the provisions of the indenture that would require the consent of the holder of each outstanding Convertible Note affected.

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### Modification

#### Changes Requiring Approval of Each Affected Holder

The indenture (including the terms and conditions of the Convertible Notes) may not be modified or amended without the written consent or the affirmative vote of the holder of each Convertible Note affected by such change to:

- · change the maturity of any Convertible Notes;
- reduce the rate or extend the time for payment of interest (including additional interest, if any) on any Convertible Notes;
- · reduce the principal amount of any Convertible Notes;
- · reduce any amount payable upon repurchase of any Convertible Notes;
- impair the right of a holder to receive payment with respect to any Convertible Notes or to institute suit for payment of any Convertible Notes;
- · change the currency in which any Convertible Notes is payable;
- change our obligation to repurchase any Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change in a manner adverse to the rights of the holders;

• affect the right of a holder to convert any Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock or reduce the number of shares of our common stock or any other property, receivable upon conversion pursuant to the terms of the indenture;

- $\cdot$  change our obligation to maintain an office or agency in New York City;
- subject to specified exceptions, modify certain provisions of the indenture relating to modification of the indenture or waiver under the indenture; or
- · reduce the percentage of the Convertible Notes required for consent to any modification of the indenture that does not require the consent of each affected holder.

#### Changes Requiring Majority Approval

The indenture (including the terms and conditions of the Convertible Notes) may be modified or amended, except as described above, with the written consent or affirmative vote of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding.

#### Changes Requiring No Approval

The indenture (including the terms and conditions of the Convertible Notes) may be modified or amended by us and the Trustee, without the consent of the holder of any Convertible Notes, to, among other things:

• provide for conversion rights of holders of the Convertible Notes and our repurchase obligations in connection with a fundamental change in the event of any reclassification of our common stock, merger or consolidation, or sale, conveyance, transfer or lease of our property and assets substantially as an entity;

· secure the Convertible Notes;

· provide for the assumption of our obligations to the holders of the Convertible Notes in the event of a merger or consolidation, or sale, conveyance, transfer or lease

- of our property and assets substantially as an entirety;
- · surrender any right or power conferred upon us;
- · add to our covenants for the benefit of the holders of the Convertible Notes;
- cure any ambiguity or correct or supplement any inconsistent or otherwise defective provision contained in the indenture;
- conform the provisions of the indenture to the description of the Convertible Notes contained in this prospectus supplement;

• make any provision with respect to matters or questions arising under the indenture that we may deem necessary or desirable and that shall not be inconsistent with provisions of the indenture; provided that such

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change or modification does not, in the good faith opinion of our board of directors, adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Convertible Notes in any material respect;

· increase the conversion rate; provided, that the increase will not adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Convertible Notes;

· adding guarantees of obligations under the Convertible Notes;

• make such changes as may be necessary or desirable to allow us to issue additional notes as described under "— Additional Notes" provided, that any such change will not materially adversely affect the interests of the holders of the Convertible Notes; and

 $\cdot$  provide for a successor trustee.

#### Other

The consent of the holders of Convertible Notes is not necessary under the indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed modification or amendment. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed modification or amendment. After a modification or amendment under the indenture becomes effective, we are required to mail to the holders a notice briefly describing such modification or amendment. However, the failure to give such notice to all the holders, or any defect in the notice, will not impair or affect the validity of the modification or amendment.

#### Convertible Notes Not Entitled to Consent

Any Convertible Notes held by us or by any person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with us shall be disregarded (from both the numerator and the denominator) for purposes of determining whether the holders of the requisite aggregate principal amount of the Convertible Notes and Convertible Notes then outstanding have consented to a modification, amendment or waiver of the terms of the indenture.

#### **Repurchase and Cancellation**

We may, to the extent permitted by law, repurchase any Convertible Notes in the open market or by tender offer at any price or by private agreement. Any Convertible Notes repurchased by us may, at our option, be surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation, but may not be reissued or resold by us. Any Convertible Notes surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold and will be promptly cancelled and no longer outstanding under the indenture.

#### Information Concerning the Trustee and Common Stock Transfer Agent and Note Registrar

We have appointed [], the Trustee under the indenture, as paying agent, conversion agent, note registrar and custodian for the Convertible Notes. The Trustee or its affiliates may also provide other services to us in the ordinary course of their business. The indenture contains certain limitations on the rights of the Trustee, if it or any of its affiliates is then our creditor, to obtain payment of claims in certain cases or to realize on certain property received on any claim as security or otherwise. The Trustee and its affiliates will be permitted to engage in other transactions with us. However, if the Trustee or any affiliate continues to have any conflicting interest and a default occurs with respect to the Convertible Notes, the Trustee must eliminate such conflict or resign.

[] is the transfer agent and registrar for our common stock.

#### Governing Law

The Convertible Notes and the indenture shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

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#### Calculations in Respect of the Convertible Notes

Except as otherwise provided herein, we will be responsible for making all calculations called for under the Convertible Notes. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determinations of the sale price of our common stock, accrued interest payable on the Convertible Notes and the conversion rate and conversion price. We or our agents will make all these calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, such calculations will be final and binding on holders of the Convertible Notes. We will provide a schedule of these calculations to each of the Trustee and the conversion agent, and each of the Trustee and conversion agent is entitled to rely upon the accuracy of our calculations without independent verification. The Trustee will forward these calculations to any holder of the Convertible Notes upon the request of that holder.

#### Form, Denomination and Registration

The Convertible Notes will be issued:

- · in fully registered form;
- $\cdot$  without interest coupons; and
- in denominations of \$1,000 principal amount and integral multiples of \$1,000.

#### Global Notes, Book-Entry Form

The Convertible Notes will be evidenced by one or more global notes. We will deposit the global notes with DTC and register the global notes in the name of Cede & Co. as DTC's nominee. Except as set forth below, a global note may be transferred, in whole or in part, only to another nominee of DTC or to a successor of DTC or its nominee.

Beneficial interests in a global note may be held through organizations that are participants in DTC (called "participants"). Transfers between participants will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in clearing house funds. The laws of some states require that certain persons take physical delivery of securities in definitive form. As a result, the ability to transfer beneficial interests in the global notes to such persons may be limited.

Beneficial interests in a global note held by DTC may be held only through participants, or certain banks, brokers, dealers, trust companies and other parties that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly (called "indirect participants"). So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of a global note, Cede & Co. for all purposes will be considered the sole holder of such global note. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a global note will:

- · not be entitled to have certificates registered in their names;
- not receive physical delivery of certificates in definitive registered form; and
- $\cdot$  not be considered holders of the global note.

We will pay principal of and interest (including additional interest, if any) on, and the repurchase price of, a global note to Cede & Co., as the registered owner of the global note, by wire transfer of immediately available funds on the maturity date, each interest payment date or repurchase date, as the case may be. Neither we, the Trustee nor any paying agent will be responsible or liable:

- · for any aspect of the records relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial ownership interests in a global note; or
- · for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to the beneficial ownership interests.

DTC has advised us that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of the Convertible Notes, including the presentation of the Convertible Notes for conversion, only at the direction of one or more participants to whose account with DTC interests in the global notes are credited, and only in respect of the principal amount of

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the Convertible Notes represented by the global notes as to which the participant or participants has or have given such direction.

DTC has advised us that it is:

· a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, and a member of the Federal Reserve System;

- · a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

DTC was created to hold securities for its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between participants through electronic book-entry changes to the accounts of its participants. Participants include securities brokers, dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations and other organizations. Some of the participants or their representatives, together with other entities, own DTC. Indirect access to the DTC system is available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly.

DTC has agreed to the foregoing procedures to facilitate transfers of interests in a global note among participants. However, DTC is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform these procedures, and may discontinue these procedures at any time. We will issue the Convertible Notes in definitive certificated form if DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary or DTC ceases to be a clearing agency registered under the Exchange Act and a successor depositary is not appointed by us within 90 days. In addition, beneficial interests in a global note may be exchanged for definitive certificated notes upon request by or on behalf of DTC in accordance with customary procedures following the request of a beneficial owner seeking to enforce its rights under such Convertible Notes or the indenture permits us to determine at any time and in our sole discretion that Convertible Notes shall no longer be represented by global notes. DTC has advised us that, under its current practices, it would notify its participants of our request, but will only withdraw beneficial interests from the global note at the request of each DTC participant. We would issue definitive certificates in exchange for any such beneficial interests withdrawn.

Neither we, the Trustee, the note registrar, paying agent nor conversion agent will have any responsibility or liability for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

## ADDITIONAL MATERIAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

[Insert disclosure regarding federal income tax consequences of an investment in the Notes to the extent required to be disclosed by applicable law or regulation.]

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## UNDERWRITING

[] are acting as representatives of each of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in a firm commitment underwriting agreement among us and the underwriters, we have agreed to sell to the underwriters, and each of the underwriters has agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase from us the principal amount of Convertible Notes set forth opposite its name below.



Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the underwriting agreement, the underwriters have agreed, severally and not jointly, to purchase all of the Convertible Notes sold under the underwriting agreement if any of the Convertible Notes are purchased. If an underwriter defaults, the underwriting agreement provides that the purchase commitments of the non-defaulting underwriters may be increased or the underwriting agreement may be terminated.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters and their controlling persons against certain liabilities in connection with this offering, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make in respect of those liabilities.

The underwriters are offering the Convertible Notes, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, subject to approval of legal matters by their counsel, including the validity of the Convertible Notes, and other conditions contained in the underwriting agreement, such as the receipt by the underwriters of officer's certificates and legal opinions. The underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify offers to the public and to reject orders in whole or in part.

### **Commissions and Discounts**

The representatives have advised us that the underwriters propose initially to offer the Convertible Notes to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus supplement. After the initial offering, the public offering price or any other term of the offering may be changed.

The following table shows the per Convertible Note and total underwriting discount to be paid to the underwriters by us. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' option to purchase up to an additional \$[] principal amount of Convertible Notes.

		No Exercise	Full Exercise
Per Convertible Note		[]%	[]%
Total	\$	[] \$	[]
The expenses of the offering, not including the underwriting	discount, are estimated at \$[] million and are pay	able by us.	

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#### **Option to Purchase More Convertible Notes**

If the underwriters sell more Convertible Notes than the total principal amount of Convertible Notes set forth in the table above, the underwriters have an option to purchase up to an additional [] principal amount of Convertible Notes. They may exercise that option with respect to the Convertible Notes within a []-day period from the date of this prospectus supplement. If any Convertible Notes are purchased pursuant to this option, the underwriters will severally purchase such Convertible Notes in approximately the same proportion as set forth in the table above and will offer such Convertible Notes on the same terms as those on which the Convertible Notes are being offered.

#### Limited Liquidity of Convertible Notes

We do not intend to apply for listing of the Convertible Notes on any national securities exchange or for inclusion of the Convertible Notes on any automated dealer quotation system. We have been advised by the underwriters that they presently intend to make a market in the Convertible Notes after completion of the offering. However, they are under no obligation to do so and may discontinue any market-making activities at any time without any notice. We cannot assure the liquidity of the trading market

for the Convertible Notes or that an active public market for the Convertible Notes will develop. If an active public trading market for the Convertible Notes does not develop, the market price and liquidity of the Convertible Notes may be adversely affected. If the Convertible Notes are traded, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price, depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, our operating performance and financial condition, general economic conditions and other factors.

## Lock-Up Agreements

We have agreed that we will not (i) offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase, exchange, convert, make any short sale or otherwise dispose, except as provided in the underwriting agreement, of any the Convertible Notes or securities that are substantially similar to the Convertible Notes or our common stock, including but not limited to any options or warrants to purchase shares of our common stock, or any securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for, or that represent the right to receive, our common stock (other than pursuant to a dividend reinvestment plan described in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus) or (ii) publicly announce an intention to effect any transaction specified in clause (i), without the prior written consent of the representatives, for a period of [] days after the date of this prospectus supplement.

Our directors and certain of our executive officers have agreed that they will not (i) offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, grant any option to purchase, exchange, convert, make any short sale or otherwise dispose of any shares of our common stock, or any options or warrants to purchase any shares of our common stock, or any securities convertible into, exchangeable for or that represent the right to receive shares of our common stock, whether now owned or hereinafter acquired, owned directly by the such director or executive officer (including holding as a custodian) or with respect to which such director or executive officer has beneficial ownership within the rules of the SEC or (ii) publicly announce an intention to effect any transaction specified in clause (i), without, in each case, the prior written consent of the representatives for a period of [] days after the date of this prospectus supplement, except that (a) such director or executive officer may transfer common stock as a bona fide gift or gifts, provided that the donee or donees thereof agree to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth in the lock-up agreement, and (b) such director or executive officer, provided that the trustee of the trust agrees to be bound in writing by the restrictions set forth in the lock-up agreement, and provided further that any such transfer shall not involve a disposition for value.

The representatives, in their sole discretion, may release the shares of our common stock and other securities subject to the lock-up agreements described above in whole or in part at any time with or without notice. When determining whether or not to release our common stock and other securities from lock-up agreements, the representatives will consider, among other factors, the holder's reasons for requesting the release, the number of shares of our common stock and other securities for which the release is being requested and market conditions at the time.

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#### Price Stabilization, Short Positions

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell the Convertible Notes or our common stock in the open market. These transactions may include short sales and purchases on the open market to cover positions created by short sales. Short sales involve the sale by the underwriters of a greater principal amount of Convertible Notes than they are required to purchase in the offering. The underwriters must close out any short position by purchasing Convertible Notes in the open market. A short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the Convertible Notes in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. In addition, in these stabilizing transactions the underwriters may purchase our common stock prior to the pricing of this offering and, if market participants short sell the Convertible Notes prior to pricing, the underwriters may purchase Convertible Notes from the short sellers.

Similar to other purchase transactions, the underwriters' purchases to cover the syndicate short sales may have the effect of raising or maintaining the market price of the Convertible Notes or preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Convertible Notes. As a result, the price of the Convertible Notes may be higher than the price that might otherwise exist in the open market.

The underwriters may also impose a penalty bid. This occurs when a particular underwriter repays to the underwriters a portion of the underwriting discount received by it because the representatives have repurchased Convertible Notes sold by or for the account of such underwriter in stabilizing or short covering transactions.

Any of these activities may cause the price of the Convertible Notes to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of such transactions. These transactions may be affected in the over-the-counter market or otherwise and, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time without any notice relating thereto.

Neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation or prediction as to the direction or magnitude of any effect that the transactions described above may have on the price of the Convertible Notes. In addition, neither we nor any of the underwriters make any representation that the representatives will engage in these transactions or that these transactions, once commenced, will not be discontinued without notice.

## Electronic Offer, Sale and Distribution of Convertible Notes

The underwriters may make prospectuses available in electronic (PDF) format. A prospectus in electronic (PDF) format may be made available on a web site maintained by the underwriters, and the underwriters may distribute such prospectuses electronically. The underwriters may allocate a limited principal amount of the Convertible Notes for sale to their online brokerage customers.

### **Other Relationships**

Certain of the underwriters and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in commercial banking, financial advisory, investment banking and other services with us or our affiliates in the ordinary course of their business for which they have received, or may in the future receive, customary fees and commissions.

The underwriters or their affiliates may also trade in our securities, securities of our portfolio companies or other financial instruments related thereto for their own accounts or for the account of others and may extend loans or financing directly or through derivative transactions to us, our affiliates or any of our portfolio companies.

We may purchase securities of third parties from the underwriters or their affiliates after the offering. However, we have not entered into any agreement or arrangement regarding the acquisition of any such securities, and we may not purchase any such securities. We would only purchase any such securities if — among other

things --- we identified securities that satisfied our investment needs and completed our due diligence review of such securities.

After the date of this prospectus supplement, the underwriters and their affiliates may from time to time obtain information regarding specific portfolio companies or us that may not be available to the general public. Any such information is obtained by the underwriters and their affiliates in the ordinary course of their business and not in

connection with the offering of the Convertible Notes. In addition, after the offering period for the sale of the Convertible Notes, the underwriters or their affiliates may develop analyses or opinions related to us, our affiliates or our portfolio companies and buy or sell interests in one or more of our portfolio companies on behalf of their proprietary or client accounts and may engage in competitive activities. There is no obligation on behalf of these parties to disclose their respective analyses, opinions or purchase and sale activities regarding any portfolio company or regarding us to the holders of our Convertible Notes or any other persons.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the underwriters and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of ours or our affiliates. Certain of the underwriters or their affiliates that have a lending relationship with us routinely hedge, and certain other of the underwriters or their affiliates may hedge their credit exposure to us consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, such underwriters and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in our securities, including potentially the Convertible Notes offered hereby. Any such credit default swaps or short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the Convertible Notes offered hereby. The underwriters and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

Proceeds of this offering will be used to repay outstanding indebtedness under our credit facilities. [Affiliates of [] are lenders under the Holdings Credit Facility and affiliates of [] are lenders under the NMFC Credit Facility. Accordingly, affiliates of [] may receive more than 5.0% of the net proceeds of this offering to the extent such proceeds are used to temporarily repay outstanding indebtedness under the Holdings Credit Facility.]

The principal business address of [] is [].

## LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters regarding the Convertible Notes offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Eversheds Sutherland (US) LLP, Washington, District of Columbia.

# INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

[Insert financial information at the time of offering.]

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The principal business address of Deloitte & Touche LLP is 30 Rockefeller Center Plaza, New York, New York 10112.

### AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the Convertible Notes offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the Convertible Notes being offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

We are required to file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, District of Columbia 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *http://www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinf@esc.gov, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E.,

Washington, District of Columbia 20549. This information will also be available free of charge by contacting us at 787 Seventh Avenue, 48th Floor, New York, New York 10019, by telephone at (212) 720-0300, or on our website ath*ttp://www.newmountainfinance.com.* Information contained on our website or on the SEC's web site about us is not incorporated into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and you should not consider information contained on our website or on the SEC's website to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Insert financial statements and notes thereto from most recently filed Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, prior to the offering.]

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## \$

New Mountain Finance Corporation

% [Convertible] Notes Due

## PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

[Underwriters]